

MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

2011 Design Standards

Volume II of III





OFFICE OF DESIGN & CONSTRUCTION

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Section 271313-TC – Cable Splicing and Termination

Section 271323-TC – Optical Fiber Splicing and Terminations

Section 271343-TC – Communications Services Cabling

Section 271519-TC – Horizontal Cabling

Section 271543-TC – Faceplates and Connectors for Systems

Section 275116-TC – PA and Emergency Tenant Paging

### Sensitive Security Information (SSI)

Item X-2 – Sensitive Security Information (SSI) System Requirements During Construction

### **Building Automation Systems**

Section 230519 – Air Flow Measuring System (partial)

Section 230519 – Flow Meters (partial)

Section 230900 – Building Automation Systems (BAS)

Section 262923 – Variable (Adjustable) Frequency Drives (VFDs) (partial)

Management of Wastes

Section X-105 – Management of Universal Wastes Section X-110 – Management of Radioactive Wastes

Maintenance, Repair and Operating Items (MROI)

Section X-3 – Maintenance, Repair and Operating Items (MROI)

# **Volume III of III**

RESTROOM DESIGN CUT SHEETS:	APPENDIX F
CODES AND STANDARDS:	APPENDIX G
CADD DESIGN STANDARDS:	APPENDIX H
GIS STANDARDS:	APPENDIX I

# **APPENDIX A**

# AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION PROJECT CHECKLIST





# MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

# AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION PROJECT CHECKLIST DIVISION OF FACILITIES DESIGN

	MA.	A Proje	t No.:
	Proj	ect Title	:
	FAA	. Fundii	g? Yes No <b>FAA Project No</b> .:
	with inclu follo	ce of Eng this che ided with wing ch	ctions: All projects designed for the Maryland Aviation Administration, gineering and Construction Management will be performed in accordance exhist. The checklist should be completed as design progresses, and must be each submission of design documents. In general, any item on the exhist which is checked "N/A" (not available or not applicable) should ret explanation of action taken
		other of oth by the the E	on the checklist are to be completed by the Engineer, except as noted vise. Where checklist items call for approval, coordination, or notification er agencies, including those outside of MAA, documentation shall be made Engineer in writing. If information is not transmitted in a timely manner, agineer should send a follow-up request. If no response is received, the eer should document such non-response and notify the MAA project ger.
		result Desig	hanges in project scope, design and/or construction costs, or schedule ing from design reviews or other causes must be approved by the Manager, in Services in writing before design work may proceed. There will be no tions.
			ederally-funded projects, the FAA Project Checklist (see Schedule B) must e completed.
Yes	No	N/A 	1. Has the Planning Division Checklist been received? Have all items noted in this checklist been addressed and coordinated with the Office of Planning & Environmental Services, and will they have any impact on design? Can design proceed?
			2. Have airport property plats and descriptions been reviewed? If the proposed project is not on MAA property, has the project been coordinated with the MAA Division of Real Estate?

Yes	No	N/A	
			3. Have past engineer's reports involving the project area and/or scope been reviewed? List reports reviewed.
			4. Have record plans from the project area been reviewed? List project plans reviewed:
			5. Does the project area include wetlands or other environmentally sensitive areas that need to be addressed? Have environmental issues been properly coordinated with the Office of Planning and Environmental Services?
			6. Has any required environmental documentation been coordinated with and approved by the Office of Planning & Environmental Services? Have necessary approvals been received? Can project proceed if approvals are not received?
			7. If required, have appropriate mitigation measures been included in the design?
			8. If required, has an FAR Part 77 obstruction survey been conducted? Have possible impacts on the project schedule been evaluated?
			9. Does the design call for obstructions to be removed or lighted? Have removal and/or lighting decisions been coordinated with the Office of Planning & Environmental Services and Office of Design and Construction?
			10. If required, has an FAA Form 7460-1, "Notice of Proposed Construction or Alteration," been completed, submitted, and approved? Has a companion permit application for MAA Board of Airport Zoning Appeals (BAZA) been completed, submitted, and approved?
			11. Have FAR Part 77 and Part 139 obstructions been identified? Have the disposition of all obstructions been coordinated and resolved with MAA Office of Engineering and Construction Management and FAA-WADO?
			12. Has an erosion and sediment control and storm water management permit been received from MDE?
			Application date:
			13 Has a U.S. Army Corps of Engineers water quality permit been received?

Yes	No	N/A	
			14. Have NPDES permit requirements and conditions been coordinated with OPE Environmental Services? Has an NPDES permit been applied for and received?
			Application date:
			15. Have other required permits been received? List permits and application dates:
			16. Has BG&E work been coordinated and finalized?
			BG&E representative:
			17. Has Bell Atlantic work been coordinated and finalized?
			Bell Atlantic representative:
			18. Has an application for frequency approval been submitted to FCC?  Application date:
			19. Have Anne Arundel County Department of Public Works approvals and permits been received for water and/or sewer hook-ups?
			20. Has work been coordinated with the following agencies?
			a. State Highway Administration?
			b. Mass Transit Administration?
			c. Amtrak and Maryland State Railroad Administration?
			d. FAA – Air Traffic Control and Facilities?
			e. FAA – Washington Airports District Office?
			f. FAA – Eastern Region?
			g. Federal Inspection Services (FIS) Agencies?
			21. Have surveying and mapping been completed?
			22. Has the Pre-Design Meeting been held (at 30%) Design)? In certain cases a Pre-Pre-Design meeting will be required. OPE will provide direction.
			23. Have the 30% Design plans, specifications, and construction cost estimate been received, distributed, and reviewed? The 30% submission was distributed to:

Yes	No	N/A	
			24. Has the Preliminary Engineer's Report including been completed, distributed, and reviewed (at the 30% Design stage)? Does the report include supporting calculations? The report was distributed to:
			25. Have the 30% Design review comments been addressed and resolved?
			26. Have the 60% Design plans, specifications, and construction cost estimate been received, distributed, and reviewed? The 60% submission was distributed to:
			27. Have the 60% Design review comments been addressed and resolved?
			28. Have the 100% Design plans, specifications, Engineers Report, and construction cost estimate been submitted for review and approval? Does the report include supporting calculations? The 100% submission was distributed to:
			29. Has the project been approved by the State Fire Marshal?
			30. Have the final plans, specifications, and construction cost estimate been submitted?  Submission date:
			31. Have state wage rates been requested and received from the State of MD Dept. of Labor Licensing & Regulation?
			32. Have Federal wage rates been requested and received from the Office of Procurement?
			33. Has the construction phasing been coordinated with Airport Operations, FAA ATCT, FAA Facilities, Air Transport Association, and other airport tenants and/or users?
			34. Have the proper MBE/DBE requirements and goals for the project been included?
			35. Do the contract documents include the Technical Provisions (General Information, Technical Specifications, Wage Rates, Standard Provisions Forms, and Interim Standard Provisions), and Bid Forms (Agreement, Performance Bond, Payment Bond, Affidavits, and Proposal)?

Yes	No	N/A	
			36. Have the requirements of the Airport Operations Checklist been incorporated into the contract documents? Has the checklist been completed and attached?
			37. Have the requirements of the Fire Rescue Services Checklist been incorporated into the contract documents? Has this checklist been completed and attached?
			38. Have the requirement of the Maintenance Division Checklist been incorporated into the contract documents? Has this checklist been completed and attached?
			39. Have the requirements of the Finance Division Checklist been incorporated into the contract documents?
			40. Has schedule A been completed and attached?
			41. Have MAA design standards been reviewed and incorporated into the design?
			I certify that the referenced project has been completed in accordance with this checklist.
			Engineer's Signature Date

## MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION FACILITIES DEVELOPMENT AND ENGINEERING

# AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION PROJECT CHECKLIST OFFICE OF DESIGN SCHEDULE A

	MAA Project No.:  Project Title:					
Yes	No	N/A				
			1. Has the project been coordinated through the Office of Airport Operations with affected tenants?			
			2. Has the project been coordinated with the Office of Commercial Management where leases and tenant agreements are affected?			
			Traffic Control Plan			
			1. Has the traffic control plan been coordinated with Airport Operations, State Highway Administration, and county government (i.e., detours, temporary pavement marking, lighting, signage, directional arrow board, etc.)?			
			2. Have temporary markings on airfield pavements been specified to be painted? (The use of temporary tape markings must be approved by Airport Operations.)			
			3. Is adequate temporary lighting specified?			
			4. Are adequate customer/pedestrian protection, temporary signs, dust control measures, etc. specified?			
			Civil and Landscaping			
			1. Have adequate storm water management, erosion and sediment control measures during construction been specified?			
			2. If needed, have special treatments for establishing ground cover (minimum requirement: topsoil, seed, and mulch) been specified?			
			3. Have landscaping plans been approved by the MAA Maintenance Division?			
			Electrical			
			1. Have Mode II runway and taxiway signs been specified?			
			2. Have "switch hitter" runway centerline lights been specified?			

Yes	No	N/A	
			3. Have runway condition sensors been included if specified by MAA?
			4. Have any required control tower facsimile panel modifications been included?
			Buildings
			1. On major structures, has the Governor's Commission approved the architectural concept?
			2. Have the roof specifications been approved by the Department of General Services? Has modified bitumen roof been specified?
			3. Have temporary heat and air conditioning been provided?
			4. Have temporary water and sanitary sewer service been provided?
			5. Is temporary power provided?
			6. Have handicapped facilities been provided in accordance with ADA? Have these facilities been reviewed by the MAA Office of Transportation and Terminal Services?
			7. If required, have additional FIDS been provided?
			8. Have 6" diameter minimum bollards been specified?
			9. If required, has a reflectivity study been conducted and approved?
			Safety
			1. Has FAA Advisory Circular 150/5300-9 been incorporated?
			2. Has FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-2 been incorporated?
			Aesthetics
			1. Is there any need or justification for special treatments for aesthetic reasons?
			2. Is there any need for artist's renderings and/or a special aesthetics review?
			Sensitive Security Information
			Does the project involve the modification or addition to any of the following four security systems: CASS, CCTV, Flex Response or CAD? If "Yes," then the project probably contains SSI and the scope must be reviewed with the MAA Director of Airport Security and Sole Source System Contractors.

 	 Has the project been reviewed with the MA Source System Contractors for Sensitive Se	1
	I certify that the referenced project accordance with this checklist.	has been completed in
	Engineer's Signature	Date

# FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS REVIEW CHECKLIST

# **SCHEDULE B**

	Airı	oort: AIP No.:
Yes	No	Item  1. Do the plans and specifications cover all the work included in the tentative allocation? If not, please explain.
	_	<ul><li>2. Do the plans and specifications include any non-eligible development?</li><li>3. Have all coordination (sponsor, users, FAA, etc.) comments been satisfied? If not please explain.</li></ul>
		<ul><li>4. Has an Engineer's Report been submitted to FAA?</li><li>5. For projects containing airport paving, has the FAA Pavement Design Form (FAA Form 5100.1) been submitted to the FAA?</li></ul>
		<ul><li>6. Was a pre-design conference held?</li><li>7. Are there any waivers to FAA standards included in Engineering Report? Have waivers been:</li></ul>
		Requested: Yes No Approved: Yes No  8. Does the development included in the plans and specifications conform with the approved Airport Layout Plan? If not, please explain. (Note: This can be controlled by including a general layout sheet in the plan set with all grant work items listed in the legend and shown at the location on the airport where it will be constructed. The location and size shown should agree with the approved ALP).
		9. Are there any special environmental conditions or requirements that need to be incorporated in the plans and specifications? If yes, please explain.

Yes	No	<u>Item</u>
		10. If over \$100,000 estimated cost, does specifications include 100% payment, and 100% performance bonds?
		11. Are the current EEO, Davis Bacon Act and DBE provisions in the plans and specifications? (Reference current boilerplate)
		12. Is the current minimum Wage Rate Schedule (U.S. Department of Labor) included verbatim or referenced in specifications?
		13. Does the Wage Rate Schedule include all the worker classifications required?
		14. Are the EEO (minority/women) goals shown in the specifications in accordance with the Department of Labor requirements shown in the Federal Register dated Friday, October 3, 1980, page 65976?
		15. Are the DBE goals shown in the specifications in conformance with sponsor's approved DBE plan?
		16. Has a copy of the invitation for bids been sent to the Minority Business Resource Center for DBE coordination?
		17. Do Plans and Specifications include safety requirements of Advisory Circular 150/5370-2, "Operational Safety on Airports During Construction"?
		Signature
		Title Date

# APPENDIX B STANDARD FORMS





# **STANDARD FORMS**

- MEETING MINUTES FORM
- ENGINEER'S REPORT GENERAL SUMMARY
- STANDARD COST ESTIMATE
- KNOX BOX ORDER FORMS
- REQUEST FOR VARIANCE INTERFACE OF FIRE ALARM, LIFE SAFETY AND SECURITY SYSTEMS
- Pre-Occupancy Fire Inspection
- REQUEST FOR VARIANCE OT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- CHANGE REQUEST OT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- RESOURCE ALLOCATION PERMIT OT STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS
- CONFIDENTIALITY AND NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT (FOR CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BIDDERS) SSI
- CONFIDENTIALITY AND NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT (FOR A/E, CMI, TENANT AND SOLE SOURCE PROVIDER) SSI
- CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATIVE INFORMATION SSI
- MROI LIST
- MROI LIST APPROVAL
- MROI RECORD OF DELIVERY







# **MEETING MINUTES**

MEETING DATE	
MEETING LOCATION	
MEETING SUBJECT	
TASK NUMBER & TITLE	
MAA TASK MANAGER	EMAIL:
CONSULTANT TASK MANAGER	EMAIL:
MINUTES PREPARED BY	EMAIL:

INVITED PARTICIPANTS	ATTENDEES	REPRESENTING	EMAIL ADDRESS	PHONE NUMBER

	INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE OF THE MIEETI	NG	
1.			
4	New ACTION/DISCUSSION ITEMS	ACTION	DATE
$\boldsymbol{A}$	ACTION/DISCUSSION TIEMS	REQUIRED BY	REQUESTED
В	OUTSTANDING ITEMS REQUIRING ACTION/DISCUSSION	ACTION	DATE
	FROM <u>Previous</u> MEETING(S)	REQUIRED BY	REQUESTED
	Action:		
		•	
Distri	ibution:		
	cc:		

3 6

# Engineer's Report General Summary

Date	
Report Phase	☐ Preliminary ☐ Draft ☐ Final
Airport	□ BWI □ Martin
A/E Contract Number	N Processing Control of the Control
Task Number	
Task Title	
Construction Contract Number	
Construction Contract Title	
Consu	LTANT'S CONTACT INFORMATION
Prime Consultant	
Consultant's Task Manager	
Task Manager's Phone Number	
Task Manager's Email Address	

# Contract Number Task Number and Title

#### Date

ESTIMATING LEVEL:	Budget		Concept	309	% 🗌 60%	6	1009	%	Bio
ITEM DESCRIPTION			UNIT	UNIT COST	QUANTITY	TOTA	۸L	COMMENT	
				- 11					
	CO	NSTR	UCTION	COST ESTIMAT	Έ				
1							\$0		
2							\$0		
3							\$0		
4							\$0		
5						11	\$0		
6							\$0		
7							\$0		
		Mar.							
Special Systems	BAS (Metasys)								
	FAS (Honeywell)								
	CASS					11			
	CCTV								
	BGE					11			
	Verizon					1			
	BHS (Bagage Handling Systems								
	Other Systems (Specify)								
		$\dashv \dashv$							
SUBTOTAL A							\$0		
Design Contingency (15% to 25%	of A)				25%		\$0		
SUBTOTAL B							\$0		
General Conditions X% of B (If no	t included in Unit Costs)				10%		\$0		
Contractor O&P X% of B (if not inc	cluded in Unit Costs)		•		15%		\$0		
Construction Security Plan (X% of					5%		\$0		
SUBTOTAL C							\$0		
Construction Quality Control Plan	(3% of C)				3%		\$0		
SUBTOTAL D							\$0		-
Miscellaneous Construction Allows	ance (5% to 10% of C)				10%		\$0		
Construction Quality Control Plan	(3% of Misc. Construction Allow.)				3%		\$0		
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION COST	ESTIMATE						\$0		
			I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			V.S.			
		DITIC	NAL PR	OGRAM COSTS					
Estimated Design Fee (8% to 12%					12%		\$0		
Estimated CMI Fee (8% to 12% of			W. 1911		12%		\$0		
TOTAL CAPITAL PROGRAM CO	ST ESTIMATE		**************************************				\$0		
Escalation Factor (if applicable)					0%		\$0		
GRAND TOTAL			-319				\$0		
Level of Accuracy	Quantity Take-Off		Genera	Square Foot	dr.	Com	parisor	with other installations/f	acilities
List of Sole Source Items	1	3		•		5			
Included in this Contract	2	4				6			
List of Assumptions					-			· · · · ·	
					<del></del>				

2006

#### Fire/Law Enforcement Rapid Entry System

AUTHORIZATION ORDER FORM 800-552-5669 • 623-687-2300 • Fax: 623-687-2290 • WWW.KNDXBDX.COM



Effective January 1, 2006

	IG INFORMATION - MUST MATCH	CREDIT CARD INFORMATION IF USED.	0 5
OMPANY / NAME		DATE ORDERED	
TREET (NO P.O. BOXES)		SUITE / BUILDING	
			van and
CITY		STATE ZIP CODE	
CONTACT NAME			
		Send this form with payment to	
PHÓNE NUMBER	P.O. NUMBER (GOV. AGENCIES (	ONLY) KNOX COMPANY	
		1601 W. Deer Valley Road,	
	<del></del>	Phoenix, AZ 85027	
APPER WI	LL NOT BE PROCESSED	Section 3 ORDER PRODUCT HERE	
	ut Authorized Signature		
ection 2 Withou			
	*		
Baltimore - Wa	ash Intl Airport F/Res	Total S	
State Aviation	n BWI Fire/Res	Total Total	$\Box$
PO Rox 8766 Baltimore, MD	21240	Total \$	
		Shipping & Handling If required, add \$7.00 s	
<u></u>		por administration from	
Authorized Fire Agency Sign		11 lb. to 7 lbs. \$7.00 Shipping and 8 lbs. to 25 lbs. \$17.00 Handling \$	
PS-39-026-02-89	System Code	26 the to 50 the 620 00	mun promit
MPORTANT NOTE - Knove Ma	aster Keys are provided to authorized fire departments		
r other registered entities on a	an as-needed basis solely for use with the Knox Rapid	No St. Tay	
intry System. No other use of	f the keys or their associated codes is authorized. Key	75 IDS.+ Call Knox for quote. Sales lax \$	
odes associated with the Knox	x Master Keys and Keyways remain the property of the ained by the Knox Company in Phoenix, Arizona, For		
mestions regarding this policy	y, contact Knox at 800-552-5669.	cell for rates. Total \$	
Market	AYMENT INFORMATION REQUIRED	USE PRICE LIST ON LAST PAGE	
Check or Money Order made p			\$ B
VISA AMEX			
IMC □ DISC CARD NUMBE		TYP DATE OF A STATE OF THE STAT	
		EXP. DATE (MM / YYYY) Cardholder Signature	
	LATION ADDRESS - REQUIRED BY FIF	The period of th	
UILDING NAME (WHERE ITEM WILL BE	E INSTALLED) = PLEASE TYPE ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION ADDRESSE	SES ON A SEPARATE SHEET (REQUIRED BY FIRE DEPT.)	and be
		Submaster ite	ms
DDRESS		Submaster Ite	ms
DDRESS			ms
		Check here to Su	ms bmaster Signature
DDRESS			ms bmaster Signature
пу		STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
пу	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
iection 5	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submastor fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
iection 5	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submastor fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
iection 5	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submastor fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
SECTION 5 SHIP TO CONTACT NAME COMPANY NAME	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submastor fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
SECTION 5 SHIP TO CONTACT NAME COMPANY NAME	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submastor fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
COMPANY NAME  STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOXES)	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k  D/N  AEC'D	ms bmaster Signature
iection 5	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submastor fee \$7.00 per k	ms bmaster Signature
ECTION 5 SHIP TO CONTACT NAME COMPANY NAME STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOXES)	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k  D/N  AEC'D	ms bmaster Signature
COMPANY NAME  STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOXES)	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k  D/N  AEC'D	ms bmaster Signature
ECTION 5 SHIP TO CONTACT NAME COMPANY NAME STREET ADDRESS (NO P.O. BOXES)	SHIP TO ADDRESS IS REQUIRE	STATE ZIP CODE  Authorized Fire Agency Submaster fee \$7.00 per k  D/N  AEC'D	ms bmaster Signature

Continued Page 1

#### Section 6 DUAL LOCK OPTION - For Permitted Dual Lock Products ONLY

Knox Master Keys are provided to authorized fire departments or other registered entities on an as-needed basis solely for the use with Knox Rapid Entry System. No other use of the keys or their associated codes is authorized. Key codes associated with the Knox Master Keys and Keyways remain the property of the Knox Company. If any replacement keys are needed, the transaction will be handled through the local fire department. Knox Company will send the replacement key to the Knox coordinator at the appropriate Fire Department and the Fire Department representative will give the key to the appropriate property owner representative.

Authorized Dual Lock User Signature

Date

# **Knox Rapid Entry System Product Catalog**

KNOX-BOX® 3200 Series w/ Lift-Off Door - Heavy Duty







#3227 Recessed

- Heavy-duty, high security construction
- Capacity for up to 10 keys and access cards
- 1/2" solid steel door
- Dimensions: Surface 5" H x 4" W x 3-1/4" D Recessed 7" H x 7" W Flange
- Ship Weight: 10 lbs.
- · Colors: Black, Bronze, Aluminum
- Finish: Knox-Coat® Weather resistant proprietary coating system
- Options: Alarm tamper switches
  - Aluminization (additional rust and corrosion protection)
  - Recessed Mounting Kit available for new masonry construction

#### now maderny conditions

#### KNOX-BOX® 3200 Series w/ Hinged Door





- Allows single-handed operation
- · Stores both keys and access cards
- Ensures efficient emergency response
- . Door attached with hinge, it's all one unit
- Dimensions: Surface 4" H x 5" W x 3-1/4" D
   Recessed 7" H x 7" W Flange
- Ship Weight: 10 lbs.
- · Colors: Black, Bronze, Aluminum
- Options: Same as 3200 Lift-Off door model above

#### KNOX-VAULT™ 4400 Series - Heavy Duty







- · Heavy-duty, high security construction
- . 50 key capacity storage, for access cards, floor plan
- 5/8" solid steel door, re-locking mechanism with drill resistant hard-plate lock protector
- . Dimensions: Surface 7" H x 7" W x 5" D

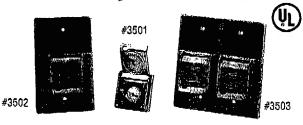
Recessed 9-1/2" H x 9-1/2" W Flange

- · Ship weight: 29 lbs
- Colors: Black, Bronze, Aluminum
- Finish: Knox-Coat® Weather resistant proprietary coating system
- Options: Alarm tamper switches
  - Single, dual or combination locks
  - Aluminization (additional rust and corrosion protection)
  - Recessed Mounting Kit available for new masonry





#### Knox® Key Switch 3500 Series



- Electric override for perimeter gates, parking garages, gated communities, HVAC controls and industrial equipment lockout
- · For fire, EMS & law enforcement
- · Single or dual-key options
- All stainless steel dust cover
- Ship Weight: 1 lb.

#### **Knox® Residential 1650 Series**

- For temporary or permanent residential key storage
- 1 to 2 key capacity only
- · Surface or door mount
- Dimensions: Lift-Off Door 5" H x 4" W x 2" D Hinged Door 4" H x 5" W x 2" D
- · Ship Weight: 7 lbs.
- · Color: Black
- Finish: Knox-Coat® Weather resistant proprietary coating system
- Option: Over-the-Door Hanger





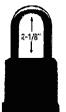


#### Knox® Padlock

Agency I.D. Label Included

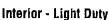


#### **Exterior - All Weather Conditions**



#3753

- Secures perimeter and fire access gates, and other fire department equipment
- Heavy duty brass body, stainless steel 3/8" diameter shackle
- Protective EPDM boot with shackle seal
- · Metal keyhole cover



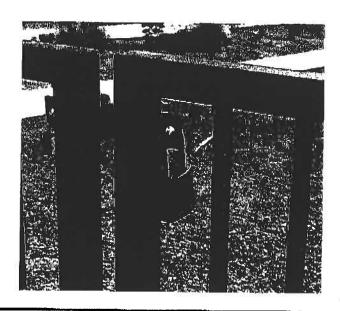
 Steel body and hardened steel 5/16" diameter shackle



Ship Weight: 1.5 lbs

#3754

WARNING: Before ordering, measure hasp fittings to ensure proper shackle size.

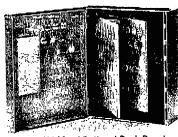


.nox® Master Keys are provided to authorized fire departments or other registered entities on an as-needed basis solely for use ith the Knox Rapid Entry System. No other use of the keys or their associated codes is authorized. Key codes associated with the nox Master Keys and Keyways remain the property of the Knox Company and are maintained by the Knox Company in Phoenix, Z. For questions regarding this policy, contact Knox at 800-552-5669 or knoxbox.com.

# **Knox Rapid Entry System Product Catalog**

# (E)

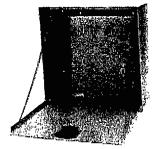




#1308 w/ Optional Back Panel and Swing Panels.



#1100 Not suitable for key storage.



#1201 Weather Housing/Rain Shield with #1301 Cabinet Inside. Has latch without lock.

#### Knox® FDC Plug

- Solid Stainless Steel Construction
- Protect sprinkler system against vandalism
- Prevent frequent cap replacement
- Finish: All stainless steel with polished, chrome-like stainless face
   All stainless steel with bright stainless face
- Ship Weight: 3 lbs



#3011



FDC Plugs listed are 2-1/2" male plugs with National Standard Threads. Other sizes and threads available. Call for details.

#### **Knox® Cabinet**

- . 1300 Series UL listed high security cabinet
- Stores keys, blueprints, floor plans, MSDS, Haz-Mat information and other entry items
- · Available in 5" or 7" depths
- Dimensions: 18" H x 14-1/2"W x 5" or 7"D
- · Ship Weight: 65 lbs
- Color: Light grey

Finish: Knox-Coat® Weather resistant proprietary coating system

- · 1100 Series Document storage cabinet
- Stores blueprints, floor plans, MSDS, Haz-Mat information and other items (Not suitable for key storage)
- Dimensions: 14"H x 14"W x 4-1/4"D
- Ship Weight: 26 lbs
- Color: Light grey

Finish: Knox-Coat® Weather resistant proprietary coating system

- 1201 Weather housing/Rain shield
- · Protect Knox cabinet from weather
- · Weather housing has latch without lock
- Dimensions: 21" H x 20"W x 13-5/8"D
- · Ship Weight: 75 lbs
- Color: Light grey

Finish: Knox-Coat[®] Weather resistant proprietary coating system

#### Knox® FDC Storz Cap

- Secure large diameter connections
- · Prevent unauthorized access
- Available in 4", 5" or 6" sizes
- · Finish: Dark, hard anodized aluminum
- Ship Weight: 5 lbs





	Price Lis	L * VIUCI U					711		s and availability sub)	
KNOX-B	IOX® aries w/ Lift-Off D	oor Surface Mout	II N	cluded of Included		VAULT™ Series Surfac	e Moun	ted		
Part#	Color	Tamper Switch	Aluminization*	Price	Part#	Color	Lock	Tamper Switch	Aluminization*	<u>Price</u>
3201	Black			\$189.00	4401	Black	Single	-	-	\$325.00
3202	Black	•	_	\$229.00	4402	Black	Single	•	-	\$365.00
3203	Black	_	<u>ns</u>	\$229.00	4403	Black	Dual		-	\$385.00
3204	Black	•	₽ •	\$269.00	4404	Black	Dual	•	_	\$425.00
3205	Aluminum	_	¥ -	\$199.00	4405	Black	Single	_	•	\$375.00
3206	Aluminum	•	Ship Wt	\$239.00	4406	Black	Single	•	i •	\$415.00
3207	Dark Bronze	_	<del>~</del> -	\$199.00	4407	Black	Dual	- :	SQ •	\$435.00
3208	Dark Bronze	•	_	\$239.00	4408	Black	Dual		£ .	\$475.00
0400	<b>54</b> , 5 . 5				4409	Aluminum	Single	- :		\$335.00
		Lacy December Mayer	atad	•	4410	Aluminum	Single	•		\$375.00
3200 S Part #	eries w/ Lift-Off D Color	nger Mecess Would Tamper Switch	neu <u>Aluminizati</u> on*	Price	4411	Aluminum	Dual		<u>.</u>	\$395.00
3220	Black		1 -	\$229.00	4412	Aluminum	Dual	•	-	\$435.00
3221	Black	•	ļ _	\$269.00	4413	Dark Bronze	Single	_	-	\$335.00
3222	Black	_	<u>\$</u>	\$269.00	4414	Dark Bronze	Single		-	\$375.00
3223	Black	•	무 •	\$309.00	4415	Dark Bronze	Dual	-	_	\$395.00
3224	Aluminum	_	₹ -	\$239.00	4416	Dark Bronze	Dual	•	_	\$435.00
3225	Aluminum	•	Ship Wt. 10 lbs	\$279.00		<b>2</b> d				
3226	Dark Bronze	-	₹ _	\$239.00	4400	0	_ R/			
3227	Dark Bronze	•		\$279.00	Part #	Series Reces Color	ss wour <u>Lock</u>		<u>Aluminization</u>	Price
3240		r Recessed Mountin	nn Kit	\$69.00	4430	Black	Single		<u></u>	\$375.00
JZ-70	3200 Ent GH 200	1 110003000 1010111111		<b>Q</b>	4431	Black	Single		_	\$415.00
					4432	Black	Dual	_	_	\$435.00
3200 S Part #	Beries w/ Hinged I <u>Color</u>	Door Surface Wol <u>Tamper Switch</u>		Price	4433	Black	Dual	•	_	\$475.00
3261	Black	),50)) <b>(</b> 100)	1 –	\$229.00	4434	Black	Single	-		\$425.00
3262	Black	•	ļ _{. –}	\$269.00	4435	Black	Single		1	\$465.00
3267	Black	<del>-</del>	<u>\$</u> •	\$269.00	4436	Black	Dual	_	Si e	\$485.00
3268	Black	•	=	\$309.00	4437	Black	Dual	•	29	\$525.00
3263	Aluminum	_	Ship Wt: 10	\$239.00	4439	Aluminum	Single	-	Ship W1: 29	\$385.00
3264	Aluminum	•	= _	\$279.00	4440	Aluminum	Single		<u>ē</u> _	\$425.00
3265	Dark Bronze	_	<b>ॐ</b> _	\$239.00	4441	Aluminum	Dual	-	<u>~</u>	\$445.00
3266	Dark Bronze	-	1 _	\$279.00	4442	Aluminum	Dual	•	1 _	\$485.0
GEUU	Daik Bioijzo	•	•	Ψ2/0/00	4443	Dark Bronze				\$385.00
					4444	Dark Bronze	_			\$425.00
3200 8 Part #	Series w/ Hinged I <u>Color</u>	uoor Mecess Widu <u>Tamper Switch</u>		Price	4445	Dark Bronze	_	,		\$445.00
3270	Black		-	\$269.00	4446	Dark Bronze		_		\$485.00
3271	Black	•	_ =	\$309.00	4446			nting Vit		\$85.00
3276	Black	_	SG •	\$309.00	44/0	4400 Recess	zea Mon	nung Kit		φου.υι
3277	Black		=	\$349.00	KNIOY	® KEY SWITE	rы			
3272	Aluminum	-	÷ _	\$279.00	Part #			stainless steel d	ust cover)	Price
3273	Aluminum	•	Ship W1: 10 lbs.	\$319.00	3501	Key Switch			•	\$62.00
3274	Dark Bronze	_	-Sh	\$279.00	3502	Key Switch	h on Moi	unting Plate		\$79.00
3275	Dark Bronze	•	1 _	\$319.00	3503	Double Ke	y Switch	on Mounting Plat	e	\$129.00
3290		essed Mounting Kit	•	\$69.00						
5450	SESS IMINER NEC	occommoniting for		φυσ.υυ						
									Continued on b	ack naas
					L				ע זוט עשוווווווווע	arr hafi

3010

\$125.00

#### 006 Price List - Order <u>Online at www.knoxbox.com</u>

Prices and availability aubject to change.

006	<b>Price</b>	List	<u>- Order (</u>	Inline	at www
	PADLOCK	17			<ul><li>Included</li><li>Not included</li></ul>
Part #	Part			•	<u>Price</u>
	Exterior - Al			0 (0)   .   A	070.00
3753	2-1/8"H Sta interior - Lig		ackle clearance,	3/8" diametei	r \$79.00 \
3754	2"H harder	ied steel s	shackle clearance	e, 5/16" diam	eter \$58.00
⟨NOX®	RESIDENTI	AL (Hola	is two keys ma	eximum)	
Part #	Color	Part		<b>/</b>	<u>Price</u>
1650	Black	Surfac	e Mount, Lift-Of	f Door	\$139.00
1651	Black		e Mount, Lift-Of loor Hanger Brad		<b>\$1</b> 50.00
1658	Black	Surfac	e Mount, Hinged	l Door	\$165.00
1659	Black		ce Mount, Hinged Oor Hanger Brad		\$176.00
KNOX®	CABINET				
	eries - UL L				
Part #	<u>Colar</u>	<u>Lock</u>	Tamper Switch		
1301	Lt. Grey	Single	_	5"	
1302	Lt. Grey	Single		<b>∞</b> 7"	••••
1303	Lt. Grøy	Single	•	5°	\$585.00
1304	Lt. Grey	Single		7"	\$625.00
1305	Lt. Grey	Dual	_	<b>≥</b> 5"	\$605.00
1306	Lt. Grøy	Dual		Ship Wt: 65 lbs 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	\$645.00
1307	Lt. Grey	Dual	•	5"	\$645.00
1308	Lt. Grey	Dual	•	7"	\$685.00
	abinet Opti	ons			
Part #	<u>Part</u>	la ala Ba	1 40 1/2		Price
1351	,		el - 48 Keys		\$50.00
1352	Swing Key Mounting				\$140.00

ACCESS	DRIES	
Part #	Part	<u>Price</u>
1001	Fire Dept. Reflective Alert Decal	\$1.50
1002	Fire Dept. Reflective Single Key Switch Decal (Red)	\$3.00
1003	Sheriff Dept. Reflective Single Key Switch Decal (Gold)	\$3.00
1004	Police Dept. Reflective Single Key Switch Decal (Blue)	\$3.00
1005	Pre-Fire Plan Reflective Decal (8" x 8")	\$12.00
1006	Key Tags (Package of 10)	\$3.00
1007	One Inch Key Rings (Package of 10)	\$3.50
1008	Tamper Seals (Package of 50)	\$10.00
1009	Tamper Evident Bags (Package of 10)	\$3.00
KNOX® I	LOCKING FDC PLUGS	
Part #	<u>Part</u>	<u>Price</u>
3011	All stainless Steel with Bright Stainless Face	\$115.00

Other size	es and threads available. Call for details.	
<b>KNOX®</b>	LOCKING FDC STORZ CAPS	
Part #	Part	<u>Price</u>
3080	4" Storz Cap - Dark, Hard Anodized Aluminum	\$225.00
3090	5" Storz Cap - Dark, Hard Anodized Aluminum	\$245.00
3099	6" Storz Cap - Dark, Hard Anodized Aluminum	\$295.00

All stainless Steel with Polished,

FOC Plugs listed are 2-1/2" male plugs with National Standard Threads.

Chrome-like Stainless Face

#### Mounting Assembly - 78 Keys \$140.00 1353 2nd Swing Key Hook Panel for 7" Deep Model Only (must already have mounting assembly) \$110.00 Non Locking Weather Housing/Rain Shield 1201 (for exterior cabinet protection) \$350.00 1100 Series Part # **Price** <u>Color</u> **Part** 1100 \$274.00 Lt. Grey Data Storage Cabinet (Not for key storage)





623-687-2300 • 800-552-5669 Fax 623-687-2299

E-mail: info@knoxbox.com • Web: www.knoxbox.com 1601 W. Deer Valley Road, Phoenix, Arizona 85027

# AIRPORT WIDE STANDARD FOR INTERFACE OF FIRE ALARM, LIFE SAFETY AND SECURITY SYSTEMS

#### **REQUEST FOR VARIANCE**

Name:	Date:
Company:	Tel. No:
Project Name:	MAA Contract No:
	MAA Building Permit No
1. Purpose of Variance Request.	
2. Related Code References:	
3. Justification for Variance (include discussion of designation increase/decrease; and other relevant facts). (Attach a	
4. Design and Construction Cost impact if approved: \$	Design Construction
5. Approval/Disapproval of this request is required by:	(Allow minimum 2 weeks.).  Days
A. OFM Comments.	
B. Director of Engineering Comments.	
C. Variance approved as submitted. Variance approved with comments inco	orporated.
	Yes
No OFM	Date
No .	Yes
Operations Manager	Date
No MAA Director of Design	Yes Date

NOTE: This Request for Variance is applicable to this specific project only.

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# Fire and Rescue Department Office of the Fire Marshal

Fire Prevention and Inspection Division 1334-G, Ashton Road, Hanover MD 21076 410-859-7511

#### PRE-OCCUPANCY FIRE INSPECTION

<ul><li>[ ] Initial Pre-Occupancy Fire Inspection</li><li>[ ] Re-Inspection</li><li>[ ] Other</li></ul>	<ul><li>[ ] New Construction</li><li>[ ] Addition</li><li>[ ] Interior Alteration or Renovation</li></ul>
MAA / Facility Name	
Building #, Address	
City, N	MD ZIP
Inspection conducted by A-FM	410-859-7511/
Date and Time of Inspection//	[ ] AM [ ] PM
Property Use and Occupancy Classification: [ ]-[ ], Use Group (Example:	S-1, Storage)
Area of facility (Square Feet)	

Means of Egress (Note: All code references refer to NFPA 101, 2006 unless otherwise noted.)	Yes	No	Reference
Paths of egress and exits are readily visible and identifiable			7.2.1.1.2, 7.5.2, 7.7.3,
			7.10.1.2, 4.5.3.3
Exits and means of egress are clear and unobstructed (e.g. – no			7.5.1.1,

carts)			7.5.2, 4.5.3.2, 7.1.10.1
Means of Egress (Note: All code references refer to NFPA 101, 2006 unless otherwise noted.)	Yes	No	Reference
Adequate numbers of exits are provided	260		13.1 7, 13.2
Remote Exit is available, if required			7.5.1.3.1, 4.5.3.1
Travel distances are within required limits			7.6
Dead-ends are within required limits			7.5.1.5
Doors swing in direction of egress travel, if required			7.2.1.4.2
ADA compliant lever hardware, panic hardware, are provided, where required			7.2.1.7
Doors open and close easily and latches operate properly			7.2.1.4.5, 7.2.1.8
Security gates meet separation requirements	280		7.2.1.4.1.4
Emergency evacuation plan is posted on site Other-		·	4.8.1(2)
Other-			

Corridors and Concourse	Yes	No	Reference
Adequate minimum width for use and capacity requirements			7.3.1.1,
			7.3.4.1
Integrity of separation barriers and partitions CH 7			IBC Ch. 7
Arrangement and width of egress paths			DST
(Note: The concourse width is not permitted to be less than 12 or 14			
feet during normal flight operating hours.)			

s No	Reference
	7.9
	7.10
	7.9.3

Stairways	Yes	No	Reference
Aggregate width (50/50) adequate			7.7.2,
			7.7.4
Integrity of walls and doors			7.2.2.5.1
Guardrails / Handrails properly installed – No obstructions			7.2.4.4,
			7.2.4.5
Security equipment appropriately placed			7.2.2.5.3.1
Discharge arrangement adequate and clear			7.2.2.1.1
Stairs are: Ventilated [ ], Pressurized [ ], Conditioned [ ]	N/A	N/A	N/A
Other-			

Fire Doors, Fire Walls, Fire and Smoke Separation Walls	Yes	No	Reference
Rating is appropriate for location(s)			IBC Ch.7
Materials properly installed			IBC Ch.7
Other-			
Other-			

HVAC Systems and Controls	Yes	No	Reference
Building zone ceiling has: Ducted Returns [ ], Plenum Returns [ ]	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pre-Testing Balancing Report was provided//			N/A
Dampers and Detectors in ducts properly placed			NFPA 90A
A schedule is provided (if more than two systems)			DST
Fire damper types: Wall [ ], Floor [ ], Ceiling [ ]	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kitchen hood systems: UL 300 compliant [ ], Duct wrapped [ ],			Various
FA supervised, Cleanout access signage placed [ ]			
Other-			

Electrical System	Yes	No	Reference
Panel board clear of storage			9.1.2
Panel board properly labeled			9.1.2
GFCI circuits installed in correct areas and operating properly			9.1.2
Emergency power available: UPS [ ], Generator [ ]			9.1.2
MAA certified electrical inspections completed			DST
Other-			
Other-			

Housekeeping	Yes	No	Reference
Storage properly arranged (18" below AS, with proper signage)			Various
Rubbish and building materials removed			7.1.10.1
Flammable and combustible liquids properly stored			8.7.3
Other-			

Fire Alarm	Yes	No	Reference
Type of system (specify)			N/A
Monitored by Phone # Pin#			9.7.2.1
Initiating devices: PS [ ], HD [ ], SD [ ], Water flow[ ], Valve Tamper[ ], Special Systems/MM [ ], Building Notification [ ] Audio/Visual [ ], Other [ ]			9.7.2.1
System tested and operational			9.8
Other-			

Fire Extinguishers	
Adequate number [ ], and distribution	9.7.4.1
	NFPA 10
Properly mounted and located	NFPA 10
Other-	

Sprinkler System		Yes	No	Reference
Type of system	Number of Zones			N/A
Appropriate type for hazards (Kito FEC, typical)	hens=Class K, 10lb / 4A60BC in			9.6.7.3
System tested and emergency op	erational on//			9.8
Alarm initiation type: Flow Switch	[ ], Water motor gong [ ]			N/A
Valve supervision by: Fire alarm [ MAA-Old FRD [ ], Padlock/Chai				9.7.2.1
Other-				

Fire Hydrants	Yes	No	Reference
Are in compliance with NFPA 24			N/A
Threads are compatible with DST requirements			DST
Are operational and maintained in good condition			NFPA 24

Special Fire Protection Systems The Building manager has been advised of testing, maintenance, and	Yes	No	Reference
document submission requirements for the following special fire			
protection systems			
[ ] NFPA 72, Fire Alarm Systems			N/A
[ ] NFPA 25, Water Based Fire Protection Systems			N/A
NFPA 10, Portable Fire Extinguishers			N/A
[ ] NFPA 13, Fire Sprinkler Systems			N/A
Building Manager advised that all special fire protection system re-submittals, field revisions, conformed graphic plans, and CD copies must be provided to the OFM.			N/A
Other-			

#### MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION BWI MARSHALL FIRE AND RESCUE DEPARTMENT FIRE PREVENTION AND INSPECTION DIVISION

#### PRE-OCCUPANCY FIRE INSPECTION RESULTS

As a result of this inspection, the subject facility, known as					
is hereby:	is hereby: [ ] APPROVED FOR OCCUPANCY (See Note 1).				
	[ ] APPROVED FOR TEMPORARY OCCUPANCY, subject to correction of items noted (See conditions of temporary or phased occupancy approval listed below). [ ] APPROVED FOR PHASED TEMPORARY stocking and occupancy only (See Note 2). [ ] DENIED occupancy approval due to the fire code deficiencies noted. The Tenant/Contractor is directed to correct the items noted prior to requesting re-inspection.				
Note I "Approved for occupancy" indicates a finding that all fire safety criteria set forth at the time and date of the attached inspection has been met in accordance with the applicable adopted codes and standards of the State of Maryland and the Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) Fire Prevention and Inspection Division at the BWI – Thurgood Marshall Airport. This certificate will only be issued if the building or structure is deemed safe for occupancy. All life safety and fire detection and suppression systems must be in full working operation, including alarm supervision, and alarm transmission requirements.  Note 2: A "phased temporary" approval is hereby granted to STOCK and OCCUPY a substantially completed, permitted portion. This temporary approval will expire within 30 days after completion of work unless a final					
certificate of	occupancy is issued by the MAA-OFM, and the Owner	(IVIA	va-Engineer). The portion approved is:		
(List Porti	on(s) approved for Phased Temporary occupa	ncy	)		
Ouror's F	Donwoo ostati io				
	Representative neer Signature:	_	Date:		
Inspector's	s Signature:[FM-	l	Date:		
Tenant's S	Signature:		Date:		
Sub-Tenant's Signature: Date:			Date:		
Contractor's Signature:			Date:		
The above signatures attest that the parties listed are aware of deficiencies noted (if any), and any listed conditions of approval (if applicable), and agree to diligently correct any deficiencies noted. Failure to abide by a lawful order of the Fire Marshal is a violation of the State Fire Prevention Code, and is punishable in accordance with the provisions therein.					

Conditions of Temporary, or Phased, Occupancy Approval  These items must be corrected within the time limits listed as a condition of a temporary, or phased, certificate of occupancy. Failure to complete these items within the prescribed time limits will void this temporary approval. The OFM must be notified upon correction of the items listed and a re-inspection must be scheduled.	10 Days	30 Days	Other

[End of Document – Form FM-07-01]

#### OFFICE of TECHNOLOGY STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS

#### REQUEST FOR VARIANCE

NOTE: This Request for Variance is applicable to this specific project only. Name: Date: Tel. No.: _____ Company: Project Name: _____ MAA Contract No.:_____ 1. Purpose of Variance Request. Related Code References: 3. Justification for Variance (include discussion of design impact; code interpretation; budget increase/decrease; and other relevant facts). (Attach additional sheets as needed) 4. Design and Construction Cost impact if approved: \$_____ Approval/Disapproval of this request is required by: (Allow minimum 3 weeks.) BELOW THIS LINE IF FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY Fire Marshall Comments.(if applicable) Α. B. □ Variance approved as submitted. Variance approved with comments incorporated. Variance denied. __ Yes ____ Manager, Date IT Networking _____Yes _____No Manager, Date

**Telecommunications** 

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#### OFFICE of TECHNOLOGY STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS

#### CHANGE REQUEST

Name:	Date: _		
Company:	Tel. No	0.:	
Date/Revision No. of Standard:			
1. Section/paragraph to be changed:			
<ol><li>Justification for change (site technica (Attach additional sheets as needed)</li></ol>	I and code issues	s):	
BELOW THIS LINE IF FOR INTERNAL US	E ONLY		
CHANGE APPROVAL			
		Yes	No
Mr. Robert C. Polkiewicz Manager, Network Engineering Office of Technology	Date		
Mr. Timothy A. Watson Manager, Communications Engineering Office of Technology	Date	Yes	No
		Vaa	N.a.
Mr. William Lins Director Office of Technology	Date	Yes	INO

*			

#### **Resource Allocation Permit**

# This Permit is valid for 6 month from date of issue. At the end of the 6 months the resources will become available to others.

#### Use additional Pages if needed

Name:	Date:	
Company:	Tel. No.:	
E-mail:	Requested completion	date:
Door Number:		
Resource Requested:		
nformation Required		
ndicate what resource you wish to reserve (i.e. fibe nformation like power requirements, BTU out put of Scale plans of exactly where you wish to reserve multiple of Engineer(s) will evaluate your request for avantoning if needed for evaluation of request.	f equipment, environmental pa ust also be provided	arameter requirements.
Applicant shall review Section 17.2.7 "Services" prices are the section 17.2.7	or to request and agrees to all	stipulations of the
Mr. Dwayne Abrams	 Date	YesNo
PDS Administrator		
Mr. Robert C. Polkiewicz Manager, Network Engineering	Date	YesNo
Mr. Timothy A. Watson Manager, Telecommunications	Date	YesNo
Effective Approval Date:  Expiration Date:		
=xp  a  0   Dale		

Last updated 10/11/2010

(For Construction Contract Bidders)

Date	
Contract or Building Permit Number	Contract or Building Permit Name
1. I,	, an employee of
herein as "MAA"), is executing the accept	yland Aviation Administration (referred to otance of its responsibilities for Airport Security hurgood Marshall Airport (referred to herein as ort.
	MAA under the Contract, the Contractor has and rious documents or other records collectively,
3. I understand the following with respectate provided by MAA to me, or which contractor's work for MAA:	et to any documents, or information therein, that ome into my possession pursuant to the
A. These documents may be consunder applicable Federal and State	eidered Sensitive Security Information ("SSI") te regulations;
B. These documents may be prote Information Act;	ected from disclosure under the Maryland Public
C. These documents may be prote Freedom of Information Act;	ected from disclosure under the Federal
vital to the security and safe oper-	ed by MAA to contain information that is ation of BWI Marshall Airport and Martin State uments are otherwise classified by any other information;

E. These documents are considered by MAA to possibly contain information

that is a trade secret.

(For Construction Contract Bidders)

- 4. I agree to comply with the requirements of Management of Sensitive Security Information (SSI) for MAA Projects and Building Permits at Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport and Martin State Airport with respect to any SSI documents, or information therein, that are provided by MAA to me, developed by me or which come into my possession pursuant to the Contractor's work for MAA. In addition;
  - A. I will safeguard these documents and the information therein, to prevent inadvertent disclosure of them by keeping the documents under the control of authorized persons, when in use, and store the documents in a secure container, such as a locked desk, file cabinet or locked room when not in use; and
  - B. I will not release these documents, or the information therein, to any party, company, person, organization or entity for any reason that does not expressly serve the Contractor's obligations to MAA under its contract with MAA, as determined by the Contractor's employee with appropriate supervisory and decision-making authority; and
  - C. I will not reproduce any project plans or specifications containing SSI without the authorization of the applicable MAA Project Phase Manager; and
  - D. Should it become necessary to transmit project plans and/or specifications containing SSI, I will ensure that documents are protected to prevent inadvertent visual disclosure.
  - E. I will not release these documents, or the information therein, pursuant to a request under the Maryland Public Information Act or the Federal Freedom of Information Act without affording MAA the opportunities under those laws to protect these documents from disclosure; and
  - F. I will notify MAA if a request is made for these documents, or the information therein; and
  - G. I shall return these documents following the completion of the agreed upon bid period; and
  - H. Specifically with regard to SSI, I shall comply, and I shall ensure compliance by any subcontractors and subconsultants assisting or working with me on the preparation of a bid for this project, with the broadest possible interpretation of the federal and local regulations in handling SSI (49 CFR 1520), as amended; and
- 5. I understand that Failure to return all Plan and Specification sets fully intact, unauthorized reproduction or failure to comply with the requirements of this 'MAA

(For Construction Contract Bidders)

Confidentiality and Non-Disclosure Agreement – Sensitive Security Information' shall result in the forfeiture of my \$6,000 deposit and may lead to civil penalties.

My signature below, I hereby affirm and agree to the matters set forth above.

Contractor:	Witnessed:
Signature	Signature
Print Name	Print Name
Title	MAA Project Phase Representative Title
Company	Maryland Aviation Administration

(For A/E's, CMI, Tenants and Sole Source Providers)

Date	
Contract or Building Permit Number	Contract or Building Permit Name
Task Number	Task Description / Title
1. I,	, an employee of
herein as "MAA"), is executing the accep	yland Aviation Administration (referred to otance of its responsibilities for Airport Security hurgood Marshall Airport (referred to herein as ort.
	MAA under the Contract, the Contractor has and rious documents or other records collectively,
3. I understand the following with respectate provided by MAA to me, or which contractor's work for MAA:	et to any documents, or information therein, that ome into my possession pursuant to the
A. These documents may be consunder applicable Federal and Stat	sidered Sensitive Security Information ("SSI") te regulations;
B. These documents may be prote Information Act;	ected from disclosure under the Maryland Public
C. These documents may be prote Freedom of Information Act;	ected from disclosure under the Federal
vital to the security and safe opera-	ed by MAA to contain information that is ation of BWI Marshall Airport and Martin State uments are otherwise classified by any other

entity or law as containing such information;

(For A/E's, CMI, Tenants and Sole Source Providers)

- E. These documents are considered by MAA to possibly contain information that is a trade secret.
- 4. I agree to comply with the requirements of Management of Sensitive Security Information (SSI) for MAA Projects and Building Permits at Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport and Martin State Airport, (Design Standard No. 2010-03) with respect to any SSI documents, or information therein, that are provided by MAA to me, developed by me or which come into my possession pursuant to the Contractor's work for MAA. In addition:
  - A. I will safeguard these documents and the information therein, to prevent inadvertent disclosure of them by keeping the documents under the control of authorized persons, when in use, and store the documents in a secure container, such as a locked desk, file cabinet or locked room when not in use; and
  - B. I will not release these documents, or the information therein, to any party, company, person, organization or entity for any reason that does not expressly serve my obligations under my contract with MAA; and
  - C. I will not reproduce any project plans or specifications containing SSI without the authorization of the applicable MAA Project Phase Manager and/or Building Permit Manager; and
  - D. Should it become necessary to transmit project plans and/or specifications containing SSI, I will ensure that documents are protected to prevent inadvertent visual disclosure.
  - E. I will not release these documents, or the information therein, pursuant to a request under the Maryland Public Information Act or the Federal Freedom of Information Act without affording MAA the opportunities under those laws to protect these documents from disclosure; and
  - F. I will notify MAA if a request is made for these documents, or the information therein; and
  - G. I shall return these documents and any reproductions following the completion of the project or contract; and
  - H. Specifically with regard to SSI, I shall comply, and I shall ensure compliance by those subcontractors and subconsultants in my employ, with the broadest

(For A/E's, CMI, Tenants and Sole Source Providers)

possible interpretation of the federal and local regulations in handling SSI (49 CFR 1520), as amended; and

- I. If I am a consultant who employs subconsultants, I shall ensure compliance by those in my employ with training, badging and handling requirements associated with SSI and the requirements of the MAA Design Standard for the Management of SSI including completion of a MAA Confidentiality And Non-Disclosure Agreement for each team member; and
- J. I shall limit reproduction of this material to subcontractors or subconsultants and shall ensure the destruction of all SSI in accordance with Design Standard No. 2010-03.
- 5. I further understand that failure to comply with the requirements of this 'MAA Confidentiality and Non-Disclosure Agreement Sensitive Security Information' may lead to civil penalties.

My signature below, I hereby affirm and agree to the matters set forth above.

Contractor:	Witnessed:
Signature	Signature
Print Name	Print Name
Title	MAA Project Phase Representative Title
Company	Maryland Aviation Administration

#### CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATIVE INFORMATION FORM

Insert Contract Title
Insert Contract No.

Date:		
Name:		
Social Security Nu	mber:	
Date of Birth:		
<b>Drivers License:</b>	State:	
	Drivers License No.:	
Company Name: _		
Telephone No.:		_
Facsimile No.:		
Email Address:		_
Aviation Administr (TSA) "No Fly List granting limited SS requirements of 49	by signing this form, I grant my contration to perform a Transportation or Security Verification of my back, SI privileges unto me. I further control CFR 1520 and I understand and a quirements of 49 CFR 1520 could response	Security Administration ground for the purpose of sent to comply with the cknowledge that my failure to
Signature		
Print Name		

Contract Number: Project Title: Airport:

#### Maintenance, Repair and Operating Items List Approval

Data	Date:

# MAA Representative Signature: Date: Office of Procurement Signature: Date: Office of Maintenance and Utilities Signature: Date: Office of Technology Signature: Date: Office of Capital Programs Signature: Date: Office of Design and Construction

Contract Number:
Project Title:
Airport:

# Maintenance, Repair and Operating Items List

Serial	Specification	Material/Product and	Quantity	Units	Unit Price Value	Total Value	Date Delivered
Number	Section	Description			(completed by Contractor)	(completed by Contractor)	(completed by Contractor)
					Contractor)	Contractor)	

#### Procedures for Delivery of MROI (Maintenance, Repair and Operations Inventory), including Attic Stock, Surplus Materials, Spare Parts, Etc. To the MAA

1. <u>All</u> materials shall be delivered to the MAA Warehouse in the MAC Building, unless the contract specifically requires otherwise. All deliveries shall be coordinated ahead of time with

Phoebe Yost MAA Procurement 410-859-7001 office 410-859-7323 fax PYost@bwiairport.com.

- 2. The contractor shall complete one **Record of Delivery** form (top part only) for each material to be delivered, and submit the form(s) to the Resident Engineer. The contractor may attach internal delivery tickets, transmittals, etc. to the forms.
- 3. The Resident Engineer will complete the bottom line of the form(s) ("Place where materials would be installed") and fax or email the completed form(s) and attachments to Phoebe Yost and request a delivery date. The "place where materials would be installed" is the location where the materials would ultimately be installed and the person who would need to install them. If you are unsure of this, ask Resident Engineer for clarification. If Phoebe determines that any portion of a form is incomplete or unclear, she may decline to set a delivery date until additional information is provided.
- 4. When a delivery date is set, the Resident Engineer will direct the contractor to deliver the materials.
- 5. The Resident Engineer must be present when the materials are delivered. If everything is found to be in order, the Resident Engineer and Phoebe or her designated representative will sign and date each **Record of Delivery** form. The Resident Engineer will make a copy of each signed and dated form, place a copy in the contract files, and email a copy to Alex Noorani, Manager, Division of Construction. If anything is <u>not</u> found to be in order, the Resident Engineer will <u>not</u> sign the form for that material.

#### **RECORD OF DELIVERY**

TO MAA MATERIALS MANAGEMENT WAREHOUSE 7005 AVIATION BOULEVARD, GLEN BURNIE, MD 21061

#### Complete one form for each material to be delivered to the MAA.

RECEIVED BY THE RESI Signature Printed Name Place where materials	DENT ENGINEER:  Date	RECEIVED BY MAA: Signature Printed Name	Date
RECEIVED BY THE RESI		Signature	Date
·	DENT ENGINEER:	RECEIVED BY MAA:	
totam the completed form			
Return the completed form	(s) to the Resident Engineer to	o schedule delivery. Attach any transm	nittals or tickets.
Price (For example: invoid	e, vendor's quote, manufacturer'	's suggested retail, or other price)	
•	number of items, number of boxes cified: Explanation o	s and number of items per box, linear feet, f difference:	square feet, gallons)
Required by (For exam	ple: specification section, note or	n plans, DCL, RFI, AWO, or other contract	reference)
Type of material (For	example: spare part, surplus mat	terial, salvaged material, supply, or other)	
Description of materion of materion of materion of materion of the materion of	<b>al</b> (If known, include the name of	of product, manufacturer, product line, part	t number, model, color or other
	_	MAA Contract Number_	
Contract Name		MAAA Controot Nijambor	

## **APPENDIX C**

## MAA STANDARD CONTRACT DRAWINGS





#### MAA STANDARD CONTRACT DRAWINGS

- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES I SIDA (BWI MARSHALL)
- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES II SIDA (BWI MARSHALL)
- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES STERILE BUILDING AREA (BWI MARSHALL)
- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES NON SECURE AREAS (BWI MARSHALL)
- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES I (MARTIN STATE)
- GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES II (MARTIN STATE)
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES I
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES II
- VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION NOTES
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS I
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS II
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS III
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS IV
- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS V
- CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST (BWI MARSHALL)
- CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND PHASING PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST (MARTIN STATE)





- THIS PROJECT IS FOR WORK AT BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT, HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS 'THE AIRPORT' OR 'BW'.
- 2. THIS PROJECT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND ANY RULES, REGULATIONS, STANDARDS, OR SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCED THEREIN. THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (MAA), THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (FAA), AND OTHER GOVERNING AGRICIES
- 3. PROJECT PHASING THE PROJECT IS TO BE COMPLETED IN CLOSE CONFORMANCE WITH THE PHASING PLANS, IF PROVIDED, AND NOTES AS CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. CHANGES TO THE PHASING PLANS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE ENGINEER AND REVIEWED WITH THE DESIGNER PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION.
- 4. PROJECT COMPLETION TIMES THE CONTRACTOR IS EXPECTED TO COMPLETE CRITICAL PORTIONS OF THE PROJECT WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TIMEFRAMES AND TO COMPLETE THE ENTIRE PROJECT ON TIME. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES, IF SPECIFIED, WILL BE ASSESSED SHOULD THE TIMEFRAME BE EXCEEDED.
- 5. CONSTRUCTION LIMITS ALL CONTRACTOR VEHICLES SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE DESIGNATED CONSTRUCTION LIMITS OR HAUL ROUTES (UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED).
- 6. DIMENSIONS IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD. IN GENERAL, SMALL—SCALE DRAWINGS WITH GREATER RESOLUTION (I.E. 1"=50") GOVERN OVER LARGER SCALE DRAWINGS OF LESS RESOLUTION (I.E. 1"=500"), WRITTEN NOTES GOVERN OVER GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION AND SPECIFICATIONS GOVERN OVER DRAWINGS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR CLARIFICATION.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE COLLAPSIBLE BARRICADES MARKED WITH DIAGONAL ALTERNATING ORANGE AND WHITE STRIPES, AND WITH FLASHING RED LIGHTS, AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS TO DELINEATE THE WORK AREAS WHEN CLOSED TO AIRPORT TRAFFIC. ALL BARRICADES PLACED ADJACENT TO AN OPEN RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, OR TAXILANE MUST BE AS LOW AS POSSIBLE TO THE GROUND, OF LOW MASS, EASILY COLLAPSIBLE UPON IMPACT WITH AN AIRCRAFT, AND WEIGHTED OR STURDILY ATTACHED TO THE SURFACE TO PREVENT DISPLACEMENTS FROM PROP WASH, JET BLAST, WING VORTEX, OR OTHER SURFACE WIND CURRENTS. IF AFFIXED TO THE SURFACE, THE BARRICADES MUST BE FRANGIBLE AT GRADE LEVEL OR AS LOW AS .POSSIBLE, BUT NO GREATER THAN THREE INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND
- 8. OPEN TRENCHES, EXCAVATIONS, AND STOCKPILED MATERIAL LOCATED IN THE AIR OPERATIONS AREA (AOA) (I.E., THE SECURE PORTION OF THE AIRPORT) SHALL BE PROMINENTLY MARKED WITH ORANGE FLAGS AND LIGHTED BY APPROVED LIGHT UNITS DURING HOURS OF LIMITED VISIBILITY AND DARKNESS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTINUOUSLY MAINTAIN LIGHTS IN OPERATING CONDITION AND REPLACE BATTERIES, BULBS, ETC. AS NEEDED SO THAT THEY MAY ALWAYS BE LIGHTED IN HOURS OF DARKNESS.
- 9. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC FIELD SURVEYS WERE PROVIDED BY SURVEYORS NAME AND DATE. THE CONTROL ON THIS PROJECT IS TIED TO THE NAD 83/91 HORIZONTAL DATUM AND NAVD 88 VERTICAL DATUM. SURVEY UNITS SHALL BE IN U.S. SURVEY FOOT. PROJECT BENCHMARKS ARE SHOWN ON THE GENERAL DROJECT AVAILET.
- 10. EXISTING AIRFIELD LIGHTING SYSTEMS INTERRUPTION OF EXISTING AIRFIELD LIGHTING SYSTEMS NOT IDENTIFIED ON THE CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. ALL AIRFIELD LIGHTING CIRCUITS AFFECTED BY THIS PROJECT SHALL BE TEMPORARILY MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR DURING OPERATIONAL PERIODS.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE NUMBER OF WATER TRUCKS TO CONTROL DUST IN THE PROJECT WORK AREA, STAGING AREA, STORAGE AREAS, HAUL ROUTES AND THE WASTE SITE.
- 12. ALL THE PERMITS AND LICENSES REQUIRED FOR THE PROJECT WORK SHALL BE OBTAINED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 13. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS, FEDERAL WAGE
  RATES SHALL BE POSTED OUTSIDE THE SITE FIELD OFFICE(S)
  IN A WEATHERPROOF ENCLOSURE. [FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED
  PROJECTS ONLY]

#### GENERAL AIRFIELD SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ACQUAINT SUPERVISORS AND EMPLOYEES WITH ACTIVITY AND OPERATIONS THAT ARE INHERENT TO THE AIRPORT AND SHALL CONDUCT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO CONFORM TO ALL ROUTINE AND EMERGENCY AIR TRAFFIC REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES FOR SAFETY SPECIFIED HEREIN.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR AND HIS/HER SUBCONTRACTOR(S) SHALL PROTECT WORKERS, MAA AND AIRPORT TENANT EMPLOYEES, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO ENSURE THAT PROPERTY OR EQUIPMENT, UNRELATED TO WORK, WHICH BELONGS TO MAA OR AIRPORT TENANTS IS NOT DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW EMPLOYEES, SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, OR ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSON TO ENTER OR REMAIN IN ANY AIRPORT AREA WHICH WOULD BE HAZARDOUS TO PERSONS OR TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ALL NECESSARY PROTECTIVE GEAR AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. DURING PERFORMANCE OF THIS CONTRACT, THE AIRPORT RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND AIRCRAFT PARKING APRONS SHALL REMAIN IN USE BY AIRCRAFT TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE. ALL AIRCRAFT TRAFFIC ON THESE SURFACES SHALL HAVE PRIORITY OVER CONTRACTOR'S TRAFFIC. WHILE USE OF AREAS NEAR THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK MAY BE CONTROLLED TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION, THE OWNER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO ORDER THE CONTRACTOR, AT ANY TIME, TO VACATE ANY AREA NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN SAFE AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- 6. ALL WORK TO BE PERFORMED WITHIN CERTAIN LIMITS OF AN ACTIVE RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, OR APRON UNDER OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED WHEN THE RUNWAY, TAXIWAY OR APRON IS NOT IN USE. SUCH WORK SHALL ONLY BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH PRIOR PERMISSION FROM THE ENGINEER AND MAA OPERATIONS. REFER TO PROJECT COORDINATION FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON COORDINATING CLOSURES.
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL CONSTRUCTION AND STORAGE AREAS AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY AND PROMPTLY TAKE ALL STEPS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR REMEDY ANY UNSAFE OR POTENTIALLY UNSAFE CONDITIONS OR ACTIVITIES DISCOVERED.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AWARE OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF SAFETY PROBLEMS AND/OR HAZARDS:
- a. TRENCHES, HOLES, OR EXCAVATION ON OR ADJACENT TO ANY OPEN RUNWAY OR IN SAFETY AREAS.
- b. PAVEMENT DROP-OFFS OR PAVEMENT TURF-LIPS GREATER THAN 1% INCHES WHETHER PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY.
- C. UNMARKED/UNLIGHTED HOLES OR EXCAVATION IN ANY APRON, OPEN TAXIWAY, OPEN TAXILANE, OR RELATED SAFETY AREA.
- d. MOUNDS OR PILES OF EARTH, CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, TEMPORARY STRUCTURES, OR OTHER OBJECTS IN THE VICINITY OF ANY OPEN RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, TAXIKANE, OR IN A RELATED SAFETY AREA, APPROACH, OR DEPARTURE AREA.
- e. VEHICLES OR EQUIPMENT, WHETHER OPERATING OR IDLE, ON ANY OPEN RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, TAXILAHE, OR IN ANY RELATED SAFETY AREA, APPROACH, OR DEPARTURE AREA.
- f. VEHICLES, EQUIPMENT, EXCAVATION, STOCKPILES, OR OTHER MATERIALS WHICH COULD DEGRADE OR OTHERWISE INTERFERE WITH ELECTRONIC SIGNALS FROM RADIOS OR ELECTRONIC NAVIGATIONAL AIDS (NAVAIDS).
- g. UNMARKED UTILITY, NAVAID, WEATHER SERVICE, RUNWAY LIGHTING, OR OTHER POWER OR SIGNAL CABLES THAT COULD BE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- h. OBJECTS, WHETHER OR NOT MARKED OR FLAGGED, OR ACTIVITIES ANYWHERE ON OR IN THE VICINITY OF THE AIRPORT WHICH COULD BE DISTRACTING, CONFUSING, OR ALARMING TO PILOTS DURING AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- i. UNFLAGGED/UNLIGHTED LOW VISIBILITY ITEMS SUCH AS TALL CRANES, DRILLS, ETC. ANYWHERE IN THE VICINITY OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS OR IN ANY APPROACH OR DEPARTURE AREA. SUCH EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PARKED IN THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AND THE BOOM(S) LOWERED TO THE GROUND WHEN NOT IN LISF.
- j. MISLEADING OR MALFUNCTIONING LIGHTS OR UNLIGHTED/UNMARKED OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE APPROACH TO ANY ACTIVE RUNWAY.
- k. INADEQUATE APPROACH OR DEPARTURE SURFACES (THESE SURFACES ARE NEEDED TO ASSURE ADEQUATE LANDING OR TAKEOFF CLEARANCE OVER OBSTRUCTIONS, INCLUDING THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK AND STORAGE AREAS).

- I. MARKING AND LIGHTING OF RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS OR TAXILANES
  THAT COULD BE CONFUSING OR MISLEADING TO PILOTS, INCLUDING
  IMPROPERLY MARKED DISPLACED OR RELOCATED THRESHOLDS.
- m. INADEQUATE OR IMPROPER METHODS OF MARKING, BARRICADING, AND LIGHTING OF TEMPORARILY CLOSED PORTIONS OF THE AIRPORT AOA.
- n. WATER, SNOW, DIRT, DEBRIS, OR OTHER TRANSIENT ACCUMULATION WHICH TEMPORARILY OBSCURES PAVEMENT MARKINGS OR PAVEMENT EDGES, OR DIMINISHES THE VISIBILITY OF RUNWAY OR TAXIWAY LIGHTING.
- BIRD ATTRACTANTS SUCH AS EDIBLES (FOOD SCRAPS, ETC.), MISCELLANEOUS TRASH, OR PONDED WATER. FOOD SCRAPS AND MISCELLANEOUS TRASH SHALL BE SECURED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND DISPOSED OF USING PROPER SANITARY METHODS.
- p. FOREIGN OBJECTS DEBRIS:
- i. DEBRIS, WASTE, LOOSE MATERIAL (INCLUDING DUST AND DIRT),
  TRASH OR OTHER MATERIALS WHETHER ON RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS,
  APRONS, OR IN RELATED SAFETY AREAS IS CONSIDERED FOREIGN
  OBJECT DEBRIS AND PRESENTS THE POTENTIAL FOR DAMAGE TO
  AIRCRAFT. SUCH MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED ON ANY
  AIRCRAFT MOVEMENT AREAS (REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE
  AREA IS OPEN OR CLOSED) OR ADJACENT GRASSED AREAS.
  ANY DEBRIS (WHETHER CAUSED BY THE CONTRACTOR OR NOT)
  OBSERVED TO BE WITHIN THESE AREAS SHALL BE REMOVED
  IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUOUSLY BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- ii. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE A VACUUM SWEEPER WITH PLASTIC BRUSHES (NOT STEEL) AND OPERATOR ON SITE AND READY AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTUITY
- iii. WHERE TRAVEL ON OR ACROSS RUNWAYS, RAMP AREAS, TAXIWAYS, OR AIRCRAFT APRONS IS REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT TO KEEP SUCH SURFACES CLEAR OF DEBRIS.
- IV. ALL MATERIALS THAT COULD BLOW ACROSS ANY PAVEMENTS SHALL BE SECURED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND DISPOSED OF USING PROPER SANITARY METHODS.
- q. INADEQUATE BARRICADING OR OTHER MARKING WHICH IS PLACED TO SEPARATE CONSTRUCTION OR MAINTENANCE AREAS FROM OPEN AIRCRAFT OPERATING AREAS.
- r. FAILURE TO CONTROL UNAUTHORIZED VEHICLE AND HUMAN ACCESS THROUGH ACTIVE AIRCRAFT OPERATING AREAS. REFER TO <u>VEHICLE</u> <u>ACCESS. RADIO COMMUNICATIONS, AND SECURITY REQUIREMENTS</u> FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- s. FAILURE TO MAINTAIN RADIO COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE VEHICLES AND ATCT. REFER TO YEHICLE ACCESS. RADIO COMMUNICATIONS. AND SECURITY REQUIREMENTS FOR MORE INFORMATION.
- t. CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES OR MATERIALS WHICH COULD HAMPER THE RESPONSE OF AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT FROM REACHING AIRCRAFT, ALL OR ANY PART OF THE RUNWAY/TAXIWAY SYSTEM, RUNWAY APPROACH AND DEPARTURE AREAS, AND AIRCRAFT PARKING LOCATIONS.

#### SITE ACCESS, CONTRACTOR STAGING, HAUL ROUTES, AND MATERIAL STORAGE

- 1. ACCESS TO THE SITE THE CONTRACTOR'S ACCESS POINTS TO THE SITE SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL VEHICLES AND PERSONNEL WHO ENTER THE AIRPORT THROUGH THESE ACCESS POINTS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR TRANSPORTING EMPLOYEES TO AND FROM THE JOB SITE. PERSONAL VEHICLES SHALL NOT BE PARKED ANYWHERE WITHIN THE AIRPORT OPERATIONS AREA. REFER TO YEHICLE ACCESS, RADIO COMMUNICATIONS, AND SECURITY REQUIREMENTS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
- 2. ALL OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE SELECTED TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE PUBLIC. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES (STATE HIGHWAYS, COUNTY ROADS, OR CITY STREETS) WITH THE APPROPRIATE OWNER WHO HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE AFFECTED ROUTE. THE CONTRACTOR'S ON-AIRPORT HAUL ROUTES ARE INDICATED ON THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN. THESE SHALL BE EXISTING HAUL ROADS, WHERE AVAILABLE, OR ALONG TAXIWAY/TAXILANE PAVEMENTS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED IN THE CONTRACT DRAWINGS.
- 3. ON-SITE ROADS AND OTHER AIRFIELD PAVEMENTS USED AS HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE RESTORED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON COMPLETION OF BEING USED AS A HAUL ROUTE, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR BY THE ENGINEER. THE BEFORE AND AFTER CONDITION OF ALL ON-SITE HAUL ROUTES (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT) SHALL BE JOINTLY INSPECTED AND DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER

THROUGH THE USE OF DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND/OR VIDEO. THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO COORDINATE HAUL ROUTE USAGE WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE AIRPORT.

- 4. FENCING, DRAINAGE, GRADING AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT OR RESTORE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAUL ROUTES OR ACCESS POINTS ON THE AIRPORT WILL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO COMMENCING THE WORK.
- 5. ALL ON-SITE ACCESS ROADS TO AIRPORT FACILITIES SHALL REMAIN OPEN AND MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AN AREA WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR CONTRACTOR'S MOBILIZATION AND STORAGE. THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA SHALL BE FREE OF DEBRIS. IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO STAKE OUT AND FLAG THE STAGING AREA LIMITS. NO STAGING WILL BE ALLOWED WITHIN RUNWAY SAFETY AREAS. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, THE STAGING AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CONDITION.
- 7. ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING STOCKPILED MATERIAL)
  WHEN NOT IN USE SHALL BE PLACED IN APPROVED AREAS WHERE
  THEY WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A HAZARD TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS AND
  NOT PENETRATE CLEARANCE SURFACES SHOWN ON THE GENERAL
  CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES II.
- THE OBSTACLE FREE ZONE (OFZ) GOVERNS EQUIPMENT CLEARANCE DURING CONSTRUCTION ADJACENT TO AN ACTIVE RUNWAY. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL ANY MEN OR EQUIPMENT PENETRATE THESE SURFACES UNLESS PRIOR ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITH AIRPORT OPFRATIONS
- THE FAR PART 77 APPROACH, PRIMARY, AND TRANSITIONAL SURFACES GOVERN STOCKPILES AND PARKED EQUIPMENT. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL STOCKPILES, PARKED EQUIPMENT, OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION ITEMS PENETRATE THESE SURFACES ADJACENT TO AN ACTIVE RUNWAY.
- EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PARKED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA WHEN NOT IN USE. TALL EQUIPMENT SUCH AS CRANES SHALL BE LOWERED TO THE GROUND WHEN NOT IN USE.
   STOCKPILED MATERIAL SHALL BE CONSTRAINED IN A MANNER TO PREVENT MOVEMENT RESULTING FROM AIRCRAFT JET BLAST OR WIND CONDITIONS IN FXCFSS OF 10 KNOTS.

#### VEHICLE ACCESS, RADIO COMMUNICATIONS, AND SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

- THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS INCLUDE THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN/S AND SPECIFICATIONS SECTION X-1, SECURITY REQUIREMENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO THESE FOR ADDITIONAL SECURITY REQUIREMENTS.
- 2. MOVEMENT AREA ACCESS REQUIREMENTS:
- a. DEFINITION MOVEMENT AREA: THE MOVEMENT AREA DESIGNATION INCLUDES RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND OTHER AREAS OF AN AIRPORT WHICH ARE USED FOR TAXIING, HOVER-TAXIING, AIR-TAXIING, TAKEOFF, AND LANDING OF AIRCRAFT, EXCLUSIVE OF LOADING RAMPS AND AIRCRAFT PARKING AREAS.
- b. MOVEMENT AREA MARKINGS ARE DESIGNATED BY TWO PARALLEL LINES, ONE SOLID AND ONE DASHED, ON THE PAVEMENT.



C. NOTE THAT AOA DRIVING PRIVILEGES ARE FOR NON MOVEMENT AREAS ONLY ALL LINESCORTED ACCESS TO THE AIRFIELD. MOVEMENT AREAS WILL REQUIRE CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL TO COMPLETE THE BWI AIRPORT MOVEMENT AREA TRAINING PROGRAM PROVIDED BY AIRPORT OPERATIONS. IF MOVEMENT AREA TRAINING IS REQUIRED TO ALLOW THE CONTRACTOR ACCESS TO THE AIRFIELD WITHOUT AN MAA OPERATIONS (OPS) ESCORT, A LETTER SHOULD BE SUBMITTED TO MAA'S DIRECTOR OF AIRPORT OPERATIONS IDENTIFYING: THE NAMES OF THE PERSONNEL TO BE TRAINED, THE REASON AIRFIELD ACCESS IS NEEDED, THE DURATION THAT ACCESS IS NEEDED, AND THE NUMBER OF TIMES ACCESS IS NEEDED DURING THAT DURATION. BASED ON THE INFORMATION IN THE LETTER, MAA OPS WILL EITHER OFFER CLASS FOR TRAINING OF CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL OR HAVE AN OPS ESCORT AVAILABLE FOR AIRFIELD ACCESS. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE LETTER TO MAA'S DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS THIRTY CALENDAR DAYS IN ADVANCE OF THE TRAINING, ONCE TRAINING IS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED, ONLY THOSE AUTHORIZED BY AIRPORT OPERATIONS WILL BE ALLOWED TO REQUEST COMMUNICATIONS CLEARANCE FROM THE ATCT TO ACCESS MOVEMENT AREAS, TAXIWAYS OR CLOSED RUNWAYS PERSONNEL AND VEHICLES REQUIRING ACCESS TO CROSS OPEN OR ACTIVE RUNWAYS MUST BE ESCORTED BY AIRPORT OPERATIONS PERSONNEL, REGARDLESS OF TRAINING COMPLETED.

- 3. MOTORIZED VEHICLES WITHIN THE ACTIVE AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS AREA (AOA):
- a. ANY VEHICLE TO BE USED ON THE AIRPORT INCLUDING ALL CONTRACTOR EQUIPMENT AND MACHINERY CAPABLE OF BEING DRIVEN SHALL BE INSPECTED BY MAA OPERATIONS AND MUST DISPLAY A VALID AIRFIELD REGISTRATION DECAL. ALL OTHER (UNREGISTERED) VEHICLES MUST REMAIN UNDER CONTINUOUS ESCORT WHILE IN THE WORKSITE AND WHILE TRAVELING IN THE RESTRICTED AREAS OR TO AND FROM THE WORKSITE. IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO ENSURE THAT VEHICLES ARE REGISTERED IN A TIMELY MANNER AS NOT TO DETLY THE PROJECT.
- b. ONLY VEHICLES REGISTERED BY THE MAA AND OPERATED BY APPROPRIATELY BADGED DRIVERS MAY PROCEED ON THE AIRFIELD WITHOUT AN ESCORT. UNREGISTERED VEHICLES MUST BE ESCORTED AT ALL TIMES BY A REGISTERED VEHICLE. APPROPRIATELY BADGED INDIVIDUALS OPERATING REGISTERED VEHICLES MAY ESCORT NO MORE THAN THREE VEHICLES AT ONE TIME. IF IT BECOMES NECESSARY TO ESCORT MORE THAN THREE VEHICLES, THE ESCORT SHOULD BE PERFORMED AS A MOTORCADE WITH ONE REGISTERED VEHICLE LEADING THE ESCORTED VEHICLES AND A SECOND REGISTERED VEHICLE COMPRISING THE REAR OF THE MOTORCADE.
- c. ALL PERMITTED VEHICLES SHALL BE MAINTAINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL AIRPORT STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES.
- d. ALL PERMITTED VEHICLES SHALL BE CLEARLY MARKED WITH THE COMPANY NAME, LOGO, OR OTHER IDENTIFICATION ACCEPTABLE TO THE MAA. VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BWI TENANT DIRECTIVE 200.2, PARAGRAPH 3.2.B 'VEHICLE REGISTRATION PROGRAM', WHICH STATES THAT CHARACTERS ON THE SIDE ARE TO BE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES HIGH; CHARACTERS ON THE TOP (OR HOOD) ARE TO BE A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES HIGH. TOP MARKINGS ARE TO BE ORIENTED LONGITUDINALLY. IN ADDITION, PERMITTED CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES SHALL, WHEN REQUESTED, DISPLAY IN FULL VIEW, ABOVE THE VEHICLE, A 3-FOOT X 3-FOOT, OR LARGER, ORANGE AND WHITE CHECKERBOARD PLASTIC FLAGE. EACH CHECKERBOARD COLOR SHALL BE 1-FOOT SOUARE.
- e. EACH VEHICLE OPERATING ON A TAXIWAY OR RUNWAY DURING THE HOURS OF DARKNESS SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH FLASHING OR NON-FLASHING IDENTIFICATION LIGHTS ON TOP OF THE VEHICLE AND OF SUCH INTENSITY TO CONFORM TO LOCAL CODES FOR MAINTENANCE VEHICLES. DARKNESS SHALL BE DEFINED AS ONE HOUR BEFORE OFFICIAL SUNSET UNTIL ONE HOUR AFTER SLINRISF
- f. VEHICLES MAKING ONLY OCCASIONAL VISITS TO THE JOB SITE DO NOT NEED TO BE PERMITTED AND ARE EXEMPT FROM THE IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED ABOVE, EXCEPT THAT THEY MUST ALSO BE LIGHTED WHEN ENTERING THE JOB SITE DURING THE HOURS OF DARKNESS.
- g. REFER TO SPECIFICATIONS ITEM X-1 FOR SECURITY ACCESS INFORMATION.
- 4. RADIO COMMUNICATIONS FOR THOSE AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE OR WORK IN THE AIRFIELD MOVEMENT AREA, RADIO COMMUNICATION WITH THE FAA CONTROL TOWER IS REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES. ALL VEHICULAR MOVEMENTS IN THE MOVEMENT AREA ARE UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF THE ATCT AND REQUESTS FOR MOVEMENT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ATCT VIA RADIO COMMUNICATION PRIOR TO ENTERING OR MOVING WITHIN THE MOVEMENT AREA. RADIOS SHALL BE FURNISHED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRANSMITTING AND RECEIVING AT A GROUND FREQUENCY OF 121.9 MHZ. THIS FREQUENCY IS TO BE UTILIZED WHEN CROSSING ACTIVE FACILITIES. SUFFICIENT RADIOS SHALL BE ON SITE AND OPERATING AT ALL TIMES SO THAT INSTRUCTIONS OR COMMUNICATIONS MAY BE DISPATCHED TO ALL CREWS WITHIN AN ACTIVE AOA WITHIN ONE MINUTE AFTER RECEIPT OF DIRECTION FROM THE TOWER.

	DESIGNED:		REVISION NO.	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTIONS
	DRAWN:				
	CHECKED:				
CLIENT LOGO HERE.					
	APPROVED:				



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT TITLE:		_	CONTRACT NO.:
		-	
SHEET TITLE:	GENERAL CONST NOTES	SHEET NO.:	
SCALE:	AS SHOWN	DATE: –	

#### PROJECT COORDINATION

- 1. ALL COORDINATION BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR AND MAA OFFICES SHALL BE DONE THROUGH THE ENGINEER EXCEPT AS NOTED UNDER EMPRENCY COORDINATION.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE ENGINEER WITH A CURRENT LIST OF ALL EMPLOYEES WORKING ON THE AIRPORT INCLUDING SUBCONTRACTOR. THE LIST SHALL BE MAINTAINED CURRENT BY THE CONTRACTOR
- 3. CONTRACTOR COORDINATION CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY OTHERS MAY OCCUR CONCURENTLY AND IN THE VICINITY OF CONSTRUCTION ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE OPERATIONS AND COOPERATE WITH MAINTENANCE CREWS AND OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE AIRPORT.
- COORDINATION WITH BWI AIRPORT FIRE RESCUE SERVICE (VIA THE ENGINEER):
- a. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH MARYLAND FIRE LAWS, NFPA 1 — UNIFORM FIRE CODE, ; CHAPTER 16, 'SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION OPERATIONS' (CURRENT EDITIONS) AND CHAPTER 21. 'AIRPORTS'.
- b. OPEN FLAME, WELDING OR TORCH CUTTING OPERATIONS ARE PROHIBITED WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING A BWI AIRPORT WELDING AND BURNING PERMIT IS A VALLABLE AT THE BWI FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 991 CORPORATE BLVD, LINTHICUM, MD 21090. THE PERMIT MAY BE REQUESTED FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED THIRTY DAYS. PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK, ANY PERSON CONDUCTING OPEN FLAME/HOT WORK OPERATIONS SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF NFPA 51B STANDARD FOR FIRE PREVENTION DURING WELDING, CUTTING, AND OTHER HOT WORK. ADEQUATE FIRE AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS MUST BE TAKEN AND THE PROCEDURE APPROVED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. A FIRE WATCH IS REQUIRED.
- c. A HYDRANT USE PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO ANY AIRPORT FIRE HYDRANT.
- 5. AIRPORT OPERATIONS COORDINATION (VIA THE ENGINEER):
- a. THE AIRPORT WILL BE IN OPERATION DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COORDINATE ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS AND COMPLY WITH ANY AND ALL RESTRICTIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED BY AIRPORT OPERATIONS.
- b. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO IMPACT ANY NORMAL AIRPORT OFERATION WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF AIRPORT OPERATIONS.
- c. AT LEAST FOURTEEN CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE ACTUAL COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM WITH THE ENGINEER, IN WRITING, THE PROPOSED TIME, DATE, AND AREA THAT CONSTRUCTION IS TO OCCUR.
- d. PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING USE OF PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS AND THE ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE LIGHTING DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE CONTROL TOWER'S VISIBILITY OR THAT IT IS NOT POSITIONED SUCH THAT IT FACES INTO ANY RUNWAY APPROACH WHERE IT MIGHT CAUSE CONFUSION TO PILOTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING AS REQUIRED FOR NIGHT CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS.
- e. FLAGMEN AND VEHICLE ESCORTS -
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH FLAGMEN AS NECESSARY TO CONTROL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR AIRPORT OPERATIONS.
- ALL CONTRACTOR VEHICLES THAT ARE REQUIRED TO CROSS ACTIVE RUNWAYS AND RUNWAY SAFETY AREAS SHALL DO SO UNDER A DIRECT CONTROL ESCORT FROM AIRPORT OPERATIONS PERSONNEL.
- CONTRACTOR VEHICLES THAT ARE REQUIRED TO CROSS ACTIVE TAXIWAYS MUST BE EITHER ESCORTED BY AIRPORT OPERATIONS OR HAVE COMPLETED THE BWI MOVEMENT AREA TRAINING PROGRAM AND BE AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE VEHICLES IN THE MOVEMENT AREA
- VEHICLES REQUIRED TO OPERATE ON TAXIWAYS OR CLOSED RUNWAYS SHALL DO SO UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF A COMPETENT FLAGMAN WHO HAS COMPLETED MOVEMENT AREA TRAINING AND WHO IS IN DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (ATCT) GROUND CONTROL.
- VEHICLES REQUIRED TO OPERATE ON TAXILANES, APRONS, OR NON-MOVEMENT AREA HAUL ROUTES SHALL DO SO UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF A COMPETENT FLAGMAN.

DESIGNED:

DRAWN:

CHECKED:

- f. FACILITY CLOSURES REQUESTS FOR FACILITY CLOSURES SHALL BE MADE AT LEAST FOURTEEN CALENDAR DAYS IN ADVANCE OF THE PROPOSED CLOSING TO ALLOW AIRPORT OPERATIONS TIME TO ISSUE A TENANT INFORMATION ADVISORY. CLOSURES SHALL BE CONFIRMED FOUR WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE CLOSURE. THE CONTRACTOR MAY BE REQUIRED TO MEET WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS AND THE FAA TO EVALUATE AND ESTABLISH ANY RUNWAY AND TAXIWAY CLOSURE TIMES AND DURATIONS. TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION TO COINCIDE WITH RUNWAY AND TAXIWAY CLOSURES ALREADY SCHEDULED FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY OTHERS.
- g. UPON COMPLETION OF ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF WORK, THE ENGINEER WILL ARRANGE A PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF THE AREA WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS PERSONNEL PRIOR TO THE OPENING OF ANY TAXIWAY, RUNWAY, RAMP AREA OR AIRPORT ROADWAY THAT HAS BEEN CLOSED FOR WORK OR USED FOR A CROSSING POINT OR HAUL ROUTE BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- h. UPON COMPLETION OF WORK AND RETURN OF ALL RELATED AREAS TO STANDARD CONDITIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY MAA (IN WRITING) AND DESCRIBE THE AREA THAT IS COMPLETE AND AVAILABLE FOR NORMAL AIRPORT OPERATIONS.

#### 6. UTILITIES:

- a. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES LOCATIONS OF KNOWN UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. ALL UTILITY LOCATIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE A DIGGING AUTHORIZATION FORM, AS SUPPLIED BY THE ENGINEER, PRIOR TO INITIATION OF EXCAVATION OPERATIONS.
- b. REPAIR OF UTILITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION MUST BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUE UNTIL COMPLETED.
- ALL SUCH REPAIRS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- II. IF FAA CABLES ARE DAMAGED, REPAIRS SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FAA REQUIREMENTS AND IN THE PRESENCE OF AN FAA REPRESENTATIVE. THE FAA MAY ELECT TO HAVE THE REPAIR PERFORMED BY OTHERS IN WHICH CASE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING THE INCURRED COSTS OF REPAIRS
- c. UTILITIES NOTIFICATION AT LEAST TWO WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN AN AREA WHICH MAY INVOLVE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER OF EACH UNDERGROUND UTILITY AFFECTED.

THE FOLLOWING LIST INCLUDES POSSIBLE UTILITIES WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS. ADDITIONAL UTILITIES NOT LISTED BELOW MAY ALSO BE ON—SITE.

#### UTILITY OWNERSHIP:

MISS UTILITY CENTER BGE	1-800-257-7777 (410) 685-0123 (410) 234-5000 1-800-685-0123
VERIZON REPAIR BURIED CABLE	(410) 954-2222 1-800-275-2355
FAA AIRWAY FACILITIES SSC	(410) 859-7252
COMCAST	(410) 931-4600 (410) 729-8000
MILLENIUM DIGITAL MEDIA	(410) 987-9300

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY UTILITY OPERATIONS BUREAU (WATER SUPPLY FROM AIRPORT PERIMETER TO METER)

EMERGENCIES	(410) 222-840
EMERGENCIES	
GENERAL INFORMATION	(410) 222-752

#### EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

1. EXCEPT FOR EMERGENCIES, ALL CONTACT WITH AIRPORT PERSONNEL SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE ENGINEER. FOR EMERGENCIES INVOLVING SAFETY (INJURIES, FIRES, SECURITY BREACHES, ETC.) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE DIRECT CONTACT WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS FOLLOWED BY NOTIFICATION TO THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

2. THE PROJECT SUPERVISORS SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBERS WITH THEM AT ALL TIMES:

(COMPLIANCE AND REMEDIATION)

(410) 859-7815/7511 MAA FIRE MARSHALL ii. BWI FIRE/RESCUE/MEDICAL EMERGENCY BWI POLICE EMERGENCY 410) 859-7018 iv. BWI DUTY AIRPORT OPERATIONS MGR CONSOLIDATED DISPATCH CENTER 410) 859-7117 410) 859-7162 BWI OFFICE OF AIRPORT SECURITY FAA ATCT 410) 859-7636 FAA AIRWAY FACILITIES SSC 410 859-7252 (410) 537-3442 ix. MDE OIL CONTROL PROGRAM

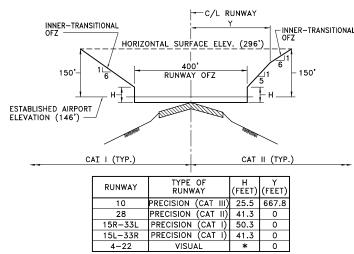
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE PHONE NUMBERS OF THREE PERSONNEL, INCLUDING THE PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT, WHO MAY BE CONTACTED IN AN EMERGENCY. PERSONNEL SHALL BE ON CALL 24 HOURS PER DAY FOR MAINTAINING AIRPORT HAZARD LIGHTING AND BARRICADES
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE NAME AND PHONE NUMBERS OF THE PROJECT SECURITY COORDINATOR AND THE DESIGNATED ALTERNATE WHO SHALL BE ON CALL 24 HOURS PER DAY FOR CONTACT REGARDING SECURITY ISSUES

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS

1. FAA ADVISORY CIRCULARS (AC's), ORDERS AND FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATIONS (FAR's) — THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATIONS CONTAIN DEFINITIONS OR DESCRIPTIONS OF CRITICAL AIRPORT OPERATING AREAS. COPIES OF THESE PUBLICATIONS ARE AVAILABLE THROUGH THE FAA AT WWW.FAA.GOV AND CAN BE REVIEWED AT THE OFFICES OF THE MAA.

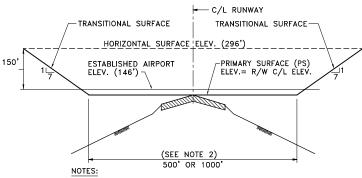
THE ITEMS OUTLINED BELOW PERTAIN TO AIRFIELD SAFETY REQUIREMENTS AND ARE REFERENCED THROUGHOUT THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

- a. AC 150/5370-2, 'OPERATIONAL SAFETY ON AIRPORTS DURING CONSTRUCTION', CURRENT EDITION, SETS FORTH GUIDELINES TO ASSIST AIRPORT OPERATORS IN COMPLYING WITH FAR PART 139, "CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION: LAND AIRPORTS SERVING CERTAIN AIR CARRIERS" AND WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF FEDERALLY FUNDED AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.
- b. FAR PART 77 'OBJECTS AFFECTING NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE', CURRENT EDITION:
- i. ESTABLISHES STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING OBSTRUCTIONS TO NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE. IMAGINARY SURFACES ARE DEFINED IN THE PUBLICATION AND ARE SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
- ii. ESTABLISHES REQUIREMENTS FOR FILING NOTICE TO THE FAA FOR CERTAIN PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION PROPOSALS. COMPLETION OF THE 'NOTICE OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION' FORM (FAA FORM 7460-1) IS DISCUSSED IN AC 70/7460-1 'OBSTRUCTION MARKING AND LIGHTING', CURRENT EDITION.
- C. AC 70/7460-2, 'PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF OBJECTS THAT MAY AFFECT THE NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE', CURRENT EDITION, PROVIDES INFORMATION TO PERSONS PROPOSING TO ERECT OR ALTER AN OBJECT THAT MAY AFFECT NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE. THE AC EXPLAINS THE REQUIREMENT TO NOTIFY THE FAA BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BEGINS AND THE FAA'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RESPOND TO THESE NOTICES.
- d. AC 150/5300-13, 'AIRPORT DESIGN', CURRENT EDITION, ESTABLISHES DESIGN, OPERATIONAL, AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS FOR AIRPORTS. STANDARD TERMS USED IN THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE DEFINED BELOW.
- i. OBSTACLE FREE ZONE (OFZ) A VOLUME OF SPACE WHICH IS FREE OF ALL FIXED OBJECTS AND CLEAR OF VEHICLES IN THE PROXIMITY OF AN AIRPLANE CONDUCTING AN APPROACH, MISSED APPROACH, LANDING, TAKEOFF, OR DEPARTURE. AN OFZ TYPICAL SECTION IS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
- ii. OBJECT FREE AREA (OFA) A TWO DIMENSIONAL GROUND AREA SURROUNDING RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND TAXILANES WHICH IS CLEAR OF OBJECTS EXCEPT FOR OBJECTS WHOSE LOCATION IS FIXED BY FUNCTION.
- III. SAFETY AREA THE SURFACE ADJACENT TO RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND TAXILARES OVER WHICH AIRCRAFT SHOULD, IN DRY WEATHER, BE ABLE TO CROSS AT NORMAL SPEEDS WITHOUT INCURRING ANY SIGNIFICANT DAMAGE. A SAFETY AREA IS GRADED, DRAINED AND COMPACTED. IT IS FREE OF ANY HOLES, TRENCHES, BUMPS OR OTHER SIGNIFICANT SURFACE VARIATIONS OR OBJECTS OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH MUST BE THER BECAUSE OF THEIR ESSENTIAL AERONAUTICAL FUNCTION. THE SAFETY AREA REQUIRES THE CAPABILITY OF SUPPORTING MAINTENANCE VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING VEHICLES UNDER NORMAL (DRY) CONDITIONS.



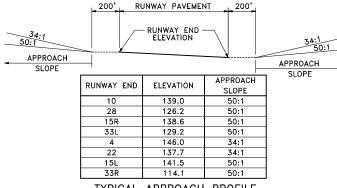
*VERTICAL TO A HEIGHT OF 150' ABOVE ESTABLISHED AIRPORT ELEVATION

## TYPICAL SECTION OBSTACLE FREE ZONE (OFZ) NOT TO SCALE



- SEE "CONTRACTOR'S SAFETY REQUIREMENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION" AS CONTAINED IN THE PLANS REGARDING RESTRICTED AREAS IN THE VICINITY OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS AND TAXIWAYS.
- 2. IMAGINARY SURFACE REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING ACTIVE RUNWAYS (R/W) ARE SIMILAR EXCEPT PRIMARY SURFACES (PS) DIMENSIONS VARY: R/W 4-22 500' PS (250' LT. & RT. OF C/L) R/W 15R-33L 1000' PS (500' LT. & RT. OF C/L) R/W 15L-33R 1000' PS (500' LT. & RT. OF C/L)

## F A R PART 77 IMAGINARY SURFACES NOT TO SCALE



### TYPICAL APPROACH PROFILE F A R PART 77 IMAGINARY SURFACES

NOT TO SCALE

PROJECT TITLE:

SHEET TITLE:

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY
NOTES II — SIDA

SCALE:

AS SHOWN

DATE:

DATE:

CONTRACT NO.:

SHEET NO.:

BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL Thurgood Marshall AIRPORT

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

CLIENT LOGO HERE.

NO. DATE DESCRIPTIONS

DESCRIPTIONS

- 1. THIS PROJECT IS FOR WORK AT BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT, HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS 'THE AIRPORT' OR 'BWI'.
- 2. THIS PROJECT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND ANY RULES, REGULATIONS, STANDARDS, OR SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCED THEREIN THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (MAA), THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (FAA), AND OTHER
- PROJECT PHASING THE PROJECT IS TO BE COMPLETED IN CLOSE CONFORMANCE WITH THE PHASING PLANS, IF PROVIDED, AND NOTES AS CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. CHANGES TO THE PHASING PLANS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE ENGINEER AND REVIEWED WITH THE DESIGNER PRIOR TO
- 4. PROJECT COMPLETION TIMES THE CONTRACTOR IS EXPECTED TO COMPLETE CRITICAL PORTIONS OF THE PROJECT WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TIMEFRAMES AND TO COMPLETE THE ENTIRE PROJECT ON TIME. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES, IF SPECIFIED, WILL BE ASSESSED SHOULD THE TIMEFRAME BE EXCEEDED.
- 5. CONSTRUCTION LIMITS ALL CONTRACTOR VEHICLES SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE DESIGNATED CONSTRUCTION LIMITS OR HAUL ROUTES (UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED).
- 6. DIMENSIONS IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD. IN GENERAL. SMALL-SCALE DRAWINGS WITH GREATER RESOLUTION (I.E. 1"=50") GOVERN OVER LARGER SCALE DRAWINGS OF LESS RESOLUTION (I.E. 1"=500"), WRITTEN NOTES GOVERN OVER GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION AND SPECIFICATIONS GOVERN OVER DRAWINGS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER FOR CLARIFICATION.
- 7. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC FIELD SURVEYS WERE PROVIDED BY RVEYORS NAME AND DATE. THE CONTROL ON THIS PROJECT IS TIED TO THE NAD 83/91 HORIZONTAL DATUM AND NAVD 88 VERTICAL DATUM, SURVEY UNITS SHALL BE IN U.S. SURVEY
- 8. ALL THE PERMITS AND LICENSES REQUIRED FOR THE PROJECT WORK SHALL BE OBTAINED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.

#### GENERAL AIRFIELD SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ACQUAINT SUPERVISORS AND EMPLOYEES WITH ACTIVITY AND OPERATIONS THAT ARE INHERENT TO THE AIRPORT AND SHALL CONDUCT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO CONFORM TO ALL ROUTINE AND EMERGENCY AIR TRAFFIC REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES FOR SAFETY SPECIFIED HEREIN.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR AND HIS/HER SUBCONTRACTOR(S) SHALL PROTECT WORKERS, MAA AND AIRPORT TENANT EMPLOYEES, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO ENSURE THAT PROPERTY OR FOUIPMENT, UNRELATED TO WORK, WHICH BELONGS TO MAA OR AIRPORT TENANTS IS NOT DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW EMPLOYEES, SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, OR ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSON TO ENTER OR REMAIN IN ANY AIRPORT AREA WHICH WOULD BE HAZARDOUS TO PERSONS OR TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ALL NECESSARY PROTECTIVE GEAR AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL DURING
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL CONSTRUCTION AND STORAGE AREAS AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY AND PROMPTLY TAKE ALL STEPS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR REMEDY ANY UNSAFE OR POTENTIALLY UNSAFE CONDITIONS OR ACTIVITIES DISCOVERED.

#### SITE ACCESS, CONTRACTOR STAGING, HAUL ROUTES, AND MATERIAL STORAGE

1. ACCESS TO THE SITE — THE CONTRACTOR'S ACCESS POINTS TO THE SITE SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL VEHICLES AND PERSONNEL WHO ENTER THE AIRPORT THROUGH THESE ACCESS POINTS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR TRANSPORTING EMPLOYEES TO AND FROM THE JOB SITE. PERSONAL VEHICLES SHALL NOT BE PARKED ANYWHERE WITHIN THE AIRPORT OPERATIONS

- 2. ALL OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE SELECTED TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE PUBLIC. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES (STATE HIGHWAYS, COUNTY ROADS, OR CITY STREETS) WITH THE APPROPRIATE OWNER WHO HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE AFFECTED ROUTE. THE CONTRACTOR'S ON-AIRPORT HAUL ROUTES ARE INDICATED ON THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN.
- 3. ON-SITE ROADS AND OTHER AIRFIELD PAVEMENTS USED AS HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE RESTORED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON COMPLETION OF BEING USED AS A HAUL ROUTE, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR BY THE ENGINEER. THE BEFORE AND AFTER CONDITION OF ALL ON-SITE HAUL ROUTES (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT) SHALL BE JOINTLY INSPECTED AND DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER THROUGH THE USE OF DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND/OR VIDEO. THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO COORDINATE HAUL ROUTE USAGE WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE AIRPORT.
- 4. FENCING, DRAINAGE, GRADING AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT OR RESTORE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAUL ROUTES OR ACCESS POINTS ON THE AIRPORT WILL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO COMMENCING THE WORK.
- 5. ALL ON-SITE ACCESS ROADS TO AIRPORT FACILITIES SHALL REMAIN OPEN AND MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AN AREA WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR CONTRACTOR'S MOBILIZATION AND STORAGE. THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA SHALL BE FREE OF DEBRIS. IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO STAKE OUT AND FLAG THE STAGING AREA LIMITS. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, THE STAGING AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL
- 7. ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT WHEN NOT IN USE SHALL BE

#### PROJECT COORDINATION

- 1. ALL COORDINATION BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR AND MAA OFFICES SHALL BE DONE THROUGH THE ENGINEER EXCEPT AS NOTED UNDER EMERGENCY COORDINATION
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE ENGINEER WITH A CURRENT LIST OF ALL EMPLOYEES WORKING ON THE AIRPORT INCLUDING SUBCONTRACTORS. THE LIST SHALL BE MAINTAINED CURRENT BY THE
- 3. CONTRACTOR COORDINATION CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY OTHERS MAY OCCUR CONCURRENTLY AND IN THE VICINITY OF CONSTRUCTION ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE OPERATIONS AND COOPERATE WITH MAINTENANCE CREWS AND OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON
- 4. COORDINATION WITH BWI AIRPORT FIRE RESCUE SERVICE (VIA THE ENGINEER):
- a. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH MARYLAND FIRE LAWS, NFPA 1 - UNIFORM FIRE CODE, ; CHAPTER 16, 'SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION OPERATIONS' (CURRENT EDITIONS) AND CHAPTER 21, 'AIRPORTS'.
- b. OPEN FLAME, WELDING OR TORCH CUTTING OPERATIONS ARE PROHIBITED WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING A BWI AIRPORT WELDING AND BURNING PERMIT. THE PERMIT IS AVAILABLE AT THE BWI FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE 991 CORPORATE BLVD LINTHICUM MD 21090. THE PERMIT MAY BE REQUESTED FOR A PERIOD NOT EXCEED THIRTY DAYS. PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK, ANY PERSON CONDUCTING OPEN FLAME/HOT WORK OPERATIONS SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF NFPA 51B STANDARD FOR FIRE PREVENTION DURING WELDING, CUTTING, AND OTHER HOT WORK. ADFOLIATE FIRE AND SAFFTY PRECAUTIONS MUST BE OF WORK. A FIRE WATCH IS REQUIRED.
- c. A HYDRANT USE PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO ANY AIRPORT FIRE HYDRANT.
- 5. AIRPORT OPERATIONS COORDINATION (VIA THE ENGINEER):
- a. THE AIRPORT WILL BE IN OPERATION DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO COORDINATE ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS AND COMPLY WITH ANY AND ALL RESTRICTIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS PROVIDED BY AIRPORT OPERATIONS

- b. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED TO IMPACT ANY NORMAL AIRPORT OPERATION WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL OF AIRPORT
- c. AT LEAST FOURTEEN CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE ACTUAL COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM WITH THE ENGINEER, IN WRITING, THE PROPOSED TIME, DATE, AND AREA THAT CONSTRUCTION IS TO OCCUR.

#### 6. UTILITIES:

- G. UNDERGROUND UTILITIES LOCATIONS OF KNOWN UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. ALL UTILITY LOCATIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE A DIGGING AUTHORIZATION FORM, AS SUPPLIED BY THE ENGINEER, PRIOR TO INITIATION OF EXCAVATION OPERATIONS.
- b. REPAIR OF UTILITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION MUST BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUE UNTIL COMPLETED.
- i. ALL SUCH REPAIRS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- ii. IF FAA CABLES ARE DAMAGED, REPAIRS SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FAA REQUIREMENTS AND IN THE PRESENCE OF AN FAA REPRESENTATIVE. THE FAA MAY ELECT TO HAVE THE REPAIR PERFORMED BY OTHERS IN WHICH CASE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING THE INCURRED COSTS OF REPAIRS.
- c. UTILITIES NOTIFICATION AT LEAST TWO WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN AN AREA WHICH MAY INVOLVE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER OF EACH UNDERGROUND UTILITY

THE FOLLOWING LIST INCLUDES POSSIBLE UTILITIES WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS. ADDITIONAL UTILITIES NOT LISTED BELOW MAY ALSO BE ON-SITE.

#### LITHLITY OWNERSHIP

MISS UTILITY CENTER BGE		-257-7777 685-0123	
		234-5000 -685-0123	
VERIZON REPAIR BURIED CABLE		954-2222 -275-2355	
FAA AIRWAY FACILITIES SSC	(410)	859-7252	
COMCAST		931-4600 729-8000	
MILLENIUM DIGITAL MEDIA	(410)	987-9300	
ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY UTILITY OPERATIONS E (WATER SUPPLY FROM AIRPORT PERIMETER TO	BUREAU METER)		
EMERGENCIES GENERAL INFORMATION	(410) (410)	222-8400 222-7520	

#### EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

- 1. EXCEPT FOR EMERGENCIES, ALL CONTACT WITH AIRPORT PERSONNEL SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE ENGINEER. FOR EMERGENCIES INVOLVING SAFETY (INJURIES, FIRES, SECURITY BREACHES, ETC.) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE DIRECT CONTACT WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS FOLLOWED BY NOTIFICATION TO THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- 2. THE PROJECT SUPERVISORS SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBERS WITH THEM AT ALL TIMES:
- 410) 859-7815/7511 i. MAA FIRE MARSHALL (410) 859-7222 (410) 859-7040 ii. BWI FIRE/RESCUE/MEDICAL EMERGENCY III BWI POLICE EMERGENCY (410) 859-7018 iv. BWI DUTY AIRPORT OPERATIONS MGR
  v. CONSOLIDATED DISPATCH CENTER (410) 859-7117 (410) 859-7162 vi. BWI OFFICE OF AIRPORT SECURITY vii. MDE OIL CONTROL PROGRAM (410) 537-3442 (COMPLIANCE AND REMEDIATION)

- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE PHONE NUMBERS OF THREE PERSONNEL, INCLUDING THE PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT, WHO MAY BE CONTACTED IN AN EMERGENCY.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE NAME AND PHONE NUMBERS OF THE PROJECT SECURITY COORDINATOR AND THE DESIGNATED ALTERNATE WHO SHALL BE ON CALL 24 HOURS PER DAY FOR CONTACT REGARDING SECURITY ISSUES.

	DESIGNED:	REVISION NO.	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTIONS		MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	PROJECT TI	ITLE:	-	CONTRACT NO.:
	DRAWN:				<b>BY</b>	MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION			<b>-</b>	
	CHECKED:				BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON	••	SHEET TITL	GENERAL CONST	RUCTION AND SAFETY RILE BUILDING AREA	SHEET NO.:
CLIENT LOGO HERE.					Thursday C Marchall	OFFICE OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION	CONT	NOIES - SIER	TRATE	
	APPROVED:				AIRPORT		SCALE:	AS SHOWN	DATE:	

- THIS PROJECT IS FOR WORK AT BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT, HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS 'THE AIRPORT' OR 'BWI'.
- 2. THIS PROJECT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND ANY RULES, REGULATIONS, STANDARDS, OR SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCED THEREIN. THE PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (MAA), THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (FAA), AND OTHER GOVERNING AGENCIES.
- 3. PROJECT PHASING THE PROJECT IS TO BE COMPLETED IN CLOSE CONFORMANCE WITH THE PHASING PLANS, IF PROVIDED, AND NOTES AS CONTAINED IN THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. CHANGES TO THE PHASING PLANS SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE ENGINEER AND REVIEWED WITH THE DESIGNER PRIOR TO IMPLIFIENTATION.
- 4. PROJECT COMPLETION TIMES THE CONTRACTOR IS EXPECTED TO COMPLETE CRITICAL PORTIONS OF THE PROJECT WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TIMEFRAMES AND TO COMPLETE THE ENTIRE PROJECT ON TIME. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES, IF SPECIFIED, WILL BE ASSESSED SHOULD THE TIMEFRAME BE EXCEPTED.
- CONSTRUCTION LIMITS ALL CONTRACTOR VEHICLES SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE DESIGNATED CONSTRUCTION LIMITS OR HAUL ROUTES (UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED).
- 6. DIMENSIONS IDENTIFIED ON THE PLANS SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD. IN GENERAL, SMALL—SCALE DRAWINGS WITH GREATER RESOLUTION (I.E. 1"=50") GOVERN OVER LARGER SCALE DRAWINGS OF LESS RESOLUTION (I.E. 1"=500"), WRITTEN NOTES GOVERN OVER GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION AND SPECIFICATIONS GOVERN OVER DRAWINGS. ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE FINGINFER FOR CLARIFICATION.
- 7. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC FIELD SURVEYS WERE PROVIDED BY SURVEYORS NAME AND DATE. THE CONTROL ON THIS PROJECT IS TIED TO THE NAD 83/91 HORIZONTAL DATUM AND NAVD 88 VERTICAL DATUM. SURVEY UNITS SHALL BE IN U.S. SURVEY FOOT.
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE NUMBER OF WATER TRUCKS TO CONTROL DUST IN THE PROJECT WORK AREA STAGING AREA, STORAGE AREAS, HAUL ROUTES AND THE WASTE SITE
- ALL THE PERMITS AND LICENSES REQUIRED FOR THE PROJECT WORK SHALL BE OBTAINED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 10. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS, FEDERAL WAGE RATES SHALL BE POSTED OUTSIDE THE SITE FIELD OFFICE(S) IN A WEATHERPROOF ENCLOSURE. [FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECTS ON YT]

#### GENERAL AIRFIELD SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ACQUAINT SUPERVISORS AND EMPLOYEES WITH ACTIVITY AND OPERATIONS THAT ARE INHERENT TO THE AIRPORT AND SHALL CONDUCT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO CONFORM TO ALL ROUTINE AND EMERGENCY AIR TRAFFIC REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES FOR SAFETY SPECIFIED HEREIN.
- THE CONTRACTOR AND HIS/HER SUBCONTRACTOR(S) SHALL PROTECT WORKERS, MAA AND AIRPORT TENANT EMPLOYEES, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO ENSURE THAT PROPERTY OR EQUIPMENT, UNRELATED TO WORK, WHICH BELONGS TO MAA OR AIRPORT TENANTS IS NOT DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW EMPLOYEES, SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, OR ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSON TO ENTER OR REMAIN IN ANY AIRPORT AREA WHICH WOULD BE HAZARDOUS TO PERSONS OR TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ALL NECESSARY PROTECTIVE GEAR AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL CONSTRUCTION AND STORAGE AREAS AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY AND PROMPTLY TAKE ALL STEPS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR REMEDY ANY UNSAFE OR POTENTIALLY UNSAFE CONDITIONS OR ACTIVITIES DISCOVERED.
- 6. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AWARE OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF SAFETY PROBLEMS AND/OR HAZARDS:
- a. UNMARKED UTILITY, NAVAID, WEATHER SERVICE, RUNWAY LIGHTING OR OTHER POWER OR SIGNAL CABLES THAT COULD BE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.

- b. OBJECTS, WHETHER OR NOT MARKED OR FLAGGED, OR ACTIVITIES ANYWHERE ON OR IN THE VICINITY OF THE AIRPORT WHICH COULD BE DISTRACTING, CONFUSING, OR ALARMING TO PILOTS DURING AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- C. UNFLAGGED/UNLIGHTED LOW VISIBILITY ITEMS SUCH AS TALL CRANES, DRILLS, ETC. ANYWHERE IN THE VICINITY OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS OR IN ANY APPROACH OR DEPARTURE AREA. SUCH EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PARKED IN THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AND THE BOOM(S) LOWERED TO THE GROUND WHEN NOT IN USE.
- d. MISLEADING OR MALFUNCTIONING LIGHTS OR UNLIGHTED/UNMARKED OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE APPROACH TO ANY ACTIVE RUNWAY.
- e. BIRD ATTRACTANTS SUCH AS EDIBLES (FOOD SCRAPS, ETC.),
  MISCELLANEOUS TRASH, OR PONDED WATER. FOOD SCRAPS AND
  MISCELLANEOUS TRASH SHALL BE SECURED BY THE CONTRACTOR
  AND DISPOSED OF USING PROPER SANITARY METHODS

#### SITE ACCESS, CONTRACTOR STAGING, HAUL ROUTES, AND MATERIAL STORAGE

- 1. ACCESS TO THE SITE THE CONTRACTOR'S ACCESS POINTS TO THE SITE SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE PROJECT SECURITY PLAN (CHANGE TO APPROPRIATE SHEET TITLE FOR PROJECTS WITHOUT A PROJECT SECURITY PLAN). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL VEHICLES AND PERSONNEL WHO ENTER THE AIRPORT THROUGH THESE ACCESS POINTS. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR TRANSPORTING EMPLOYEES TO AND FROM THE JOB SITE IF SPACE IS NOT AVAILABLE ON SITE.
- 2. ALL OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE SELECTED TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE PUBLIC. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES (STATE HIGHWAYS, COUNTY ROADS, OR CITY STREETS) WITH THE APPROPRIATE OWNER WHO HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE AFFECTED ROUTE. THE CONTRACTOR'S ON-AIRPORT HAUL ROUTES ARE INDICATED ON THE

#### PROJECTS WITHOUT A PROJECT SECURITY PLAN).

- 3. ON—SITE ROADS AND OTHER PAYEMENTS USED AS HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE RESTORED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON COMPLETION OF BEING USED AS A HAUL ROUTE, UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR BY THE ENGINEER. THE BEFORE AND AFTER CONDITION OF ALL ON—SITE HAUL ROUTES (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT) SHALL BE JOINTLY INSPECTED AND DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER THROUGH THE USE OF DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND/OR VIDEO. THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO COORDINATE HAUL ROUTE USAGE WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE AIRPORT.
- 4. FENCING, DRAINAGE, GRADING AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT OR RESTORE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAUL ROUTES OR ACCESS POINTS ON THE AIRPORT WILL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO COMMENCING THE WORK.
- 5. ALL ON-SITE ACCESS ROADS TO AIRPORT FACILITIES SHALL REMAIN OPEN AND MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AN AREA WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR CONTRACTOR'S MOBILIZATION AND STORAGE. THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA SHALL BE FREE OF DEBRIS. IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO STAKE OUT AND FLAG THE STAGING AREA LIMITS. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, THE STAGING AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CONDITION.
- 7. ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING STOCKPILED MATERIAL) WHEN NOT IN USE SHALL BE PLACED IN APPROVED AREAS WHERE THEY WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A HAZARD TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS AND NOT PENETRATE CLEARANCE SUFFACES SHOWN ON THE GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES.
- THE FAR PART 77 APPROACH, PRIMARY, AND TRANSITIONAL SURFACES GOVERN STOCKPILES AND PARKED EQUIPMENT. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL STOCKPILES, PARKED EQUIPMENT, OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION ITEMS PENETRATE THESE SURFACES ADJACENT TO AN ACTIVE RUNWAY.
- EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PARKED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA WHEN NOT IN USE. TALL EQUIPMENT SUCH AS CRANES SHALL BE LOWERED TO THE GROUND WHEN NOT IN USE. STOCKPILED MATERIAL SHALL BE CONSTRAINED IN A MANNER TO PREVENT MOVEMENT RESULTING FROM WIND CONDITIONS IN FXCFSS OF 10 KNOTS.

#### PROJECT COORDINATION

- ALL COORDINATION BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR AND MAA OFFICES SHALL BE DONE THROUGH THE ENGINEER EXCEPT AS NOTED UNDER EMERGENCY COORDINATION
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE ENGINEER WITH A CURRENT LIST OF ALL EMPLOYEES WORKING ON THE AIRPORT INCLUDING SUBCONTRACTORS. THE LIST SHALL BE MAINTAINED CURRENT BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- 3. CONTRACTOR COORDINATION CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY OTHERS MAY OCCUR CONCURRENTLY AND IN THE VICINITY OF CONSTRUCTION ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE OPERATIONS AND COOPERATE WITH MAINTENANCE CREWS AND OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE AIRPORT.
- 4. COORDINATION WITH BWI AIRPORT FIRE RESCUE SERVICE (VIA THE FNGINFFR):
- a. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH MARYLAND FIRE LAWS, NFPA 1 — <u>UNIFORM FIRE CODE</u>,; CHAPTER 16, 'SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION OPERATIONS' (CURRENT EDITIONS) AND CHAPTER 21, 'AIRPORTS'.
- b. OPEN FLAME, WELDING OR TORCH CUTTING OPERATIONS ARE PROHIBITED WITHOUT FIRST OBTAINING A BWI AIRPORT WELDING AND BURNING PERMIT. THE PERMIT IS AVAILABLE AT THE BWI FIRE MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 991 CORPORATE BLVD, LINTHICUM, MD 21090. THE PERMIT MAY BE REQUESTED FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED THIRTY DAYS. PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORK, ANY PERSON CONDUCTING OPEN FLAME/HOT WORK OPERATIONS SHALL BE FAMILIAR WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF NFPA 51B STANDARD FOR FIRE PREVENTION DURING WELDING, CUTTING, AND OTHER HOT WORK. ADEQUATE FIRE AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS MUST BE TAKEN AND THE PROCEDURE APPROVED PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. A FIRE WATCH IS REQUIRED.
- c. A HYDRANT USE PERMIT IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONNECTION TO ANY AIRPORT FIRE HYDRANT.
- 5. PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING USE OF PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS AND THE ENGINEER TO ENSURE THAT THE LIGHTING DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE CONTROL TOWER'S VISIBILITY OR THAT IT IS NOT POSITIONED SUCH THAT IT FACES INTO ANY RUNWAY APPROACH WHERE IT MIGHT CAUSE CONFUSION TO PILOTS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING AS REQUIRED FOR NIGHT CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS.
- 6. FLAGMEN AND VEHICLE ESCORTS THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH FLAGMEN AS NECESSARY TO CONTROL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER OR AIRPORT OPERATIONS.

#### 7. UTILITIES:

- a. Underground utilities Locations of Known underground utilities shown on the Plans are approximate. All utility Locations shall be field verified by the contractor prior to commencing construction. The contractor is required to complete a digging authorization form, as supplied by the engineer, prior to initiation of excavation operations.
- 6. REPAIR OF UTILITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION MUST BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUE UNTIL COMPLETED.
- i. ALL SUCH REPAIRS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- ii. IF FAA CABLES ARE DAMAGED, REPAIRS SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FAA REQUIREMENTS AND IN THE PRESENCE OF AN FAA REPRESENTATIVE. THE FAA MAY ELECT TO HAVE THE REPAIR PERFORMED BY OTHERS IN WHICH CASE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING THE INCURRED COSTS OF REPAIRS.
- c. UTILITIES NOTIFICATION AT LEAST TWO WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN AN AREA WHICH MAY INVOLVE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER OF EACH UNDERGROUND UTILITY AFFECTED.

THE FOLLOWING LIST INCLUDES POSSIBLE UTILITIES WITHIN THE CONSTRUCTION LIMITS. ADDITIONAL UTILITIES NOT LISTED BELOW MAY ALSO BE ON-SITE.

UTILITY OWNERSHIP:

MISS UTILITY CENTER

1-800-257-7777

BGE

(410) 685-0123 (410) 234-5000 1-800-685-0123 VERIZON REPAIR BURIED CABLE (410) 954-2222

FAA AIRWAY FACILITIES SSC (410) 859-7252 COMCAST (410) 931-4600

(410) 729-8000 MILLENIUM DIGITAL MEDIA (410) 987-9300

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY UTILITY OPERATIONS BUREAU (WATER SUPPLY FROM AIRPORT PERIMETER TO METER)

EMERGENCIES (410) 222-8400 GENERAL INFORMATION (410) 222-7520

#### EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

- 1. EXCEPT FOR EMERGENCIES, ALL CONTACT WITH AIRPORT PERSONNEL SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE ENGINEER. FOR EMERGENCIES INVOLVING SAFETY (INJURIES, FIRES, SECURITY BREACHES, ETC.) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE DIRECT CONTACT WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS FOLLOWED BY NOTIFICATION TO THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
- 2. THE PROJECT SUPERVISORS SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBERS WITH THEM AT ALL TIMES:

i. ii. iii.	MAA FIRE MARSHALL BWI FIRE/RESCUE/MEDICAL EMERGENCY BWI POLICE EMERGENCY	(410)	859-7815/79 859-7222 859-7040	511
iv.	BWI DUTY AIRPORT OPERATIONS MGR	(410)	859-7018	
٧.	CONSOLIDATED DISPATCH CENTER	(410)	859-7117	
vi.	BWI OFFICE OF AIRPORT SECURITY	(410)	859-7162	
vii.	FAA AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	(410)	859-7636	
viii.	MDE OIL CONTROL PROGRAM	(410)	537-3442	
	(COMPLIANCE AND REMEDIATION)	` '		150

- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE PHONE NUMBERS OF THREE PERSONNEL, INCLUDING THE PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT, WHO MAY BE CONTACTED IN AN EMERGENCY.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE NAME AND PHONE NUMBERS OF THE PROJECT SECURITY COORDINATOR AND THE DESIGNATED ALTERNATE WHO SHALL BE ON CALL 24 HOURS PER DAY FOR CONTACT REGARDING SECURITY ISSUES (REMOVE NOTE IF NOT APPLICABLE)

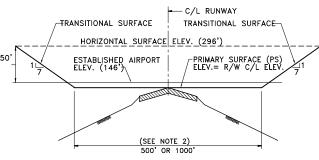
#### RELATED DOCUMENTS

 FAA ADVISORY CIRCULARS (AC's), ORDERS AND FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATIONS (FAR's) — THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATIONS CONTAIN DEFINITIONS OR DESCRIPTIONS OF CRITICAL AIRPORT OPERATING AREAS. COPIES OF THESE PUBLICATIONS ARE AVAILABLE THROUGH THE FAA AT WWW.FAA.GOV AND CAN BE REVIEWED AT THE OFFICES OF THE MAA.

THE ITEMS OUTLINED BELOW PERTAIN TO AIRFIELD SAFETY REQUIREMENTS AND ARE REFERENCED THROUGHOUT THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

- g. AC 150/5370-2, 'OPERATIONAL SAFETY ON AIRPORTS DURING CONSTRUCTION', CURRENT EDITION, SETS FORTH GUIDELINES TO ASSIST AIRPORT OPERATORS IN COMPLYING WITH FAR PART 139, "CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION: LAND AIRPORTS SERVING CERTAIN AIR CARRIERS" AND WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF FEDERALLY FUNDED AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.
- b. FAR PART 77 'OBJECTS AFFECTING NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE', CURRENT EDITION:
- ESTABLISHES STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING OBSTRUCTIONS TO NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE. IMAGINARY SURFACES ARE DEFINED IN THE PUBLICATION AND ARE SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
- ii. ESTABLISHES REQUIREMENTS FOR FILING NOTICE TO THE FAA FOR CERTAIN PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION PROPOSALS. COMPLETION OF THE 'NOTICE OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION' FORM (FAA FORM 7460-1) IS DISCUSSED IN AC 70/7460-1 'OBSTRUCTION MARKING AND LIGHTING', CURRENT EDITION.
- c. AC 70/7460-2, 'PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF OBJECTS THAT MAY AFFECT THE NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE', CURRENT EDITION, PROVIDES INFORMATION TO PERSONS PROPOSING TO ERECT OR ALTER AN OBJECT THAT MAY AFFECT NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE. THE AC EXPLAINS THE REQUIREMENT TO NOTIFY THE FAA BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BEGINS AND THE FAA'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RESPOND TO THESE NOTICES.

- d. AC 150/5300-13, 'AIRPORT DESIGN', CURRENT EDITION, ESTABLISHES DESIGN, OPERATIONAL, AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS FOR AIRPORTS. STANDARD TERMS USED IN THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE DEFINED BELOW.
- i. OBSTACLE FREE ZONE (OFZ) A VOLUME OF SPACE WHICH IS FREE OF ALL FIXED OBJECTS AND CLEAR OF VEHICLES IN THE PROXIMITY OF AN AIRPLANE CONDUCTING AN APPROACH, MISSED APPROACH, LANDING, TAKEOFF, OR DEPARTURE. AN OFZ TYPICAL SECTION IS SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
- ii. OBJECT FREE AREA (OFA) A TWO DIMENSIONAL GROUND AREA SURROUNDING RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND TAXILANES WHICH IS CLEAR OF OBJECTS EXCEPT FOR OBJECTS WHOSE LOCATION IS FIXED BY FUNCTION.
- III. SAFETY AREA THE SURFACE ADJACENT TO RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND TAXILANES OVER WHICH AIRCRAFT SHOULD, IN DRY WEATHER, BE ABLE TO CROSS AT NORMAL SPEEDS WITHOUT INCURRING ANY SIGNIFICANT DAMAGE. A SAFETY AREA IS GRADED, DRAINED AND COMPACTED. IT IS FREE OF ANY HOLES, TRENCHES, BUMPS OR OTHER SIGNIFICANT SURFACE VARIATIONS OR OBJECTS OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH MUST BE THERE BECAUSE OF THEIR ESSENTIAL AERONAUTICAL FUNCTION. THE SAFETY AREA REQUIRES THE CAPABILITY OF SUPPORTING MAINTENANCE VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING VEHICLES UNDER NORMAL (DRY) CONDITIONS.



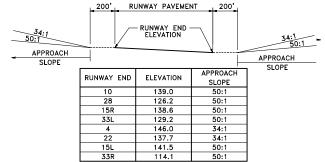
NOTES

R/W 15L-33R

- SEE "CONTRACTOR'S SAFETY REQUIREMENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION AS CONTAINED IN THE PLANS REGARDING RESTRICTED AREAS IN THE VICINITY OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS AND TAXIWAYS.
- 2. IMAGINARY SURFACE REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING ACTIVE RUNWAYS (R/W) ARE SIMILAR EXCEPT PRIMARY SURFACES (PS) DIMENSIONS VARY: R/W 4-22 500' PS (250' LT. & RT. OF C/L) R/W 15R-33L 1000' PS (500' LT. & RT. OF C/L) R/W 15R-33L 1000' PS (500' LT. & RT. OF C/L)

- 1000' PS (500' LT. & RT. OF C/L

## TYPICAL SECTION F A R PART 77 IMAGINARY SURFACES NOT TO SCALE



TYPICAL APPROACH PROFILE
F A R PART 77 IMAGINARY SURFACES
NOT TO SCALE



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT TITLE:		CONTRACT NO.:
	TRUCTION AND SAFETY ON SECURE AREAS	SHEET NO.:
SCALE: AS SHOWN	DATE:	

- THIS PROJECT IS FOR WORK AT MARTIN STATE AIRPORT (MTN), HEREAFTER REFERRED TO AS 'THE AIRPORT'.
- THIS PROJECT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS AND ANY RULES, REGULATIONS, STANDARDS, OR SPECIFICATIONS REFERENCED THEREIN. THE PROJECT S SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY REPRESENTATIVES OF THE MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (MAA). THE FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION (FAA), AND OTHER GOVERNING AGENCIES.
- PROJECT PHASING THE PROJECT IS TO BE COMPLETED IN CLOSE CONFORMANCE WITH THE PHASING PLANS AND NOTES AS CONTAINED N THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. UPON COMPLETION OF ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF WORK, THE ENGINEER WILL ARRANGE A PHYSICAL INSPECTION OF THE AREA WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS PERSONNEL PRIOR TO THE OPENING OF ANY TAXIWAY, RUNWAY, RAMP AREA OR AIRPORT ROADWAY THAT HAS BEEN CLOSED FOR WORK OR USED FOR A CROSSING POINT OR HAUL ROUTE BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- PROJECT COMPLETION TIMES THE CONTRACTOR IS EXPECTED TO COMPLETE CRITICAL PORTIONS OF THE PROJECT WITHIN THE SPECIFIED TIMEFRAMES AND TO COMPLETE THE ENTIRE PROJECT ON TIME. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES, IF SPECIFIED, WILL BE ASSESSED SHOULD THE TIMEFRAME BE EXCEEDED.
- AIRPORT OPERATIONS THE AIRPORT WILL BE IN OPERATION DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THIS PROJECT. RUNWAY 15-33 WILL OPERATE AS A 3,000 FOOT RUNWAY DAWN TO DUSK DAILY. COORDINATION OF WORK WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS IS MANDATORY TO MINIMIZE IMPACTS TO AIRPORT USERS.
- CONTRACTOR COORDINATION CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY OTHERS MAY OCCUR CONCURRENTLY AND IN THE VICINITY OF CONSTRUCTION ASSOCIATED WITH THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE OPERATIONS AND COOPERATE WITH MAINTENANCE CREWS AND OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING AT TH AIRPORT, CONTRACTOR COORDINATION WITH APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AND UTILITY AGENCIES IS ALSO REQUIRED PRIOR TO AND DURING
- FACILITY CLOSURES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ARRANGE TO MEET WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS, THE FAA, AND THE ENGINEER TO EVALUATE AND ESTABLISH ANY RUNWAY AND TAXIWAY CLOSURE TIMES AND DURATIONS. TO THE EXTENT POSSIBLE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE CONSTRUCTION TO COINCIDE WITH RUNWAY AND TAXIWAY CLOSURES ALREADY SCHEDULED FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS BY OTHERS.
- 8. WASTE MATERIALS (I.e. TREES, STUMPS, EXCESS SOIL, ETC.) SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF AIRPORT PROPERTY. TRASH (i.e. CUPS, CANS, BOTTLES, PAPER, ETC.) SHALL BE DISPOSED OF THROUGH PROPER
- 9. EXISTING AIRFIELD LIGHTING SYSTEMS INTERRUPTION OF EXISTING AIRFIELD LIGHTING SYSTEMS NOT INCLUDED IN THIS PROJECT SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED. ALL AIRFIELD LIGHTING CIRCUITS AFFECTED BY THIS PROJECT SHALL BE TEMPORARILY MAINTAINED BY THE
- 10. PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE PORTABLE FLOODLIGHTING AS REQUIRED FOR NIGHT CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE SUFFICIENT UNITS SO THAT ALL WORK AREAS ARE ILLUMINATED TO A LEVEL OF FIVE (5) HORIZONTAL FOOT CANDLES. THE LIGHTING LEVELS SHALL BE CALCULATED AND MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CURRENT ANDARDS OF THE ILLUMINATION ENGINEERING SOCIETY. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE USE OF FLOODLIGHTING WITH THE CONTROL TOWER TO ENSURE THAT THE LIGHTING DOES NOT COMPROMISE THE CONTROL TOWER'S VISIBILITY OR CAUSE CONFUSION
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE TIMBER AND BUCKET TYPE CONSTRUCTION BARRICADES WITH FLASHING RED LIGHTS AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS TO DELINEATE THE WORK AREAS WHEN CLOSED TO AIRPORT TRAFFIC OPEN TRENCHES EXCAVATIONS AND STOCKPILE ORANGE FLAGS AND LIGHTED BY APPROVED LIGHT UNITS DURING HOURS OF LIMITED VISIBILITY AND DARKNESS
- 12. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE NUMBER OF WATER TRUCKS TO CONTROL DUST IN THE PROJECT WORK AREA STAGING/STORAGE AREAS, HAUL ROUTES AND THE WASTE SITE.
- 13. ALL THE PERMITS AND LICENSES REQUIRED FOR THE PROJECT WORK SHALL BE OBTAINED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 14. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC FIELD SURVEYS AND UTILITY SURVEYS FOR THIS PROJECT WERE PERFORMED BY SURVEYOR NAME AND DATE PERFORMED. THE CONTROL ON THIS PROJECT IS TIED TO THE NAD 83/91 HORIZONTAL DATUM AND NAVD 88 VERTICAL DATUM.
- 15. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS, FEDERAL WAGE RATES SHALL BE POSTED OUTSIDE THE SITE FIELD OFFICE(S) IN A WEATHERPROOF ENCLOSURE. (FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECTS ONLY.)

#### GENERAL AIRFIELD SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ACQUAINT SUPERVISORS AND EMPLOYEES WITH ACTIVITY AND OPERATIONS THAT ARE INHERENT TO THE AIRPORT AND SHALL CONDUCT CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO CONFORM TO ALL ROUTINE AND EMERGENCY AIR TRAFFIC REQUIREMENTS AND GUIDELINES FOR SAFETY SPECIFIED HEREIN.
- THE CONTRACTOR AND HIS/HER SUBCONTRACTOR(S) SHALL PROTECT WORKERS, MAA AND AIRPORT TENANT EMPLOYEES, AND THE GENERAL PUBLIC. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO ENSURE THAT PROPERTY OR EQUIPMENT, UNRELATED TO WORK, WHICH BELONGS TO MAA OR AIRPORT TENANTS IS NOT DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOT ALLOW EMPLOYEES, SUBCONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS, OR ANY OTHER UNAUTHORIZED PERSON TO ENTER OR REMAIN IN ANY AIRPORT AREA WHICH WOULD BE HAZARDOUS TO PERSONS OR TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDING ALL NECESSARY PROTECTIVE GEAR AND EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CONTRACTOR'S PERSONNEL DURING
- DURING PERFORMANCE OF THIS CONTRACT. THE AIRPORT RUNWAYS. TAXIWAYS, AND AIRCRAFT PARKING APRONS SHALL REMAIN IN USE BY AIRCRAFT TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT POSSIBLE. ALL AIRCRAFT TRAFFIC THESE SURFACES SHALL HAVE PRIORITY OVER CONTRACTOR'S TRAFFIC. WHILE USE OF AREAS NEAR THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK MAY BE CONTROLLED TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE TO THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATION, THE OWNER RESERVES THE RIGHT TO ORDER THE CONTRACTOR, AT ANY TIME, TO VACATE ANY AREA NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN SAFE AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- ALL WORK TO BE PERFORMED WITHIN CERTAIN LIMITS OF AN ACTIVE RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, OR APRON LINDER OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS SHALL BE PERFORMED WHEN THE RUNWAY, TAXIWAY OR APRON IS NOT IN USE. SUCH WORK SHALL ONLY BE ACCOMPLISHED WITH PRIOR PERMISSION FROM THE ENGINEER. REQUESTS FOR RUNWAY CLOSURES TAXIWAY OR APRON CLOSURES SHALL BE MADE AT LEAST 96 HOURS IN ADVANCE
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL CONSTRUCTION AND STORAGE AREAS AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY AND PROMPTLY TAKE ALL STEPS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR REMEDY ANY UNSAFE OR POTENTIALLY UNSAFE CONDITIONS OR ACTIVITIES DISCOVERED.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE AWARE OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF
- TRENCHES, HOLES, OR EXCAVATION ON OR ADJACENT TO ANY OPEN RUNWAY OR IN SAFETY AREAS.
- b. PAVEMENT DROP-OFFS OR PAVEMENT TURF-LIPS GREATER THAN 1% INCHES WHETHER PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY
- c. UNMARKED/UNLIGHTED HOLES OR EXCAVATION IN ANY APRON. OPEN TAXIWAY, OPEN TAXILANE, OR RELATED SAFETY AREA.
- d. MOUNDS OR PILES OF EARTH, CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS. TEMPORARY STRUCTURES, OR OTHER OBJECTS IN THE VICINITY OF ANY OPEN RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, TAXILANE, OR IN A RELATED SAFETY AREA, APPROACH, OR DEPARTURE AREA,
- e. VEHICLES OR EQUIPMENT, WHETHER OPERATING OR IDLE, ON ANY OPEN RUNWAY, TAXIWAY, TAXILANE, OR IN ANY RELATED SAFETY AREA, APPROACH, OR DEPARTURE AREA.
- f. VEHICLES, EQUIPMENT, EXCAVATION, STOCKPILES, OR OTHER MATERIALS WHICH COULD DEGRADE OR OTHERWISE INTERFERE WITH ELECTRONIC SIGNALS FROM RADIOS OR ELECTRONIC NAVIGATIONAL AIDS (NAVAIDS).
- UNMARKED UTILITY, NAVAID, WEATHER SERVICE, RUNWAY LIGHTING, OR OTHER POWER OR SIGNAL CABLES THAT COULD BE DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION.
- h. OBJECTS, WHETHER OR NOT MARKED OR FLAGGED, OR ACTIVITIES ANYWHERE ON OR IN THE VICINITY OF THE AIRPORT WHICH COULD BE DISTRACTING, CONFUSING, OR ALARMING TO PILOTS DURING AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS.
- UNFLAGGED/UNLIGHTED LOW VISIBILITY ITEMS SUCH AS TALL CRANES, DRILLS, ETC. ANYWHERE IN THE VICINITY OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS OR IN ANY APPROACH OR DEPARTURE AREA. SUCH EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PARKED IN THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AND THE BOOM(S) LOWERED TO THE GROUND WHEN NOT IN
- MISLEADING OR MALFUNCTIONING LIGHTS OR UNLIGHTED/UNMARKED OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE APPROACH TO ANY
- k. INADEQUATE APPROACH OR DEPARTURE SURFACES (THESE SURFACES ARE NEEDED TO ASSURE ADEQUATE LANDING OF TAKEOFF CLEARANCE OVER OBSTRUCTIONS, INCLUDING THE
- MARKING AND LIGHTING OF RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS OR TAXILANES THAT COULD BE CONFUSING OR MISLEADING TO PILOTS,

- INCLUDING IMPROPERLY MARKED DISPLACED OR RELOCATED THRESHOLDS.
- INADEQUATE OR IMPROPER METHODS OF MARKING, BARRICADING, AND LIGHTING OF TEMPORARILY CLOSED PORTIONS OF THE AIRPORT AOA.
- n. WATER, SNOW, DIRT, DEBRIS, OR OTHER TRANSIENT ACCUMULATION WHICH TEMPORARILY OBSCURES PAVEMENT RKINGS OR PAVEMENT EDGES, OR DIMINISHES THE VISIBILITY OF RUNWAY OR TAXIWAY LIGHTING.
- o. BIRD ATTRACTANTS SUCH AS EDIBLES (FOOD SCRAPS, ETC.). MISCELLANEOUS TRASH, OR PONDED WATER. FOOD SCRAPS AND MISCELLANEOUS TRASH SHALL BE SECURED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND DISPOSED OF USING PROPER SANITARY METHODS.
- p. FOREIGN OBJECTS DEBRIS:
- DEBRIS, WASTE, LOOSE MATERIAL (INCLUDING DUST AND DIRT), TRASH OR OTHER MATERIALS WHETHER ON RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS. APRONS, OR IN RELATED SAFETY AREAS IS CONSIDERED FOREIGN OBJECT DEBRIS AND PRESENTS THE POTENTIAL FOR DAMAGE TO SUCH MATERIAL SHALL NOT BE ALLOWED ON ANY AIRCRAFT MOVEMENT AREAS (REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE AREA IS OPEN OR CLOSED) OR ADJACENT GRASSED AREAS. ANY DEBRIS (WHETHER CAUSED BY THE CONTRACTOR OR NOT)
  OBSERVED TO BE WITHIN THESE AREAS SHALL BE REMOVED IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUOUSLY BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- II. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO HAVE A VACUUM SWEEPER WITH PLASTIC BRUSHES (NOT STEEL) AND OPERATOR ON SITE AND READY AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY.
- iii. WHERE TRAVEL ON OR ACROSS RUNWAYS, RAMP AREAS, TAXIWAYS, OR AIRCRAFT APRONS IS REQUIRED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE PERSONNEL AND EQUIPMENT TO KEEP SUCH SURFACES CLEAR OF DEBRIS.
- iv. ALL MATERIALS THAT COULD BLOW ACROSS ANY PAVEMENTS SHALL BE SECURED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND DISPOSED OF USING PROPER SANITARY METHODS.
- g. INADEQUATE BARRICADING OR OTHER MARKING WHICH IS PLACED TO SEPARATE CONSTRUCTION OR MAINTENANCE AREAS FROM OPEN
- FAILURE TO CONTROL UNAUTHORIZED VEHICLE AND HUMAN ACCESS THROUGH ACTIVE AIRCRAFT OPERATING AREAS.
- FAILURE TO MAINTAIN RADIO COMMUNICATION BETWEEN CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE VEHICLES AND ATCT.
- CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES OR MATERIALS WHICH COULD HAMPER THE RESPONSE OF AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT FROM REACHING AIRCRAFT, ALL OR ANY PART OF THE RUNWAY/TAXIWAY SYSTEM, RUNWAY APPROACH AND DEPARTURE AREAS, AND AIRCRAFT PARKING LOCATIONS.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONDUCT ACTIVITIES SO AS NOT TO VIOLATE ANY SAFETY STANDARDS CONTAINED HEREIN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL CONSTRUCTION AND STORAGE AREAS AS OFTEN AS NECESSARY AND PROMPTLY TAKE ALL STEPS NECESSARY TO PREVENT OR REMEDY ANY UNSAFE OR POTENTIALLY UNSAFE CONDITIONS OR ACTIVITIES DISCOVERED.
- 10. AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE ACTUAL COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY MAA. IN WRITING, INDICATING THE PROPOSED TIME, DATE, AND AREA OF WHICH COMMENCEMENT IS TO OCCUR. UPON COMPLETION OF WORK AND RETURN OF ALL RELATED AREAS TO STANDARD CONDITIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AGAIN NOTIFY MAA, IN WRITING, AND DESCRIBE THE AREA THAT IS COMPLETE AND AVAILABLE FOR NORMAL AIRPORT OPERATIONS, MAA REQUIRES THIS INFORMATION SO THEY MAY ISSUE APPROPRIATE NOTICE TO AIRMEN (NOTAM) CONCERNING CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY ON THE AIRFIELD.
- MOTORIZED VEHICLES THIS PROJECT INCLUDES WORK WITHIN THE ACTIVE AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS AREA (AOA) (I.e. THE SECURE PORTION OF THE AIRPORT). ALL PERMITTED VEHICLES SHALL DISPLAY IN FULL VIEW ABOVE THE VEHICLE A 3 FOOT BY 3 FOOT OR LARGER, ORANGE AND WHITE CHECKERBOARD, PLASTIC FLAG. EACH CHECKERBOARD COLOR SHALL BE 1 FOOT SQUARE. ANY VEHICLE OPERATING IN THE AOA DURING THE HOURS OF DARKNESS SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH A FLASHING AMBER (YELLOW) DOME-TYPE LIGHT, MOUNTED ON TOP OF THE VEHICLE AND OF SUCH INTENSITY TO CONFORM TO LOCAL CODES FOR MAINTENANCE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES. DARKNESS SHALL BE DEFINED AS ONE HOUR BEFORE OFFICIAL SUNSET UNTIL ONE HOUR AFTER SUNRISE. ALL VEHICLES OPERATING WITHIN THE AIRFIELD BOUNDARY SHALL BE IDENTIFIED WITH A SIGN ON EACH SIDE OF THE VEHICLE BEARING THE CONTRACTOR'S NAME WITH A 12 INCH MINIMUM LETTER HEIGHT.
- 12. RADIO COMMUNICATIONS RADIO COMMUNICATIONS ARE REQUIRED BETWEEN THE CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE AND THE AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER (ATCT). RADIO CONTACT IS REQUIRED AT ALL TIMES PROJECT SITE AND WHILE THEY ARE IN AN ACTIVE AIR OPERATIONS AREA (AOA). RADIOS SHALL BE FURNISHED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRANSMITTING AND RECEIVING AT A GROUND CONTROL FREQUENCY OF 121.8 MHZ. THIS FREQUENCY IS TO BE UTILIZED WHEN CROSSING ACTIVE FACILITIES. SUFFICIENT RADIOS

- SHALL BE ON SITE AND OPERATING AT ALL TIMES SO THAT INSTRUCTIONS OR COMMUNICATIONS MAY BE DISPATCHED TO ALI CREWS WITHIN AN ACTIVE AGA WITHIN ONE MINUTE AFTER RECEIPT OF DIRECTION FROM THE ATCT.
- 13. FLAGMEN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH, AT HIS OWN EXPENSE, FLAGMEN AS NECESSARY TO CONTROL CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC LINEESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. ALL CONTRACTOR VEHICLES REQUIRED TO CROSS ACTIVE RUNWAYS, RUNWAY SAFETY AREAS. TAXIWAYS AND APRONS SHALL DO SO UNDER THE DIRECT CONTROL OF A COMPETENT FLAGMAN WHO IS IN DIRECT RADIO CONTACT WITH FAA ATCT GROUND CONTROL ALL AIRCRAFT TRAFFIC ON RUNWAYS TAXIWAYS AND APRONS SHALL HAVE PRIORITY OVER CONTRACTOR'S TRAFFIC. AT NO TIME SHALL THE CONTRACTOR'S VEHICLES OR PERSONNEL BE ALLOWED TO ENTER OR CROSS ACTIVE RUNWAYS OR CLEAR ZONES WITHOUT PROPER AUTHORIZATION OBTAINED THROUGH
- 14. OPEN FLAME, WELDING OR TORCH CUTTING OPERATIONS ARE PROHIBITED UNLESS ADEQUATE FIRE AND SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN TAKEN AND THE PROCEDURE PREVIOUSLY APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. A FIRE WATCH IS REQUIRED. OPEN FLAME OPERATIONS REQUIRE A BURNING/WEIDING PERMIT ORTAINABLE AT AIRPORT

#### SITE ACCESS, CONTRACTOR STAGING, HAUL ROUTES AND MATERIAL STORAGE

- ACCESS TO THE SITE THE CONTRACTOR'S ACCESS POINTS TO THE SITE SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE GENERAL PROJECT LAYOUT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL VEHICLES AND PERSONNEL WHO ENTER THE AIRPORT THROUGH THESE ACCESS POINTS. GATES SHALL BE SECURED WHEN NOT IN USE. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE AIRPORT OPERATIONS WITH A SCHEDULE OF TIMES THAT THE GATE WILL BE MANNED FOR ENTRY BY THE
- 2. ALL OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE SELECTED TO MINIMITE DISTURBANCE TO THE PUBLIC. IT SHALL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE OFF-SITE HAUL ROUTES (STATE HIGHWAYS COUNTY ROADS OR CITY STREETS) WITH THE APPROPRIATE OWNER WHO HAS JURISDICTION OVER THE AFFECTED ROUTE. THE CONTRACTOR'S ON-AIRPORT HAUI ROUTES ARE INDICATED ON THE GENERAL PROJECT LAYOUT. THESE SHALL BE EXISTING HAUL ROADS, WHERE AVAILABLE, OR ALONG TAXIWAY/TAXILANE PAVEMENTS LINLESS.
- 3. ON-SITE ROADS AND OTHER AIRFIELD PAYEMENTS USED AS HAUL ROUTES SHALL BE MAINTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND SHALL BE RESTORED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION UPON COMPLETION OF BEING USED AS A HAUL ROUTE,
  UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR BY THE ENGINEER. THE BEFORE AND AFTER CONDITION OF ALL ON-SITE HAUL ROUTES (TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT) SHALL BE JOINTLY INSPECTED AND DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE ENGINEER THROUGH THE USE OF DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND/OR VIDEO. THE CONTRACTOR MAY NEED TO COORDINATE HAUL ROUTE USAGE WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS WORKING ON THE AIRPORT.
- FENCING, DRAINAGE, GRADING AND OTHER MISCELLANEOUS CONSTRUCTION REQUIRED TO CONSTRUCT OR RESTORE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT HAUL ROUTES OR ACCESS POINTS ON THE AIRPORT WILL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO COMMENCING THE WORK
- 5. ALL ON-SITE ACCESS ROADS TO AIRPORT FACILITIES SHALL REMAIN OPEN AND MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES.
- 6. CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA AN AREA WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE FOR CONTRACTOR'S MOBILIZATION AND STORAGE. THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA SHALL BE FREE OF DEBRIS. IF DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE REQUIRED TO STAKE OUT AND FLAG THE STAGING AREA LIMITS. NO STAGING WILL BE ALLOWED WITHIN RUNWAY SAFETY AREAS. UPON COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT, THE STAGING AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL CONDITION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- ALL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING STOCKPILED MATERIAL) WHEN NOT IN USE SHALL BE PLACED IN APPROVED AREAS WHERE THEY WILL NOT CONSTITUTE A HAZARD TO AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS AND PENETRATE CLEARANCE SURFACES SHOWN ON THE GENERAL
- THE OBSTACLE FREE ZONE (OFZ) GOVERNS EQUIPMENT CLEARANCE DURING CONSTRUCTION ADJACENT TO AN ACTIVE RUNWAY. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL ANY MEN OR EQUIPMENT PENETRATE THESE SURFACES UNLESS PRIOR ARRANGEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS.
- THE FAR PART 77 APPROACH PRIMARY AND TRANSITIONAL SURFACES GOVERN STOCKPILES AND PARKED EQUIPMENT. NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL STOCKPILES, PARKED EQUIPMENT, OR OTHER CONSTRUCTION ITEMS PENETRATE THESE SURFACES
- EQUIPMENT SHALL BE PARKED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S STAGING AREA WHEN NOT IN USE. TALL FOUIPMENT SUCH AS CRANES SHALL BE LOWERED TO THE GROUND WHEN NOT IN USE. STOCKPILED MATERIAL

SCALE:

SHALL BE CONSTRAINED IN A MANNER TO PREVENT MOVEMENT RESULTING FROM AIRCRAFT JET BLAST OR WIND CONDITIONS IN EXCESS OF 10 KNOTS.

9. ALL CONTRACTOR VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC (UNLESS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED) SHALL REMAIN WITHIN THE DESIGNATED CONSTRUCTION LIMITS OR HAUL ROUTES.

- THE AIRPORT WILL NOT PROVIDE AIRFIELD OPERATIONS AREA ESCORTS.
  THE CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE RADIOS TO THE CREW AND AQUAINT PERTINENT PERSONNEL WITH THE PROPER PROCEDURES IN
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE ENGINEER WITH A CURRENT LIST OF ALL EMPLOYEES WORKING ON THE AIRPORT. THE LIST SHALL BE MAINTAINED CURRENT BY THE CONTRACTOR AND APPLIES TO BOTH THE CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTORS.

- UNDERGROUND UTILITIES LOCATIONS OF KNOWN UNDERGROUND UTILITIES SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. ALL UTILITY LOCATIONS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE A DIGGING AUTHORIZATION FORM, AS SUPPLIED BY THE ENGINEER, PRIOR TO INITIATION OF EXCAVATION OPERATIONS
- 2. REPAIR OF UTILITIES DAMAGED DURING CONSTRUCTION MUST BE STARTED IMMEDIATELY AND CONTINUE UNTIL COMPLETED.
- 3. ALL SUCH REPAIRS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS OR AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND SHALL BE AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 4. IF FAA CABLES ARE DAMAGED, REPAIRS SHALL BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FAA REQUIREMENTS AND IN THE PRESENCE OF AN FAA REPRESENTATIVE. THE FAA MAY ELECT TO HAVE THE REPAIR PERFORMED BY OTHERS IN WHICH CASE THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR PAYING THE INCURRED COSTS OF REPAIRS.
- UTILITIES NOTIFICATION AT LEAST TWO WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS IN AN AREA WHICH MAY INVOLVE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER AND THE OWNER OF EACH UNDERGROUND UTILITY
- 6. THE FOLLOWING LIST INCLUDES POSSIBLE UTILITIES WITHIN THE STRUCTION LIMITS. ADDITIONAL UTILITIES NOT LISTED BELOW MAY ALSO BE ON-SITE.

MISS UTILITY CENTER 1-800-257-7777

BGE 410-685-0123/410-234-5000/1-800-685-0123

VERIZON REPAIR BURIED CABLE (410) 954-2222 1-800-275-2355

FAA AIRWAY FACILITIES SSC (410) 859-7252

#### EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

- 1. EXCEPT FOR EMERGENCIES, ALL CONTACT WITH AIRPORT PERSONNEL SHALL BE MADE THROUGH THE ENGINEER. FOR EMERGENCIES INVOLVING SAFETY (INJURIES, FIRES, SECURITY BREACHES, ETC.) THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAKE DIRECT CONTACT WITH AIRPORT OPERATIONS FOLLOWED BY NOTIFICATION TO THE ENGINEER AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- 2. THE PROJECT SUPERVISORS SHALL HAVE THE FOLLOWING TELEPHONE NUMBERS WITH THEM AT ALL TIMES:

410-859-7815/7511 MAA FIRE MARSHALL MTN FIRE/POLICE EMERGENCY 911 MTN OPERATIONS 410-682-8831 410-682-8856 MDE OIL CONTROL PROGRAM 410-537-3442 (COMPLIANCE AND REMEDIATION)

 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE THE PHONE NUMBERS OF THREE PERSONNEL, INCLUDING THE PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT, WHO MAY BE CONTACTED IN AN EMERGENCY. PERSONNEL SHALL BE ON CALL 24 HOURS PER DAY FOR MAINTAINING AIRPORT HAZARD LIGHTING AND BARRICADES.

DESIGNED: DESCRIPTIONS COMPANY NAME DRAWN: COMPANY NAME CHECKED: COMPANY ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE PPROVED: COMPANY PHONE NO. COMPANY FAX NO.



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT DIVISION OF FACILITIES DESIGN

PROJECT TITLE: PROJECT TITLE

NONE

GENERAL CONSTRUCTION AND SAFETY NOTES I

MAA-CO-XX-XXX

CONTRACT NO.

JULY 2009

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS

1 FAA ADVISORY CIRCULARS (AC's), ORDERS AND FEDERAL AVIATION REGULATIONS (FAR's) — THE FOLLOWING PUBLICATIONS CONTAIN DEFINITIONS OR DESCRIPTIONS OF CRITICAL AIRPORT OPERATING AREAS. COPIES OF THESE PUBLICATIONS ARE AVAILABLE THROUGH THE FAA AT WWW.FAA.GOV AND CAN BE REVIEWED AT THE OFFICES OF THE MAA.

THE ITEMS OUTLINED BELOW PERTAIN TO AIRFIELD SAFETY REQUIREMENTS AND ARE REFERENCED THROUGHOUT THE CONTRACT

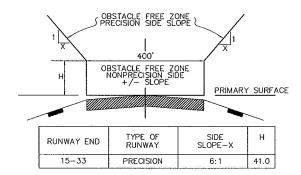
- a. AC 150/5370-2, 'OPERATIONAL SAFETY ON AIRPORTS DURING CONSTRUCTION'. CURRENT EDITION, SETS FORTH GUIDELINES TO ASSIST AIRPORT OPERATORS IN COMPLYING WITH FAR PART 139, "CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION: LAND AIRPORTS SERVING FEDERALLY FUNDED AIRPORT CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.
- b. FAR PART 77 'OBJECTS AFFECTING NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE'
- i. ESTABLISHES STANDARDS FOR DETERMINING OBSTRUCTIONS TO NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE. IMAGINARY SURFACES ARE DEFINED IN THE PUBLICATION AND ARE SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.
- ii. ESTABLISHES REQUIREMENTS FOR FILING NOTICE TO THE FAA FOR CERTAIN PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION PROPOSALS. COMPLETION OF THE 'NOTICE OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OR ALTERATION' FORM (FAA FORM 7460-1) IS DISCUSSED IN AC 70/7460-1 'OBSTRUCTION MARKING AND LIGHTING', CURRENT EDITION.
- c. AC 70/7460-2, 'PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF OBJECTS THAT MAY AFFECT THE NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE', CURRENT EDITION, PROVIDES INFORMATION TO PERSONS PROPOSING TO ERECT OR ALTER AN OBJECT THAT MAY AFFECT NAVIGABLE AIRSPACE. THE AC EXPLAINS THE REQUIREMENT TO NOTIFY THE FAA BEFORE CONSTRUCTION BEGINS AND THE FAA'S RESPONSIBILITY TO RESPOND TO THESE NOTICES.
- d. AC 150/5300-13, 'AIRPORT DESIGN', CURRENT EDITION, ESTABLISHES DESIGN, OPERATIONAL, AND MAINTENANCE STANDARDS FOR AIRPORTS. STANDARD TERMS USED IN THE CONTRACT PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS ARE DEFINED BELOW.
- OBSTACLE FREE ZONE (OFZ) A VOLUME OF SPACE WHICH IS FREE OF ALL FIXED OBJECTS AND CLEAR OF VEHICLES IN THE PROXIMITY OF AN AIRPLANE CONDUCTING AN APPROACH, MISSED APPROACH, LANDING, TAKEOFF, OR DEPARTURE. AN OFZ TYPICAL SECTION IS SHOWN ON GENERAL PROJECT LAYOUT.
- II. OBJECT FREE AREA (OFA) -- A TWO DIMENSIONAL GROUND AREA SURROUNDING RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND TAXILANES WHICH IS CLEAR OF OBJECTS EXCEPT FOR OBJECTS WHOSE LOCATION IS FIXED BY FUNCTION.
- III. SAFETY AREA THE SURFACE ADJACENT TO RUNWAYS, TAXIWAYS, AND TAXILANES OVER WHICH AIRCRAFT SHOULD, IN DRY WEATHER, BE ABLE TO CROSS AT NORMAL SPEEDS WITHOUT INCURRING ANY SIGNIFICANT DAMAGE. A SAFETY AREA IS GRADED, DRAINED AND COMPACTED. IT IS FREE OF ANY HOLES, GRADED, DRAINED AND COMPACIED. IT IS FREE OF ANY HOLD TRENCHES, BUMPS OR OTHER SIGNIFICANT SURFACE VARIATIONS OR OBJECTS OTHER THAN THOSE WHICH MUST BE THERE BECAUSE OF THEIR ESSENTIAL AERONAUTICAL FUNCTION. THE SAFETY AREA REQUIRES THE CAPABILITY OF SUPPORTING MAINTENANCE VEHICLES AND AIRCRAFT RESCUE AND FIRE FIGHTING VEHICLES UNDER NORMAL (DRY) CONDITIONS.



RUNWAY END	ELEVATION	APPROACH SLOPE
15	24.5	34:1
33	10.3	50:1

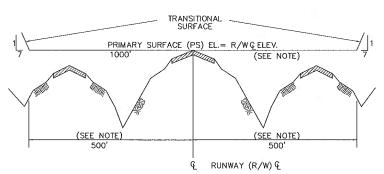
#### TYPICAL PROFILE FAR PART 77 IMAGINARY SURFACES

NOT TO SCALE



#### TYPICAL SECTION RUNWAY OBSTACLE FREE ZONE

NOT TO SCALE



SEE "SAFETY REQUIREMENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION" AS CONTAINED IN THE SPECIFICATIONS, AND PLANS REGARDING RESTRICTED AREAS IN THE VICINITY OF ACTIVE RUNWAYS AND TAXIWAYS.

#### TYPICAL SECTION F A R PART 77 IMAGINARY SURFACES

NOT TO SCALE

COMPANY NAME	DESIGNED:	REVISION REVISION DATE DESCRIPTIONS NO. DATE DESCRIPTIONS NO. 08/77/06 CONFORMED DRAWINGS
	DRAWN:	0/7/00 CONFORMED DRAWINGS
COMPANY NAME COMPANY ADDRESS	CHECKED:	
CITY, STATE ZIP CODE COMPANY PHONE NO. COMPANY FAX NO.	APPROVEO:	



MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT DIVISION OF FACILITIES DESIGN

1	PROJECT TITLE:			CONTRACT NO.:
		PROJECT TI	ГLE	MAA-CO-XX-XXX
	SHEET TITLE:	ENERAL CONSTRU	CTION AND	
	١ ,			SHEET NO.:
1	SAFETY NOTES II			
	SCALE: NO	DATE:	JULY 2009	

#### SEDIMENT CONTROL LEGEND

(CONSULTANT CAN MODIFY PER PRO	(CONSULTANT CAN MODIFY PER PROJECT SPECIFIC.)				
EARTH DIKE	A-2 B-3				
SWALE	A-2 B-3				
PERIMETER DIKE/SWALE	$\Rightarrow$ $\stackrel{P0/S-1}{\Longrightarrow} \Rightarrow$				
PIPE SLOPE DRAIN	PSD-12				
ROCK OUTLET PROTECTION	1.7				
STONE CHECK DAM					
STONE OUTLET STRUCTURE					
SILT FENCE	-SF-SF-				
SUPER SILT FENCE	SSFSSF				
STRAW BALE DIKE	SBD				
STANDARD INLET PROTECTION	□ SIP				
AT GRADE INLET PROTECTION	AGIP				
CURB INLET PROTECTION	CIP CIP				
MEDIAN INLET PROTECTION	CO (MIP				
GABION INFLOW PROTECTION	GM				
RIP-RAP INFLOW PROTECTION	RRP				
SUMP PIT	SP ▲				
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTR	ANCE SCE-2				
REMOVABLE PUMPING STATION	<b>⊠</b> RPS				
LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE	LOD-				
DRAINAGE BOUNDARY					

ROOT PRUNING

MDE NO. XX-SF-XXXX NOTE TO CONTRACTOR: SEDIMENT CONTROL WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED

FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ONLY.

COMPANY NAME	DESIGNED:	REVISION REVISION DESCRIPTIONS  DATE  DESCRIPTIONS	BWI THURGOOD	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	PROJECT TITLE:	The contract of the contract o	CONTRACT NO.:
COMPANY NAME	DRAWN:		MARSHALL OR MARTIN STATE	MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION	SHEET TITLE: EROS	SION AND SEDIMENT	SHEET NO.:
COMPANY ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE COMPANY PHONE NO. COMPANY FAX NO.	APPROVED:		LOGO	OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT DIVISION OF FACILITIES DESIGN	SCALE:	CONTROL PLAN  DATE: DATE	

#### **GENERAL NOTES**

#### 1. DESCRIPTION

THIS WORK SHALL CONSIST OF THE APPLICATION OF MEASURES THROUGH—OUT THE LIFE OF THE PROJECT TO CONTROL EROSION AND MINIMIZE THE SEDIMENTATION OF RIVERS, STREAMS AND IMPOUNDMENTS (LAKES, RESERVOIRS, BAYS, AND COASTAL WATERS). THE MEASURES SHALL INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO THE USE OF BERNS, DIKES, DAMS, SEDIMENT BASINS AND/OR TRAPS, EQUETEXTILES, STONC CHECKS, SILT FENCES, SURFACE ROUGHING, MATS & NETS, AGGREGATE, MULCH, GRASSES, SLOPE DRAINS AND OTHER APPROVED METHODS. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND APPROVED BY M.D.E. SHALL BE APPLIED TO ERODIBLE MATERIAL EXPOSED BY ANY ACTIVITY ON THIS PROLIFED.

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE PAVEMENT, DRAINAGE FACILITIES SUCH AS PIPES, CULVERTS, HEADWALLS, DITCH PAVING, FLUMES, ETC., WHICH SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED CONCURRENT WITH THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE GRADING OPERATION TO ASSURE ECONOMICAL, EFFECTIVE AND CONTINUOUS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

#### 2. TEMPORARY CONTROLS

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT, TITLE 4, SUBTITLE 106, SEDIMENT CONTROL, ANNOTATED CODE OF MARYLAND REGULATIONS, AND GENERAL PROVISION 7.12 OF THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND MATERIALS, THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE TEMPORARY POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES FOR THE PURPOSE OF CORRECTING CONDITIONS THAT DEVELOP DURING CONSTRUCTION NOT FORESEEN DURING THE DESIGN OF THE PROJECT AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING CONTROLOUS EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR THE DURING THE PROJECT.

#### 3. STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS

THIS PLAN WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE HIGHWAY DOMINISTRATION'S STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS TITLED "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS TITLED "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION & MATERIALS" DATED OCTOBER 1993, AND REVISIONS THEREOF, AND ADDITIONS THERETO INCLUDED IN THESE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

THE 1994 "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL" (AND AMENDMENTS) WILL BE AN ACCEPTABLE REFERENCE FOR THIS PROJECT.

THIS INFORMATION MUST BE PRESENT ON THE PROJECT AT ALL TIMES.

#### 4. DEFINITIONS

CLEARING: SHALL MEAN THE CLEARING OF TREES, BRUSH, SHRUBS, DOWN TIMBER, ROTTEN WOOD, RUBBISH, AND ANY OTHER VECETATION (EXCEPT WHERE EXCLUDED BY THE DEFINITION FOR GRUBBING), AS WELL AS THE REMOVAL OF FENCES AND INCIDENTAL STRUCTURES.

GRUBBING: SHALL MEAN THE REMOVAL FROM THE GROUND OF STUMPS, ROOTS AND STUBS, BRUSH, FOREST LITTER, ORGANIC MATERIAL, AND DEBRIS.

DISTURBED AREA: SHALL MEAN AN AREA WHERE GRUBBING AND/OR GRADING HAS BEEN INITIATED.

STABILIZATION/STABILIZED: (CASE 1) — TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS TO PROCEED WITH THE NEXT GRADING UNIT(S) OR OPERATION SHALL MEAN THE PLACEMENT OF SEED AND MULCH, SOD, ETC.

(CASE 2) — TO MEET THE REQUIREMENT FOR REMOVAL OF THE CONTROLS SHALL MEAN THAT THE COMPLETE GROWTH OF VEGETATION HAS OCCURRED (I.E., 3" HEIGHT OF PERMANENT GRASS OVER ALL AREAS).

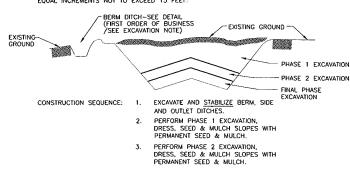
#### 5. CLEARING AND GRUBBING

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE IMPLEMENTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE GRUBBING PORTION OF THIS OPERATION. GRUBBING WILL BE RESTRICTED TO THE GRADING UNIT CURRENTLY ACTU.

#### 6. EXCAVATION

IF BERM DITCHES ARE TO BE USED IN A CUT SECTION, THEY WILL BE EXCAVATED AND STABILIZED AS THE FIRST ORDER OF BUSINESS AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.

ALL CUT SLOPES SHALL BE DRESSED, PREPARED, SEEDED, AND MULCHED AS THE WORK PROGRESSES. SLOPES SHALL BE EXCAVATED AND STABILIZED IN EQUAL INCREMENTS NOT TO EXCEED 15 FEET



OVERSEED PHASE 1 SLOPES, IF

PERFORM FINAL PHASE EXCAVATION, DRESS, SEED & MULCH SLOPES WITH PERMANENT SEED & MULCH. STABILIZE SURFACE DRAIN DITCHES, OVERSEED PHASE 1 & 2 SLOPES, IF REQUIRED, AS DETERMINED BY THE ENGINEER.

#### PHASING PLAN~CUT SECTION

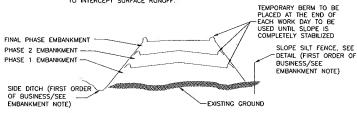
ONCE THE EXCAVATION WITHIN A SPECIFIC AREA HAS BEGUN, THE OPERATION SHALL BE CONTINUOUS FROM GRUBBING THROUGH THE COMPLETION OF THE GRADING AND PLACEMENT OF PERMANENT SEED AND MULCH. ANY INTERRUPTIONS IN THE OPERATION OF 14 DAYS OR MORE MUST BE APPROVED BY THE STRUCKERS.

OF PERMANENT SEED AND MOLCH. ANY INTERNOLVINGS IN THE OPERATION OF 14 DAYS OR MORE MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ANY WOLATION OF THIS REQUIREMENT WILL RESULT IN THE CONTRACTOR ASSUMING THE RESPONSIBILITY OF PLACING TEMPORARY STABILIZATION AT HIS OWN COST AND EXPENSE.

#### 7 EMBANKMENT

THE FIRST ORDER OF BUSINESS WILL BE THE EXCAVATION AND STABILIZATION OF SIDE DITCHES AND PLACEMENT OF PERIMETER CONTROL (SILT FENCE, ETC.). THE EMBANKMENT WILL BE MADE IN LIFTS MEETING THE SAME HEIGHT REQUIREMENTS AS PREVIOUSLY STATED FOR CUT SECTIONS. THE SLOPES WILL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF THE INTERMEDIATE STAGE(S).

AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY, TEMPORARY BERMS (EARTH) AND SLOPE DRAINS WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ALONG THE TOP EDGE(S) OF THE EMBANKMENT TO INTERCEPT SURFACE RUNOFF.



CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE: 1.

- EXCAVATE AND STABILIZE SIDE DITCH AND/OR INSTALL PROPOSED CONTROLS AT THE TOE OF SLOPE. PLACE PHASE 1 EMBANKMENT, PROVIDE TEMPORARY SEEDING OR STRAW MILL CH.
- PLACE PHASE 2 EMBANKMENT, DRESS.
   PROVIDE TEMPORARY SEEDING OR
   STRAW MILLCH
- PLACE FINAL PHASE EMBANKMENT, DRESS. PREPARE & PLACE PERMANENT SEED & MULCH ON THE ENTIRE SLOPE.

#### PHASING PLAN-FILL SECTION

#### STABILIZATION / LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE

OTHER THAN LISTED BELOW, ONE UNIT EQUALING 20 ACRES (872,800 SQUARE FEET) THAT HAS BEEN CLEARED CAN BE ACTIVIELY GRADED AT ONE TIME. ONCE GRADING BEGINS IN THE FIRST UNIT, A SECOND UNIT MAY BE GRUBBED, TWO UNITS (ONE GRADED AND ONE GRUBBED) WILL BE ALLOWED PER GRADING OPERATION. A GRADING OPERATION IS DEFINED AS THE CONTRACTOR'S ABILITY TO PROVIDE ADDEQUATE RESOURCES TO PERFORM THE GRADING IN A TIMELY MANNER AND PROVIDE AND MAINTAIN THE PROPER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. THE DISTRICT ENGINEER OR HIS DESIGNATE WILL BE THE FINAL AUTHORITY IN THIS DETERMINATION. A CRADING UNIT NEED NOT BE 20 CONTINUOUS ACRES. ALL APPROPRIATE PERIMETER CONTROLS WILL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY GRUBBING OPERATION. AREAS ARE TO BE PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY SEEDED AND MULCHED WHEN SITE DEVELOPMENT WORK, GRADING OR OTHER EARTH DISTURBING ACTIVITIES CEASE TO BE CONTINUOUS FOR A PERIOD TO EXCEED 14 CALENDAR DAYS. UPON COMPLETION OF THE GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION, THE AREA WILL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED WITHIN 7 CALENDAR DAYS. THIS PERTAINS TO OTHER PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND OTHER SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1 SLOPES LESS THAN 3:1 NEED NOT DE TEMPORARILY STABILIZED, HOWEVER, THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION WITHIN 7 DAYS IS REQUIRED. ONCE THE EXCANATION OR EMBANKHENT REACHES THE "BOTTOM OR SUBGRADE," (I.E., CAPPING MATERIAL OR AGGREGATE SUBGRADE IN PLACE), THOSE AREAS IN WHICH PAVING WILL BE PLACED WILL BE EXEMPT FROM THE STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS." GROUWAYS AND HAUL ROADS ACTIVELY BEING USED FOR DAILY CONVEYANCE OF COUPMENT WILL ALSO BE EXEMPT FROM THE STABILIZATION REQUIREMENTS." AREAS BETWEEN "TEMPORARY BERNS" EXCEPT MEDIAN AREAS NEED NOT BE STABILIZED UPON COMPLETION OF GRADING, THE 7, 14 DAY REQUIREMENTS. STABLED TO MEAN THAT THE STABILIZATION OPERATION IS COMPLETE OR NEARING COMPLETION.

WHEN BALANCING EARTHWORK (BORROW FROM A CUT USED AS FILL AT A LOCATION DISTANT FROM THE CUT), CONSIDERATION WILL BE ALLOWED FOR GREATER THAN ONE UNIT OF GRADING. IN SUCH CASES, ONE UNIT OF CUT AND ONE GRADING UNIT OF FILL WILL BE ALLOWED TO BE GRUBBED AND GRADED. GREATER THAN ONE UNIT OF GRUBBED AND GRADED AREA SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR INTERCHANGE CONSTRUCTION. WHEN WET SOIL CONDITIONS ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE ALLOWED TO GRUB AND GRADE ANOTHER UNIT PROVIDING THE INITIAL UNIT HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED.

NO SLOPE SHALL BE LEFT DISTURBED WITHOUT BENEFIT OF SURFACE ROUGHENING FOR MORE THAN 5 DAYS.

THE MOST STRINGENT REQUIREMENTS FOR STABILIZATION UNDER EXCAVATION, EMBANKMENT OR STABILIZATION/LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE WILL BE PREFERENTIALLY ENFORCED.

#### MAINTENANCE

SEDIMENT TRAPS, SEDIMENT BASINS, DITCHES, STRAW BALES, SILT FENCES, STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES, EARTH BERMS, ETC. SHALL BE MAINTAINED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION SEASON AS WELL AS THE WINTER MONTHS AND OTHER TIMES WHEN THE PROJECT IS CLOSED DOWN. THE MAINTENANCE INTERVAL SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED IN THE DOT/SHA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS, THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND PLANS OR WHEN DIRECTED BY THE FROINEER.

TRAPS WILL BE CLEANED WHEN THEY ARE 50% FILLED. SILT FENCE STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES AND STRAW BALES SHALL HAVE SEDIMENTATION REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 50% THE HEIGHT OF THE CONTROL DEVICE. THESE SPOILS WILL BE REMOVED TO AN APPROVED SITE.

CONTROLS WILL BE INSPECTED IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING RAIN STORMS.
THE CONTRACTOR WILL IMMEDIATELY REPAIR CONTROLS WHEN DAMAGED.

ACCESS SHALL BE MAINTAINED TO ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL REQUIRING MAINTENANCE UNTIL THOSE CONTROLS ARE NO LONGER REQUIRED.

MAINTENANCE OF THE CONTROL DEVICES IS ESSENTIAL. LACK OF COOPERATION ON THE PART OF THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE CONSIDERED AS A MAJOR VIOLATION TO THE PLAN AND GROUNDS FOR A "SHUT DOWN" OF THE PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A POINT OF CONTACT TO ADDRESS MAINTENANCE ISSUES.

#### 10. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL EXCAVATION

THIS ITEM HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED TO INCLUDE THE EXCAVATION, BACKFILLING AND MAINTENANCE OF SEDIMENT TRAPS. IT SHALL ALSO INCLUDE THE REMOVAL OF SILT IN AND AROUND SEDIMENT BASINS, SILT FENCE, STRAW BALE DITCH CHECKS, TEMPORARY STONE OUTLET STRUCTURE, EARTH BERMS, SWALES AND DITCHES. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT WILL BE BASED ON THE CUBIC YARD WHICH SHALL INCLUDE ALL EQUIPMENT, TOOLS AND LABOR REQUIRED.

#### 11. STOCKPILED MATERIAL

SALVAGED TOPSOIL WILL BE PLACED ON WELL DRAINED LAND AWAY FROM LIVE STREAMS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. IT SHALL BE PLACED IN PILES OF NEAT CONFORMATIONS AND SEEDED WITH TEMPORARY SEED IMMEDIATELY AFTER FINAL SHAPING OF THE PILE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 704 OF THE DOIT/SHA STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR WILL PROVIDE AN ADEQUATE QUANTITY OF SILT FENCE TO CONTROL THE PERIMETER OF THE STOCKPILE UNTIL SUTHABLE VEGETATION IS ESTABLISHED. IF HE ELECTS, THE CONTRACTOR, WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE ENCINEER, MAY CONSTRUCT AN EARTH BERM IN LIEU OF SILT FENCE. THE COST FOR THESE CONTROLS WILL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROPRIATE CONTRACT ITEMS.

#### 12. EXCAVATED MATERIAL

MATERIALS EXCAVATED FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SEDIMENT TRAPS WILL NOT BE STOCKPILED IN THE AREA OF THE TRAP. IT WILL EITHER BE PLACED IN AN EMBANKMENT OR WASTED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. EXCAVATION FROM CUTS TO BE USED FOR EMBANKMENTS WILL NOT BE STOCKPILED UNLESS PERIMETER CONTROLS ARE UTILIZED. COSTS FOR THESE CONTROLS WILL BE BORNE BY THE CONTRACTOR. IF THIS MATERIAL IS STOCKPILED UNDERS THE DIRECTION OF THE ENGINEER, THE ADMINISTRATION WILL ASSUME THE COSTS OF THE CONTROLS.

#### 13. DEWATERING DISCHARGE

SEDIMENT = LADEN DEWATERING DISCHARGE MUST BE DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT TRAPPING MEASURE PRIOR TO RELEASE FROM THE SITE

#### 14. TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS

ALL TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS WILL DISCHARGE INTO THE BACK OF SEDIMENT TRAPS, INTO SEDIMENT BASINS, OR DITCHES DISCHARGING INTO TRAPS OR BASINS.

#### 15. GEOTEXTILE

GEOTEXTILE WILL BE USED WITH ALL RIPRAP DITCHES (BY TYPE), TEMPORARY STONE OUTLET STRUCTURES (T.S.O.S.) AND STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES (S.C.E.), BOTH LIGHT AND HEAVY DUTY.

A LIGHT DUTY S.C.E. IS USED WHERE MOST TRAVEL WILL BE SINGLE AXLE VEHICLES WITH AN OCCASIONAL MULTI-AXLE TRUCK AND THE AREA HAS BEEN GRADED TO OR NEAR SUBGRADE. A HEAVY DUTY S.C.E. IS WHERE THE AREA IS ROUGH GRADED AND THE MAJORITY OF THE TRAFFIC IS MULTI-AXLED.

TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE GEOTEXTILE, THE MAXIMUM DROP HEIGHT FOR THE MATERIALS SHALL BE:

MAXIMUM DROP HEIGHT

MATERIAL

4" - 12" STONE FOR T.S.O.S.
CLASS I RIPRAP
CLASS II, III RIPRAP

3 FT. PLACED WITHOUT FREEFALL

THE FABRIC SHALL BE INERT TO COMMONLY ENCOUNTERED CHEMICALS, HYDRO-CARBONS, MILDEW, ROT RESISTANT AND CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES:

GEOTEXTILES SHALL MEET THE CLASS SPECIFIED IN THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS, PLANS OR STANDARDS, AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM

FIBERS CONSISTING OF LONG CHAIN SYNTHETIC POLYMERS, COMPOSED AS A MINIMUM OF 85 PERCENT BY WEIGHT OF POLYOLEPHINS, POLYESTERS OR POLYAMICS. THE GEOTEXTILE SHALL RESIST DETERIORATION FROM ULTRAVIOLET EXPOSURE. GEOTEXTILES USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF SILT FENCE SHALL CONTAIN SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS OF ULTRAVIOLET RAY INHIBITORS AND STABILIZERS TO PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 12 MONTHS OF EXPECTED USABLE CONSTRUCTION LIFE AT A TEMPERATURE RANGE OF 0 TO 120 DEGREES F.

ALL VALUES SPECIFIED ARE MINIMUM OR MAXIMUM ROLL VALUES.

CLASS F GEOTEXTILES (SILT FENCE) SHALL HAVE A 50 LB./IN. MINIMUM TENSILE STRENGTH AND A 20 LB./IN. MINIMUM TENSILE MODULUS WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MSMT 509. THE MATERIAL SHALL ALSO HAVE A 0.3 GAL/SO. FT./ MINUTE MINIMUM LOW RATE AND A 75 PERCENT MINIMUM FILTERING EFFICIENCY WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MSMT 322.

CLASSES A THROUGH E SHALL HAVE A 0.01 CM/SECOND MINIMUM PERMEABILITY WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MSMT 507, AND AN APPARENT MINIMUM ELONGATION OF 20 PERCENT WHEN TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE GRAD TENSILE STRENGTH REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED BELOW. CLASSES A THROUGH E SHALL ALSO MEET THE FOLLOWING ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

CLASS	APPARENT OPENING SIZE MM. MAX.	GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH LB. MIN.	BURST STRENGTH PSI, MIN.
Α	0.30	250	500
В	0.60	200	320
С	0.30	200	320
D	0.60	90	145
Ε	0.30	90	145

THE PROPERTIES SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES:

APPARENT OPENING SIZE: MSMT 323
GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH: ASTM D 1682, GRAB TEST 4 X 8 IN.
SPECIMEN, 1 X 2 IN. CLAMPS, 12 IN. /
MINUTE STRAIN RATE, BOTH PRINCIPAL
DIRECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE
BURST STRENGTH: ASTM D 3786

#### NOTE TO CONTRACTOR

THE CONTRACTOR WILL NOTE THAT NO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES WILL BE UNDERTAKEN WITHIN SPECIFIED AREAS OF THE PROJECT WITHOUT PRIOR NOTIFICATION OF SUCH ACTIVITIES TO THE ENGINEER. ALL WORK IN THESE AREAS WILL BE MONITORED BY A RESPONSIBLE PARTY DESIGNATED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO ASSURE THAT REASONABLE CARE BE TAKEN WHILE WORKING THESE ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS. THESE AREAS ARE AS FOLLOWS.

(NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS PROJECT)

#### 17. CONTRACTOR PAYMENT

THE CONTRACTOR WILL ONLY BE COMPENSATED FOR WORK THAT IS DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATION, SPECIAL PROVISIONS AND THESE PLANS. ANY CORRECTIONS BROUGHT ABOUT BY NON-COMPLIANCE OR ERRORS BY THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE MADE AT HIS EXPENSE.

MDE NO. XX-SF-XXXX NOTE TO CONTRACTOR: SEDIMENT CONTROL WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED

FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ONLY.

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COMPANY NAME	DESIGNED:	REVISIO NO.	N REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTIONS
	DRAWN:			
COMPANY NAME	CHECKED:			
COMPANY ADDRESS CITY, STATE ZIP CODE	APPROVED:			
COMPANY PHONE NO. COMPANY FAX NO.				

BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL OR MARTIN STATE LOGO

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT DIVISION OF FACILITIES DESIGN

PROJECT TITLE:		CONTRACT NO.:
SHEET TITLE:	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES I	SHEET NO.:
SCALE:	DATE: DATE	

TH/FILENAME

#### STANDARD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ADMINISTRATION (WMA) AT (410) 537—3510 SEVEN (7) DAYS BEFORE COMMENCING ANY LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITY AND, UNLESS WAIVED BY THE ADMINISTRATION, SHALL BE REQUIRED TO HOLD A PRE—CONSTRUCTION MEETING BETWEEN PROJECT REPRESENTATIVES AND A REPRESENTATIVE OF WMA.
- THE CONTRACTOR MUST NOTIFY WMA IN WRITING AND BY TELEPHONE AT THE FOLLOWING POINTS:
  - A. THE REQUIRED PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.
  - B. FOLLOWING INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES
  - C. DURING THE INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT BASINS (TO BE CONVERTED INTO PERMANENT STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES) AT THE REQUIRED INSPECTION POINTS (SEE INSPECTION CHECKLIST ON PLAN). NOTIFICATION PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION OF EACH STEP IS MANDATORY.
  - D. PRIOR TO REMOVAL OR MODIFICATION OF ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL
- E. PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.
- F. PRIOR TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONSTRUCT ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES PER THE APPROVED PLAN AND CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE AND SHALL HAVE THEM INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY THE ACENCY INSPECTOR OR WIMA INSPECTOR PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY OTHER LAND DISTURBANCES. MINOR SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE LOCATION ADJUSTMENTS MAY BE MADE IN THE FIELD WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE WHAI INSPECTOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS IS DIRECTED TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, AND SHALL NOT REMOVE ANY EROSION OR SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, AND SHALL NOT REMOVE ANY EROSION OR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURE WITHOUT PRIOR PERMISSION FROM WAMA INSPECTOR AND AGENCY INSPECTOR. THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN PRIOR ACENCY AND WAMA APPROVAL FOR CHANGES TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND/OR SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT ALL POINTS OF CONSTRUCTION INGRESS AND EGRESS TO PREVENT THE DEPOSITION OF MATERIALS ONTO PUBLIC ROADS ALL MATERIALS DEPOSITED ONTO PUBLIC ROADS SHALL BE REMOVED
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT DAILY AND MAINTAIN CONTINUOUSLY IN AN EFFECTIVE OPERATING CONDITION ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES UNTIL SUCH TIMES AS THEY ARE REMOVED WITH PRIOR PERMISSION FROM WMA INSPECTOR AND AGENCY INSPECTOR.
- ALL SEDIMENT BASINS, TRAP EMBANKMENTS AND SLOPES, PERIMETER DIKES, SWALES, AND ALL DISTURBED SLOPES STEEPER OR EQUAL TO 3:1 SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SOO OR SEED AND ANCHORED STRAW MULCH, OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION MEASURES, AS SOON AS POSSIBLE BUT NO LATER THAN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ESTABLISHMENT. ALL AREAS DISTURBED OUTSIDE OF THE PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEM MUST BE MINIMIZED. MAINTENANCE MUST BE PERFORMED AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE CONTINUED (REQUIREMENT FOR STABILIZATION MAY BE REDUCED TO THREE
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL APPLY SOD OR SEED AND ANCHORED STRAW MULCH, OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION MEASURES TO ALL DISTURBED AREAS AND STOCKPILES WITHIN FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER STRIPPING AND GRADING ACTIVITIES HAVE CEASED IN THE AREA. MAINTENANCE SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NECESSARY TO ENSURE CONTINUED STABILIZATION. (REQUIREMENT MAY BE REDUCED TO SEVEN (7) DAYS FOR SENSITIVE AREAS.)
- PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PRIOR TO REMOVAL OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STABILIZE AND HAVE ESTABILISE AND HAVE ESTABLISHED PERMANENT STABILIZATION FOR ALL CONTRIBUTORY DISTURBED AREAS USING SOD OR AN APPROVED PERMANENT SEED MIXTURE WITH REQUIRED SOIL AMENDMENTS AND AN APPROVED ANCHOR MULCH. WOOD FIBER MULCH MAY ONLY BE USED IN SEEDING SEASON WHERE THE SLOPE DOES NOT EXCEED 10% AND GRADING HAS BEEN DONE TO PROMOTE SHEET FLOW DRAINAGE. AREAS BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE DURING THE SEEDING SEASON SHALL BE PERMANENTLY STABILIZED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE, SEEUING SEASON SHALL BE PERMANENTI STABILIZED AS SOUN AS POSSIBLE, BUT NO LATER THAN FOURTEEN (14) CALENDAR DAYS AFTER ESTABLISHMENT. WHEN PROPERTY IS BROUGHT TO FINISHED GRADE DURING THE MONTHS OF NOVEMBER THROUGH FEBRUARY, AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS FOUND TO BE IMPRACTICAL, TEMPORARY SEED AND ANCHORED STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED TO DISTURBED AREAS. THE FINAL PERMANENT STABILIZATION OF SUCH PROPERTY SHALL BE APPLIED BY MARCH 15 OR EARLIER IF GROUND AND WEATHER CONDITIONS ALLOW.
- THE SITE'S APPROVAL LETTER, APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLANS, DAILY LOG BOOKS, AND TEST REPORTS SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT THE SITE FOR INSPECTION BY DULY AUTHORIZED OFFICIALS OF WMA AND AGENCY RESPONSIBLE FOR PROJECT.
- 10. SURFACE DRAINAGE FLOWS OVER UNSTABILIZED CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY EITHER PREVENTING DRAINAGE FLOWS FROM TRAVERSING THE SLOPES OR BY INSTALLING PROTECTIVE DEVICES TO LOWER THE WATER DOWNSLOPE WITHOUT CAUSING EROSION. DIKES SHALL BE INSTALLED AND MAINTAINED AT THE TOP OF A CUT OR FILL SLOPE UNTIL THE SLOPE AND DRAINAGE AREA TO IT ARE FULLY STABILIZED, AT WHICH THIME THEY MUST BE REMOVED AND FINAL GRADING DONE TO PROMOTE SHEET FLOW DRAINAGE. PROTECTIVE METHODS MUST BE PROVIDED AT POINTS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW WHERE EROSION IS LIKELY TO OCCUR.
- 11. PERMANENT SWALES OR OTHER POINTS OF CONCENTRATED WATER FLOW SHALL BE STABILIZED WITH SOD OR SEED WITH AN APPROVE BROSSION CONTROL MATTING, RIPRAP OR OTHER APPROVED STABILIZATION MEASURES.
- 12. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED, WITH PERMISSION OF WMA INSPECTOR AND AGENCY INSPECTORS, WITHIN THIRTY (30) CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION IN ALL CONTRIBUTORY DRAINAGE AREAS. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES USED TEMPORARILY FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE CONVERTED TO THE PERMANENT CONFIGURATION WITHIN THIS TIME PERIOD AS WELL.
- 13. NO PERMANENT CUT OR FILL SLOPE WITH A GRADIENT STEEPER THAN 3:1 WILL BE PERMITTED IN LAWN MAINTENANCE AREAS. A SLOPE GRADIENT OF UP TO 2:1 WILL BE PERMITTED IN NON-MAINTENANCE AREAS PROVIDED THAT THOSE AREAS ARE INDICATED ON THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN WITH A LOW-MAINTENANCE CREATE STEEL STE MAINTENANCE GROUND COVER SPECIFIED FOR PERMANENT STABILIZATION. SLOPE GRADIENT STEEPER THAN 2:1 WILL NOT BE PERMITTED WITH VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

- 14. FOR FINISHED GRADING, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE GRADIENTS TO PREVENT THE WATER FROM PONDING FOR MORE THAN TWENTY—FOUR (24) HOURS AFTER THE END OF A RAINFALL EVENT. DRAINAGE COURSES AND SWALE FLOW AREAS, MAY TAKE AS LONG AS FOURTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS AFTER THE END OF A RAINFALL EVENT TO DRAIN. AREAS DESIGNED TO HAVE STANDING WATER SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO MEET THIS REQUIREMENT.
- 15. SEDIMENT TRAPS OR BASINS ARE NOT PERMITTED WITHIN 20 FEET OF A FOUNDATION WHICH IS EXISTING OR UNDER CONSTRUCTION. NO STRUCTU MAY BE CONSTRUCTED WITHIN 20 FEET OF AN ACTIVE SEDIMENT TRAP OR
- THE WMA INSPECTOR HAS THE OPTION OF REQUIRING ADDITIONAL SAFETY OR SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, IF DEEMED NECESSARY.
- 17. ALL TRAP DEPTH DIMENSIONS ARE RELATIVE TO THE OUTLET ELEVATION. ALL TRAPS MUST HAVE A STABLE OUTFALL. ALL TRAPS AND BASINS SHALL HAVE STABLE INFLOW POINTS.
- VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL. REFER TO APPROPRIATE SPECIFICATIONS FOR TEMPORARY SEEDING, PERMANENT SEEDING, MULCHING, SODDING, AND GROUND COVERS.
- 19. SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND THE TRAP OR BASIN RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO ONE QUARTER OF THE TOTAL DEPTH OF THE TRAP OR BASIN. TOTAL DEPTH SHALL BE MEASURED FROM THE TRAP OR BASIN BOTTOM TO THE CREST OF THE
- 20. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM TRAPS (AND BASINS) SHALL BE PLACED AND STABILIZED IN APPROVED AREAS, BUT NOT WITHIN A FLOODPLAIN, WETLAND OR TREE-SAVE AREA. WHEN PUMPING SEDIMENT LADEN WATER, THE DISCHARGE MUST BE DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE PRIOR TO RELEASE FROM THE SITE. A SUMP PIT MAY BE USED IF SEDIMENT TRAPS THEMSELVES ARE BEING PUMPED
- 21. ALL WATER REMOVED FROM EXCAVATED AREAS (E.G. UTILITY TRENCHES) SHALL BE PASSED THROUGH AN APPROVED DEWATERING PRATICE OR PUMPED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR BASIN PRIOR TO DISCHARGE FROM THE SITE (I.E. VIA FUNCTIONAL STORM DRAIN SYSTEM OR TO STABLE GROUND SURFACE).
- A. CALL "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 48 HOURS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.
- B. EXCAVATED TRENCH MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED ON THE HIGH SIDE OF THE TRENCH.
- C. TRENCHES FOR UTILITY INSTALLATION SHALL BE BACKFILLED, COMPACTED AND STABILIZED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. NO MORE TRENCH SHALL BE OPENED THAN CAN BE COMPLETED THE SAME DAY, UNLESS;
- 23. WHERE DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY THE ENGINEER OR INSPECTOR, SEDIMENT BASINS AND TRAP'S MAY NEED TO BE SURROUNDED WITH AN APPROVED SAFETY FENCE. THE FENCE MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL ORDINANCES AND REGULATIONS. THE DEVELOPER OR OWNER SHALL CHECK WITH LOCAL BUILDING OFFICIALS ON APPLICABLE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS. WHERE SAFETY FENCE IS DEEMED APPROPRIATE AND LOCAL ORDINANCES DO NOT SPECIFY FENCING SIZES AND TYPS, THE FOLLOWING SHALL BE USED AS A MINIMUM STANDARD: THE SAFETY FENCE MUST BE MADE OF WELDED WIRE AND AT LEAST 42 INCHES HIGH, HAVE POSTS SPACED NO FURTHER APART THAN 8 FEET, HAVE MESH OPENINGS NO REATER THAN 2 INCHES IN WIDTH AND 4 INCHES IN HIGHT WITH A MINIMUM OF 14 GAUGE WIRE. SAFETY FENCE MUST BE MAINTAINED AND IN GOOD CONDITION AT ALL TIMES.
- 24. OFF-SITE SPOIL OR BORROW AREAS ON STATE OF FEDERAL PROPERTY MUST HAVE PRIOR APPROVAL BY WIMA AND OTHER APPLICABLE STATE, FEDERAL, AND LOCAL AGENCIES; OTHERWISE APPROVAL MUST BE GRANTED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES. ALL WASTE AND BORROW AREAS OFF-SITE MUST BE PROTECTED BY SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES AND STABILIZED.
- 25. SITES WHERE INFILITATION DEVICES ARE USED FOR THE CONTROL OF STORNWATER, EXTREME CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM UNSTABILIZED AREAS FROM ENTERING THE STRUCTURE DURING CONSTRUCTION. SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES PLACED IN INFILITATION AREAS MUST HAVE BOTTOM ELEVATIONS AT LEAST TWO (2) FEET HIGHER THAN THE FINISH GRADE BOTTOM ELEVATION OF THE INFILITATION PRACTICE. WHEN CONVERTING A SEDIMENT TRAP TO AN INFILITRATION DEVICE, ALL ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF PRIOR TO FINAL GRADING OF INFILITATION DEVICE.
- 26. WHEN A STORM DRAIN SYSTEM OUTFALL IS DIRECTED TO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN AND THE SYSTEM IS TO BE USED FOR TEMPORARILY CONVEYING SEDIMENT LADEN WATER, ALL STORM DRAIN INLETS IN NON-SUMP AREAS SHALL HAVE TEMPORARY ASPHALT BERMS CONSTRUCTED AT THE TIME OF BASE PAYING TO DIRECT GUTTER FLOW INTO THE INLETS TO AVOID SURCHARGING AND OVERFLOW OF INLETS IN SUMP AREAS.
- - TOTAL AREA OF FACILITY TOTAL AREA OF PROJECT SITE
  - AREA DISTURBED
  - AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED

  - G. OFF-SITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION

(CONSULTANT TO FILL IN) (CONSULTANT TO FILL IN) (CONSULTANT TO FILL IN) (CONSULTANT TO FILL IN

(CONSULTANT TO FILL IN)

#### DESIGN CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DESI	IGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND
STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION	AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, THE 2000 MARYLAND
STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES I & II AND	THE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT
EDOCIONI AND CEDIMENT CONTROL AND CTODARMATCE	D MANACCHENT OCCUPATIONS

Date	Designer's Signature
Md. Registration No. P.E., R.L.S. OR R.L.A. (Circle)	Printed Name

FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER CONTROLS, DIKES, SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES, AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1); AND FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR

#### OWNER'S/DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATION

I/WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ALL CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, AND/OR DEVELOPMENT WILL BE DONE PURSUANT TO THIS PLAN AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OR ATTENDANCE AT A MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF EROSION AND SEDIMENT BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I HEREBY AUTHORIZE THE RIGHT OF ENTRY FOR PERIODIC ON—SITE EVALUATION BY STATE OF MARYLAND, DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT, COMPLIANCE INSPECTORS.

Date	Owner/Developer Signature
Card No.	Printed Name and Title

#### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT "AS-BUILT" CERTIFICATION

IN ACCO	RDANCE WIT	TH THE PLAT APPROVAL, I	NS INCLUDED NUMBER	UNDER THE	MARYLÁND EXCEPT AS	EN CONSTRUCTED DEPARTMENT OF NOTED IN RED CONTIONS DO NOT
				MANCE OF TH		
MUNEKSE	LI AFFECI	THE HATEMO	EU PERFORM	MANCE OF IT	PACILITY	PACILITIES).

NAME (PRINTED)	SIGNATU
MARYLAND REGISTRATION NUMBER	DATE

FACILITY IDENTIFICATION (IDENTIFY EACH FACILITY INDIVIDUALLY)

#### EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

REFER TO THE STANDARD EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES FOR THE INITIAL SEQUENCE OF OPERATION ITEMS NOT SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED IN THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION BELOW, IN ADDITION TO CONSTRUCTION PHASING

- NOTIFY MDE WMA COMPLIANCE INSPECTOR AT (410) 537-3510 AT LEAST SEVEN (7) DAYS PRIOR TO BEGINNING EARTH DISTURBANCE TO SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE MUST BE FIELD MARKED PRIOR TO CLEARING OF TREES, INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, CONSTRUCTION, OR OTHER LAND
- THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE MDE INSPECTOR, CERTIFYING THAT
  THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND TREE PROTECTION MEASURES ARE CORRECTLY MARKED
  AND INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CLEARING.

#### INITIAL PHASE

- 1. CLEAR AND GRADE FOR INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.
- 2. INSTALL INITIAL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, INSTALL (CONSULTANT TO LIST DEVICES USED
- ONCE THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE INSTALLED, THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE MDE INSPECTOR BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY ADDITIONAL GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. (CONSULTANT TO ESTABLISH SEQUENCING HERE)
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM MDE INSPECTOR, PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OF ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE.
- STABILIZE ALL REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS. REMOVE REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL
  DEVICES UPON FINAL APPROVAL OF THE MDE INSPECTOR.

#### FINAL PHASE (IF REQUIRED)

- THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE MUST BE FIELD MARKED PRIOR TO CLEARING OF TREES, INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES, CONSTRUCTION, OR OTHER LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN APPROVAL FROM THE MDE INSPECTOR, CERTIFYING THAT THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE AND TREE PROTECTION MEASURES ARE CORRECTLY MARKED AND INSTALLED PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY CLEARING.
- WITH THE APPROVAL OF THE MDE INSPECTOR, CLEAR AND GRADE FOR INSTALLATION OF SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES.
- 4. INSTALL INITIAL SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. INSTALL (CONSULTANT TO LIST DEVICES USED
- 5, ONCE THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES ARE INSTALLED, THE CONTRACTOR MUST OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE MDE INSPECTOR BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY ADDITIONAL GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION.
- 6. (CONSULTANT TO ESTABLISH SEQUENCING HERE)
- 7. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM MDE INSPECTOR, PRIOR TO THE REMOVAL OF ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICE.
- STABILIZE ALL REMAINING DISTURBED AREAS, REMOVE REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES UPON FINAL APPROVAL OF THE MDE INSPECTOR.

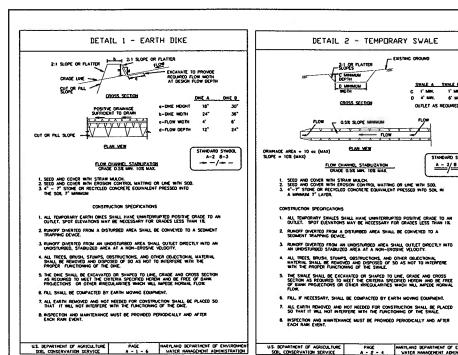
MDE NO. XX-SF-XXXX NOTE TO CONTRACTOR: SEDIMENT CONTROL WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED

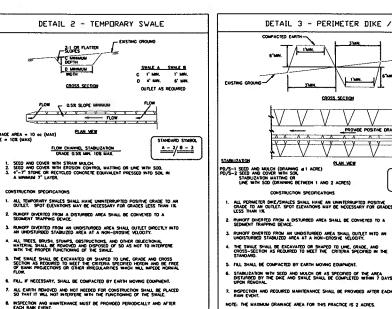
FOR EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL ONLY

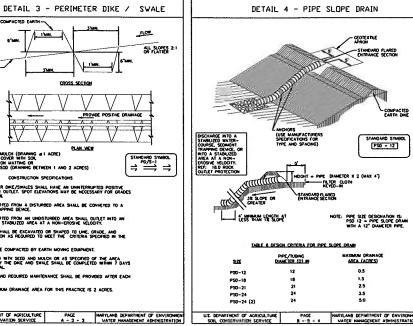
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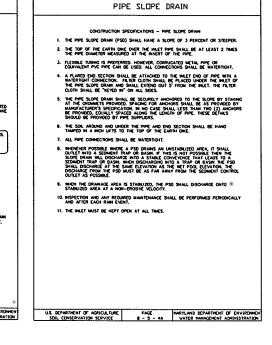
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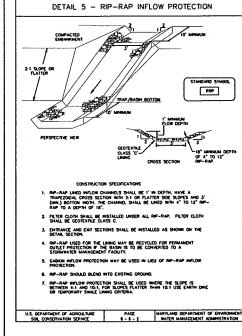
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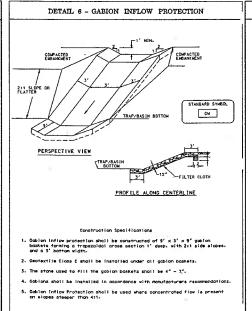


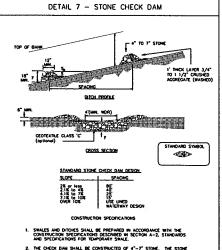


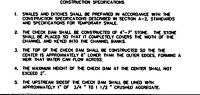


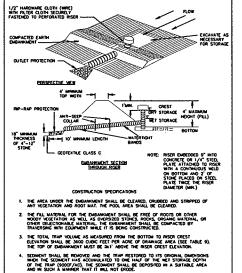












THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY AND AFTER EACH RAIN AND REPAIRS MADE AS NECESSARY.

DETAIL 8 - PIPE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP - ST I

7. THE STRUCTURE SHALL BE REMOVED AND AREA STABILIZED WHEN THE DRAMAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED. 8. ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES SHALL BE 2:1 OR FLATTER. 10. ABOVE THE MET STORAGE ELEVATION, THE ROSER SHALL BE PERFORATED WITH 1/2" WIDE BY 6" (DWG SUTS OR 1" DAMETER HOLES SPACED 6" VERTICALLY AND HORZONTALLY, NO PERFORATIONS MIL BE ALLOWED WITHM 6" OF THE HORZONTAL SHARED. 1). THE RISER SHALL BE WRAPPED WIN 1/2" HARDWARE QUDH (WRE) THEN WRAPPED WIN GEOTERIAE CLASS E. THE FATTR QUDH SHALL EXTEND 6" ABOVE THE HONGSTED SUT MERIE BUDG OF FILTER QUDH COME GOOGSTED, THE SHALL BE GOVERN-APPED, FOLICED WAS FASTENED TO PREVENT BUTCHES FOR THE GOT SHALL BE GOVERN-APPED, FOLICED WAS FASTENED TO PREVENT BUTCHES. FILTER QUDH SHALL BE REPLACED AS MICKESSANT OF DREVENT BUTCHES TO SHALL BE REPLACED AS MICKESSANT OF DREVENT BUTCHES.

 STRAPS OR CORNECTING BAHOS SHALL BE USED TO HOLD THE FILTER CLOTH AND WRE FABRIC IN PLACE. THEY SHALL BE PLACED AT THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE CLOTH. 13. FILL MATERIAL AROUND THE PIPE SPILLWAY SHALL BE HAND COMPACTED IN 4" LAYERS. A MINIMUM OF 2" OF HAND-COMPACTED BACKFILL SHALL BE PLACED OVER THE PIPE SPILLWAY BEFORE CROSSING IT WITH CONSTRUCTION FOLIAPIENT.

PIPE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP - ST I

- 14. The BOSE SHALL OF ANCIONED MEN EDITED A CONCRETE BASE OR SETTLE THAT BASE TO PREVENT FORTON CONCRETE BASES SHALL BE AT LEAST TIME OR PROSECULATION OF A THE BASES SHALL BE AT LEAST TIME BASES SHALL BE AT LEAST TIME. THE BASES SHALL BE AT LEAST THAT THE BASES THAT THE BASES SHALL BE AT LEAST TH
- ANTI SEEP COLLARS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS (REF 16 AND DETAILS 13 AND 14).
- 17. REFER TO SECTION O FOR DEWATERING REQUIREMENTS OF SEDIMENT TRAPS.
- DUTLET AN OUTLET SHALL BE PROYDED, WHICH INCLUDES A MEANS OF CONVEYING THE DISCHARGE IN AN EROSION FREE MANNER TO AN EXISTING STABLE CHANNEL.
- 19. WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS AT THE PROPERTY LINE, LOCAL ORDINANCES AND DRAMAGE EASEMENT REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE MET.

MDE NO. XX-SF-XXXX NOTE TO CONTRACTOR: SEDIMENT CONTROL WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED

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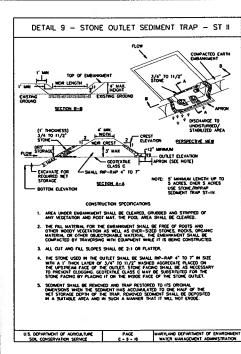
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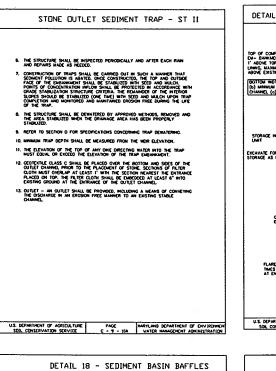
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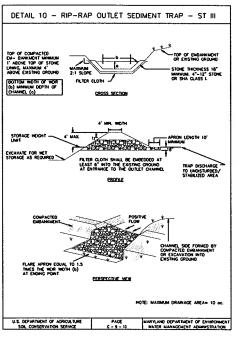
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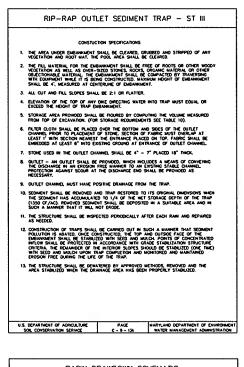
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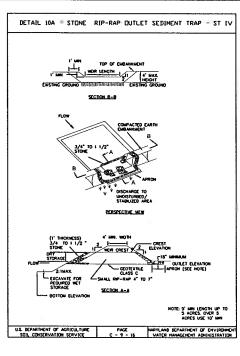
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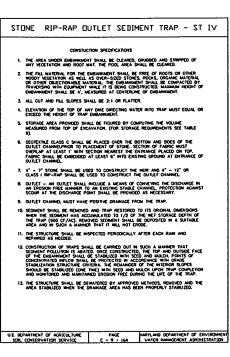


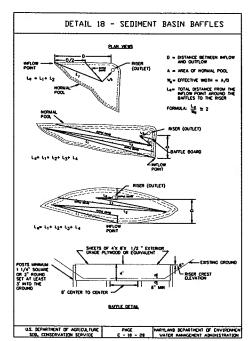


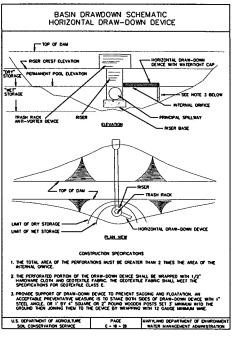


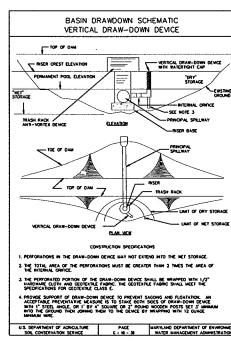


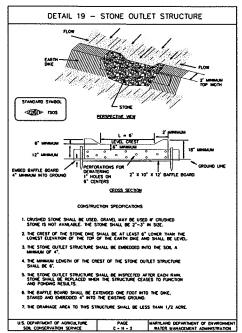












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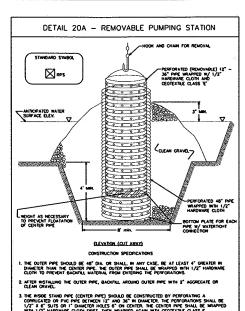
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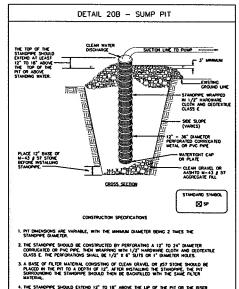
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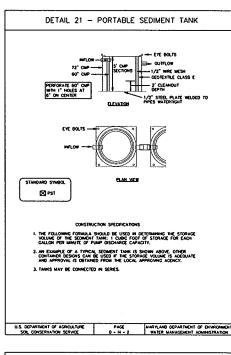
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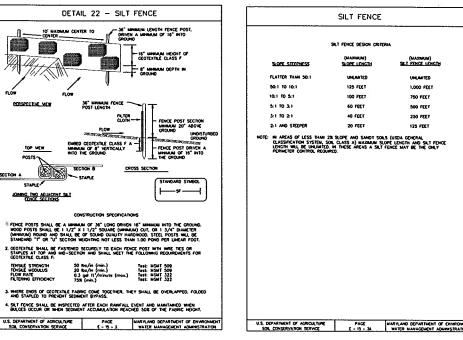
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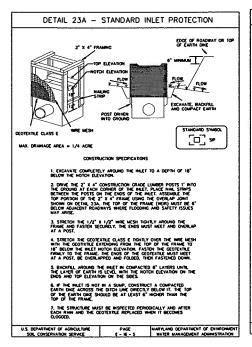


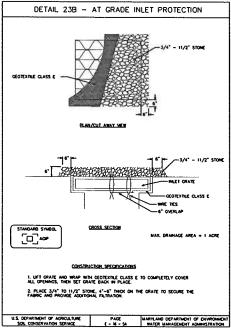
4. THE CENTER PIPE SHOULD EXTEND 12" TO 18" ABOVE THE ANTICIPATED WATER SURFACE ELEVATION OF RISER CREST ELEVATION WHEN DEWATERING A BASIN. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SQL CONSERVATION SERVICE 8 - 12 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

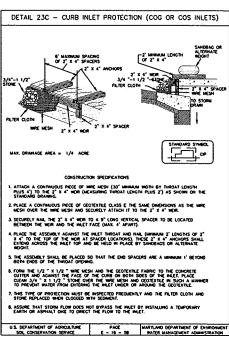


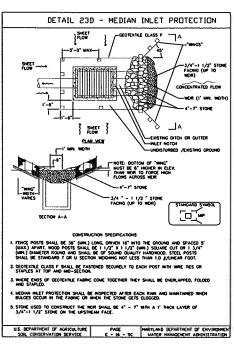


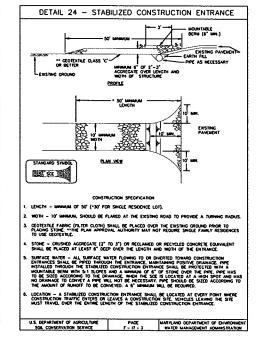












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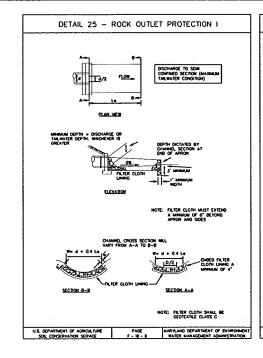
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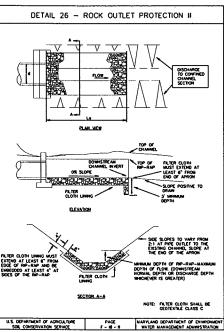
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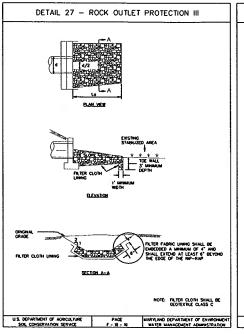
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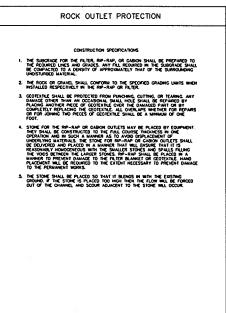
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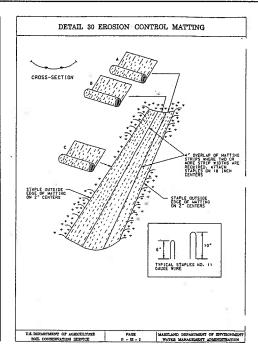
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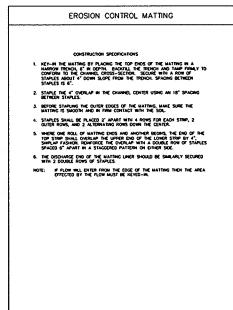


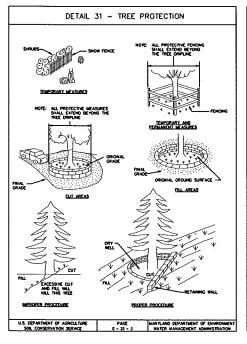


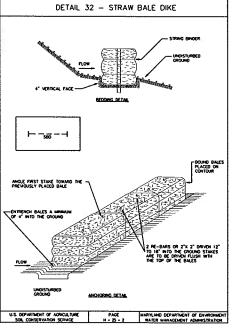


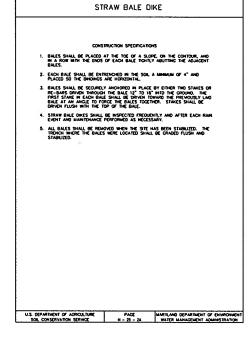


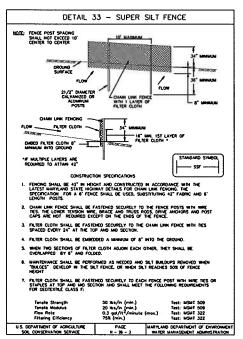












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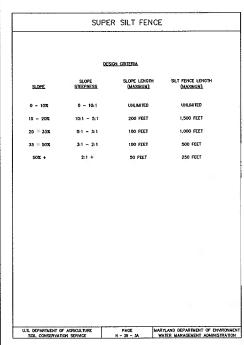
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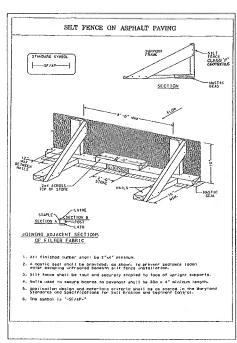
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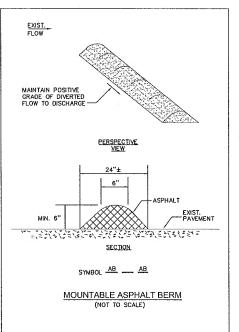
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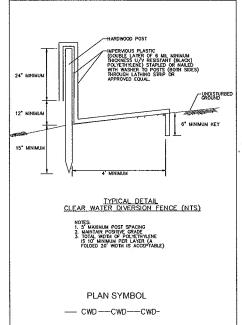
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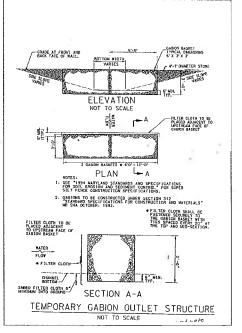
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BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL OR MARTIN STATE LOGO MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MARYLAND AVIATION ADMINISTRATION

OFFICE OF ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

DIVISION OF FACILITIES DESIGN

PROJECT TITLE:		CONTRACT NO.:
SHEET TITLE:	EROSION AND SEDIMENT	SHEET NO.:
	CONTROL DETAILS V	SHEET NO.
SCALE:	DATE: DATE	

PATH/FILENAME

# APPENDIX D STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS





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## MAA LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATIONS





#### ITEM 900 LANDSCAPING

INTRODUCTION: The Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) faces many challenges with respect to local, State and Federal regulations regarding construction and construction-related activities at MAA owned and operated airport properties, including the Baltimore/Washington International (BWI) Airport. Maryland is the only state with a Forest Conservation Act (FCA) that regulates impacts to forested areas and that has enforceable planting requirements. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) mandates height restrictions for all objects that have the potential to penetrate imaginary air surfaces utilized by pilots during takeoff and landings, and it provides enforceable guidelines for activities that have the potential to attract hazardous wildlife. MAA considers the requirements set forth by both FAA and the State of Maryland when undertaking construction projects.

To comply with these regulations, MAA has completed a Forest Stand Delineation, Reforestation Master Plan, and Forest Management Plan (Draft) that comply with the multi-agency regulations and restrictions. The Reforestation Master Plan specifies areas set aside for forest conservation and retention. Long-term management of forested resources on BWI Airport property is addressed by the Forest Management Plan. As a responsible landowner, MAA insists that all construction and construction-related activities regarding temporary, short-term, or long-term landscaping activities comply with applicable State and Federal regulations. These regulations include:

- The State of Maryland Forest Conservation Act;
- The State of Maryland Forest Conservation Technical Manual;
- COMAR (Agricultural Article Sections 8-101 through 8-501; 8-801 through 8-806; 9-101 through 9-110; and 9-201 through 9-214.); and
- Federal Aviation Administration Advisory Circular 150/5370-10A, Items T-901 through T-908.

In addition, MAA requires all construction and construction-related activities be in accordance with the Reforestation Master Plan for BWI Airport and the Forest Conservation Plan for the specific project. The following documents are available upon request to assist contractors with adherence to these regulations:

- Reforestation Master Plan for Baltimore/Washington International Airport;
- Forest Conservation Plan for appropriate project;
- Maryland Forest Conservation Act;
- FAA Advisory Circular 150/5200-33, "Hazardous Wildlife Attractants On or Near Airports;"
- FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370 2 Items P-151 through 156 (as amended by MAA); and
- FAA Advisory Circular 150/5370-10A Items T-901 through T-908 (as amended by MAA).

Each construction project has its own Forest Conservation Plan that is prepared by the design consultant. A copy of the Forest Conservation Plan for the specific project shall be kept on site during all hours of operation.

**PURPOSE:** These specifications are provided to Contractors performing landscaping and landscape-related work for MAA to ensure adequacy, consistency, and conformance with applicable state and federal regulations. In certain cases, such as planting, seeding, and sodding, specifications were intentionally designed to reduce the attractiveness of certain areas to wildlife, and thus reduce the risk of wildlife strikes by aircraft. Contractors performing activities related to landscaping for MAA shall adhere to these specifications.

**SEQUENCING OF TASKS:** Tasks performed by the Contractor shall occur in a logical and efficient sequence. The Contractor shall provide sufficient time for testing and analysis to be completed without compromising the sequencing of tasks. Coordination with the designated MAA Engineer is critical for efficient completion of tasks. MAA will not reimburse the Contractor for time or materials lost as a result of failure to comply with these standards, MAA plan reviews, or the State of Maryland Forest Conservation Act.

Limits of Disturbance and Forest Retention Areas shall be identified as follows:

- **Limits of Disturbance:** The limits of disturbance of the project area shall be clearly identified with "Forest Retention Area" signs attached to stakes placed at 50-foot intervals. Diversion dikes and silt fences shall be in place prior to any disturbance.
- Forest Retention Area Boundaries: For all projects conducted within 75 feet of a forest retention area, the Contractor will identify the boundary of the forest retention area with ½-inch blaze orange flagging at 100-foot intervals on perimeter trees. The contractor will install blaze orange plastic mesh fence (see Appendix B) along the entire forest retention area offset 45 feet from the forest retention area boundary. If necessary, "specimen tree signs" (see Appendix B) will be installed on specimen trees and appropriate protection measures will be followed as specified in the State Forest Conservation Technical Manual.
- Pre-construction Site Inspection: After the forest retention limits of disturbance (LOD) and boundaries have been delineated, the contractor will notify the Office of Facilities Planning and the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Forest Service, to schedule a walk through inspection of the site. The DNR representative will inspect the forest retention boundary marking, discuss the proposed construction timetable, and discuss additional requirements that may be necessary. MAA and DNR shall approve all plans prior to the initiation of work.

**Planting Plans:** The following design standard should be used to determine appropriate plant material for use in landscaping and site stabilization in accordance with the FAA advisory circular 150/5200-33, "Hazardous Wildlife Attractants on or Near Airports":

- Use native plants whenever possible;
- Use plants with a minimal wildlife attractiveness value. See Draft List of Recommended species for Construction Plantings;
- Use sterile plants or plants that exhibit minimal seed production;
- Reduce mowing requirements in long narrow areas or areas less than 1,000 square feet by planting low growing shrubs or other alternative ground covers;
- Plant in clusters and group species in communities in large contiguous areas;
- Create distinct breaks between vegetation strata;
- Avoid planting low-growing trees, shrubs, brambles, and vines at the edges of a forest where the forest meets the turf or scrub/shrub areas to reduce the edge effect; and
- All plant material used by the contractor for temporary, short- term landscaping or long-term landscaping shall be from the MAA approved plant materials list (see Draft List of Recommended Species for Construction Plantings).

Deviations from these standards require specific justification and approval by the MAA Office of Facilities Planning.

**Specifications:** Landscape activities shall be conducted according to the document *Specifications* for Performing Landscaping Activities on Baltimore/Washington International and Martin State Airport Properties.

Compliance: MAA acknowledges that these specifications vary slightly from the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards for Critical Area Planting (MD 342). However, this specification was approved by the Maryland Department of the Environment, Water Management Administration, the United States Department of Agriculture's Wildlife Services Division, and the Natural Resources Conservation Service in May 2001, and satisfies compliance for MD 378 projects.

**Post Construction:** Once construction activities (including reestablishment of vegetation) have ceased, the contractor is required to remove all flagging and protective measures (with the exception of forest retention signage) from both the forest retention area and the construction site. MAA has the right to retain final payment until aforementioned actions have been performed.

#### **ITEM 901 TOPSOIL**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

**901-1 GENERAL.** This item provides specifications for topsoil and for topsoil-related activities such as preparation of ground surfaces, removal of topsoil from designated areas, placement and spreading of topsoil, and soil stabilization methods. All activities shall conform with the standards described in this specification and occur at locations clearly indicated on site plans or as directed by the MAA Engineer.

#### **MATERIALS**

901-2.1 TOPSOIL. Topsoil is a component of soil, composed of the surface layer of soil containing organic matter and free from any admixture of refuse or other materials toxic to plant growth. Topsoil shall be reasonably free from subsoils as well as all stumps, roots, brush, stones (1 inch or more in diameter), clay lumps, or similar objects. Brush and other vegetation that will not be incorporated with the topsoil during handling operations shall be removed. Topsoil shall be free from any parts of Johnson grass (Sorgum halepense), Canada thistle (Circium arvense) or phragmites (Phragmites australis) in addition to the following state designated noxious weeds: annual bluegrass (Poa annua), Bermuda grass (Cynodon dactylon), bindweed (Calystegia spp.), cocklebur (Xanthium spp.), corn cockle (Agrostemma githago), dodder (Cuscuta spp.), giant foxtail (Setaria magna), horse nettle (Solanum carolinense), spurred anoda (Anoda spp.), wild garlic (Allium vineale), and wild onion (Allium canadense).

Topsoil shall conform to the standards required by the Maryland State Highway Administration as summarized below. Topsoil, unless otherwise specified or approved, shall have a pH range of approximately 6.0 to 7.5, as determined by laboratory testing. The organic content may not be less than 3% nor more than 20% as determined by the wet-combustion method (chromic acid reduction). Topsoil shall conform to the following size and texture specifications:

SIEVE SIZE	MINIMUM PERCENT SOIL PASSING BY WEIGHT
50.00 mm (2 in.)	100
4.75 mm (No. 4)	90
2.00 mm (No. 10)	80

SOIL PARTICLE SIZES AND TEXTURES	PERCENT PASSING BY WEIGHT
Sand (2.0-0.050 mm)	20-75
Silt (0.050-0.002 mm)	10-60
Clay (less than 0.002 mm)	5-30

901-2.2 INSPECTION AND TESTING. Within 10 days following acceptance of the bid, the Contractor shall notify the MAA Engineer of the proposed source of topsoil to be furnished for the project. The topsoil shall be inspected to determine whether the soil is appropriate for use and conforms to MAA standards. During the inspection, the Contractor may be required to collect representative soil samples from several locations within the area under consideration and to the proposed stripping depths for content analysis as described in Paragraph 2.1 of this Item. Samples shall be tested for pH, content of organic matter, particle size, and texture (percentage of sand, silt, and clay).

**901-2.3 SOILS FOR REPAIR.** Soils to be used for areas in need of repair shall be of equal quality or greater than those that exist in adjacent areas and shall meet the specifications described in Paragraph 901-2.1.

#### **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

901-3.1 GENERAL. Areas receiving topsoil shall be clearly shown on the site plan. If topsoil is available on site, locations of stockpiles or areas to be stripped of topsoil and the associated stripping depths also shall be shown on site plans. Suitable equipment necessary for proper preparation and treatment of the ground surface, stripping of topsoil, and handling and placing of all required materials shall be on site, in good condition, and approved by the MAA Engineer before topsoil operations begin.

901-3.2 PREPARATION OF GROUND SURFACES. Prior to depositing and spreading topsoil on a given area, the surface shall be loosened by discs, spike-tooth harrows, or other means approved by the MAA Engineer, to a minimum depth of 2 inches to facilitate bonding of the topsoil with the soil. The surface of the area receiving topsoil shall be clear of all stones greater than 1 inch in diameter as well as any litter or other materials that may be detrimental to proper bonding, the rise of capillary moisture, or the proper growth of the desired plants. Areas that may be too compact to respond to these operations shall receive special scarification prior to application of any soil.

Grades on the area to receive topsoil, previously established by the Contractor or others, and shown on site plans, shall be maintained in a true and even condition. Where grades have not been established, the areas shall be smooth-graded and the surface left at a prescribed grade in an even and properly compacted condition to prevent, insofar as practical, the formation of low areas or pockets where water may stand. Damages caused by erosion or other forces that occur after the completion of grading shall be repaired prior to the application of topsoil. The Contractor will repair such damages, which may include filling gullies, smoothing irregularities, and repairing other incidental damages prior to the application of topsoil.

**901-3.3 OBTAINING TOPSOIL.** Prior to stripping of the topsoil from designated areas, all vegetation, briers, stumps and large roots, rubbish, and stones that might interfere with subsequent operations shall be removed using methods approved by the Engineer. Heavy sods or other cover shall be removed.

901-3.3.1 SALVAGED TOPSOIL (TOPSOIL OBTAINED ON SITE). When suitable topsoil is available on site, the Contractor shall salvage this material from the areas as indicated on site plans and to the depth directed by the MAA Engineer. The salvaged topsoil shall either be spread on areas that have already been tilled and smooth-graded or stockpiled in areas previously approved by the MAA Engineer and indicated by site plans. Any topsoil stockpiled by the Contractor shall be removed from the site and properly stored at an MAA-designated location for future use. Any topsoil that has been stockpiled on the site by others and is no longer required for topsoiling purposes shall be removed from the site and properly disposed of by the Contractor. All stockpile sites and adjacent areas that have been disturbed by the Contractor shall be graded and put into a condition acceptable for seeding or other landscaping activities.

901-3.3.2 FURNISHED TOPSOIL (TOPSOIL OBTAINED OFF SITE). When topsoil is secured off site, the Contractor shall locate and obtain the supply with the approval of the MAA Engineer. The Contractor shall notify the MAA Engineer sufficiently in advance of operations so that necessary measurements and tests can be performed. The Contractor shall only remove the topsoil from approved areas and to the depth as directed. The topsoil shall be hauled to the site of work and either placed for spreading by others or spread by the Contractor as specified by site plans. Any topsoil hauled to the site of work and stockpiled shall be removed from the site following completion of the task and properly stored at an MAA-designated location for future use.

901-3.4 SPREADING TOPSOIL. Topsoil shall be evenly spread to a minimum uniform depth of 4 inches after compaction on all areas, with the exception of those areas with a finished grade of 4:1 or steeper. In these sloped areas topsoil should be spread to a minimum depth of 4 inches. Spreading shall not occur when the ground or topsoil is frozen, excessively wet, or otherwise in a condition detrimental to the work. Spreading shall be conducted so that turfing operations can proceed with minimal soil preparation.

After spreading the topsoil the Contractor shall collect and dispose of rocks (1 inch or more in diameter), roots, litter, or any other foreign material occurring on the surface of the topsoil. Large stiff clods and hard lumps of soil shall be pulverized. After removal of such objects has been completed, the topsoil shall be graded. Any topsoil or other dirt falling upon pavements as a result of hauling or handling of topsoil shall be promptly removed and disposed of by the Contractor.

901-3.5 SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING. The need for soil stabilization matting will be approved by the MAA Engineer on a project-by-project basis. Soil stabilization matting shall consist of machine-produced mats of wood fibers, wood excelsior, or biodegradable man-made fibers and shall be 40 to 96 inches wide. Matting shall have a uniform thickness and distribution of fibers. All soil stabilization matting shall be smolder resistant. If chemicals are required during application of matting, the chemicals shall be non-leaching, nontoxic to vegetation (including the germination of seed), and non-injurious to the skin.

If excelsior matting is utilized, the top and bottom shall be covered by a biodegradable extruded plastic netting with a maximum mesh size of 2 square inches (50 by 50 mm) or be covered (on the topside) by netting machine sewn on 2-inch (50 mm) centers along the longitudinal axis of the material. The average breaking strength of any two strands of netting shall be at least 5 pounds. Netting shall be entwined with matting fibers in a manner that will provide adequate reinforcement against damage during handling and placement and shall resist degradation for a minimum of six months and a maximum of one year.

901-3.6 STAPLES. Staples shall be either U- or T-shaped steel wire with minimum gauges of No. 11 (3.061 mm) and No. 8 (4.115 mm) respectively. The U-shaped staples shall be at least 6 inches (150 mm) long and average between 1 and 1.5 inches (25 to 40 mm) wide. The T-shaped staples shall have a primary leg 8-inches (200-mm) long, a secondary leg 1-inch (25 mm) long, and a 4-inch (100-mm) head.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

Topsoil will be measured by volume in cubic yards computed by the method of end areas. The quantity of topsoil to be paid for will be measured by the number of square yards measured in place and will account for depth.

901-4.1 Salvaged topsoil (topsoil obtained on site) will be measured by the number of square yards of topsoil measured in its original position, and again after it has been stripped or excavated. Topsoil stockpiled by others and removed for topsoiling by the Contractor will be measured by the number of square yards of topsoil measured to a specific depth in the stockpile. Salvaged topsoil will be measured by volume in either cubic yards computed by the method of end areas or square yards at 1-, 2-, or 4-inch depths.

**901-4.2** Furnished topsoil (topsoil obtained off site) will be measured by the number of square yards of topsoil measured in its original position, and again after it has been stripped or excavated. Furnished topsoil will be measured by volume in either cubic yards computed by the method of end areas or square yards at 1-, 2-, or 4-inch depths.

#### BASIS OF PAYMENT

901-5 Payment will be made at the contract unit price per cubic yard for topsoiling. This price will provide full compensation for furnishing all materials and for all preparations, placing, and spreading of materials, and for all labor, equipment, tolls, and incidentals necessary for the completion of the task.

#### Payment will be made under:

Item 901-5.1	Topsoilper cubic yard
Item 901-5.2	Salvaged Topsoil – per square yard at 1-inch depth
Item 901-5.3	Furnished Topsoil – per square yard at 1-inch depth
Item 901-5.4	Salvaged Topsoil – per square yard at 2-inch depth
Item 901-5.5	Furnished Topsoil – per square yard at 2-inch depth
Item 901-5.6	Salvaged Topsoil – per square yard at 4-inch depth
Item 901-5.7	Furnished Topsoil – per square yard at 4-inch depth

#### **END OF ITEM 901**

#### **ITEM 902 PLANT INSTALLATION**

#### DESCRIPTION

902-1 GENERAL. This item provides specifications for plant materials to be used for landscaping activities. All activities shall conform to the standards described in this specification and occur at locations clearly indicated by site plans or as directed by the MAA Engineer.

#### **MATERIALS**

902-2.1 PLANTS.

**902-2.1.1 SPECIES.** Preferred species that appear in Appendix A "Approved Landscape Plant Material" shall be used unless otherwise approved by the MAA Engineer. The authority for all plant names shall be the current printing of *Hortus Third*¹. Representative samples of every shipment of plant materials shall be labeled as to genus, species, and specified size.

902-2.1.2 HEALTH. All plants, unless otherwise specifically permitted, shall conform to the standards of the current edition of American Standard for Nursery Stock² as approved by the American Standards Institute, Inc. All plants, unless otherwise specifically permitted, shall be nursery grown and shall have been grown within plant hardiness zones 5, 6, 7, or the Virginia portion of zone 8A as recorded in the current edition of USDA Plant Hardiness Zone Map³, prepared by the U.S. National Arboretum, Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. All plant materials shall have normal, well developed branches and a vigorous root system. They shall be healthy plants free from physical defects, plant diseases, and insect pests. Plant materials grown in fields or blocks that show evidence of containing any parts of Johnson grass (Sorgum halepense), Canada thistle (Cirsium arvense), or Phragmites (Phragmites australis) will not be accepted. Shade and flowering trees shall be symmetrically balanced. Major branches shall not have V-shaped crotches capable of causing structural weakness. Trunks shall be free of unhealed branch removal wounds greater than 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter. Shade trees shall have a single main trunk. Trunks shall be free of branches below the following heights:

- 1-1/2 to 2-1/2 inch (40- to 65-mm) caliper trees = 5 feet (1.5 meter) height
- 3-inch (75 mm)-caliper and greater trees = 6 feet (1.8 meter) height.

**902-2.1.3 INSPECTION AND TESTING.** The initial inspection for conformance with these specifications will be made at the nursery, holding area, or job site. The condition of all plant material will be subject to reinspection for the life of the Contract. Inspection and tagging of plant material with a MAA seal prior to digging will occur at the discretion of the MAA

¹ Staff of the L.H. Bailey Hortorium, Cornell University, 1976. Hortus Third; A Concise Dictionary of Plants Cultivated in the United States and Canada. Barnes and Noble, Inc. New York, New York.

² American Nursery and Landscape Association, 1990. American Standard for Nursery Stock.

³ US National Arboretum, Agricultural Research Service, US Department of Agriculture, 1990. *USDA Plant Hardiness Zone Map*.

Engineer. Material arriving with broken seals (if tagging is required), broken or loose root balls, mechanical damage, insufficient protection and/or shriveled or undeveloped roots will not be accepted. All container grown plants shall be well rooted, vigorous, and established in the size pot specified, shall have well balanced tops for the pot size, and shall not be root bound. All plant materials shall be declared and certified free from disease and insects of any kind as required by law for the necessary interstate or interdistrict transportation.

- **902-2.1.4 SUBSTITUTION OF PLANT MATERIALS.** No substitutions shall be made without the permission of the MAA Office of Facilities Planning. In cases where plant materials are not available at the time of planting, the Contractor shall submit, in writing, evidence that the plants are unavailable. If necessary, MAA will determine suitable substitutions.
- 902-2.2 FERTILIZER. Fertilizer, if necessary, shall be standard commercial fertilizer and shall meet the requirements of applicable state and federal laws as well as standards set forth by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.
- **902-2.3 SOIL AMENDMENTS.** Soil amendments shall be commercial grade and shall meet the requirements of applicable state and federal laws as well as standards set forth by the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.
- 902-2.4 WATER. All water used shall be obtained from fresh water sources and shall be free from injurious chemicals and other toxic substances harmful to plant life. Brackish water shall not be used at any time. The Contractor shall identify all sources of water to the Engineer at least two weeks prior to use. The Engineer may take samples of the water at the source or from the tank at any time and submit the samples to a laboratory to identify chemical and saline content. The Contractor shall not use any water from any source that is disapproved by the Engineer following such tests.

#### **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

- 902-3.1 GENERAL. This section provides approved methods for installation of plant material and includes specifications for soil preparation, fertilization, installation, and post-installation care. Prior to beginning any planting activities, a planting design prepared by a landscape architect or a qualified official shall be submitted to and approved by the MAA Office of Facilities Planning on behalf of the MAA Engineer. The planting design shall be to scale and clearly show the species to be planted, locations of individual plants, size of individual plants, and spacing requirements. The MAA Office of Facilities Planning shall approve deviations from an approved design. The approved planting design shall be kept on site during all working hours.
- 902-3.2 PREPARATION OF GROUND SURFACES. Areas designated for planting shall be properly prepared before plant installation occurs. The soil of a properly prepared planting bed shall be loose and friable to a minimum depth of 1 foot (30.5 cm), laboratory tested, and properly amended based on laboratory recommendations. The soil of a properly prepared planting bed shall be free of any stones larger than 1 inch in diameter, sticks, stumps, and/or other debris that may interfere with plant installation, growth of plant material, and subsequent maintenance of

- planted areas. The soil of a properly prepared planting bed shall be properly graded to conform with the required lines, grades, and cross sections as shown on the planting design plan.
- **902-3.2.1 TOPSOIL.** Topsoil, if necessary, shall conform to the standards and be incorporated with existing soils according to procedures described in Item 901 "TOPSOILING" prior to laboratory analysis of soil and subsequent addition of any necessary soil amendments.
- **902-3.2.2 FERTILIZER.** Fertilizer, if necessary, shall be applied at concentrations and rates suggested by the soil testing laboratory based on results of soil analysis. Fertilizer, unless otherwise specified, shall be added by hand on a plant-by-plant basis. Unless specifically required, lime shall not be added to areas to be planted.
- 902-3.2.3 SOIL AMENDMENTS. Soil amendments shall be added according to recommendations made by the laboratory based on analytical results. These recommendations shall be provided to and approved by the MAA Engineer prior to amendment of any soil.
- **902-3.3 OBTAINING PLANT MATERIAL.** Plant material shall be free from all pests and diseases and conform to the standards described in Section 902-2 "MATERIALS."
- **902-3.3.1 NURSERY STOCK PLANTS.** Nursery stock plants shall be obtained from a nursery certified by the Associated Landscape Contractors of America.
- 902-3.3.2 TRANSPLANTED PLANTS. Plants approved for transplanting shall be vigorous and free from all pest infestations and/or diseases. Potential plant materials for transplanting shall be inspected by a Licensed Arborist and subsequently approved by the MAA Engineer. Plants approved for transplanting shall be dug up, cared for, and transported according to the standards of the Associated Landscape Contractors of America.
- 902-3.4 PLACEMENT OF PLANT MATERIALS. Prior to installation of plant material, the site design shall be reviewed, and individual plants shall be placed at locations on the prepared bed as indicated by the site design. Once the design layout has been marked on the prepared bed, the Contractor shall determine if the proposed sizes and spacing of plants are reasonable. Alterations to the landscape design shall be performed by a qualified Landscape Architect and approved by the MAA Office of Facilities Planning on behalf of the MAA Engineer. The planted bed shall be graded to the specifications indicated by the site design.
- **902-3.5 INSTALLATION OF PLANT MATERIAL.** All plant material shall be installed in satisfactorily prepared beds according to the methods detailed in *Landscape Specification Guidelines* published by the Associated Landscape Contractors of America. Portions of these guidelines relevant to digging, backfilling, and securing of plant materials are included as Appendix B.

If circumstances exist that delay installation of plant material, the Contractor shall provide adequate care required to maintain the plants in a healthy condition until installation can be performed. Such care may include watering, protection from excessive sun and wind exposure,

and protection from damage by wildlife. Plants must be stored in a location that does not cause an increased risk of wildlife strike hazards and is approved by the MAA Engineer (plant material must not be stored near aircraft operation areas or approach/departure paths). Materials that deteriorate beyond the potential for recovery shall not be installed. It will be the Contractor's responsibility to replace these items at no additional cost to MAA.

902-3.5 POST INSTALLATION. After installation of all plant materials to a bed, subsequent activities such as seeding, sodding, or mulching shall be conducted as indicated by the site design. Methods for completion of these activities shall conform to the standards set forth in Items 903 "Seeding," 904 "Sodding," and 905 "Mulching."

902-3.6 MAINTENANCE. Maintenance of installed plant material includes watering, weed and pest control, health inspections, and replacements as needed.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

902-4 This item will be measured on a per plant basis.

#### BASIS OF PAYMENT

902-5 This item will be paid for on a per plant basis.

Payment will be made under Item 902-5 Planting.

**END OF ITEM 902** 

#### **ITEM 903 SEEDING**

#### DESCRIPTION

**903-1.1 GENERAL.** This item provides specifications for seeding of areas as designated on plans or as directed by the MAA Engineer. The species, mixtures, and methods of application provided in this item have been designed to reduce the attractiveness of airport grounds to wildlife. Only MAA-approved species, mixtures, and rates of application provided in this item may be used to establish vegetation. All activities associated with seeding including soil preparation, seed application, fertilization, and maintenance shall also conform to these approved standards.

#### **MATERIALS**

903-2.1 SEED. All seed shall comply with the Maryland Seed Law (Agricultural Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland). Only MAA-approved species, mixtures, and rates of application provided in this item may be used to establish vegetation. Seed will be sampled and tested by an inspector from the Turf and Seed Section, Maryland Department of Agriculture (MDA), Annapolis, Maryland. All lawn and turf seed and mixtures shall be free from the following state-listed restricted noxious weeds:

corn cockle (Agrostemma githago), bentgrass (Agrostis spp.)⁴, redtop (Agrostis gigantea) ¹ wild onion (Allium canadense), wild garlic (Allium vineale), bindweed (Calstegia spp.), dodder (Cuscuta spp.), Bermuda grass (Cynodon dactylon), orchardgrass (Dactylis glomerata). tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea) 1 meadow fescue (Festuca pratensis) 1, velvetgrass (Holcus lanatus), annual bluegrass (Poa annua), rough bluegrass (*Poa trivialis*)¹, timothy (Phleum pratense), and Johnson grass (Sorgum halepense).

Restricted noxious-weed seed may not exceed 0.5 percent by weight of any seed mixture. In addition, all seeds sold in Maryland shall be free from the following listed prohibited noxious weeds: balloonvine (*Cardiospermum halicacabum*), quackgrass (*Elytrigia repens*), sicklepod (*Senna obtusifolia*), sorghum (*Sorghum* spp.), Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), plumeless thistle

⁴ These species may be included as a labeled component of a mixture when each is present in excess of five percent of the mixture by weight.

(Carduus spp.-includes musk thistle and curled thistle), and serrated tussock (Nassella trichotoma).

**903-2.1.1 APPROVED SPECIES.** The following table contains species that are approved by MAA for use in seed mixtures. Purity requirements and germination requirements are also provided.

	APPROVED PLANT SPECIES MAA SEED MIXTURES		
	Purity ^a Not Less than %	Minimum % Germination ^b	Pure Live Seed Factor
Certified Turf-Type Tall Fescue (Festuca arundinacea)	98	90	1.13
Certified Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa pratensis)	90	80	1.39
Fowl Bluegrass (Poa palustris)	90	80	1.39
Hard Fescue (Festuca longifolia)	98	90	1.13
Chewings Red Fescue (Festuca rubra commutata)	98	90	1.13
Annual Ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum)	95	85	1.24
Perennial Ryegrass (Lolium perenne)	90	80	1.39
Creeping Bentgrass (Agrostis stolonifera)	90	80	1.39
Switchgrass (Panicum virgatum)	90	80	1.39
Little Bluestem (Andropogon scoparius)	62	94	1.71

^a The percentage weight of pure seed present shall be free of any agriculture seeds, inert matter, and other seeds distinguishable by their appearance.

**903-2.1.2 PURITY.** All seed shall be free of all state-designated noxious weeds listed in Paragraph 2.1.1 and conform to MAA specifications. To ensure compliance, MAA requires sampling and testing of seed by the Turf and Seed Section, Maryland Department of Agriculture (MDA). The Contractor shall furnish the MAA Engineer with duplicate signed copies of a statement by the Turf and Seed Section certifying that each lot of seed has been laboratory tested within six months of date of delivery. This statement shall include the following information:

- name and address of laboratory,
- date of test.
- lot number,
- the results of tests as to name, percentages of purity and of germination,

^b The percentage of germination shall be actual sprouts and shall not include hard seeds unless specifically permitted by the MAA Engineer.

- percentage of weed content for the seed furnished,
- and, in the case of a mixture, the proportions of each kind of seed.

Seed shall be furnished in standard containers with the seed name, lot number, net weight, percentages of purity, germination rate and hard seed, and percentage of maximum weed seed content clearly marked. All seed containers shall be tagged with a MDA supervised mix program seed tag.

903-2.1.3 MIXTURES AND APPLICATION RATES. Only seed mixtures and application rates described in this item may be used unless otherwise approved by the MAA Engineer. Seed mixtures shall meet criteria detailed in Paragraph 903-2.1.2. Seed mixtures have been formulated to minimize the attractiveness of areas to wildlife of common landscape scenarios. The appropriate seed mixture for application will be designated based on environmental conditions and may vary from site to site. All planting rates listed are in pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS) per acre.

Seed mixtures, application scenarios, and rates for permanent cool-season grasses are as follows:

- a. <u>Seed Mixture No. 1</u> relatively flat areas (grade less than 4:1) subject to normal conditions and regular mowing (Application rate = 234 lbs PLS/acre);
- b. <u>Seed Mixture No. 2</u> sloped areas (grade greater than 4:1) not subject to regular mowing (Application rate = 115 lbs PLS/acre); and
- c. <u>Seed Mixture No. 3</u> wetlands and their associated buffer zones (Application rate = 131 lbs PLS/acre).

<u>Seed Mixture No. 1:</u> Relatively flat areas regularly mowed and exposed to normal conditions (Application rate = 234 lbs PLS/acre)

	Rate of
	Application
Seed	(lbs of PLS/acre)
85% Certified Turf-Type Tall Fescue	192
10% Certified Kentucky Bluegrass	28
5% Perennial Ryegrass	14
Supplemental Seed	
Annual Ryegrass	25

<u>Seed Mixture No. 2.</u> Sloped areas not subject to regular mowing (Application rate = 115 lbs PLS/acre)

Seed	Rate of Application (lbs of PLS/acre)
75% Hard Fescue 20% Chewings Fescue 5% Kentucky Bluegrass	85 23 7
Supplemental Seed	
Redtop	3

<u>Seed Mixture No. 3 - Wetland areas and their associated buffer zones (Application rate = 131 lbs PLS/acre)</u>

Seed		Rate of Application (lbs of PLS/acre)
60% 30% 10%	Creeping Bent Grass Fowl Bluegrass Switchgrass	83 34 14
Suppl	emental Seed	
Redto	p	3

903-2.1.4 SEEDING SEASONS. Application of seed and seed mixtures shall occur within a specified seeding season unless otherwise approved by the MAA Engineer. No seed or seed mixtures are to be applied on frozen ground or when the temperature is at or below 35 degrees Farenheit (7.2 degrees Centigrade). Under these conditions, a layer of mulch should be applied in accordance with Item 905, Mulching, to stabilize the site, and permanent seeding should occur in the subsequent seeding season. Seed application may occur during the seeding season dates listed below. Seeding performed after October 20 should be a temporary cover of annual ryegrass and followed by overseeding of the appropriate seed mixture during the spring seeding season.

	SEEDING SEASONS
Permanent Cool-Season Grasses	March 1 to April 20 and August 1 to October 20, inclusive
Temporary Cover of Annual Rye/Redtop	March 1 to April 30 and August 1 to November 30, inclusive
Temporary Cover of Warm-Season Grasses (Little Bluestem only)	May 1 to July 31, inclusive. Rate of application should be 13.6 lbs. PLS per acre.

Seeding seasons are based on typical years and can be subject to variation, which may be modified by the MAA Engineer based on seasonal trends.

If the time required to complete any of the operations necessary under this item, within the specified planting season or any authorized extensions thereof, extends beyond the Contract period, then such time will be charged against the Contract time, and liquidated damages will be enforced with respect to this portion of work.

903-2.2 LIME. Lime shall consist of ground limestone and contain at least 85 percent total carbonates. Lime shall be ground to a fineness so that at least 90 percent will pass through a No. 20 mesh sieve and 50 percent will pass through a No. 100 mesh sieve. Dolomitic lime or a high magnesium lime shall contain at least 10 percent magnesium oxide. Lime shall be applied by approved methods detailed in Section 903-3.3 of this item. The rate of application will be based on results of soil tests.

903-2.3 FERTILIZER. Fertilizer shall be standard commercial fertilizer (supplied separately or in mixtures) and meet the requirements of applicable state and federal laws (O-F-241) as well as standards of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists. Nitrogen-Phosphorus-Potassium (N-P-K) concentrations shall be determined from analysis of soil samples. Methods of fertilizer application shall conform to standards described in Section 903-3.3 of this item. Fertilizer shall be furnished in standard containers that are clearly labeled with name, weight, and guaranteed analysis of the contents (percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and water-soluble potash). Mixed fertilizers shall not contain any hydrated lime or cyanamide compounds. Fertilizers failing to meet the specified analysis may be approved by the MAA Engineer, providing sufficient materials are applied to conform with the specified nutrients per unit of measure without additional cost to MAA.

The fertilizers may be supplied in the following forms:

- a. A dry, free-flowing fertilizer suitable for application by a common fertilizer spreader;
- b. A finely ground fertilizer soluble in water, suitable for application by power sprayers; or
- c. A granular or pellet form suitable for application by blower equipment.

The rate of application will be based on results of soil tests performed by the University of Maryland Soil Testing Laboratory. By law, persons applying fertilizer to State-owned land shall follow the recommendations of the University of Maryland as set forth in the "Plant Nutrient Recommendations Based on Soil Tests for Turf Maintenance" and the "Plant Nutrient Recommendations Based on Soil Tests for Sod Production" (see Appendix B). Application of the fertilizer shall be in a manner that is consistent with the recommendations of the University of Maryland Cooperative Extension.

# CONSTRUCTION METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

**903-3.1 GENERAL.** This section provides approved methods for the application of and includes standards for seedbed preparation, methods of application, and equipment to be used during the process. Lime and fertilizer shall be applied to seeded areas before the seed is spread. The mixture of seed will be determined for sites based on environmental conditions as described in Paragraph 903-2.1.3.

903-3.2 ADVANCE PREPARATION. Areas designated for seeding shall be properly prepared in advance of seed application. The area shall be tilled and graded prior to application of lime and fertilizer, and the surface area shall be cleared of any stones larger than 1 inch in diameter, sticks, stumps, and other debris that might interfere with sowing of seed, growth of grasses, or subsequent maintenance of grass-covered areas. Damage caused by erosion or other forces that occur after the completion of grading shall be repaired prior to the application of fertilizer and lime. The Contractor will repair such damage, which may include filling gullies, smoothing irregularities, and repairing other incidental damage before beginning the application of fertilizer and ground limestone.

If an area to be seeded is sparsely sodded, weedy, barren and unworked, or packed and hard, all grass and weeds shall first be cut or otherwise satisfactorily disposed of, and the soil then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth not less than 5 inches (125 mm). Clods shall be broken and the top 3 inches (75 mm) of soil shall be worked into a satisfactory condition by discing or by use of cultipackers, rollers, drags, harrows, or other appropriate means.

An area to be seeded shall be considered a satisfactory seedbed (without requiring additional treatment) if it has recently been thoroughly loosened and worked to a depth of not less than 5 inches; the top 3 inches of soil is loose, friable, and is reasonably free from large clods, rocks, large roots, or other undesirable matter; appropriate amounts of fertilizer and lime have been added; and, if it has been shaped to the required grade immediately prior to seeding. For slope areas steeper than 3:1 (three horizontal to one vertical), the subsoil shall be loose to a depth of 1 inch.

After completion of tilling and grading, lime and fertilizer shall be applied within 48 hours according to the specified rate (Paragraphs 903-2.2 and 2.3) and methods (Paragraphs 903-3.3.1 and 903-3.3.2) approved by MAA. The seeding mixture shall be applied within 48 hours after application of lime and fertilizer. To firm the seeded areas, cultipacking shall occur immediately after seeding.

**903-3.3 METHODS OF APPLICATION.** Lime, fertilizer, and seed mixes shall be applied by either the dry or wet application methods that have been approved by MAA and are detailed below.

## 903-3.3.1 DRY APPLICATION METHOD

- **a. Liming.** If soil test results indicate that lime is needed, the following procedures will be used: following advance preparation of the seedbed, lime shall be applied prior to the application of any fertilizer or seed and only on seedbeds that have been prepared as described in paragraph 903-3.2. The lime shall be uniformly spread and worked into the top 2 inches of soil, after which the seedbed shall be properly graded again.
- **b.** Fertilizing. Following advance preparations (and liming if necessary), fertilizer shall be spread uniformly at the specified rate to provide no less than the minimum quantity stated in Paragraph 903-2.3.
- **c. Seeding.** Seed mixtures shall be sown immediately after fertilization of the seedbed. The fertilizer and seed shall be lightly raked to a depth of 1 inch for newly graded and disturbed areas.
- **d.** Rolling. After the seed has been properly covered, the seedbed shall be immediately compacted using a cultipacker or an approved lawnroller.

#### 903-3.3.2 WET APPLICATION METHOD/HYDROSEEDING

- **a. General.** The Contractor may elect to apply seed and fertilizer as per Paragraphs c and d of this section in the form of an aqueous mixture by spraying over the previously prepared seedbed using methods and equipment approved by MAA. The rates of application shall be as specified in Paragraphs 903-2.1 through 903-2.3.
- **b. Spraying Equipment.** The spraying equipment shall have a container or water tank equipped with a liquid level gauge capable of reading increments of 50 gallons or less over the entire range of the tank capacity. The liquid level gauge shall be mounted so as to be visible to the nozzle operator at all times. The container or tank shall also be equipped with a mechanical power-driven agitator capable of keeping all the solids in the mixture in complete suspension at all times until used.

The spraying equipment shall also include a pressure pump capable of delivering 100 gallons per minute at a pressure of 100 pounds per square inch. The pressure pump assemblage shall be configured to allow the mixture to flow through the tank when not being sprayed from the nozzle. All pump passages and pipelines shall be capable of providing clearance for 5/8-inch solids. The power unit for the pump and agitator shall have controls mounted so as to be accessible to the nozzle operator. A pressure gauge shall be connected to and mounted immediately behind the nozzle.

The nozzle pipe shall be mounted on an elevated supporting stand in such a manner that it can be rotated through 360 degrees horizontally and inclined vertically from at least 20 degrees below to at least 60 degrees above the horizontal. There shall be a quick-acting, three-way control valve connecting the recirculating line to the nozzle pipe and mounted so that the nozzle operator can control and regulate the amount of flow of mixture to be supplied so that mixtures may be properly sprayed over a distance varying from 20 feet to 100 feet. One shall be a close-range ribbon nozzle, one a medium-range ribbon nozzle, and one a long-range jet nozzle. For ease of removal and cleaning, all nozzles shall be connected to the nozzle pipe by means of quick-release couplings. In order to reach areas inaccessible to the regular equipment, an extension hose at least 50 feet in length shall be provided to which the nozzles may be connected.

**c. Mixtures.** Lime shall be applied separately in the quantity specified, prior to the fertilizing and seeding operations. Lime should be added to and mixed with water at a concentration not to exceed 220 pounds of lime for every 100 gallons of water. After lime has been applied, the tank should be emptied and rinsed with fresh water. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed together in the relative proportions specified, but the resulting concentration should not exceed 220 pounds of mixture per 100 gallons of water and should be applied within 30 minutes to prevent fertilizer burn of the seeds.

All water used shall be obtained from fresh water sources and shall be free from injurious chemicals and other toxic substances harmful to plant life. Brackish water shall not be used at any time. The Contractor shall identify all sources of water to the MAA Engineer at least two weeks prior to use. The Engineer may take samples of the water at the source or from the tank at any time and have a laboratory test the samples for chemical and saline content. The Contractor shall not use any water from any source that is disapproved by the Engineer following such tests.

All mixtures shall be constantly agitated from the time they are mixed until they are finally applied to the seedbed. All such mixtures shall be used within 30 minutes from the time they were mixed or they shall be wasted and disposed of at a location acceptable to the Engineer.

d. Spraying. Lime shall be sprayed upon previously prepared seedbeds on which the lime, if required, shall have been worked in already. The mixtures shall be applied using a high-pressure spray which shall always be directed upward into the air so that the mixtures will fall to the ground in a uniform spray. Nozzles or sprays shall never be directed toward the ground in such a manner that might produce erosion or runoff. Particular care shall be exercised to ensure that the application is made uniformly, at the prescribed rate, and to guard against misses and overlapped areas. Predetermined quantities of the mixture shall be used in accordance with specifications to cover specified sections of known areas. To checks the rate and uniformity of application, the applicator will observe the degree of wetting of the ground or distribute test sheets of

paper or pans over the area at intervals and observe the quantity of material deposited thereon.

On surfaces that are to be mulched as indicated by the plans or designated by the MAA Engineer, seed and fertilizer applied by the spray method need not be raked into the soil or rolled. However, on surfaces on which mulch is not to be used, the raking and rolling operations will be required after the soil has dried.

903-3.4 MAINTENANCE OF SEEDED AREAS. The contractor shall protect seeded areas against traffic or other use by warning signs or barricades, as approved by the Engineer. Surfaces gullied or otherwise damaged following seeding shall be repaired by regrading and reseeding as directed. The Contractor shall mow, water as directed, and otherwise maintain seeded areas in a satisfactory condition until final inspection and acceptance of the work.

When either the dry or wet application method outlined above is used for work performed out of season, the Contractor will be required to establish a good stand of grass of uniform color and density to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If at the time when the contract has been otherwise completed it is not possible to make an adequate determination of the color, density, and uniformity of such stand of grass, payment for the unaccepted portions of the areas seeded out of season will be withheld until such time as these requirements have been met.

# METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

903-4 The quantity of seeding to be paid for shall be the numbers of acres (or square yard) or portions thereof, measured on the ground surface, completed, and accepted. Separate measurements will be made of the areas seeded with the several seed mixtures specified. No distinction will be made between "graded" areas and "undisturbed" areas in arriving at the total acreage (or square yard) for each area seeded with specified seed mixes. No separate measurements will be made of graded and undisturbed areas for purposes of separate payments.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

903-5.1 The quantity, determined as provided above, will be paid for at the contract unit price per acre (or square yard), or fraction thereof, for seeding, which price and payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and placing all material, including fertilizers, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the work prescribed in the item.

Payment will be made under:

Item 903-5.1	Seeding Mixture No. 1 per acre
	Seeding Mixture No. 1 per square yard
	Seeding Mixture No. 2 per acre
Item 903-5.4	Seeding Mixture No. 2 per square yard

Item 903-5.5	Seeding Mixture No. 3 per acre
Item 903-5.6	Seeding Mixture No. 3 per square yard
Item 903-5.7	Amendments – per acre
Item 903-5.8	Amendments – per square yard
Item 903-5.9	Fertilizer – per acre
Item 903-5.10	Fertilizer – per square yard

# **END OF ITEM 903**

#### **ITEM 904 SODDING**

#### DESCRIPTION

**904-1** This item provides standards for furnishing, hauling, and placing approved live sod on prepared areas as indicated on site plans. Sod will only be applied to landscape areas and shall be moved frequently. All sodding activities shall conform to these specifications at the locations shown on site plans or as directed by the MAA Engineer.

#### **MATERIALS**

- 904-2.1 SOD. Sod furnished by the Contractor shall have a good cover of living or growing grass. This includes grass that is seasonally dormant during the cold or dry seasons and capable of renewing growth after the dormant period. All sod shall be obtained from areas in which the soil is reasonably fertile and contains a high percentage of loamy topsoil. Sod shall be cut or stripped from living, thickly matted turf relatively free of weeds or other undesirable foreign plants, large stones, roots, or other materials that might be detrimental to the development of the sod or to future maintenance. Grass sod shall be Maryland-certified or approved and shall comply with the Maryland Sod Law of the Annotated Code of Maryland (Agricultural Article Sections 9-101 through 9-110). Each load of sod shall bear a Maryland State Approved or Certified label at the time of delivery on the job. Sod shall be either: (1) Bluegrass sod containing not less than 80 percent Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis) and not more than 20 percent Red Fescue (Festuca rubra); or (2) certified turf type-tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea) sod containing not less than 80 percent certified turf type-tall fescue (Festuca arundinacea) grass and not more than 20 percent Kentucky Bluegrass (Poa pratensis) and Red Fescue (Festuca rubra). Any vegetation more than 6 inches in height shall be moved to a height of 3 inches or less before sod is lifted. Sod, including the soil containing the roots and the emergent plant growth, shall be cut uniformly to a thickness not less than that specified in Section 904-3.4.
- 904-2.2 LIME. Lime shall conform to standards described in Section 903, "Seeding."
- **904-2.3 FERTILIZER.** Fertilizers and application methods shall conform to the standards previously described in Section 903, "Seeding."
- **904-2.4 WATER.** All water shall conform to the standards previously described in Paragraph 902-2.4, "Water."
- 904-2.5 SOILS FOR REPAIR. All soils for repairs shall conform to the standards previously described in Paragraph 901-2.3, "Soils for Repair."

## **CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

**904-3.1 GENERAL.** Areas to be sodded shall be clearly indicated by site plans. Areas requiring special ground surface preparation, such as tilling, and those areas in a satisfactory condition that are to remain undisturbed shall also be shown on the plans.

Suitable equipment necessary for proper preparation of the ground surface and for the handling and placing of all required materials shall be on hand, in good condition, and shall be approved by the MAA Engineer before sodding operations begin. The Contractor shall demonstrate to the MAA Engineer, before starting the various operations, that the application of required materials, such as fertilizer and limestone, will be made at the specified rates.

904-3.2 ADVANCE PREPARATION. If the area to be sodded is sparsely vegetated, weedy, barren and unworked, or packed and hard, all existing herbaceous vegetation shall be removed. The soil shall then be scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of at least 5 inches (125 mm). Clods shall be pulverized, and the top 3 inches (75 mm) of soil shall be worked into a satisfactory bed by discing or use of cultipackers, rollers, drags, harrows, or other equipment approved by the MAA Engineer. The area shall then be properly graded as indicated by site plans.

After grading of areas is complete and prior to the application of fertilizer and limestone, areas to be sodded shall be raked or otherwise cleared of stones larger than 1 inch in diameter, sticks, stumps, and other debris which might interfere with sodding, growth of grasses, or subsequent maintenance of grass-covered areas. If any damage by erosion or other causes has occurred after grading of areas and before beginning the application of fertilizer and ground limestone, the Contractor shall repair such damage. This may include filling gullies, smoothing irregularities, and repairing other incidental damage.

An area to be sodded will be considered a satisfactory seedbed without requiring additional treatment if it recently has been thoroughly loosened and worked to a depth of at least 5 inches as a result of grading operations and, if immediately prior to sodding, the top 3 inches of soil is loose, friable, reasonably free from large clods, rocks, large roots, or other undesirable matter, and is shaped to the required grade. For slope areas steeper than 3:1 (three horizontal to one vertical) the subsoil shall be loosened to a depth of 1 inch. Lime and fertilizer shall be applied within 48 hours after tilling as described in 903-3.3 and 3.4. The sod shall be applied immediately after the lime and fertilizer have been worked into the soil.

904-3.3 APPLICATION OF FERTILIZER AND LIME. Following ground surface preparation, fertilizer shall be uniformly spread as described in Section 903-3.3 at a rate that will provide at least the minimum quantity of fertilizer required. If the use of ground limestone is specified, it shall be spread as described in Section 903-3.3, "Methods of Application"; at a rate that will provide at least the minimum quantity of lime required. These materials shall be incorporated into the soil to a depth of at least 2 inches by discing, raking, or other methods

approved by the MAA Engineer. Any stones larger than 1 inch in diameter, large clods, roots, and other litter brought to the surface by this operation shall be removed.

904-3.4 OBTAINING AND DELIVERING SOD. The sod shall be well rooted, grown in the State of Maryland, and field grown for a minimum of 12 months. After inspection and approval of the sod by the MAA Engineer, the sod shall be cut with approved sod cutters to such a thickness that after placement on the prepared bed, but before compaction, it shall have a uniform attached soil thickness of at least 0.75 inch. Sod sections or strips shall be cut in uniform widths of at least 14 inches and in lengths of at least 18 inches, but not to lengths that might inhibit placement without breaking, tearing, or loss of soil. Where strips are required, the sod shall be rolled or folded undamaged, with the grass facing inward. The Contractor may be required to mow high grass before cutting sod.

Sod shall be transplanted within 24 hours from the time of harvest unless circumstances beyond the Contractor's control make storage necessary. In such cases, sod shall be stacked, kept moist, protected from exposure to the air and sun, and shall be kept from freezing. Sod shall only be harvested and moved when soil moisture conditions are such that favorable results can be expected. Where soil is too dry, permission to cut sod may be granted only after it has been sufficiently watered to moisten the soil to the depth at which the sod will be cut.

904-3.5 PLACING SOD. Sodding shall only be performed during seasons when satisfactory results can be expected. Frozen sod shall not be used and sod shall not be placed upon frozen soil. Sod may be transplanted during periods of drought with the approval of the MAA Engineer, provided the sod bed is watered to moisten the soil to a depth of at least 4 inches immediately prior to laying the sod.

The sod shall be moist and shall be placed on a bed, prepared according to Paragraphs 904-3.2 "Advance Preparation", and 904-3.3, "Application of Fertilizer and Lime" by hand. Pitchforks shall not be used to handle sod, and dumping from vehicles shall not be permitted. The sod shall be placed carefully by hand, edge to edge and with staggered joints, in rows at right angles to the slopes, starting at the base of the area to be sodded and working upward. The sod shall immediately be pressed firmly into contact with the sod bed by tamping or rolling with approved equipment to provide a true and even surface, and ensure knitting without displacement of the sod or deformation of the surfaces of sodded areas. Where the sod has been displaced during sodding operations, the workmen replacing it shall work from ladders or treaded planks to prevent further displacement. Where the grades are such that the flow of water will be from paved surfaces across sodded areas, the surface of the soil in the sod after compaction shall be set approximately 1.5 inches below the pavement edge. Where the flow will be over the sodded areas and onto the paved surfaces around manholes and inlets, the surface of the soil in the sod after compaction shall be placed flush with pavement edges.

On slopes steeper than 1:2.5 and in V-shaped or flat-bottom ditches or gutters, the sod shall be secured with wooden pegs at least 18 inches long and a cross-sectional area of at least 0.75-square inch, or by other methods of securing sod approved by the MAA Engineer. The pegs shall be driven flush with the surface of the sod. The pegs shall be of sufficient number and at

adequate spacing to secure sod from displacement. The use of sod staples or other means of securing the sod from displacement may be approved by the MAA Engineer provided satisfactory results are expected.

904-3.6 WATERING. Adequate water and watering equipment shall be on hand before sodding begins, and sod shall be kept moist until it has become established and its continued growth assured. In all cases, watering shall be done in a manner that will avoid erosion from the application of excessive quantities and will avoid damage to the finished surface.

#### 904-3.7 ESTABLISHING TURF.

- **904-3.7.1 GENERAL.** The Contractor shall provide general care for the sodded areas as soon as the sod has been laid and shall continue to provide such care until final inspection and acceptance of the work.
- **904-3.7.2 PROTECTION.** All sodded areas shall be protected against traffic or other use by warning signs and barricades approved by the MAA Engineer.
- **904-3.7.3 MOWING.** The Contractor shall mow the sodded areas with approved mowing equipment, depending upon climatic and growth conditions and the needs for mowing of specific areas. In the event that weeds or other undesirable vegetation establishes to such an extent that, either cut or uncut, they threaten to smother the sodded species, the weeds shall be mowed and the clippings raked and removed from the area. Spot applications of an appropriate herbicide by a licensed applicator shall be approved by the MAA Engineer to remove invasive species. The appropriate herbicide shall be determined on a case-by-case basis, depending on the location and type of weed.
- **904-3.7.4 REPAIR.** When the surface has become gullied or otherwise damaged during the period covered by this contract, the affected areas shall be repaired to re-establish the grade and the condition of the soil and shall then be re-sodded as specified in Paragraph 904-3.5, "Placing Sod", at the Contractor's expense.

# METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

**904-4** This item will be measured on the basis of the area in square yards of the surface covered with sod and accepted.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

904-5 This item will be paid for on the basis of the contract unit price per square yard for sodding. The price will provide full compensation for all labor, equipment, material, staking, and incidentals necessary to satisfactorily complete the items as specified.

# Payment will be made under:

Item 904-5.1 Sodding—per square yard.
Item 904-5.2 Amendments – per square yard
Item 904-5.3 Fertilizer – per square yard

**END OF ITEM 904** 

#### **ITEM 905 MULCHING**

#### DESCRIPTION

**905-1.1 GENERAL.** This item provides the Contractor with MAA-approved specifications for mulch and the application of mulch including distribution of mulch and securing of mulched areas. Areas to be mulched will be clearly shown on site plans or otherwise designated by the MAA Engineer.

#### **MATERIALS**

- 905-2.1 TYPES OF MULCH. Acceptable mulch shall be composed of the materials listed below or composed of any locally available materials that are similar to those specified and approved by the MAA Engineer. Low-grade, shalely, soiled, partially rotted hay, straw, or other materials unfit for animal consumption will not be acceptable for use as mulch. Straw or other material that is fresh, excessively brittle, or is in such an advanced stage of decomposition as to smother or retard the planted grass, is not acceptable. Clean, weed-free straw may be used. Mulch materials containing matured seed with the potential to establish and be detrimental to the project or the surrounding area is not acceptable.
  - **a. Shredded Hardwood Bark**. Shredded hardwood bark shall consist of hardwood tree bark that has been milled and screened to ensure a maximum 4-inch (100-mm) particle size, provide a uniform texture, and be free from sawdust, toxic substances, and other foreign materials.
  - **b.** Wood Chips. Wood chips shall be produced by a chipping machine to a size specified by the MAA Engineer. Chips may not have been subjected to any conditions that would shorten their useful life or cause them to lose any of their value as mulch. Wood chips shall be free from bark, leaves, twigs, wood shavings, sawdust, toxic substances, and other foreign material.
  - c. Wood Cellulose Fiber. Wood cellulose fiber shall consist of a processed wood product with uniform fiber characteristics. The fiber shall be capable of remaining in a uniform suspension under agitation in water and blending with seed, fertilizer, and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The fiber shall perform satisfactorily in hydraulic seeding equipment without clogging or damaging the system. The slurry shall contain a green dye to provide easy visual inspection for uniformity of application.

Certification showing that the fiber material conforms to the following specifications shall be provided by the manufacturer:

Wood Cellulose Fiber Requirements		
Particle Length, in. (mm)	Approximately 1/2 (13)	
Particle Thickness, in. (mm)	Approximately 1/16 (1.5)	
Net dry Weight Content	Minimum as stated on bag	
TAPPI* T 509, pH	4.0 to 8.5	
Ash Content, TAPPI* Standard T 413, % max	7.0	
Water Holding Capacity, % min	90	

^{*}Technical Association of Pulp and Paper Industry

The material shall be delivered in packages of uniform net weight of 75 lbs (34 kg) or less and shall be clearly labeled with the name of the manufacturer, net weight, and a supplemental statement of the net weight content.

905-2.2 INSPECTION. Within five days after acceptance of the bid, the Contractor shall provide representative samples of mulch material to be used to the MAA Engineer and identify the source of the material and quantities of mulch materials available. The samples provided may be used as standards with the approval of the MAA Engineer and any materials brought on the site that do not meet these standards may be rejected.

## **CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

**905-3.1 ADVANCE PREPARATION**. Before spreading mulch, all large clods, stumps, stones, brush, roots, and other foreign material shall be removed from the area to be mulched. Mulch shall be applied immediately after seeding unless otherwise specified. The application and spreading of mulch may be by hand methods, blower, or other mechanical methods, provided a uniform covering is obtained.

905-3.2 APPLICATION OF MULCH. The Contractor shall evenly apply mulch materials to areas indicated by site plans or otherwise designated by the MAA Engineer. Cellulose-fiber or wood-pulp mulch shall be applied at the rate of 1,500 pounds (dry weight) per acre. Mulch may be blown on the slopes and use of cutters in the equipment for this purpose will be permitted to the extent that at least 95 percent of the mulch in place on the slope is 6 inches or more in length. When mulch applied by the blowing methods is cut, the loose depth in place shall be 1 to 2 inches. Cellulose fiber or wood-pulp mulch shall be applied as an aqueous mixture by spraying at the rate of 1,500 pounds (dry weight) per acre using spraying equipment approved by the MAA Engineer.

905-3.3 SECURING MULCH. Mulch shall be held in place by light discing, a thin coating of topsoil, pins, stakes, wire mesh, or other methods approved by the MAA Engineer. If the "peg and string" method is used, the mulch shall be secured with stakes or wire pins driven into the ground on 5-foot centers or less. Binder twine shall be strung between adjacent stakes in straight

lines and crossed diagonally over the mulch. The stakes shall be firmly driven nearly flush to the ground to draw the twine down tightly onto the mulch.

**905-3.4 MAINTENANCE OF MULCHED AREAS.** The Contractor shall care for mulched areas until final acceptance of the project. Care required may consist of providing protection against traffic or other disturbances by placement of warning signs and/or barricades before or immediately after mulching has been completed.

The Contractor may be required to repair or replace any mulching that is defective or becomes damaged before the project is finished and deemed satisfactory by the MAA Engineer. When, in the judgment of the MAA Engineer, defects or damage result from poor workmanship or failure to meet the requirements of the specifications, the cost of the necessary repairs or replacement will be borne by the Contractor. However, once the Contractor has completed the mulching of an area in accordance with the provisions of the specifications and to the satisfaction of the Engineer, no additional work at his expense will be required. Any subsequent repairs and/or replacements deemed necessary by the Engineer may be made by the Contractor and will be paid for as additional or extra work.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

905-4 Mulching will be measured in square yards on the basis of the actual surface area acceptably mulched to depths of 1-, 2-, or 4-inch depths.

#### BASIS OF PAYMENT

905-5 Payment will be made at the contract unit price per square yard for mulching. This price will provide full compensation for furnishing all materials, for placing and anchoring the materials, and for all labor, equipment, tools, and incidentals necessary to complete the item.

Payment will be made under:

Item 905-5.1 Mulching – per square yard at 1-inch depth Item 905-5.2 Mulching – per square yard at 2-inch depth Item 905-5.3 Mulching – per square yard at 3-inch depth

#### **END OF ITEM 905**

# APPENDIX A APPROVED SPECIES LIST

#### Perennials, Ground Covers, Annuals & Bulbs

Scientific name

Alchemilla mollis Astilbe x arendsii Carex grayi

Carex stricta

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides

Chrysanthemum x superbum Convallaria majalis

Coreopsis rosea Coreopsis verticillata Dryopteris erythrosora Dryopteris marginalis

Echinacea purpurea 'Magnus'

Epigea repens

Eupatorium coelestinum Eupatorium hyssopifolium Eupatorium maculatum Eupatorium purpureum Geranium maculatum

Hedera helix Hemerocallis spp. Hibiscus moscheutos

Hosta spp.

Hydrangea quercifolia

Iris sibirica
Iris versicolor
Lantana camara
Liatris spicata
Liriope muscari
Liriope variegata
Lobelia siphilitica
Lonicera sempervirens
Lythrum salicaria

Narcissus (all species and cultivars)

Nepeta x faassenii
Onoclea sensibilis
Osmunda cinnamomea
Pelargonium x domesticum
Perovskia abrotanoides
Phlox stolonifera
Polygonum aubertii

Polystichum acrostichoides

Rudbeckia fulgida Salvia nemorosa

Schizachyrium scoparium

Sedum spectabile Solidago rugosa

Thelypteris noveboracensis

Tiarella cordifolia

Tulipa spp.

Common name

Lady's Mantle
Hybrid Astilbe
Morningstar Sedge
Tussock Sedge
Leadwort/Plumbago
Shasta Daisy
Lily-of-the-Valley
Rosy Coreopsis
Threadleaf Coreopsis

Autumn Fern

Leatherleaf Wood Fern Magnus Coneflower Trailing Arbutus Hardy Ageratum

Hyssopleaf Thoroughwort

Joe-Pye Weed Sweet Joe-Pye Weed Wild Geranium English Ivy Daylily Rose Mallow

Plantain Lily Oakleaf Hydrangea

Siberian Iris
Blue Flag Iris
Yellow Sage
Gay-feather
Blue Lily-turf
Variegated Liriope
Blue Cardinal Flower

Coral Honeysuckle
Purple Loosestrife
Daffodil

Catmint Sensitive Fern Cinnamon Fern

Mary Washington Geranium Caspian/Russian Blue Sage

Creeping Phlox Silver Lace Vine Christmas Fern Blackeyed Susan May Night Salvia Little Bluestem Stonecrop

Goldenrod New York Fern Foam Flower

Tulip

# Perennials, Ground Covers, Annuals & Bulbs

Scientific name

Verbena canadensis

Veronica spp.

Vinca minor

Yucca filamentosa

Common name

Rose Verbena

Speedwell

Periwinkle

Adam's-needle Yucca

#### Trees (large, medium, small, ornamental & evergreen)

Scientific Name **Common Name** Abies concolor White Fir

Abies nordmanniana Nordman Fir Acer campestre Hedge Maple

Red Maple (seedless cultivars such as 'Celzam'.

'Karpick', and 'Somerset' only) Acer rubrum

Freeman Maple (seedless cultivars such as 'Autumn Acer x freemanii Blaze', 'Celebration', 'Marmo' and 'Scarlet Sentinel' only)

Betula nigra River Birch

Carpinus betulus 'Fastigiata' Upright European Hornbeam

Carpinus caroliniana American Hornbeam Cedrus atlantica Blue Atlas Cedar Cedrus deodora Deodor Cedar Cercidiphyllum japonicum Katsura tree Cercis canadensis Eastern Redbud

Chionanthus virginicus White Fringetree (male only)

Crytomeria japonica Japanese Cedar Cupressocyparis x leylandii Leyland Cypress

> White Ash (seedless cultivars such as 'Autumn Applause', 'Autumn Purple', Champaign County',

Fraxinus americana 'Rosehill' and 'Skyline' only)

Green Ash (seedless cultivars such as 'Aerial', 'Bergeson', 'Honeyshade', 'Marshalls Seedless',

Fraxinus pennsylvanica 'Patmore' and 'Robinhood' only) Ginkgo biloba Ginko (male cultivars only)

> Thornless Common Honeylocust (seedless cultivars such as 'Imperial', 'Shademaster', 'Skyline', and

Gleditsia triacanthos var. inermis 'Sunburst' only)

American Holly (male cultivars such as 'Jersey Knight'

llex opaca only) Koelreutarea paniculata Golden Raintree Lagerstroemia indica Crape Myrtle Liriodendron tulipfera Yellow Poplar Liquidambar styraciflua Sweetaum Magnolia x loebneri Loebneri Magnolia Magnolia x soulangiana Saucer Magnolia

Magnolia stellata Star Magnolia Magnolia virginiana Sweetbay Magnolia

> Flowering Crabapple (non-fruiting cultivars such as 'American Beauty', 'Prince Georges', and 'Spring Snow'

Malus spp. only)

Ostrya virginiana American Hophornbeam

Oxydendrum arboreum Sourwood Picea abies Norway Spruce Picea glauca White Spruce Picea omorika Serbian Spruce Picea pungens Colorado Spruce Pinus echinata Shortleaf Pine Pinus mugo Mugo Pine

#### Trees (large, medium, small, ornamental & evergreen)

Scientific Name

Pinus rigida

Pinus strobus

Pinus taeda

Pinus thunbergii

Pinus virginiana

Platanus occidentalis Populus deltoides

Populus grandidentata

Prunus spp.

Prunus serrulata

Prunus x yedoensis

Salix nigra

Sophora japonica Stewartia pseudocamellia

Styrax japonicus Syringa reticulata

Taxodium distichum

Thuja occidentalis Tilia americana Tilia cordata Tilia tomentosa

Tsuga canadensis Tsuga caroliniana Ulmus americana

Ulmus parvifolia Ulmus pumila

Zelkova serrata

**Common Name** 

Pitch Pine

Eastern White Pine

**Loblolly Pine** 

Japanese Black Pine

Virginia Pine

American Sycamore Eastern Cottonwood

Bigtooth Aspen

Flowering Cherry (non-fruiting cultivars only)

Japanese Flowering Cherry (non-fruiting cultivars such

as 'Kwanzan' only)

Yoshino Cherry (non-fruiting cultivars only)

Black Willow

Japanese Scholartree Japanese Stewartia Japanese Snowbell Japanese Tree Lilac

**Bald Cypress** American Arborvitae American Linden Littleleaf Linden Silver Linden Canadian Hemlock Carolina Hemlock American Elm Chinese Elm

Siberian Elm Japanese Zelkova

#### Shrubs (large, medium, small, ornamental & evergreen)

Scientific name

Abelia "Edward Goucher"

Abelia x grandiflora Acer campestre

Berberis x mentorensis Buddleia davidii Calluna vulgaris Clethra alnifolia Cotoneaster dammeri

Deutzia gracilis

Euonymus americanus
Euonymus kiautschovicus
Forsythia x intermedia
Forsythia suspensa
Forsythia viridissima
Hamamelis vernalis
Hamamelis virginiana

Hydrangea quercifolia Hypericum patulum Hypericum frondosum

Hydrangea arborescens

llex spp.

Ilex x attenuata "Fosteri"

llex crenata

Ilex x "Edward J Stevens"

llex glabra

llex x meserveae llex opaca

Itea virginica Jasminum nudiflorum Juniperis conferta

Juniperis chinensis

Juniperis horizontalis Juniperis procumbens Juniperis sabina

Juniperis scopulorum

Kalmia latafolia Lavandula angustifolia Leucothoe axillaris

Ligustrum japanicum

Lindera benzoin

Common name

**Edward Goucher Abelia** 

Glossy Abelia
Hedge Maple
Mentor Barberry
Butterfly Bush
Common Heather
Sweet Pepperbush
Bearberry Cotoneaster
Slender Deutzia

Strawberry Bush
Spreading Euonymus
Border Forsythia
Weeping Forsythia
Greenstem Forsythia
Vernal Witchhazel
Common Witchhazel
Smooth Hydrangea
Oakleaf Hydrangea
Goldencup St. Johnswort
Golden St. Johnswort

Holly species (male cultivars only) Foster's Holly (male cultivars only)

Japanese Holly (male cultivars such as 'Glass', 'Green Dragon', 'Green Island', 'Helleri', 'Howard', 'Northern Beauty'

and 'Sentinel' only)
Edward Stevens Holly

Inkberry (male cultivars such as 'Chamzin' and 'Shamrock'

only)

Meserve Hybrid Hollies (male cultivars such as 'Blue Boy',

'Blue Prince', 'Blue Stallion', and 'China Boy' only)

American Holly (male cultivars such as 'Jersey Knight' only)

Virginia Sweetspire Winter Jasmine Shore Juniper

Chinese Juniper (male cultivars such as 'Globosa' and

'Pfitzeriana Glauca' only)

Creeping Juniper (male cultivars such as 'Fountain', 'Glomerata', 'Jade River', 'Jade Spreader', 'Plumosa' and

'Plumosa Compacta Youngstown' only) Japgarden Juniper (male cultivars only) Savin Juniper (male cultivars only)

Rocky Mountain Juniper (male cultivars such as 'Gray Gleam',

'Medora', and 'Silver King' only)

Mountain Laurel Common Lavender

Fetterbush
Japanese Privet

Spicebush (use male cultivars such as 'Green Gold' and

'Rubra' only)

## Shrubs (large, medium, small, ornamental & evergreen)

Scientific name

Magnolia virginiana Microbiota decussata

Mynca pennsylvanica

Nandina domestica Osmanthus heterophyllus

Photinia x fraseri

Prunus laurocerasus

Pyracantha koidzumii Rhododendron arborescens

Sarcococca hookeriana

Spiraea spp.

Spiraea nipponica 'Snowmound'

Syringa vulgaris

Taxus baccata

Taxus x media

Viburnum x burkwoodii

Viburnum plicatum var. tomentosum

Viburnum rhytidophyllum

Weigela florida

Common name

Sweetbay Magnolia Russian Arborvitae

Northern Bayberry (male cultivars such as 'Myriman' only)

Heavenly Bamboo (non-fruiting cultivars such as 'Atropurpurea

Nana' only) False-holly

Fraser Photinia

Common Cherrylaurel (only cultivars with non-showy fruit such

as 'Schipkaensis' only)

Formosa Firethorn

Sweet Azalea

Sweetbox

Meadowsweet

Snowmound Spiraea

Common Lilac

English Yew (male cultivars only)

Anglojap Yew (male cultivars such as 'Amherst', 'Brownii',

'Hatfieldii' and 'Sebian' only)

Burkwood Viburnum

Doublefile Viburnum (use non-fruiting cultivars such as

'Roseum' only)

Leatherleaf Viburnum Old-fashioned Wegelia

#### **Grasses (Ornamental, Turf, Erosion Control)**

Scientific name

Andropogon scoparius

Calamagrostis x acutiflora

Calamagrostis arundinacea 'Karl Foerster'

Calamagrostis stricta Festuca arundinacea

Festuca longifolia

Festuca rubra var. commutata

Lolium multiflorum Lolium perenne

. Miscanthus sinensis var. gracillimus

Panicum virgatum

Pennisetum alopecuroides

Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Hameln' Pennisetum alopecuroides 'Little Bunny'

Pennisetum villosum

Poa pratensis

Common name

Little Bluestem

Feather Reed Grass

Foerster's Feather Reed Grass

Slimstem Reed Grass

Certified turf-type Tall Fescue

Hard Fescue

Chewings Fescue

Annual Ryegrass

Perennial Ryegrass

Maiden Grass

Switch-grass

Fountain Grass

'Hameln' Fountain Grass

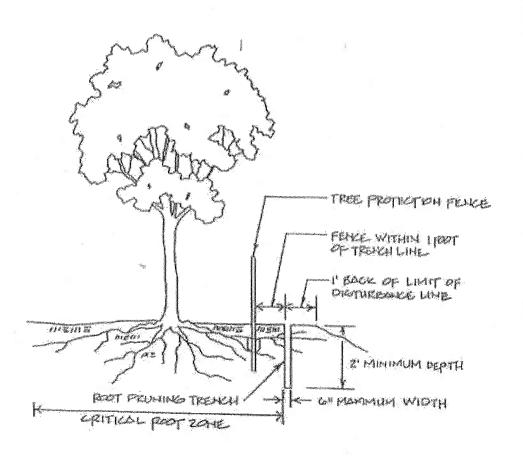
'Little Bunny' Fountain Grass

Feathertop

Kentucky Bluegrass

# APPENDIX B

# APPROVED INSTALLATION METHODS



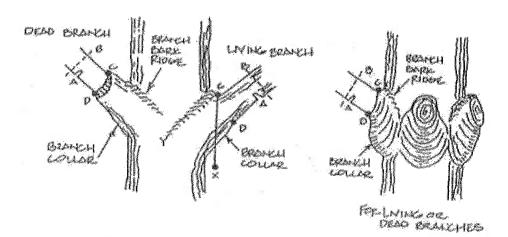
#### Notes:

- Retention Areas will be set as part of the review process
   Boundaries of Retention Areas should be staked flagged prior to trenching.
- 3. Exact location of trench should be identified
- 4. Trench should be immediately backfilled with soil removed or other high organic soil 5. Roots should be cleanly cut using vibratory knife or other acceptable equipment

Source: City of Golfheisburg, Maryland: City Time Marray

# Figure J-2

# **Crown Reduction**



HARDWOODS

CONFERS

# Pruning a Branch

- Remove branch weight by undercutting at A and remove limb by cutting through at B. Remove stub of CD (line between branch bark ridge and outer edge of branch collar). If D is difficult to find an hardwoods, drop vertical from C (line CX). Angle XCY=XCD.
  - Pruning a Leader or To Reduce Size

    1. Remove top weight by cutting at A&E.

    2. Remove stub at EF parallel to the Branch Bark Ridge.

Source: Foldox County, Virginia Vegetation Freservation & Planting

#### Notes:

- 1. Only prune at specified times
- 2. No more than 30% of crown to be removed at one time.

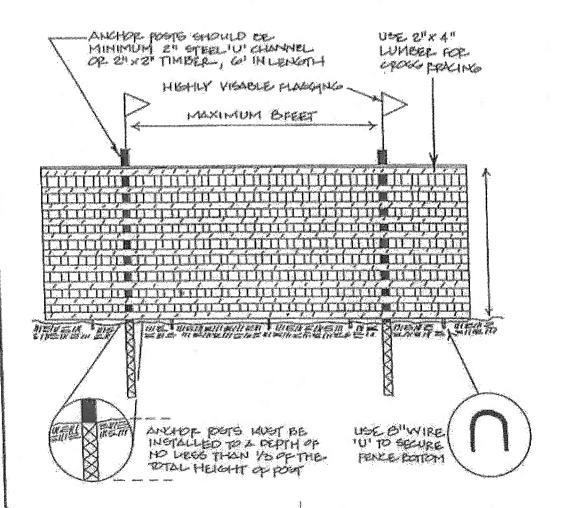
COSE COOL

Application of Fertilizers by Injection Figure J-3 Sciences Process, 1978 Nates:

1. No fertilizer within 3 feet of trunk
2. Apply fertilizer to entire critical root zone



# Blaze Orange Plastic Mesh



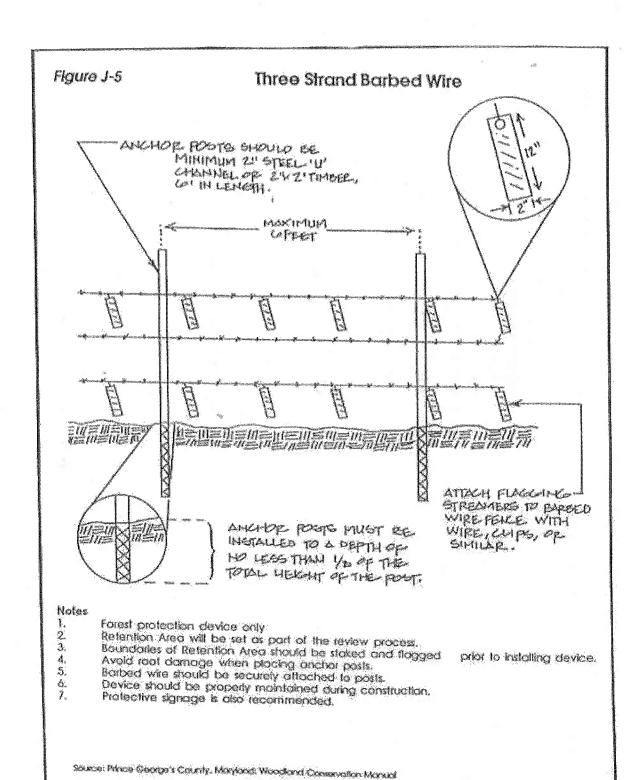
#### Notes

- Forest protection device only. 1. 2. 3.
- Retention Area will be set as part of the review process. Boundaries of Retention Area should be staked and flagged

prior to installing device.

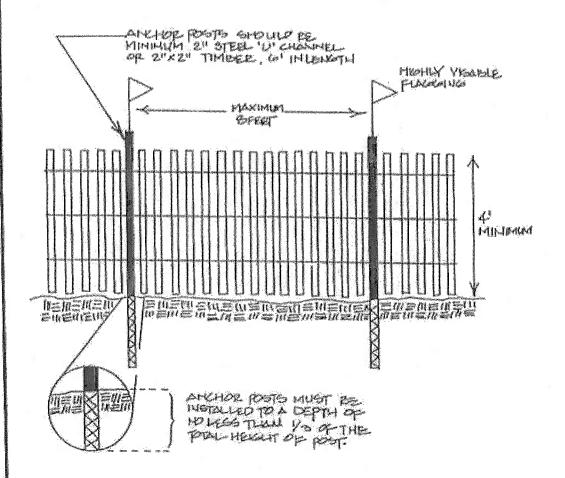
- Root damage should be avoided.
- Protective algrage may also be used. Device should be maintained throughout construction.

Source: Prince George's County, Maryland: Woodcald Conservation Manual





#### Snow Fence



#### Notes:

- 1. Forest protection device only
- 2. Retention area will be set as part of the review process
- 3. Boundaries of Retention Area should be staked prior to installing protective device 4. Avoid root damage when placing anchor posts
- 5. Device should be properly maintained during construction
- 6. Protective signage is also recommended

Source: Prince George's County, Maryland; Woodland Coreevation Manual

Figure J-7 - MIN. 11" ----

Signage

MIN: 15"

SPECIMEN TREE

DO NOT REMOVE

MACHINERY, DUMPING OR STORAGE OF ANY MATERIALS IS: PROHIBITED

VIOLATORS ARESURIECT TO TINES AS IMPOSED BY THE MARY LANDFOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF 1001

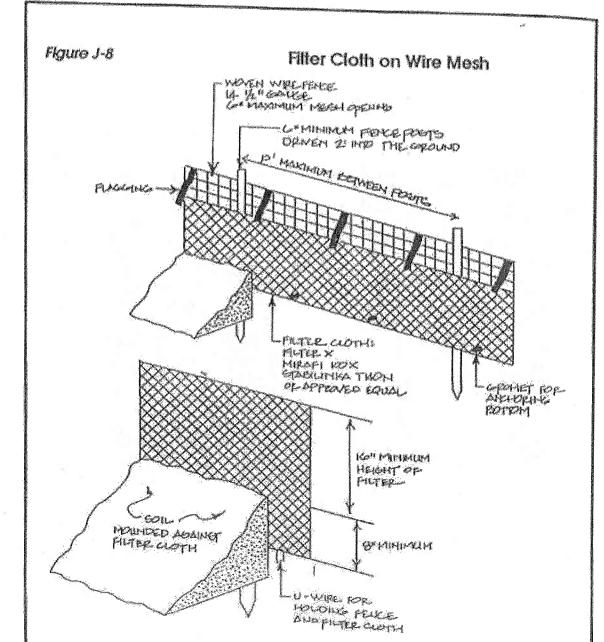
FOREST RETENTION AREA

MIN, 11" ----

MACHINERY, DUMPING ORSTORAGE OF ANY MATERIALS IS PROHIBITED

VIOLATORS ARE SUBJECT TO TIMEAS IMPOSED BY THE MARYLAND FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF 1991

MIN, 15"

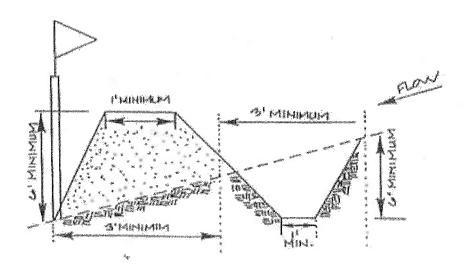


Source: Prince George's County, Maryland: Woodland Conservation Manual

- 1. Combination sediment control and protective device
- 2. Retention area will be set as part of the review process
  3. Boundaries of Retention Area should be staked prior to installing protective device
- 4. Root damage should be avoided
- 5. Mound soil only within the limits of disturbance
- 6. Protective signage is also recommended
  7. All standard maintenance for sediment control devices apply to these details

Figure J-10

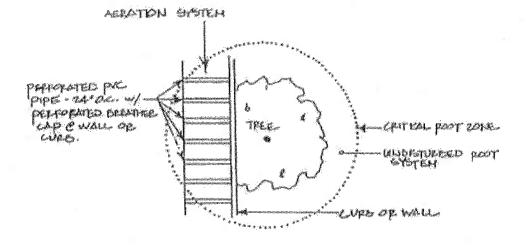
# Earthen Dike and Swale

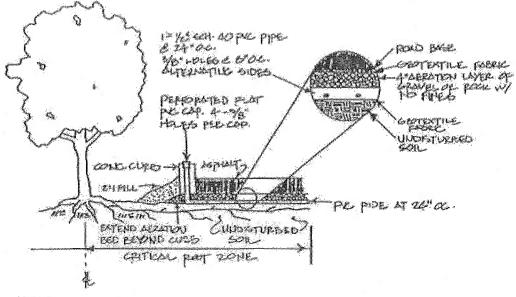


- 1. Combination sediment control and protective device
- 2. Retention area will be set as part of the review process
- 3. Boundaries of Retention Area should be staked prior to installing protective device
- 4. Root damage should be avoided
- 5. The top or toe of slope should be within the limit of disturbance 6. Equipment is prohibited within critical root zone of retention area; place dike accordingly
- 7. All standard maintenance for earthen dikes and swates apply to these details
   8. All standard reclamation practices for earthen dikes and swates shall apply to these details

Figure J- 11

## **Aeration System**

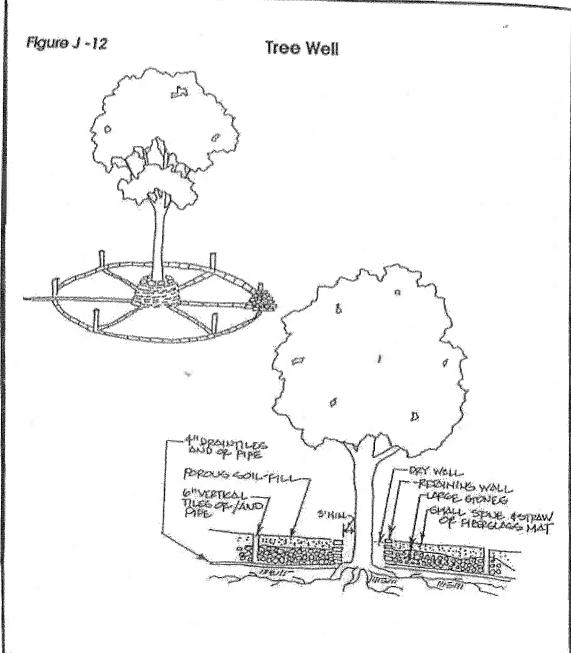




#### Notes:

- 1. Bed preparation should not exceed two inches.
- Verifical pipe should be copped with a perforated cap with 4-3/8 inch holes per cap.
   Gravel or rock should contain no fines.
- 4. Can also be used when critical root zone is covered by till instead of asphalt.

Source: Shave Clark & Associates

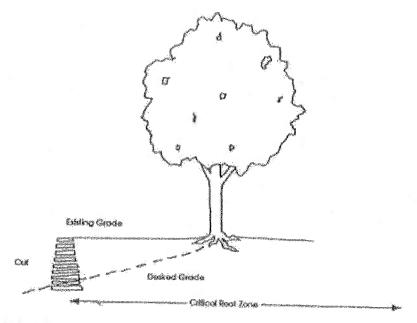


- 1. Well wall should be no closer than 3 feet from tree trunk or more for smaller trees.
  2. Oralnage pipe layout should extend beyond the critical root zone
  3. Vertical pipes shall be capped with a perforated flat cap with 4-3/8 irich holes per cap
  4. Radiating spokes should be on 3 foot centers at the well wall

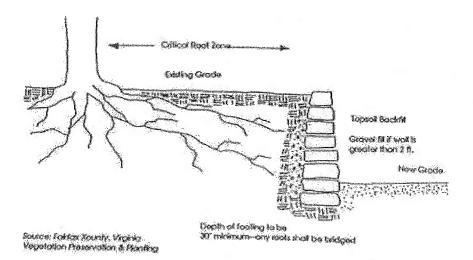
Source: Foldox County, Wighth: Vegetallors Preservation & Plansing

Flguro J- 13

# **Retaining Walls**



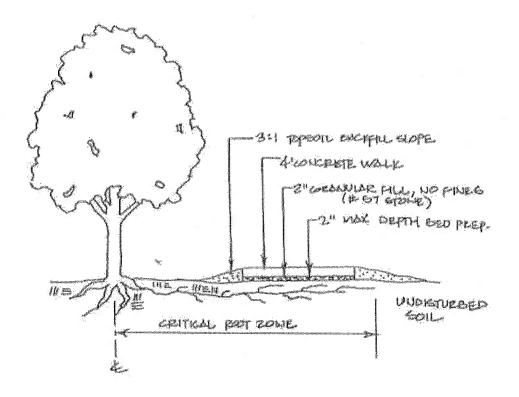
Saurce: Fullan County, Georgia Tees Preservation Orderance



Note: 1. Wolf should be constructed outside the adjust root zone.

Figure J-14

## Raised Sidewalk



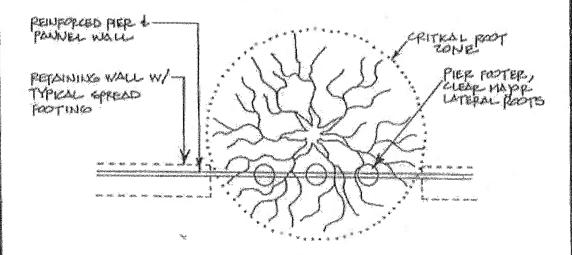
#### Notes:

- Bed preparation should not exceed 2 Inches
   Granular fill should contain no fines
   Minimize width of sidewalk; should be no wider than 4 feet

Source; City of Golthonburg, Monyland, City Tree Manual

Figure J-15

# Reinforced Pier and Panel Wall



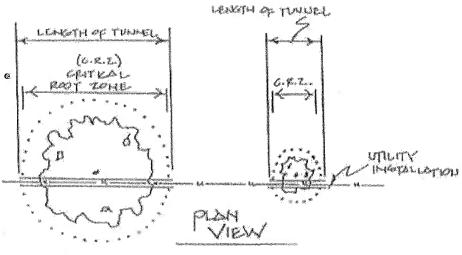
#### Notes:

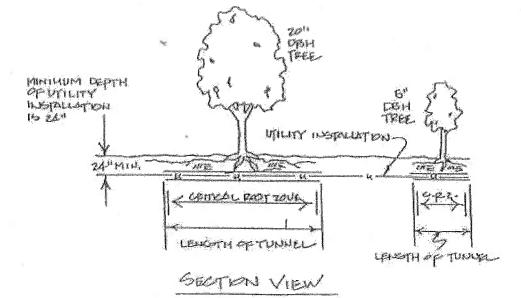
- Area of disturbance should be minimized
   Care should be taken to avoid major lateral roots
   Roots should be cleanly cut using a vibratory knife or other similar equipment

Saucer Steres Clark & Association



## Tunnelling





#### Notes:

- 1. Tunnet under critical root zone
  2. Tunnet should be 24 Inches deep at a minimum
  3. When tunneling, aim for the trunk of the tree
  4. When trenching, tunnet through the critical root zone

Adopted from Feldax County, Virginia: Vegetation Preservation & Planting

# AIRPORT WIDE STANDARD FOR SOLE SOURCE SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT





#### SECTION 02553 - NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Standard Provisions/Interim Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts - Volume 1, December 1993, and Technical Provisions apply to the Work of this Section.

#### 1.2 SCOPE

- A. The work covered by this section includes the furnishing of all materials and equipment and the performing of all labor to complete the Natural Gas Distribution as shown on the Contract Drawings and as herein specified or directed by the Engineer.
- B. The Engineer is responsible for contacting the Baltimore Gas and Electric Company (BGE) prior to development of plans to verify availability of natural gas supply for this project. The Engineer shall also provide BGE with estimated gas load calculations and minimum service pressures required.
- C. BGE will provide and install new natural gas service main, meter with pressure regulator assembly on site and connection to existing gas main.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for pavement removal and repair, maintenance of traffic and for all coordination between BGE and the Project.

#### 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. The following sections in this document contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Section 02310 "Excavation and Backfill"

#### 1.4 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

- A. Coordinate gas main installation on-site and connection to existing gas main with BGE.
- B. Coordinate with other utility work.
- C. BGE estimates it will take approximately ____ working days to complete the gas main installation.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Materials for natural gas piping system including pipe, valves, meter, pressure regulators, and specialties will be provided by BGE.
- B. Bedding material meeting requirements of AASHTO M6-81 shall be furnished by BGE.
- C. Concrete pad for meter station at building will be constructed by the Contractor after verifying dimensions required with BGE.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 GENERAL

A. The Contractor shall notify BGE three months prior to start of work in area around the proposed building gas service mains. Contact with BGE shall be made through:

Mr. Kevin Kline Baltimore Gas and Electric Company (410) 597-6516

- B. The Contractor shall coordinate all necessary pavement removal and repairs.
- C. The Contractor shall provide a secure area near the construction site for BGE to store materials and equipment.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. See Division 2 Section 02310 for requirements of excavation, backfill, and pavement repair.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for pedestrian and traffic control during installation of the new gas main piping by BGE.
- C. Drawings indicate general alignment for the gas main. The Contractor is responsible for coordination of the new gas main with other utilities and between different construction phases of the project.

#### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. BGE shall verify that entire gas distribution system has been inspected, tested, and purged by BGE according to NFPA 54, Part 4 "Gas Piping Inspection, Testing, and Purging" and local gas utility company requirements.
- B. Report test results in writing to the Engineer and the authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Verify that specified piping tests are complete.
- C. Refer to Section 01400 Construction Quality Control Plan.

#### **PART 4 - MEASUREMENT**

#### 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No direct measurement will be made for Pay Item "BGE Gas Service Cost Allowance" and Pay Item "Contractor Gas Service Support Work Allowance" as payment will be made on actual cost basis. Measurement of gas pipe demolition shall be made on a linear foot basis. Demolition of gas pipe shall include excavation and backfill, and other incidental items shown on the plans.

#### **PART 5 - PAYMENT**

#### 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

- A. Payment for the Pay Item "BGE Gas Service Cost Allowance" will be made to the Contractor on the basis of actual costs billed (as shown on utility invoices) by BGE plus Contractor's overhead and profit as defined in Article SP-9.04. Partial payments will be made out of the allowance amount as bills are received from the utilities. The Contractor shall furnish proof to the Engineer that utility payments have been made after he receives payment from MAA. The Contractor shall include the figure indicated in the proposal form in his bid for this item. The Contractor will not be entitled to any unspent or non-approved portion of monies from this allowance.
- B. Payment for the Pay Item "Contractor Gas Service Support Work Allowance" will be made to the Contractor on the basis of actual costs billed (as shown on invoices submitted by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer) plus Contractor's overhead and profit as defined in Article SP-9.04. Partial payments will be made out of the allowance amount as bills are submitted and approved with each Application for Payment, which shall include all materials and labor for pavement demolition, disposal, and replacement, assisting BGE with pipe installation, coordination, and all incidentals necessary to complete this work. The Contractor shall include the figure indicated in the

proposal form in his bid for this item. The Contractor will not be entitled to any unspent or non-approved portion of monies for this allowance.

- C. Payment for the demolition of gas pipe will be made based on the accepted quantities of piping removed at the contract unit price.
- D. Payment will be made under:

Item 02553-1 Demolition of Gas Piping--per linear foot

Item 01021-1 BGE Gas Service Cost Allowance

Item 01021-2 Contractor Gas Service Support Work Allowance

**END OF SECTION 02553** 

#### SECTION 08711 - DOOR HARDWARE

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 INTERCHANGEABLE DOOR HARDWARE CORES AND KEYING

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. Cylinders:
    - a. Best Lock Corporation (BLC).
- B. Standards: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Cylinders: BHMA A156.5.
- C. Cylinder Grade: BHMA Grade 1.
- D. Cylinders: Manufacturer's standard tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, and complying with the following:
  - 1. Number of Pins: Seven.
  - 2. Mortise Type: Threaded cylinders with rings and straight- or clover-type cam.
  - 3. Rim Type: Cylinders with back plate, flat-type vertical or horizontal tailpiece, and raised trim ring.
  - 4. Bored-Lock Type: Cylinders with tailpieces to suit locks.
    - a. High-Security Grade: BHMA Grade 1A, listed and labeled as complying with pick- and drill-resistant testing requirements of UL 437 (Suffix A).
- E. Permanent Cores: Manufacturer's standard; finish face to match lockset; complying with the following:
  - 1. Interchangeable Cores: Core insert, removable by use of a special key, and usable with other manufacturers' cylinders.
  - 2. All cores must be recombinatable by removing pin segments of one individual barrel without disturbing the seals or pins of the other barrels of the same core.

- 3. The control key shall have no cuts in common with the grand-master key and shall operate with a shear line completely independent from the shear line of the grand-master, master and change keys.
- F. Construction Keying: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.
    - a. Replace construction cores with permanent cores, as directed by MAA.
- G Keying System: Unless otherwise indicated, provide a factory-registered keying system complying with the following requirements:
  - 1. Grand Master Key System: Cylinders are operated by a change key, a master key, and a grand master key.
  - 2. Existing System: Master key or grand master key locks to Owner's existing system.
    - a. Cylinders shall be master keyed.
- H. Keys: Provide nickel-silver keys complying with the following:
  - 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
    - a. Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE." or as directed by MAA.
  - 2. Quantity: In addition to one extra blank key for each lock, provide the following:
    - a. Cylinder Change Keys: Three.
    - b. Master Keys: Five.
    - c. Grand Master Keys: Five.

#### I. Finishes

- 1. Standard: Comply with BHMA A156.18.
- 2. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations

in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

- 4. BHMA Designations: Comply with base material and finish requirements indicated by the following:
  - a. BHMA 619: Satin nickel plated, clear coated, over brass or bronze base metal.
  - b. BHMA 626: Satin chromium plated over nickel, over brass or bronze base metal.

#### 2.2 ACCESS KEY BOXES (KNOX BOX)

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. Access Key Boxes:
    - a. Series 3200, Knox Company, Irvine, California.
- B. Access Key Boxes:
  - 1. Surface-Mounted Cabinet: ¼-inch thick steel plate cabinet with ½-inch thick steel door equipped with interior gasket and
  - 2. Door shall be manufactured to accept Best Removable Core.
  - 3. Finish: Zinc-phosphate primer with black weather resistant TGIC polyester power-coat finish.

**END OF SECTION 08711** 

#### SECTION 13851 - FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

Manufacturers: The existing Fire Alarm System is manufactured and certified by Honeywell; therefore, Fire Alarm panel, initiating, monitoring and controlling devices shall be exclusively by Honeywell only. Substituted Booster Panels and notification devices shall be submitted and approved by Honeywell. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed".

#### 2.2 FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL (FACP)

- A. General: Comply with UL 864, "Control Units for Fire-Protective Signaling Systems."
- B. Cabinet: Lockable steel enclosure. Arrange panel so all operations required for testing or for normal care and maintenance of the system are performed from the front of the enclosure. If more than a single unit is required to form a complete control panel, provide exactly matching modular unit enclosures. Accommodate all components and allow ample gutter space for interconnection of panels as well as field wiring. Identify each enclosure by an engraved, red-laminated, phenolic resin nameplate. Lettering on the enclosure nameplate shall not be less than 1-inch high. Identify individual components and modules within the cabinets with permanent labels.
- C. Systems: Alarm and supervisory systems are separate and independent in the FACP. The alarm-initiating addressable interface circuit boards in the FACP consist of plug-in cards. Installation requiring interconnection of field wiring for module replacement is not acceptable.
- D. Zones: Provide for all alarm and supervisory zones indicated.
- E. The fire alarm panel shall tie into the existing Honeywell Graphic Central P.C.s, such that every addressable initiating device will be displayed on its appropriate color graphic floor plan on the Graphic Central P.C. The device symbol, on the color graphic floor plan, shall display a change of state (color of the symbol shall change) wherever the initiating device is in "normal", "alarm", or "trouble", condition. The fire alarm panel shall tie into the existing Honeywell Graphic Central P.C.s. Furnish the required programming to monitor the fire alarm panel providing trouble and alarm relay contacts and display in the appropriate location on the Honeywell P.C.s.
- F. Alphanumeric Display and System Controls: Provide the basic interface between human operator at FACP and addressable system components, including annunciation, supervision, and control. A display with a minimum of 32 characters displays alarm,

supervisory, and component status messages and indicates control commands to be entered into the system for control of smoke detector sensitivity and other parameters. Provide keypad for use in entering and executing control commands.

G. Instructions: Printed or typewritten instruction card mounted behind a lexan plastic or glass cover in a stainless steel or aluminum frame. Install the frame in a location observable from the FACP. Include interpretation and appropriate response for displays and signals, and briefly describe the functional operation of the system under normal, alarm, and trouble conditions.

#### H. Acceptable Products:

Honeywell FS 90 Plus FACP Honeywell 14005680 Series F.O. Interface Board.

#### 2.3 UPGRADING EXISTING FIRE ALARM CONTROL PANEL (FACP)

A. Provide hardware, programming and testing for existing fire alarm panels to interface with new fire alarm panels for fire alarm notification zones for the terminal building.

#### 2.4 DATA GATHERING PANELS (DGP)

Honeywell FS 90 Plus FACP.

#### 2.5 GATEWAYS

A. Provide color graphic PC/gateway at CDC, Aircraft Rescue, and Fire Facility for two communication buses to expand Fire Alarm monitoring system's point capacity at existing Honeywell Graphic Central PC at CDC, Aircraft Rescue and Fire Facility.

**Acceptable Products:** 

Honeywell W 7053 B.

#### 2.6 BOOSTER PANELS

A. Booster panel shall meet UL 864 and ADA requirements. Booster panel shall include 8 Amp, 24 DC volt power supply, battery charger, batteries, synchronizing module, dry contacts for monitoring and interface with Honeywell Fire Alarm Control Panel in red color NEMA 1 enclosure.

Acceptable Products:

Wheel Lock PS-12/24-8 Booster Panel.

Wheel Lock DSM-12/24-R Synchronizing Module.

#### 2.7 INITIATING DEVICES

#### A. General

- 1. Each device shall be assigned a unique address via easily understood decade (01 to 99) switch. Address selection via binary switches or by jumpers is not acceptable. Devices which take their address from their position in the circuit are unacceptable because if devices are later added, existing addresses, descriptors and commands must be reprogrammed.
- 2. Devices shall receive communication signals from the same pair of wires. For fault-tolerant circuits, any separate power wiring shall also be made fault-tolerant.
- 3. Additional devices shall be capable of being added to the circuit from any point in the circuit and without affecting any existing device address or function.
- 4. Each device shall contain screw terminals with rising plates for positive termination of up to 12 AWG wire.

#### B. Manual Pull Stations

- 1. Fabricated of metal or plastic, and finished in red with molded, raised-letter operating instructions of contrasting color.
- 2. Single-action mechanism initiates an alarm.
- 3. Double-action mechanism requires two actions, such as a push and a pull, to initiate an alarm.
- 4. Station Reset: Key or wrench operated; double pole, double throw; switch rated for the voltage and current at which it operates.
- 5. Indoor Protective Shield: Factory-fabricated clear plastic enclosure, hinged at the top to permit lifting for access to initiate an alarm. Lifting the cover actuates an integral battery-powered audible horn intended to discourage false alarm operation.
- 6. Weatherproof Protective Shield: Factory-fabricated clear plastic enclosure, hinged at the top to permit lifting for access to initiate an alarm.
- 7. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate manual-station status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to the FACP.

Acceptable Product: Honeywell S 464G1007.

#### C. Sensors

- 1. All sensors shall mount on a common base to facilitate the changing of sensor type if building conditions change. The base shall be incompatible with conventional detectors to preclude the mounting on a non-intelligent device.
- 2. Each sensor shall contain a LED which blinks each time it is scanned by the FACP. If the FACP determines that the sensor is in alarm, the FACP shall command the sensor LED to remain on to indicate alarm.
- 3. Each sensor shall contain a magnetically-actuated test switch such that it can be tested for alarm from the sensor location.
- 4. Each sensor shall be capable of being tested for alarm via command from the FACP.
- 5. Each sensor shall respond to FACP scan for information with its type identification to preclude inadvertent substitution of another sensor type. The FACP shall operate with the installed type but shall initiate a mismatch (trouble) condition until the proper type is installed or the programmed sensor type changed.
- 6. Each sensor shall respond to FACP scan for information with an analog representation of measured fire-related phenomena (smoke density, particles of combustion, temperature). Systems which only monitor the presence of a conventional detector in an addressable base shall not be acceptable.
- 7. Photoelectric Smoke Sensors shall contain an optical sensing chamber with nominal sensitivity of 2.3% per foot obscuration.

  <u>Acceptable Product</u>:
  Honeywell TC 806 B.
- 8. Duct Ionization Smoke Sensors. Shall operate over an air velocity range from 300 to 4,000 fpm. Each shall be equipped with an air inlet sampling tube which completely traverses to duct width.

Acceptable Product:

Honeywell TC 807 A.

Honeywell 14506873, smoke sensor duct housings.

9. Thermal Sensors shall provide temperature measurement when scanned by the FACP for information.

Acceptable Product:

TC 808 B Thermal Sensors

10. Flow Switch: Provide monitoring module for each flow switch. Flow switch shall be provided as part of Fire Protection System.

11. Tamper Switch: Provide monitoring module for each tamper switch. Tamper switch shall be provided as part of Fire Protection System.

#### D. Monitor Modules:

- 1. The Monitor Module shall provide an addressable input for N.O. or N.C. contact devices such as manual pull stations, duct smoke detectors, water flow switches, sprinkler supervisory devices, door contacts, intrusion detectors, etc.
- 2. The Monitor Module shall provide a supervised initiating circuit. An open-circuit fault shall be annunciated at the FACP. Subsequent alarms shall be reported. (Style D Operation)
- 3. The module shall contain an LED which blinks upon being scanned by the FACP. Upon determination of an alarm condition, the LED shall be latched on.
- 4. The module shall mount in a standard electrical box.

  <u>Acceptable Product</u>:

  Honeywell TC 809 A.

#### E. Control Modules:

- 1. The Control Module shall provide an addressable output for a separately powered alarm indicating circuit or for a control relay.
- 2. The Control Module shall provide a supervised indicating circuit where indicated on the plans. An open-circuit fault shall be annunciated at the FACP. Subsequent alarm signaling shall occur in spite of the fault condition.
- 3. The Control Module shall provide a control relay. The relay contacts shall be SPDT (Form "C") rated at 2 amps at 28 V dc.
- 4. The module shall contain an LED which blinks upon being scanned by the FACP. Upon activation of the module, the LED shall be latched on.
- The module shall mount in a standard electrical box.
   Acceptable Product:
   Honeywell TC 810 A.

#### 2.8 FIRE ALARM NOTIFICATION DEVICES

#### A. Alarm Horn/Strobe Units

1. Alarm horns shall be UL 1971 listed and suitable for indoor, or outdoor, application with the appropriate electrical box. All horns shall be 24 VDC

- polarized. The minimum sound level shall be 75-130 dB at 10 feet. Horns shall be semi-flush mounted. Single and dual projectors are to be supplied.
- 2. The visual signal shall flash on alarm occurrence. The bezel shall extend 1-1/2 inches minimum from the finished wall, and be approximately 3-1/2 x 5 inches engraved "FIRE".
- 3. All Multi candela strobes shall be field selectable to 15, 30, 75 or 110 candelas. Multi candela Strobe shall be Wheel Lock NS4-24-MCW-FR.
- 4. All strobes in unisex and public restrooms shall be ADA compliant and shall be 15/75 candela. ADA strobe shall be Wheel Lock NS4-241575W-FR.

#### B. Visual Alarm Unit

- 1. Visual Alarm unit shall be UL 1971 listed. Electronic light source shall be sealed in silicone and protected by a Lexan lens. The word "FIRE" shall appear on the lens. The light shall flash at a rate of 1 to 3 flashed per second, maximum. Lamp shall be powered by a supervised 24 VDC polarized source
- 2. Multi candela strobes shall be field selectable to 15, 30, 75 or 110 candelas. Multi candela Strobe shall be Wheel Lock RSS-24-MCW-FR.
- 3. Strobes in unisex and public restrooms shall be ADA compliant and shall be 15/75 candela. ADA strobe shall be Wheel Lock RSS-24-241575W-FR.
- 4. High Intensity Strobes shall be 185 candelas. Strobe shall be Wheel Lock RSS-24-24185W-FR.

### 2.9 REMOTE INDICATING LIGHTS AND IDENTIFICATION PLATES

A. Description: LED indicating light near each smoke detector that may not be readily visible, and each sprinkler water-flow switch and valve-tamper switch. Light is connected to flash when the associated device is in an alarm or trouble mode. Lamp is flush mounted in a single gang wall plate. A red, laminated, phenolic-resin identification plate at the indicating light identifies, in engraved white letters, device initiating the signal and room where the smoke detector or valve is located. For water-flow switches, the identification plate also designates protected spaces downstream from the water-flow switch.

#### 2.10 MAGNETIC DOOR HOLDERS

- A. Description: Units are equipped for wall or floor mounting as indicated and are complete with matching door plate.
  - 1. Electromagnet: Requires no more than 3 W to develop 25-lbf (111-N) holding force.
  - 2. Wall-Mounted Units: Flush mounted, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Rating: 120-V ac.

#### B. Material and Finish:

1 Match door hardware.

#### 2.11 EMERGENCY POWER SUPPLY

- A. General: Components include nickel-cadmium battery, charger, and an automatic transfer switch.
  - 1. Battery Nominal Life Expectancy: 20 years, minimum.
- B. Battery Capacity: 24-Hours stand-by and 15-minutes in alarm back-up. Comply with NFPA 72.
- C Battery Charger: Solid-state, fully automatic, variable-charging-rate type. Provide capacity for 150 percent of the connected system load while maintaining batteries at full charge. If batteries are fully discharged, the charger recharges them completely within four hours. Charger output is supervised as part of system power supply supervision.
- D. Integral Automatic Transfer Switch: Transfers the load to the battery without loss of signals or status indications when normal power fails.

#### 2.12 ADDRESSABLE INTERFACE DEVICE

- A. Description: Microelectronic monitor module listed for use in providing a multiplex system address for listed fire and sprinkler alarm-initiating devices with normally open contacts.
- B. Integral Relay: Capable of providing a direct signal to the elevator controller to initiate elevator recall or to a circuit-breaker shunt trip for power shutdown.

#### 2.13 GUARDS FOR PHYSICAL PROTECTION

- A. Description: Welded wire mesh of size and shape for the manual station, smoke detector, gong, or other device requiring protection.
  - 1. Factory fabricated and furnished by the manufacturer of the device.
  - 2. Finish: Paint of color to match the protected device.

#### 2.14 WIRE

- A. Notification Circuits: Shall be in compliance with NFPA 70, Class A, Style Z, Type FPLR-CI, minimum 12 AWG solid copper conductors, shielded twisted pair rated at 600-volts, 90-degrees Celsius with color coded insulation.
- B. Initiating Line Circuits: Shall be in compliance with NFPA 70, Class A, Style D, Type FPLR-CI, minimum 14 AWG solid copper conductors, shielded twisted pair rated at 600-volts, 90-degrees Celsius with color coded insulation.
- C. Signaling Line Circuits: Shall be in compliance with NFPA 70, Class A, Style 5 Alpha, Type FPLR-CI, minimum 14 AWG solid copper conductors, shielded twisted pair rated at 600-volts, 90-degrees Celsius with color coded insulation.

**END OF SECTION 13851** 

### SECTION 16430 - POWER MONITORS FOR LOW VOLTAGE SWITCHGEAR

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 COMPONENTS

A Multifunction Digital-Metering Monitor: All double-ended substations shall be equipped with a multifunction digital-metering monitor located at each secondary main circuit breaker. Metering monitor shall be sole-sourced exclusively from Square-D. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed". Metering monitor shall have as a minimum all capabilities of Square-D CM3350 circuit monitor. Metering monitor display and control unit shall be flush or semi-flush mounted in instrument component door. Metering monitor shall be fully compatible with Johnson Controls N2 protocol for monitoring and displaying basic electrical data.

**END SECTION 16430** 

#### SECTION 16442 - PANELBOARDS

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: All Panelboards shall be sole-sourced exclusively from Square-D. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed".

#### 2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Enclosure Hinged Front Cover: Entire front trim hinged to box and with standard door within hinged trim cover.
- B. Phase and Ground Bus Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
- C. Panel Short-Circuit Rating: Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals.
- D. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices:
  - 1. All circuit breakers shall be bolt-on type, whenever possible, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
  - 2. All 120/240 VAC rated circuit breakers shall have VISI-TRIP trip indicator.
- E. <Insert other features as required for specific project>.

**END OF SECTION 16442** 

#### SECTION 16714 -FLEXIBLE RESPONSE SYSTEM

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The existing Flexible Response System is manufactured by Fire Lite Alarms, Inc., therefore modules shall be exclusively by Fire Lite Alarms, Inc. only. All other products required for system integration shall be submitted and approved by MAA with input from TENN security.

#### 2.2 CONTROL PANEL

A. Provide monitoring modules and addressable control relay modules as described below for existing Fire Lite control panel MS-9200 for expansion.

#### 2.3 MONITORING MODULE

Provide addressable monitoring module suitable for monitoring a normally open, dry contact device. Module shall be able to mount inside a single gang device box. Module shall have direct dial address entry (01-99).

#### Acceptable Product:

Fire-Lite Alarms, Incorporated, MMF301, Monitoring Module.

#### 2.4 ADDRESSABLE CONTROL RELAY MODULE

Provide addressable control relay module with two independently addressed and controlled normally open relays. Model shall have direct dial address entry (01-99).

#### Acceptable Product:

Fire-Lite Alarms, Incorporated, CRF C304 Control Module

#### 2.5 SECURITY STROBES

Strobe lights shall provide high Intensity flashes for fast premise identification, excellent visibility for the widest-angle coverage, 12V operating voltage and suitable for surface mounting. Red strobe light shall be Ademco Series SL1R or approved equal. Amber strobe light shall be approved equal.

#### Acceptable Product:

Amesco Series SL1A, Amber Strobe Light Amesco Series SL1B, Blue Strobe Light

#### 2.6 PIEZO HORN

Horn shall provide minimum 100 dB output at 175 mA or as recommended by manufacturer.

Acceptable Product:

Moose MPI-47 or approved equal Piezo Horn.

#### 2.7 POWER SUPPLY

Power supply shall be a complete assembly of 16VA transformer (120V primary to 12V secondary), battery charger, 12V, 2.6AH sealed lead acid battery in NEMA 1 enclosure. It shall provide precision voltage regulation, transient protection and blowout protection for efficient operation of strobe lights, horns, panic button, footbar, etc. It shall activate devices during normal as well as emergency operation.

Acceptable Product:

Moose Product Inc. Series CH-12 or approved equal power supply.

#### 2.8 FOOT BAR

Foot bar shall be 18 inches wide cast aluminum and operated by upward toe movement for security alarm with key re-settable indicator flag. It shall be provided with double pole double throw switch to activate audio and visual alarms.

Acceptable Product:

Ademco No. 266 or approved equal foot bar.

#### 2.9 PANIC BUTTON

Panic button operation takes place when two large levers on either side of the switch are depressed simultaneously in order to activate alarm, and alarm signal cannot be activated if one lever is accidentally depressed. Panic button shall have key re-settable indicator flag and double pole double throw contacts to activate audio and visual alarms.

Acceptable Product:

Ademco Catalog No. 268 or approved equal panic button.

#### 2.10 SILENCE KEY SWITCH

Silence key switch shall be provided with lock-mounted switch and key for silence operation. It shall be provided with double pole double throw contacts to activate audio and visual alarms.

Ademco Catalog No. 269 or approved equal.

#### 2.11 CONDUCTOR

Provide twisted shielded copper cables as recommended by manufacturer.

#### 2.12 AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS

A. Defibrillator shall be 10.5 inched wide x 11.6 inches high x 4.0 inches deep, lightweight portable, with low maintenance requirements and long shelf life non-rechargeable lithium batteries. Biphasic Technology shall be used to deliver defibrillation truncated exponential with voltage and duration for patient impedance at 200 to 360 joules energy levels as recommended by the American Heart Association and International Guidelines Display of low battery alert service, shock count, CPR time and real time on two lines, 20 characters LCD on each line.

Acceptable Product:

Medtronic Physio-Control, Life Pack Series 500 Defibrillator.

B. Automated external defibrillator cabinets. Defibrillator cabinet shall be 12 inches wide x 16 inches high x 6 inches deep, with glass front door, magnetic contact, lead wires for monitoring module connection and disable alarm key in white epoxy finish. Provide BWI Fire Marshall approved sign above cabinet.

Acceptable Product:

Medtronic Physio control Series 3012604, Cabinet

**END OF SECTION 16714** 

# SECTION 16724 - CONTROLLED ACCESS SECURITY SYSTEM

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

The existing Controlled Access Security System is manufactured by General Electric Infographics; therefore, networked Intelligent Controllers, Card Readers and Remote Modules shall be exclusively by General Electric Infographics only. All other substituted products shall be submitted and approved by MAA with input from ADT. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed".

# 2.2 NETWORKED INTELLIGENT CONTROLLER (ACU)

- A. The Networked Intelligent Controller (ACU) shall be a microprocessor-based device, which utilizes a 32-bit processor and a 32-bit bus structure. The controller shall have a minimum clock speed of 90 MHz, and shall be provided with at least 16 Mbytes of battery backed-up dynamic RAM. The controller shall feature a direct LAN/WAN connection to the controller bus structure in addition to two RS-232 or RS-485 connections, all of which shall be designed for use in communication with the existing server. The communication architecture of the ACU shall be such that in the event that the primary communication channel to the server is lost, the unit shall be capable of automatically switching to a secondary communication channel using one of the host RS-232 or RS-485 connections, and if required, shall be able to establish communications via dial-up modem.
- B. The ACU shall be provided with a parallel printer port, which will enable it to print transaction data during loss of communication with the existing server. The ACU shall be capable of dynamically allocating its memory between database information and transaction history, which shall be stored if the controller has lost communication with the existing server. Such transaction history shall be automatically uploaded to the server once communication has been restored. The ACU shall be configured for local storage of no less than 100,000 cardholders. In its maximum configuration, the ACU shall be capable of storing 500,000 cardholders, and its memory utilization shall be such that if storing database information for 10,000 cardholders, it shall also be capable of storing one million transactions.
- C. The ACU shall support the monitoring and control of 16 readers, with or without keypads. It shall also be provided with at least 12 five-state, fully supervised and fully configurable input points, and at least 12 fully configurable auxiliary output control relays mounted on the main circuit board.
- D. Each controller must also be capable of expansion, by external Remote Input Modules (RIMs) and/or Remote Relay Modules (RRMs), to support a combination of up to 172

- fully configurable five-state supervised input points or 156 output relays per ACU depending on configuration.
- E. Each ACU shall be provided with a UL Listed uninterruptible power supply (UPS) mounted within the ACU enclosure. It shall provide sufficient battery backup to sustain complete operational effectiveness of all devices and equipment connected to the ACU including card readers Remote Reader Electronic (RRE) modules, electric locks, RIMs and RRMs for a minimum of four (4) hours of normal operation.
- F. Each ACU shall utilize on-board self-diagnostic LEDs, removable terminal strips and a pop-in/pop-out circuit board.
- G. Each ACU in addition to its on-board LAN/WAN connection shall support RS-232 and multi-drop RS-485 communication topologies. Provision of external LAN terminal server devices that are connected through serial communications to the ACU are not acceptable.
- H. Each ACU shall support RS-485 bi-directional communication paths (dual multi-drop paths back to file server) with no additional hardware or firmware required.
- I. Each ACU shall be supplied with all specified options available, including an enclosure with a tamper switch and lock.
- J. Each ACU shall be capable of reporting the following alarm conditions to the existing ACAM file server:
  - 1. Enclosure door tamper.
  - 2. Primary power failure.
  - 3. Low battery conditions.
  - 4. Lost of communications.
  - 5. All access control violations.

GE Infographics System ACU2XL/16-E-2-UL-UPS-24V, Network Intelligent Controller.

## 2.3 RMS CARD READER/PINPAD

A. Reader shall be a single stage design to include a swipe/pass-through and the electronic interface to the ACU2 Controller. Each shall include a 32-character LCD display that allows the use of various text messages for user prompts or event notices.

- B. LED lamps (red, yellow, green) shall visually display reader status with an internal audible annunciation providing response to keypad entries and door alarm conditions.
- C. The readers can be configured for card with keypad.
- D. The readers shall include four supervised alarm inputs that are user-configured for door contact, door release button and two general-purpose alarm points. The reader shall also have a solid state output that can be configured to operate the door strike.
- E. The reader shall provide two single pole double throw relays. One relay can be used for door unlock. The other relay can be used for remote control functions.

GE Infographics Systems Series RMS-2 Card Reader.

#### 2.4 REMOTE INPUT MODULE

- A. The Remote Input Module (RIM) shall be provided to support additional input points as required. The RIM shall support all industry standard alarm input devices.
- B. Each RIM shall support 16 five-state supervised input points and two output relays. The status of each input point shall be indicated by a tri-state LED, and shall be available if required with an enclosure with a tamper switch through which these status LEDs can be viewed, and it shall be possible to append legends denoting the connection details of each input point on the outside of the enclosure. Each RIM shall be capable of being powered by the on-board UPS of an ACU or by a local 24 VDC UPS.
- C. Each RIM shall utilize on-board self-diagnostic LEDs, industry standard terminal strips and a pop-in/pop-out circuit board.
- D. Each RIM shall be supplied with all specified options available, including an enclosure with a tamper switch and lock. Quantity and location of remote input modules shall be as required for a physically complete and operational system. The RIM shall be Infographics Systems, no substitutions.

### Acceptable Product:

GE Infographic RIM REND 1N0-RPL-E-2-RPL02, Remote Input Module.

#### 2.5 REMOTE RELAY MODULE (RRM)

A. The Remote Relay Module (RRM) shall be provided to support additional output relays. The RRM shall utilize industry standard dry contact output relays.

- B. Each RRM shall support eight SPST and eight DPDT output relays. Each RRM shall be capable of being powered by the on-board UPS of an ACU.
- C. Each RRM shall utilize on-board self-diagnostic LEDs, and a pop-in/pop-out circuit board.
- D. Each RRM shall be support 2 unsupervised inputs and 16 output relays. Each enclosure shall be provided with a tamper switch and lock. Quantity and location of RRMs shall be as specified in contract documents and drawings. The RRM shall be Infographics Systems, no substitutions.

GE Infographic REND 1-RPL, Remote Relay Module.

## 2.6 DOOR RELEASE BUTTON

Release button shall be mounted in stainless steel green lit outlet. It shall be SP/ST rated for 10 amp, 24 VDC.

## Acceptable Product:

Securitron No. PB2E, or approved equal, Door Release Button.

## 2.7 DOOR POSITION SWITCH

Door position switch shall be surface mount, SPDT, and accommodate wider break distance to minimize false alarm. Contact and magnet shall be 3.9" L x 0.6" W x 0.7" D to provide faster installation.

## Acceptable Product:

Sentrol Series 1045, or approved equal, Door Position Switch.

## 2.8 EMERGENCY DOOR RELEASE BUTTON

Emergency button shall be mounted in custom made lexon cover junction box for emergency release. It shall be SP/DT to send "Door Release" alarm signal to ACU panel and locally unlock power to the electromagnetic lock.

## Acceptable Product:

Securitron No. EEB2 or approved equal, Energy Door Release Button.

#### 2.9 ELECTRICAL POWER and BACKUP

- A. Normal System Power Supply: 120 V, 60 Hz from lockable disconnect device. System components shall be supplied with power through the ACU battery back-up and field located power supplies. Refer to the Contract Drawings for ACU and field power supply locations.
- B. Power Source Transfer: When normal power is interrupted, system is automatically switched to back-up supply without degradation of critical system function or loss of signals or status data.
- C. Field Power Supplies: Provide power supplies for supply of power to the electrical door hardware at locations detailed on the Contract Drawings. Power supplies shall be as recommended by the equipment manufacturer for devices being powered from supply. Power supplies shall provide four (4) hours of battery backup under full load of devices supported. Submit battery back-up calculations for each power supply to the Engineer for approval.

#### 2.10 CONDUCTORS

- A. Wire and cabling shall be as recommended by the manufacturer and all wire and cabling shall be installed in an enclosed conduit and raceway system.
- B. After installation and before termination, all wiring and cabling shall be checked and tested to insure there are no grounds, opens or shorts on any conductors or shields.
- C. Visually inspect wire for faulty insulation prior to installation. Protect cable ends at all times with acceptable end caps except during termination.

**END OF SECTION 16724** 

#### SECTION 16740 – PUBLIC ADDRESS SYSTEM

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

The existing Public Address System is manufactured by Innovated Electronics Designs, Inc.; therefore, Announcement Control System, Ambient Analysis System, Testing and Monitoring System shall be exclusively by Innovated Electronics Design, Inc., only. All other substituted products shall be submitted and approved by MAA with input from WPS. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed."

### 2.2 ANNOUNCEMENT CONTROL SYSTEM (ACS)

### A. Main Frame and Expansion Cards (ACS)

#### 1. Main Frame

Mainframe shall consist of a modular mainframe with 16 ACS plug in cards without disconnecting system wiring. Mainframe provides digital interface and DC power connection to ACS plug in cards.

## 2. Microphone Interface Card

Microphone interface card addresses and decodes 8 microphone stations for microprocessor / CPU card. Microphone interface card buffers, isolates and routes audio signals through solid state switches to internal audio buses. Microphone interface card directs the audio signal from microphone stations to appropriate internal audio busses per ACS software configuration.

#### 3. Central Processing Unit

CPU manages the all functions of ACS without need of external PC. CPU controls audio routing, relays, play back, and microphone stations. CPU also commutates with ACS PC.

#### 4. Zone Output Card

Zone output card distributes the audio from the internal audio busses to the system zones per ACS software configuration. Zone output card allows software to select any signal from any one of the 8 internal audio busses to direct to any bus or zone output at any time. Zone output cards have two modes for background

music. One mode uses background music bus and send same signal to all zone outputs and other modes allows individual background music to each zone.

## Relay Card

Relay Card activates relay for zone when it detects audio signal per ACS software configuration.

#### 6. Hard Drive Card

Hard drive cards stores non-volatile programs, operating system data, control program, configuration files and permanent messages. Watchdog timer of hard drive card can refresh pulse to CPU and resets Announcement control system. Manual switch of hard drive card can reset announcement control system.

## 7. Digital Record/ Playback Card

Digital Record/ Playback card can play 8-recorded messages on 8 different audio channels simultaneously. Audio signals are digitized and store in DRAM. When messages are stored permanently, it transmits to hard drive card.

## 8. Rack Mounted Computer System

Rack mounted computer system consists of PC, monitor, keyboard and mouse drawer.

## 9. Power supply

Power supply provides 110 Watts, + 5 V DC output voltage with +/- 10 % output adjustment. Power supply has 25 A, 32 V (auto fuse) overload protection for + 5 VDC output circuits. Micro controller of power supplies allows main processor to switch the supply on and off by relay.

## 10. Power supply

Power supply provides 200 Watts, +/- 15 V DC output voltages with +/- 5 % output adjustment. Power supply has 10 a, 2 AG overload protection for +/- 15 VDC output circuits.

Micro controller of power supplies allows main processor to switch the supply on and off by relay Power supply also allows the voltage adjustment by microprocessor.

IED 500 M Main Frame

IED 500 C Microphone Interface Card

IED 500 CPU Central Processing Unit

IED 500 D Zone Output Card

IED 500 DR Relay Card

IED 500 P Hard Drive Card

IED 500 R Digital Record/ Playback Card

IED 590 R Rack Mounted Computer System

IED 405 L Power supply

IED 415 L Power supply

## A. B. Microphone Stations

1. Limited Function Page 4 Button Stations – Limited function page stations shall have 4 zone group select buttons and ready/busy LEDs. Mounting configurations shall be horizontal or vertical orientation, flush or surface mount, desktop, or locking door enclosure. Microphone shall be handheld HFM H series.

#### **Acceptable Products:**

IED 500 series microphone station with hardware

2. Full Function Page 12 Button Stations – Full function page stations shall have a 12-button keypad for data entry, an LCD digital display and ready/busy LEDs. Mounting configurations shall be horizontal or vertical orientation, flush or surface mount, desktop, rack mount (with or without powered speaker), or locking door enclosure. Microphone options shall be handheld handset.

#### **Acceptable Products:**

IED 508 series microphone station with hardware

## 2.3 AMBIENT ANALYSIS SYSTEM (AAS)

#### A. Main Frame

- 1. Mainframe shall consist of a modular mainframe that holds 11 AAS plug in cards. Mainframe provides remote sensor interface and DC power connection to AAS plug in cards.
- 2. Central Processing Unit

CPU compares channel signals with sensor signal per AAS software and sends signals to each channel digital attenuator.

## 3. Power supply

Power supply provides 130 Watts, +31 VDC, +/- 15 V DC output voltage with +/- 10 % output adjustment. Micro controller of power supplies allows main processor to switch the supply on and off by relay.

#### 4. Attenuator Card

Each Attenuator card channel controls the signal level of the program audio.

#### 5. Remote Sensor

Sensors samples audio signal and sends to attenuation card to compare signal with channel signal by CPU.

#### **Acceptable Products:**

IED 540 M Main Frame

IED 540 CPU Central Processing Unit

IED 540P Power supply

IED 540 I Attenuator Card

IED 540 AC Attenuator Card

IED 540 IAC Attenuator Card

IED 540 S Remote Sensor

## 2.4 AUTOMATIC TEST AND MONITOR SYSTEM (ATMS):

- A. ATMS Mainframe: The existing ATMS mainframe has spare points available for connection of points as indicated in the block diagram to the existing system.
  - 1. The Contractor shall interface the additional equipment required into the existing Automatic Test and Monitor System. Programming shall follow the current methodology and also be completed by the Contractor.
  - 2. Contractor shall provide equipment, as shown on contract documents, including interface cables as required.

## Acceptable Products:

IED 596ML/H Audio Monitor/Test Switch Mainframe

## B. Power Amplifiers

- 1. The power amplifiers shall be of a modular design using a slide in amplifier card installed in an existing mainframe. Each mainframe shall accommodate eight (8) amplifier cards. Card shall be 100-Watt dual-channel amplifier or 200-Watt single channel amplifier.
- 2. The amplifiers shall be of a high efficiency design to provide for long term operating efficiency. Minimum efficiency shall be 79 percent at full rated power.

### **Acceptable Products:**

Dual 100 Watt 70-Volt Amplifier Cards: IED 6272L/ Single 200 Watt-70Volt Amplifiers w IED 6000 Series Frame and IED 596GS modules.

- B. C. Equalization: The equalization system shall be modular and provide for up to twenty-two (22) processor-controlled four channel equalizers, a central processing unit (CPU), and available redundant power supplies.
  - 1. Equalizers shall have nine (9) parametric or configurable bands.
  - 2. Contractor shall provide interface cabling and software as required to interface this system with the existing ACS and Ethernet network.

#### Acceptable Products:

Four Channel Equalizer: IED 8044DSP Digital Signal Processing Card Main Frame IED 8001MF, IED 8001 CPU, IED 8102PS

#### C. D. Fiber Optic Interface:

- Ethernet Network Interface shall be a 10/100 baseT Ethernet switch with a minimum of 6 ports. Cat #IED 903
- 2. The fiber optic transmission system shall be a network-based system capable of transmitting and receiving both data and professional audio signals over multimode fiber optic cabling. The system shall be 19" EIA/TIA standard rack mountable and shall have the following system features:
  - a. Dynamically controlled routing and switching.

# b. Scalable network <u>Acceptable Products:</u>

BEC Technologies - OMNInet Series or equal Fiber Optic Transmission System.

- 3. System Rack Chassis: The system rack chassis shall have the following specifications.
  - a. Redundant power supplies.
  - b. 21 Slot back plane for hot swappable modules.
     <u>Acceptable Products</u>:
     BEC Technologies OCHSYS or equal rack.
- 4. Network Interface Module: The network interface module shall have the following specifications.
  - a. 147.456MB/s effective rate
  - b. Redundant network operation
  - c. Hot swappable
  - d. Non volatile memory for storage of system information
  - e. Automatic detection and reporting of system level problems
  - f. System power and data accuracy indicators
  - g. Integrated network management system Acceptable Products:

BEC Technologies FC101 or equal Network Interface Module.

- 5. Two Channel Slow Scan Data Input/Output (I/O) Module: The I/O module shall have the following specifications.
  - a. Individual channel allocation
  - b. Two channels per card
  - c. I/O software configurable to RS232, RS422, and RS485
  - d. Normal and fast transfer modes
  - e. 84 sub-nets per fiber optic strand 672 on fully loaded network

# f. Hot swappable Acceptable Product:

## BEC Technologies SSD002 or equal Scan Module

- 6. 24 Bit Professional Audio Input Module: The audio input module shall have the following specifications.
  - a. Four channel audio inputs
  - b. Hot swappable
  - c. Burr Brown INA103 low noise analog front end
  - d. Phantom switching of individual mic preamps, 0 to +60dB gain control
  - e. Dynamic Range: 116dB typical
  - f. Frequency Response: 10Hz 22 kHz +/- .1dB
  - g. THD+N: 0.0002% typical
  - h. Crosstalk: < 120dB
  - i. Sample Rate: 48 kHz Fixed
  - j. Oversampling: 64x
  - k. Group Propagation Delay: 1.23mS
  - 1. Signal Indicators: Green = Signal Present > -60dB Reference FS

Amber = Signal > -24dB Reference FS

Red = Clip

## Acceptable Product:

BEC Technologies ADA424 or equal audio input module.

- 7. 24 Bit Professional Audio Output Module: The audio output module shall have the following specifications.
  - a. Four channel audio outputs
  - b. Hot swappable
  - c. Dynamic Range: 116dB typical

- d. Frequency Response: 10Hz 22 kHz +/- .1dB
- e. THD+N: 0.0002% typical
- f. Crosstalk: <108dB
- g. Sample Rate: 48 kHz Fixed
- h. Oversampling: 64x
- i. Output Drive: > 500hm Active Balance Line
- j. Signal Indicators: Green = Signal Present > -60dB Reference FS

$$Red = Clip$$

BEC Technologies DAA424 or equal Audio Output Module

- 8. Universal AC Input Power Supply Module: The power supply module shall have the following specifications.
  - a. Hot swappable
  - b. Redundant Operation
  - c. 90 264 VAC Input
  - d. 47 440 Hz Input Frequency
  - e. Output Power: 200 Watts Continuous, 220 Watts Peak
  - f. Output Voltages: +5 Volts Digital Supply
    - +12 Volts Analog Positive Supply
    - -12 Volts Analog Negative Supply
    - +48 Volts Phantom Power Supply
  - g. Input Surge Current: 25 Amps maximum, Cold Start
  - h. Operating Temperature: 0 50 degrees C

i. Approvals: UL, Ulc recognized and TUC Approved

## Acceptable Product:

BEC Technologies PSA01 or equal Power Supply Module

### D. E. Equipment Cabinet:

- 1. Equipment Cabinet shall be 83 1/8" high, 24 1/4" wide, 32 1/2" deep and have mounting rail spacing to support mounting of standard 19" EIA equipment.
- 2. Equipment Cabinet shall be provided with front vented and rear solid locking doors.
- 3. Equipment Cabinet shall include copper grounding buss bar system.
- 4. Equipment cabinet shall be void of open spaces on the front the cabinet. Provide blank panels, vent panels and cabinet top panels as required for full cabinet build out.

#### **Acceptable Products:**

Middle Atlantic WRK Series or equal equipment cabinet.

#### E. F. Terminal Cabinet

Terminal Cabinets provided for the termination of system cables shall have minimum dimensions of 24"W X 36" H x 4" deep. Equipment enclosures shall be provided with locking doors (keyed as directed by BWI technical staff) and backboard for termination fabrication and cable routing.

#### Acceptable Products:

Hoffman Type 1 Enclosure Series or equal Terminal Cabinet.

- F. G. Type 1 Loudspeaker Assembly: 4-inch, flush mounted speaker assembly in acoustic tile or bulkhead with grille, enclosure, mounting hardware and transformer.
  - 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 88 dB average (1 Watt/1 Meter)
  - 2. Frequency Response: 75 to 20 kHz
  - 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps and an 8-ohm secondary.

- 4. Transformer shall mount integrally to the loudspeaker.
- 5. Grille shall be a low profile.
- 6. Power handling: 25 Watts Acceptable Products:

Atlas FAP42T or equal Type 1 speaker Assembly

- H. Type 2 Loudspeaker Assembly: Assembly shall be a multiple driver speaker cabinet, mounted on corrugated ceilings, with grille, backbox and all mounting accessories.
  - 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 94 dB SPL (1 Watt at 1 meter).
  - 2. Frequencies Response: 62 to 20 kHz.
  - 3. Power Handling: 500W continuous.
  - 4. Transformer shall mount integrally to the loudspeaker.
  - 5. Grille shall be a low profile, with finish to match surface to which it is mounted. Prior to ordering the grille the Contractor shall submit color/finish for architectural approval.

Acceptable Products:

EAW CP499 and support system or equal Type 2 speaker assembly.

- G. I. Type 3 Loudspeaker Assembly: Assembly shall be dual 4" drivers and 1" dome tweeter, in surface mounted enclosure, mounting hardware and transformer.
  - 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 85 dB Peak (1Watt/1Meter)
  - 2. Frequency Response: 120 to 20 kHz
  - 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 4. Transformer shall mount integrally to the loudspeaker.
  - 5. Grille shall be a round profile, with finish to match surrounding surface.
  - 6. Power handling: 90 Watts

Acceptable Products:

TOA H-1 or equal speaker assembly.

- J. Type 4 Loudspeaker Assembly: Assembly includes 8" woofer and 1" exit coil compression driver on a 90X60 Constant Directivity horn, mounting hardware and transformer. System shall attach to structure as required.
  - 7. Sensitivity shall be at least 95 dB Peak (1Watt/1Meter)
  - 8. 2. Frequency Response: 89 to 18 kHz
  - 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 4. Transformer shall mount integrally to the loudspeaker.
  - 5. Cabinet shall be finished to match surrounding surface.
  - 6. CD horn shall be able to rotate in 90degree increments.
  - 7. CD horn shall have optional 120x60 degree pattern available to fix cabinet.
  - 8. Custom mounting hardware.
  - 9. Power handling: 300 Watts

EAW MK8196T or equal speaker assembly.

- K. Type 5 Loudspeaker Assembly: Assembly includes weather resistant 2 way speaker with asymmetrical coverage.
  - 10. 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 95 dB Peak (1Watt/1Meter)
  - 11 2. Frequency Response: 100 to 15 kHz
  - 12. 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 13. 4. Speaker pattern shall be 70 120 degrees horizontal by 75 degrees vertical.
  - 14. 5. System shall have 2 8" low frequency drivers.
  - 15. 6. System shall have 1 1" titanium driver for High frequencies.
  - 16. 7. Cabinet shall be hand laminated fiberglass with gray gel coat and black powder coated grille.
  - 17. 8. Custom mounting hardware.

## 18. 9. Power handling: 200 Watts

#### Acceptable Products:

Community WET2V8 or equal Type 6 speaker assembly.

- L. Type 6 Loudspeaker Assembly: Flush mount acoustical ceiling speaker assembly shall include flush mount Backcan, 8" speaker with baffle and support hardware.
  - 19. Sensitivity shall be at least 95 dB (1Watt/1Meter)
  - 20. 2. Frequency Response: 100 to 16 kHz
  - 21. 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 22. 4. Speaker pattern shall be 90 degrees conical.
  - 23. 5. System shall have 10 ounce magnet dual cone speaker.
  - 24. 6. Backcan shall be a flush mount enclosure with ½' and ¾' knockouts.
  - 25. 7. Power handling: 15 Watts

#### Acceptable Products:

Atlas SD72W or equal speaker baffle assembly

#### Atlas EZ 96-8 or equal backcan/supports

- H. M. Type 7 Loudspeaker Assembly: Assembly includes surface mount re-entrant horn.
  - 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 105 dB (300-3000Hz. Band limited)
  - 2. Frequency Response: 280 to 8 kHz
  - 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 4. Speaker pattern shall be 100 degrees by 60 degrees.
  - 5. System shall have a compression driver.
  - 6. Enclosure shall be a weather resistant surface mount horn assembly with weatherproof cable.

7. Power handling: 60 Watts

Acceptable Products:

Electrovoice Cobraflex III horn with 1829BT Convertible Driver or equal.

- I. N. Type 8 Loudspeaker Assembly: Flush mount speaker assembly for gypsum ceiling shall include a 12" coaxial speaker with backcan, baffle and support hardware
  - 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 99 dB (1Watt/1Meter)
  - 2. Frequency Response: 58 to 15 kHz
  - 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 4. Speaker pattern shall be 90 degrees conical.
  - 5. System shall have 12" low frequency driver.
  - 6. System shall have 1-1" titanium compression driver for High frequencies.
  - 7. Backcan shall be a flush mount square enclosure with ½' and ¾' knockouts with 4 cubic feet of volume minimum.
  - 8. Power handling: 250 Watts

**Acceptable Products:** 

Atlas 12CXT60 or equal speaker Atlas Q4712 or equal backcan

Atlas 164-12A or equal baffle

- J. O. Type 9 Loudspeaker Assembly: Assembly includes weather resistant surface mount speaker system for working side of aircraft general paging coverage.
  - 1. Sensitivity shall be at least 98 dB (100-16,000Hz.)
  - 2. Frequency Response: 90 to 16 kHz  $\pm$  5dB.
  - 3. Transformer shall have 70 Volt primary and multiple taps.
  - 4. Speaker pattern shall be 90 degrees horizontal by 40 degrees vertical.
  - 5. System shall have 12" low frequency driver.
  - 6. System shall have 1 Kaladex driver for High frequencies.

- Enclosure shall be finished in roto-molded gray polyethylene supplied with heavy duty bracket.
- 8. Power handling: 60 Watts

Community R.5-94T or equal speaker assembly

- K. P. System Wiring
  - 1. Unless otherwise required, Contractor shall use the following cables, or approved equals:
  - 2. Microphone and line-level audio cable in conduit or cable tray:
    - a. Nominal Capacitance of 35 pF/ft
    - b. Nominal Outside dimension of 0.118 inch
    - c. 100% shield with Z- Fold shielding

Acceptable Products:

Belden 82761 or equal audio cable

- 3. Microphone and line-level audio cable for internal cabinet wiring:
  - a. Nominal capacitance of 24 pF/ft
  - b. Nominal outside dimension of 0.175 inch.
  - c. 100% shield with Z-Fold

**Acceptable Products:** 

Belden 8761 or equal audio cable.

- 4. Loudspeaker signal lines shall be sized to allow no greater than 5 percent loss from source to first speaker. Lines shall be twisted pair, Plenum jacketed with no shield.
  - a. Minimum conductor strand count: 19

## b. UM type CMR or CL3R

## Acceptable Products:

Belden 6000UE series or equal.

- L. Q. Audio Termination System
  - 1 Provide wall mount termination located in terminal cabinet to connect incoming field microphone station lines.
  - 2. Termination system shall provide:
    - a. Compression terminal blocks certified for stranded and solid wire.
    - b. Rigid mount terminals which can be replaced if damaged
    - c. Designation strips for contractor to provide label information on.
  - 3. Provide as many units as necessary.

Acceptable Products:

Electrovert Kl1620PA or equal.

- R. Speaker Terminal Strips
  - 1. Provide speaker terminal strips to terminate incoming speaker field circuits to amplification equipment in terminal cabinets.
    - 2. Provide track system with end stops and terminal blocks with screws for terminations.

## Acceptable Products:

MP Flexi-Block System or equal.

**END OF SECTION 16740** 

# SECTION 16782 - CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION (CCTV) SYSTEM

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The existing Closed Circuit Television System is manufactured by Philips Communication; therefore, Matrix Switches, digital recorders, camera, and power supplied shall be exclusively by Philips Communication only. All other products required for system integration shall be submitted and approved by MAA with input from ADT. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed."

## 2.2 GENERAL

A. Provide CCTV systems, of types, sizes, capacities and electrical characteristics indicated below, consisting of CCTV cameras, LCD monitors, video matrix switcher, keyboard controllers, signal equipment, camera enclosures, power supplies, and other components as required for complete installation. Except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard CCTV system components as indicated by published product information, designed and constructed as recommended by manufacturer.

#### 2.3 SATELLITE MATRIX SWITCHER

- A. The Matrix System shall integrate the specified CCD cameras and peripheral products into a comprehensive extension of the existing MAA CCTV system. A built-in cable compensation circuit on every input channel shall provide high quality picture and control. The system's extensive program capability shall include versatile camera sequences, alarm mode, time/date event scheduling, password protection, operator's access level, priority and system partitioning, providing outstanding flexibility.
- B. A keyboard controller shall be used for setup, camera control and video routing. The keyboard controller unit's 2-line character LCD display and function keys shall provide direct menu access to cameras.
- C. The system shall have 80 inputs and 4 outputs as base configuration; by adding 16-channel video input modules, and/or 4-channel video output modules the system can be expanded to accommodate up to 256 cameras, 64 monitors and 32 keyboard controllers.
- D. The system shall have the ability to integrate external devices such as computers, printers and alarm input devices. The built-in RS-232C port shall permit up and downloading of the system data for back-up and restore purposes with a PC. The system can be controlled and programmed through the RS-232C port, if a printer is connected,

the system set-up data can be printed and verified. The built-in diagnostic program shall help to identify a malfunction speedily for system maintenance and repair. The power source shall be 120VAC, 60Hz. The system shall be UL listed.

E. The system shall have a data connection via a fiber optic multiplexer specified elsewhere within this specification for communications with the existing matrix switcher. The Contractor shall be responsible for all required new and existing system programming for a functionally complete and operational system.

Acceptable Products:

Philips Model LTC 8800 System Matrix Switcher.

The Matrix shall be manufactured by Philips Model LTC 8800 System, no substitutions. The following parts, in quantities as required, shall be included in Matrix Switcher: Philips LTC 8801/60 CCTV switching bay, CPU and power supply. Philips LTC 8821/00 Video input module, 16-video inputs per card. Philips LTC 8834/00 Video output module, 4-video outputs per card. Philips KBD Universal Universal Digital Keyboard Controller.

## 2.4 DIGITAL VIDEO RECORDER

- A. General: The digital video recorder (DVR) shall have the following general specifications:
  - 1. Video Inputs 16
  - 2. Software Windows 2000
- B. The DVR shall provide full screen or selectable multi-screen displays of 2x2 (quad), 3x3, and 4x4 formats.
- C. The recorder shall be capable of sequencing the 16 camera inputs as four quad displays.
- D. The date/time, recorder name, and camera name shall be stored with each image recorded.
- E. The recorder shall provide 16 video inputs with independently configurable frame rate settings (ips).
- F. The recorder shall provide 16 video inputs with independently configurable frame rate settings (ips). Each recorder input for this project shall be configured for 3.75 ips. Recorded digital video shall be stored for a period of 30 days for all inputs.
- G. The digital recorder shall be capable of recording at the following images per second (ips) rates:

- 1. Up to 120 ips (1 to 4 cameras) or up to 80 ips (5 to 16 cameras) with one compression card installed.
- 2. Up to 240 ips (1 to 8 cameras) or up to 160 ips (9 to 16 cameras) with two compression cards installed.
- H. The recorder shall use temporal compression based on proprietary MJPEG and H.263 technology.
- I. Image integrity shall be maintained using proprietary codec, time/date stamp, watermark authentication.
- J. The recorder shall be capable of providing simultaneous recording and playback.
- K. The recorder shall provide five independently configurable motion detection zones per camera.
- L. The recorder shall provide a function to bookmark a specific time and date of a video file for easy retrieval at a later date.
- M. The recorder shall provide pre and post alarm recording.
- N. The recorder shall provide both local and remote pan/tilt/zoom control.
- O. The system shall provide the following minimum TV Lines of Resolution (TVL) as related to the digital memory resolution:
  - 1. 450TVL at 640H x 480V; 280TVL at 320H x 240V; 120TVL at 160H x 120V
- P. The recorder shall include the following:
  - 1. CDRW unit.
  - 2. SCSI-2 interface connection to allow video archiving to a disk array.
  - 3. 3.5 Floppy drive.
  - 4. Inputs for sixteen (16) programmable, N/O, N/C dry alarm contacts.
  - 5. Sixteen (16) programmable output relays.
  - 6. 480 Gigabyte hard drive for storage of digital video.
- Q. The recorder shall provide the capability to load a bitmap image of a facility, then drag and drop camera and alarm icons to create an overview of the installation thereby allowing an operator to click on the camera icons to view video from the selected camera.

- R. The recorder shall be capable of recording single channel audio.
- S. The recorder shall include remote viewer Graphical User Interface (GUI) software to allow simultaneous access via Ethernet to live and recorded video. This software shall also provide system configuration and pan/tilt control supporting up to sixteen (16) recorders. The Contractor shall configure this software and program the GUI for connection to an Ethernet system provided by others. Contractor work shall include physical connection of the recorders to the Ethernet switch and configuration of the software on a computer workstation provided by others.
- T. The recorder shall have remote administrator configuration capability.
- U. The recorder shall provide a POS database interface that allows search parameters for time, date, camera, merchandise, and cash amount of sale.
- V. Electrical Specifications:
  - 1. Video Input: 1Vp-p, composite video, 75 ohms.
  - 2. Video Output: 1Vp-p,composite video 75 ohms.
  - 3. Power supply: Switch selectable between 110 VAC, 60Hz and 220 VAC, 50Hz. 4. Audio: 1-channel (line in or mic. in, line out).
  - 4. Connectors:
    - a. Video input: 16 BNC, non-looping
    - b. Video output: RCA (BNC converter supplied.
    - c. SCSI-2 HD-50 interface to disk array
    - d. RJ-45 10/100 Mb base-T Ethernet connection.
    - e. Audio: 1/8-inch mini phone jack.

      Acceptable Product:
      Philips Model DR16248 Digital Video Recorder.

## 2.5 QUAD VIDEO PROCESSOR

- A. The quad video processor shall permit viewing of 4 cameras on a single LCD display.
- B. The unit shall offer full time quad display and full screen display of video images.
- C. The unit shall have 720 x 484 pixel resolution and 525 lines resolution.
- D. The rear panel shall feature 4 loop through Auto Terminated BNC video inputs, 4 alarm

input connections, one BNC monitor output, one BNC record output, and a RS-232 remote callup 15-pin D input.

E. The unit shall be rack-mountable. The power source shall be 120VAC, 60Hz, and shall be UL listed.

Acceptable Product:

Philips Model LTC 22377/60, Quad Video Processor.

#### 2.6 CLOSED-CIRCUIT TELEVISION CAMERAS

- A. General: Provide CCTV color cameras, associated accessories and wiring for MAA surveillance. Cameras shall be connected to the existing MAA matrix switcher via fiber optic multiplexers installed under this project.
- B. Fixed Color Cameras: Provide 1/3 inch format cameras using solid state, interline transfer, charge coupled device (CCD) image sensors. Cameras shall produce standard EIA video signals with composite output level of 1.0 v p-p and 75 ohms impedance. Output connectors shall be BNC types. All cameras shall feature no geometric distortion, immunity to electrical and magnetic fields. All cameras shall be provided as standard resolution for color as specified herein and indicated on plans.
  - 1. Standard resolution for color cameras shall have the following features.
    - a. The minimum scene illumination to obtain "usable video " shall be 2 lux at F 1.4 (0.2 foot-candle) based on scene illumination, 75 % reflectance factor, automatic gain control (AGC).
    - b. Signal to noise ratio shall be 50 dB, minimum with AGC off.
    - c. The camera shall incorporate back light compensation (BLC), aperture correction and auto tracing white balance (ATW).
    - d. The camera shall conform with UL 544 and 1409 and radiation standards of FCC class B. Input power shall be 24 volt AC, 60 Hz.
    - e. The camera shall accept C and CS mount lenses and shall be capable of functioning over a temperature range of -20° 32° F. External dimensions of camera shall not exceed 2.65 inches wide x 2.56 inches x 4.81 inches length and weight shall not exceed 2 pounds. The housing shall be weatherproof metal case with top heater, blower and bottom mounting provision.

Acceptable Product:

Philips Model LTC 0450/21, Cameras.

- C. Integrated high-speed dome color pan/tilt/zoom camera: Cameras shall be provided complete with all back boxes, mounting adapters, and hardware required to install camera in location shown on the Contract Drawings.
  - 1. Integrated dome pan/tilt/zoom camera shall be suitable for in-ceiling mount, pendant mount, or wall mount as required for the camera location and meet the following specifications:
    - a. 99 Presets
    - b. 0.5° preset accuracy
    - c. Proportional Pan and Tilt
    - d. Privacy Masking
    - e. Guard Tour
    - f. Image sensor:
      - 1) Sensor shall incorporate integral infrared cutoff filter.
      - 2) Image sensor shall be a color 1/4-inch interline transfer CCD.
      - 3) Sensor shall be free of blemishes as defined by EIA-330, and shall not have dead pixels.
      - 4) Sensor shall have at least 768 horizontal pixels and 494 vertical pixels.
  - 2. Resolution: Camera shall have at least 470 lines of horizontal resolution. Resolution shall not vary over the life of the camera.
  - 3. Signal-to-noise ratio: At least 50 dB unweighted with no gain.
  - 4. Sensitivity:
    - a. Slow shutter off: 0.025 fc/0.25 lux.
    - b. Slow shutter on: 0.0016 fc/0.016 lux.
  - 5. Automatic Circuits: The camera shall have:
    - a. Automatic white clip.
    - b. Automatic white balance.
    - c. Automatic gain control.

- d. Electronic light control (electronic shutter speed).
- e. Auto-iris drive.

#### 6. Lens:

- a. Lens shall be equipped with an auto-iris mechanism.
- b. Lens shall be an 18 times optical (4.1mm 73.8mm) and 12 times digital zoom with an aperture range of f/1.4 to f/3.0.

## 7. Dome pan/tilt drive:

- a. Shall be supplied as part of the integrated assembly.
- b. Dome shall have continuous 360° pan capability.
- c. Pan speed rate shall be variable from 0.1-120° per second (manual operation).
- d. Shall have variable-rate, proportional pan and tilt speed that shall decrease the pan and tilt speed in proportion to the zoom focal length.
- e. Presets position speed rate shall be 360° per second, +/- 0.50° accuracy.
- f. Dome bubble shall be smoked gray color or clear as approved by the Engineer.
- g. Dome drive shall have auto flip functionality and have quick disconnect for mechanical and electrical connections.
- h. Domes for outdoor use shall be rated as follows:
  - 1) NEMA 4X.
  - 2) Humidity: 0% to 90% relative, non-condensing.
  - 3) Operating Temperature Range: -40°F to +122°F
- 8. Mount shall be furnished complete with all interface cards, receiver/drivers, translator cards, cables and appurtenances so they are fully functional and compatible with the existing switcher and pan/tilt control system.
- 9. Contractor shall consult with the Engineer on color of pendants and exposed hardware and submit samples to the Engineer for approval.

  Acceptable Product:

## Philips G3 Autodome Bu ENV Euvito Dome Series.

- D. Vari-focal lenses: Provide 1/3-inch format auto iris vari-focal lens with the following operational features.
  - 1. Focal length: 2.8 -6 mm, 3.5 8 mm, and 5 50 mm. As required for each specific camera location.
  - 2. Iris Range F1.2 close
  - 3. Focus Range: 1 foot to infinity
  - 4. Weight: 18 lbs
  - 5. Lens mount: CS
  - 6. Angle of view: Wide 88.7° x 69.2° Tele 44.2° x 34.0°
  - 7. Iris Type: Automatic
     <u>Acceptable Product</u>:
     Philips Models LTC-3364/20, LTC-3364/31, and LTC-3374/20 lenses, no substitutions.
- E. Indoor Housing for Fixed Camera: Provide indoor housing for fixed or suspended ceilings with following features.
  - 1. Maximum camera/lens size: 8" L x 4" W x 4" H.
  - 2. Dome: .13-inch thick polycarbonate.
  - 3. Mounting: suspended ceiling mount.

    <u>Acceptable Product</u>:
    Philips Model LTC 9370/00, Camera.
- F. Camera Power Supply: Provide 120/24 VAC, 60 HZ camera power supply with the following characteristics:
  - 1. Camera outputs: 4, 8, and 16.
  - 2. Voltage input: 120 VAC, 60 Hz.
  - 3. Voltage outputs: 24 VAC.
  - 4. Current Output: Maximum current available for each terminal pair is 1.85 AC.
  - 5. Controls and indicators Power LED and on/off switch inside cabinet.

- 6. Connectors: Screw terminals.
- 7. Construction/finish: Beige metal case.
- Dimensions: approximately 11.25 "W x 3.5 "D x 11.25.
   Acceptable Product:
   Philips Model LTC 540X/60 Series, Power Supply where X equals the number of

## 2.7 9-INCH COLOR MONITOR

A. The 9-inch color monitor shall be mounted in a 19-inch vertical cabinet located within the MDF Room A206.

Acceptable Product:

Philips Model LTC 2810/90, 9-inch color monitor.

outputs as required per number of cameras fed."

#### 2.8 42-INCH LDC MONITOR

#### A. General:

- 1. Video displays shall be provisioned with UL, CE or ETL labeling indicating compliance with recognized standards.
- 2. Suitable manufacturers of LCD video screens include: Eternal Graphics, NEC, Philips, or approved equal.

## B. Display Characteristics:

- 1 Minimum Active Area: 41.4" for 42-inch units.
- 2. Aspect ratio: 16:9.6
- 3. Resolution: WVGA (1280 x 768)
- 4. Horizontal Viewing Angle: 170°
- 5. Vertical Viewing Angle: 170°
- 6. Brightness: 450 Cd/m²
- 7. Color Range: 16.7 Million colors
- 8. Contrast Ratio: 600:1

- C. Physical Parameters & Special Features:
  - 1. Unit Dimensions (WxHxD): 36.5"x23.2"x3.95"
  - 2. Backlight Half-Life: 50,000 Hours
  - 3. Power Consumption: 110-120VAC/50-60Hz, 240 Watt
  - 4. Unit Weight: 53 lbs.
  - 5. Ambient Temperature/Humidity: warranted operational range + 32°F to +95° F and 20 to 80% relative humidity (non-condensing)
- D. Signal & Control Features for Video Displays
  - 1. RS-232 Video Display Remote Control
  - 2. Infra-Red Remote Control
  - 3. Video Signal Input:
    - a) Data: VGA (640x480), WXGA (1280x768), DVI-I
    - b) Video: Composite Video (NTSC, PAL, SECAM), S-Video (NTSC, PAL)

# 2.9 DIGITAL FIBER OPTIC VIDEO MULTIPLEXER AND DATA TRANSCEIVER

A. Provide digital fiber optic video/data multiplexers as required. Multiplexer shall allow transmission of 4 channels of high resolution, real-time color video, as well as bi-directional data simultaneously on one optical fiber. The unit shall employ 8-bit digital encoding for transmission of these signals. The multiplexer shall consist of a video transmitter/data transceiver, and a video receiver/data transceiver. The multiplexer shall allow bi-directional transmission of Manchester Encoding, Bi-Phase, RS-232, RS-422 or RS-485 (2 or 4 wire) data protocols. No in-field electrical or optical adjustments or in-line attenuators shall be required. All units shall be available in both rack mount and surface mount versions. The units shall have solid-state limiters on all power lines, which shall provide for automatic reset. All rack mount units shall have an internal DC power supply. A short circuit in one unit shall not affect operation of other units powered from the common power supply. The rack mount units shall be hot swappable with no risk of damage to other units or rack during replacement. The unit shall be UL listed. Operating temperature shall be -40°C to +74°C for all units.

**Acceptable Products:** 

IFS model VT7420DRDT-R3. The video transmitter/data transceiver rack mount rack mount.

IFS model VR7420DRDT-R3. The video receiver/data transceiver rack mount.

- B. 19" Rack Mount Panel Provide IFS R3 card cages, no substitutions with the following characteristics:
  - 1. Input Voltage: 115 VAC (line cord)
  - 2. Power supply (to plug-ins): 20 VAC @ 2.8A
  - 3. # Slots/Spacing: 14 slots available, with internal power supply.
  - 4. Size (In.) (W x H x D):  $19.0 \times 5.2 \times 7$
  - 5. Fusing: 1A slow blow (Rack Power supply) (Plug-in modules individually fused)

#### 2.10 ETHERNET SWITCH

- A. The Contractor shall provide Ethernet switches to support the transmission of digital video between the remote DVRs and the existing DVR workstation as specified herein and detailed on the contract drawings. This includes provision of the proper quantities of media ports. The Ethernet switches shall be intelligent, layer 2 and SNMP manageable. Provide all intra-rack cabling, connectors and transceivers required for operating the system.
- B. Ethernet switches shall be compatible with the existing MAA/BWI CISCO network: Rack mount 24 port 100BaseTX switch, with redundant Power supply unit and fiber optic GBIC uplinks.
- C. Coordinate with MAA IT/Network representative for, IP address, network management and redundancy scheme.

#### Acceptable Product:

Cisco 2950G-EI Ethernet Switch.

- 2.11 19-INCH EQUIPMENT CABINET
  - A. Provide 19-inch equipment cabinets as specified in Section 16741 Premise Wiring and Distribution Systems.

#### 2.12 SIGNAL TRANSMISSION COMPONENTS

- A. CCTV camera cable: Cellular-polyethylene dielectric, bare copper double braided shield with 95 percent minimum shielding factor, No. 18 AWG stranded copper conductor and PVC jacket, RG-6U.
- B. CCTV coaxial cable Connectors: Type BNC, 75 ohms.
- C. CCTV coaxial cable splitter: Type BNC, 75 ohms.

D. CCTV camera covert operations outlets: Recessed, Type BNC, 75 ohms.

Fiber Optic Patch Cords: Provide all required fiber optic patch cords. Patch cords shall be as specified in Section 16741.

**END OF SECTION 16782** 

# ITEM L-109 MODIFICATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO AIRFIELD LIGHTING CONTROL SYSTEM

#### **EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS**

109-2.1 COMPUTERIZED AIRFIELD LIGHTING CONTROL SYSTEM (CALCS) MODIFICATIONS, ADJUSTMENTS, AND CALIBRATION. Modify the existing computerized airfield lighting control system (CALCS) so that the display reflects new Lighting Circuits. Add new components to control and monitor new regulators and adjust the existing (CALCS) equipment as required including additional wiring and conduits. Provide all necessary wire and conduit to accommodate new components necessary to provide a working system. The Contractor shall sub-contract Siemens Airfield Solutions (SAS) to modify the existing computer system software and screen graphics to reflect the changes required by this contract. All screen graphic and software changes shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval prior to installation. Work under this contract shall not void any existing warranties on the existing system. After all lights are installed and all other electrical modifications have been made, recalibrate all lighting circuits which have had load changes. This will require field work to verify that lighting fixtures are properly operating (or recording outages). It is the Contractor's responsibility to restore the computerized lighting control system at the Air Traffic Control Tower, Electrical Vault or Portable Personal Computers, and any other existing airfield monitoring locations to full calibration and operation reflecting all changes at the end of the project.

Materials for changes to the CALCS shall be in all ways matched to and compatible with the existing system component parts.

All new components shall be compatible with the existing SAS CALCS system installed in 2000. Contact SAS at 860-408-9546 for system details.

# a. TESTING AND COMMISSIONING

- 1. The Contractor in cooperation with SAS shall prepare and submit a proposed testing and commissioning procedure for the CALCS. Prepare these documents listing the testing and commissioning procedures and expected test results. As a minimum, tests shall include:
  - (a) Point-to-point wiring continuity tests.
  - (b) Insulation and grounding tests.
- (c) Fiber-optic network communications tests. Include in Pay Item Section 16134.
  - (d) Verification of all remote control functions for each controllable element.
- (e) Touch-screen monitor operations, screen display sections, command select acknowledgement, and action confirmed representations, alarm indications.

# (f) AEMS computer tests.

**b.** WARRANTY. Provide a written guarantee that the CALCS equipment and components supplied and installed are guaranteed against defects and malfunction for a period of 12 months from date of completion of commissioning.

# 109-2.2 INDIVIDUAL LAMP CONTROL AND MONITORING SYSTEM

#### a. Addressable Device

The lighting series circuits shall be used as the transmission backbone or infrastructure of a communication command and information network. Addressable devices shall provide the interfacing between the controlled and monitored elements (lamps, signs, etc.) and the rest of the system. To allow communication to a controllable element in the field, via the lighting series circuit, the only required airfield hardware installation is to plug an addressable device into the secondary circuit of the relevant FAA L-830 isolation transformer. The addressable device shall be enclosed in a permanently sealed watertight epoxy case and suitable for installation in L-867 or L-868 size B light base. No additional wires shall be required between the field elements and the electrical vault. No bypasses or filters shall be required in the field.

The addressable device shall be designed to control and monitor individual airfield elevated or inpavement lighting fixtures and to receive signals from sensors and detectors. The addressable device shall be able to function properly on circuits powered by various CCR styles and different manufacturers. The device shall be capable of functioning properly on constant current series circuits having various wave shapes, load variations and high noise levels.

The addressable device shall be a microprocessor-based unit and consist of:

- 1. Master. The Master shall be able to communicate with remote units via series circuit and shall have an interface with the existing CALCS. The Master shall have lightning protection equal to that on the output of the CCR. Input power for Master shall be 120 VAC, 60 HZ.
  - 2. Remote. The remote shall provide the following data:
- (a) ON/OFF switching and flashing of elements (lights, signs, stop-bar, segments of lights, runway guard light, etc.).
- (b) Gollection of signals from airplane position sensors and their transmission via the lighting series circuit.
  - (c) Detection of burnt out lamps.
  - (d) Short-circuiting of isolation transformer in case of lamp failure.

(e) Watchdog timer to provide a fail-safe mode.

# 109-3 COMPUTERIZED AIRFIELD LIGHTING CONTROL EQUIPMENT - GENERAL

- a. Control and Monitoring Equipment
- 1. The control and monitoring equipment shall be of a distributed nature and shall not be a PLC based. The IU (Interface Unit) units shall be installed locally at each Constant Current Regulator (CCR), which requires control and/or monitoring within the airfield lighting electrical vault(s).
  - 2. Each new CCR shall be connected to an IU.
- 3. The IU shall be a microprocessor based module that includes all of the communication, control commands, input/output interface and failsafe functionality.
- 4. The IU shall be connected to both existing networks associated with the Redundant Communications Network (RCN) via quick disconnects.
  - 5. The IU can communicate back to the Vault computer via either of the networks.
- 6. Removal of any IU unit(s) from the vault network shall not affect the operations of the CALCS system.
- The IU shall be a universal device that can be used on any type of CCR from any manufacturer.
  - 8. Each IU shall be identical and have interchangeable components.
- 9. The IU unit shall be optically isolated from the airfield series circuit via a quick disconnect.

#### b. Existing Redundant Vault Control and Monitoring Network

- 1. A Redundant Communication Network (RCN) using two (2) existing independent communication networks in the electrical vault(s).
- 2. The existing RCN has two (2) cables each consisting of two (2), 24AWG, shielded twisted pairs with a common (drain wire) meeting EIA RS-422 applications (BeldenTM No. 9842 or equivalent).
  - 3. The network shall be used to control and monitor all the CCR(s).
  - 4. Each CCR shall be interfaced to an IU.
  - 5. Any malfunction in one network shall not affect the operation of the system.

6. Any malfunction in one of the IU communication ports, transfers communication to the remaining port without affecting system functions.

# c. Overview of Operation

- 1. Each IU unit shall have a unique factory set address and a field programmable communication address.
- 2. The IU receives commands via the existing RCN, executes those commands, and transfers back the status of the element to the existing vault computer.
- 3. The IU shall perform the following functions:
- (a) Brightness setting control of the CCR(s) or ON/OFF control as required by the controlled element.
  - (b) CCR output voltage and current monitoring.
  - (c) CCR status monitoring (i.e., remote/local, loss of input power).
- (d) Monitor all requirements per FAA L-827 monitoring requirements (See Monitoring section).
  - (e) Perform all failsafe functions.
  - (f) Communication via both networks to the vault computer.
  - (g) Self-diagnostic function to monitor for proper operation.
  - (h) Locally store all data and parameters specific to the controlled CCR.

# d. Subcomponents: Each IU unit shall consist of the following six components:

# 1. Input/Output Module

- (a) Interface for all control and monitoring connections.
- (b) Distribution bus for interfacing internal boards.
- (c) Easy access, quick disconnect terminal blocks.

#### 2. Processor Module

- (a) Interface for redundant communication network.
- (b) Easy access, quick disconnect terminal block connections for RCN.

- (c) Receives and transmits data to the vault computer.
- (d) Interface for insulation resistance monitoring.
- (e) Quick disconnect connection for interface to the Insulation Resistance Monitoring Module.

#### 3. Monitoring Module

- (a) Interface for current and voltage monitoring.
- (b) Quick disconnect connections for interface to the Voltage and Current Sensor Module.
- (c) Receives current and voltage samples from the Voltage and Current Sensor Module.
  - (d) Can interface with up to one (1) circuit.

#### 4. Display Module

- (a) The following LED's shall be installed as a minimum on the IU's and provide the following information:
  - (1) Running status: LED indicator display of IU status.
  - (2) Brightness Step: LED display indicating the commanded step of the CCR.
- (3) Remote/Local: LED display indicating the status of the remote local switch of the CCR.
- (4) Primary Power: LED display indicating the status of the input power to the CCR.
- (a) Over Current Shutdown: LED display indicating over current shutdown of the CCR.
- (b) Open Circuit Shutdown: LED display indicating open circuit shutdown of the CCR.
- (c) Channel A: LED display indicating the status of existing channel A of the existing redundant communication network.
- (d) Channel B: LED display indicating the status of existing channel B of the existing redundant communication network.

# (5) Current and Voltage Module (CVM)

- (a) Collects current and voltage samples.
- (b) Transmits current and voltage samples to the Monitoring
- (c) Interfaces to the output of the CCR.
  - (d) Shall be isolated from the series circuit via a quick disconnect

interface.

Board.

(e) Quick disconnect connections for interface to the Monitoring

Board.

- (6) Insulation Resistance Monitoring Module (IRMM)
  - (a) Collects insulation resistance samples.
  - (b) Transmits insulation resistance samples to the Processor Board.
  - (c) Interfaces to the output of the CCR.
  - (d) Shall be isolated from the series circuit via a quick disconnect

interface.

(e) Quick disconnect connection for interface to the Processor

Board.

# e. Control and Feedback Interface

- 1. The IU unit shall have the following interface points available:
- (a) Control: Five mechanical latching output points (expandable to 16). These control points shall also be self-monitored and provide back-indication to the Vault computer verifying proper execution of control command.
  - (b) Feedback: Two digital-isolated input points (expandable to 6).
  - (c) Current/Voltage Monitoring: One digital interface (expandable to 3).
  - (d) Insulation Resistance Monitoring: Two digital interface.

# f. Monitoring

- (1) The IU unit shall provide full FAA L-827 monitoring per FAA AC 150/5345-10 (current edition).
- (2) The IU shall include the monitoring board and provide the following information for each CCR:
  - (a) Loss of input power to the CCR.
  - (b) CCR shutdown by open-circuit/over-current protective devices.
  - (c) Drop of more than 10 percent in the CCR VA load.
  - (d) Failure of the CCR to deliver the selected output current.
  - (e) The number of burnt-out lamps in each series circuit.
  - (f) Remote/local status of the CCR.
  - (g) Actual CCR output current.
  - (h) Actual CCR output voltage.
  - (i) Actual CCR output load (wattage).
- (3) The Monitor and Control Equipment (MCE) will also monitor the control relays that are interfaced to the control equipment.
  - (a) Each relay output is fed to a discrete digital input on the IU device.
  - (b) Each digital input is monitored for proper execution by the IU device.
- (c) This type of contact monitoring provides positive back indication that the correct control commands have been executed by the IU device.

#### 5. The system shall include software for calibrating the following measurements:

- (a) The number of burnt-out lamps in the series circuit.
- (b) Actual CCR output current.
- (c) Actual CCR output voltage.
- (d) Actual CCR output load (wattage).

# g. Programming

- 1. Each IU unit shall have a unique factory set address and specific parameters, which are field-programmable. Downloading of the IU's parameters shall be done from the existing electrical vault computer.
- 2. The control system shall continuously scan all the IU units and detect any malfunctioning units as well as inconsistency between the commanded brightness step and the actual brightness step.
- 3. Each IU unit shall transmit internal diagnostic information to the control system and provide detailed information regarding its operating status. Any malfunction can easily be isolated to the exact location through the use of troubleshooting and diagnostic screens available at the vault computer.
- 4. A computer when connected to the IU port, shall be able to perform the following functions:
  - (a) Monitor the commands being received at the MCE unit.
  - (b) Perform ON/OFF and brightness step switching of the CCR.
- (c) Monitor the communications status of the Redundant Communication network.
  - (d) Read all the status information of the CCR (i.e., Remote/Local).
  - (e) Read the current, voltage and wattage of the CCR.
  - (f) Monitor all the information received at that location.
  - (g) Perform/transmit any control operation that the MCE is capable of.
  - (h) Configure and test the MCE at that location.
  - h. Interface Device Reliability: The MCE device shall have an actual minimum calculated Mean Time Between Failure (MTFB) of 150,000 hours.

#### i. Communication

- 1. Each IU unit shall support a data communication rate of up to 115.2 kbaud.
- 2. The communication protocol shall include adequate security to prevent unauthorized access to the network.

#### j. Failsafe

191. 112 256.34

- 1. Each IU unit shall provide a self-contained failsafe feature that shall perform the following functions:
- (a) Ensure default operation of the airport lighting, even if the entire airport lighting control system is not functioning.
- (b) Display the commands sent by the existing computer to the CCR's and/or to the other controllable items.
  - (c) Self-monitor the IU outputs and verifies proper commands are executed.
  - (d) Adaptable to each CCR regardless of internal or external control voltage.
- (e) Permits maintenance of portions of the control system, without changing the operational status of the lighting system.
  - 2. The failsafe mode of each IU unit shall be defined per the requirements of the airport. The failsafe modes are as follows:
    - (a) Active Failsafe Mode: This mode shall be executed as follows:
- (1) If the CCR was switched ON before the failure, it shall remain ON at the same brightness level.
- (2) If the CCR was switched OFF before the failure, it shall switch ON to a pre-determined brightness level.
  - (b) Passive Failsafe Mode: This mode shall be executed as follows:
- (1) If the CCR was switched ON before the failure, it shall remain ON at the same brightness level.
  - (2) If the CCR was switched OFF before the failure, it shall remain OFF.

# 3. Technical Specifications

- (a) The failsafe system shall operate independently of the computer, providing failsafe interfacing to the CCR and/or other controllable elements.
- (b) The failsafe system shall be based on electromechanical latching relays with the following characteristics:
  - (1) Maximum Switching Voltage: 240 VAC, 125 VDC.
  - (2) Nominal Switching Capacity: 8A/250 VAC, 5A/30 VDC.

- (3) Rated Current (Resistive): 5A.
- (4) Operational Life: Mechanical 5 x 10⁷, Electrical 10⁵.
- (5) Protection: IP67 (protection against ingress of dust and water in harmful quantities).
  - (6) Approval: UL and CSA.

## 4. Mode of Operation

- (a) The commands executed by the IU to switch the CCR and/or controllable element shall be momentary commands.
  - (b) The control commands shall be mechanically latched upon execution.
- (c) Failure of the IU and/or loss of communication to the network shall not change the status of the airport lighting.
- (d) The active failsafe mode shall be triggered by the internal watchdog of the IU unit upon detection of a failure within the IU unit or with the control system. The watchdog shall activate the failsafe and switch any controllable items that are OFF to their predetermined state.
  - (e) IU Unit shall be manufactured by ADBA Siemens Company.

# 109-2.4 INSULATION RESISTANCE MONITORING SYSTEM

# a. General

- 1. The insulation resistance monitoring system (IRMS) shall be an integral component of the IU unit.
- 2. The IRMS shall be capable of automatically or manually monitoring and reporting the insulation resistance value of the series circuit cabling (one IRMS per circuit).
- 3. The IRMS shall be capable of measuring the cable leakage current and display the actual insulation resistance.
  - 4. The IRMS shall be capable of measuring from 20k Ohms up to 1000M Ohms.
- 5. The IRMS DC test voltage shall have an automatic range of 500 and 1000 volts with current limiting to 5 milliamperes.
- 6. The IRMS system shall be capable of taking resistance readings on circuits that are energized or de-energized. This will allow the system to be used as a troubleshooting tool for assisting in locating circuit faults.

7. The IRMS system shall provide database record keeping that allows for graphical trend analysis of the insulation resistance readings.

## b. Overview of Operation

- 1. The IRMS shall operate while the circuit is energized or de-energized and allow for automatic or manual readings during either condition. This shall allow for a more flexible troubleshooting tool for maintenance personnel versus systems that only operate while the circuit is energized.
- 2. The IRMS shall have a self-calibration feature that performs checks on the hardware to verify proper operation prior to taking measurements.
- 3. The IRMS shall be flexible, user programmable and allow for all of the following variables to be programmed by the user at any computer location:
- (a) Start Time 1: This represents the first time of the day in which the IRMS is to take the first automatic reading of the series circuit.
- (b) Start Time 2: This represents the second time of the day in which the IRMS is to take the first automatic reading of the series circuit
- (c) Period: This specifies how often the circuit is measured. The period selection shall be made from an options list that includes the following choices: 1 hour, 8 hours, daily, weekly (once a week), biweekly (every 2 weeks), Monthly (once a month) or any variation defined by the operator
- (d) Charge Time: This is the amount of time, in seconds, that the IRMS shall charge the circuit before taking a reading. The charge time shall be a number from 15 to 900 seconds. Charge time adjustments allow for greater flexibility in the IRMS system and provide readings that are more accurate for those circuits that are older and/or are longer runs.
- (e) Warning Limit: This is a limit value, in Ohms, at which point a resistance warning shall be generated. If a resistance reading is below this value, the warning shall be sent to the event database. When the value goes above this level, the warning shall be marked as cleared in the event database. This number can be any value between 20k Ohm and 1G Ohm.
- (f) Alarm Limit: This is a limit value, in Ohms, at which point a resistance alarm shall be generated. If a resistance reading is below this value, the alarm shall be sent to the event database. When the value goes above this level, the alarm shall be marked as cleared in the event database. This number can be any value between 20k Ohm and 1G Ohm.
- 4. All user programmable variables shall be able to be changed at any specified computer within the CALCS system.

- 5. The IRMS data for all of the series circuits shall be viewable from any specified computer within the CALCS system.
- 6. All the IRMS data shall be viewable in real-time or historical at any specified computer location. The IRMS information shall be available at all times and shall not require any special transferring of data between the IRMS system and the control system since the IRMS shall be an integral component of the CALCS.

END OF ITEM L-109

# PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE SPECIFICATIONS





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Base Technical Specification (Design Standard): This base specification is setup to provide guidance to the engineer for inclusion in the contract documents for bridge installation and procurement. The designer must thoroughly review the guidance indicated and obtain direction as needed from the MAA to complete the specification. The specification sections will have to be modified and tailored as discussed below. The engineer should confirm the procurement process prior to utilizing this specification. (ALL ITEMS ITALICIZED AND BOLD MUST BE CONFIRMED BY THE ENGINEER)

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#### ITEM PBB-100 APRON DRIVE PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGES

#### DESCRIPTION

This item shall consist of the following. (Engineer should define removal; storage, reinstallation, and/or installation dependent on the scope of work) (Engineer's description should include defining whether the bridges are purchased, provided, existing, including fixed sections, and all accessories).

Any PBB that is scheduled to be removed and intended for disposal shall be disposed of by the Contractor off Airport property at an approved disposal site. Under no conditions should a PBB intended for disposal be disposed of on-site.

The PBBs covered by this specification are designed to extend from a terminal or concourse departure lounge doorway to the aircraft boarding door such that passengers can enplane and deplane during normal or emergency operations while providing an environment that is protected from hazardous and atmospheric conditions. The complete assembly is protected against inclement weather conditions, both when sealed against an aircraft and when parked with the weather door closed.

All new PBB's shall be Regional Jet capable with accessories that include but are not limited to:

- Handrails
- Floor modification for RJ mating
- Cushion attachment to prevent any gaps between the bridge and fuselage.

NOTE: The model numbers indicated on the Contract Documents are based on **[FMC-Jetway Systems]** equipment (or equal). However, other manufacturers' equipment that meet or exceed the fully retracted and fully extended operational limits of the **[Jetway]** models identified will be considered. Note also that the observer is

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positioned with his/her back to the terminal end and facing the aircraft end of the PBB when referring to left or right.

Each PBB shall be managed as shown on the contract documents and as described below

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THE DESIGNER SHOULD EDIT THE FIRST PARAGRAPH ABOVE TO INCLUDE ONLY PROJECT SPECIFIC ITEMS. THE DESIGNER SHOULD THEN USE SUB-PARAGRAPHS HERE TO DESCRIBE THE PROJECT SPECIFIC WORK FOR EACH ITEM IDENTIFYING EACH GATE AFFECTED BY PBB CHANGES AND WHAT THE AFFECTS ARE. SAMPLE TEXT FOLLOWS, BUT OTHER FORMATS THAT CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE WORK FOR THE CURRENT PROJECT ARE ACCEPTABLE.

THE DESIGNER SHOULD MAKE REFERENCE ON THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS THAT THE OBSERVER IS POSITIONED WITH HIS/HER BACK TO THE TERMINAL AND FACING THE AIRCRAFT WHEN REFERRING TO LEFT OR RIGHT AND ORGANIZE PLANS ACCORDINGLY.

- **a.** The gates requiring PBB removal during this project are **[provide gate numbers]** as shown on the Plans.
- b. The gates requiring installation of existing PBBs are [provide gate numbers]
- **c.** The gates that will have new PBBs installed are **[provide gate numbers]** and are shown on plans and details.

#### REQUIREMENTS

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DESIGNER TO ENSURE PLANS INCLUDE ADEQUATE INFORMATION TO INDICATE THE INSTALLATION OF THE ITEMS LISTED BELOW. NOTE THAT RENOVATIONS TO EXISTING BOARDING BRIDGES SHALL INCLUDE BRINGING THE PBB UP TO CURRENT NFPA STANDARDS.

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100-2 REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL GENERAL **PBBS** WHETHER NEW, REINSTALLED, OR RENOVATED. Existing PBBs shall be inspected to determine which modifications are required and which are already in place. Contractor shall have responsibility to confirm conditions of bridge prior to removal if bridge is to be reinstalled. Confirmation shall include the condition of the fire retardant material connecting the bridge to the terminal (will be replaced as part of installation), identification of the parameters in the Pro Logic Cabinet (PLC), and identification of the settings for recalibration of the potentiometers after the bridge has been reinstalled per the manufacturers requirements. Pre and Post placement operational checks shall be conducted and documented by the Contractor, MAA Contractor responsible for maintenance of the bridges and the Construction Manager. These checks should test the total functionality of the bridge to document and all existing problems prior to the Contractor performing the work.

DESIGNER SHALL CONFIRM THAT EXISTING BRIDGES HAVE THE REQUIRED ACCESSORIES TO BE RJ CAPABLE. DESIGNER SHOULD ALSO CONFIRM LIMITS ON BRIDGES FOR PURPOSES OF AIRCRAFT

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- 100-2.1 Wheel bumpers are required.
- The support column is the structural support for the PBB and each is custom made by the manufacturer to meet specific site conditions (DESIGNER SHALL REQUIRE CONTRACTOR TO CONFIRM STRUCTURAL INTEGRITY OF COLUMNS FOR BRIDGE IF USING EXISTING COLUMN OR PROVIDING NEW). There is limited adjustment for height once the column is built. Therefore, it is important that the vertical dimension (from the passenger service level finished floor to the top of concrete of the PBB foundation) and the horizontal dimension (from the service level face of the building to the center of the anchor bolt pattern)

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100-2.3 The anchor bolt pattern and details for the new or existing PBB foundation shall be provided by the PBB's manufacturer. Contractor shall modify the existing foundation as needed to match the bolt pattern provided by the manufacturer.

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DESIGNER SHALL CONFIRM ANCHOR BOLT PATTERN OF EXISTING FOUNDATION, EXISTING BRIDGE, AND SUPPORT COLUMN IF AN EXISTING BRIDGE IS TO BE REINSTALLED. DESIGNER SHALL CONFIRM THAT BRIDGE BOLT PATTERN WILL FIT EXISTING FOUNDATION BOLT PATTERN.

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100-2.4 New foundations shall be provided in accordance with the details in accordance with paragraph [100-4.4]. Contractor shall have responsibility for foundation adjustments if bridge manufacturer is substituted.

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DESIGNER SHALL PROVIDE FOUNDATION DETAIL BASED ON STANDARD BRIDGE MANUFACTURER AND MODEL NUMBER. CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR FOUNDATION DESIGN IF BRIDGE MANUFACTURER AND MODEL NUMBER IS REVISED.

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- Locks shall be provided and installed by the contractor on the door to the outside apron and shall meet the requirements specified in paragraph [100-3.3a].
- PBB signage is required and shall meet the requirements specified in paragraph [100-3.7k]. The Contractor shall be responsible for providing signage that is visible from the taxilanes/taxiways that will pass the final Use and Occupancy inspection.
- Task lighting is required and shall meet the requirements specified in paragraph [100-3.7j (2)].
- A flashing beacon and audible alarm mounted under the cab is required and shall meet the requirements specified in paragraph [100-3.4a (2) (h)].
- 100-2.9 A GFI duplex outlet is required on the drive column wheel carriage. Refer to paragraph [100-3.5b] for additional information.

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- 100-2.10 Spare conductors are required in conduit from the rotunda to the control panel. Refer to paragraph [100-3.5d] for additional information.
- 100-2.11 An electrical disconnect panel, mounted on the rotunda support column is required. Refer to paragraph [100-3.1c] for additional information.
- 100-2.12 Emergency Lighting is required and shall meet the requirements specified in paragraph [100-3.5c].
- 100-2.13 Provisions for telephone or intercom equipment is required and shall meet the requirements specified in paragraph [100-3.5a].
- 100-2.14 400 Hz/PC Air. The PBB shall be provided with a three-inch diameter aluminum pantograph with length to cover the movable sections of the PBB for routing power to the PC Air and 400 Hz units. Regardless of whether a unit will be installed as part of this project, the Contractor is required to provide the dead loads (as provided in the Contract Drawings) to the PBB manufacturer for inclusion in the structural design. [See note to designer regardless of whether or not 400Hz/PC Air will be installed.]
- 100-2.15 Aircraft Side Shift Cab. The PBB shall be provided with the capability to adjust its alignment to increase its flexibility to minimize the time required to service multiple aircraft configurations as specified in paragraph [100-3.7b].

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NOTE TO DESIGNER: In addition to the items outlined in the specifications, which are required with all installations, the following items are to be considered and included in the design:

- THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE PBB DESIGN WHETHER OR NOT 400HZ/PC AIR IS TO BE INCLUDED AS PART OF THE CURRENT PROJECT. THE DESIGNER SHALL PROVIDE **ADEQUATE** INFORMATION IN THE PLANS SPECIFICATIONS TO ENSURE THAT THE LOAD REQUIREMENTS, THE **POWER** REQUIREMENTS, AND CONTRACTUAL ARRANGEMENTS ARE SATISFIED.
- DESIGNER SHALL REFERENCE **DST** MAA 2001-11, "PRE-CONDITIONED AIR AND 400 HERTZ SYSTEMS AND ASSOCIATED LOADING BRIDGE **REQUIREMENTS**" AND **DST** 2002-01. "HARMONICS **PRODUCING SPECIFICATIONS EQUIPMENT** REQUIREMENTS".

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- O DESIGNER TO PROVIDE STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE 400HZ/PC AIR WHICH ARE DEPENDENT ON THE CRITICAL DESIGN AIRCRAFT FOR NEW LOADING BRIDGES.
- O DESIGNER TO EVALUATE EXISTING LOADING BRIDGES TO ENSURE THE STRUCTURAL LOADS CAN BE SUPPORTED BY THE PBB.
- O THE ELECTRICAL CAPACITY OF THE PIER MUST BE CHECKED TO ENSURE RESERVE CAPACITY IS AVAILABLE TO PROVIDE 400 HZ/PC AIR TO ALL GATES ON THE PIER.
- O THE DESIGNER MUST PERFORM ELECTRICAL LOAD CALCULATIONS TO ENSURE THE LOADS CAN BE SUPPORTED BY EXISTING ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE ON AN EXISTING LOADING BRIDGE. AIRCRAFT SIZING CONSIDERATIONS.
- O THE SIZE OF THE AIRCRAFT SHOULD BE DICTATED BY THE SIZE AIRCRAFT THAT CAN ACCESS THE ALLEY, NOT THE SIZE ANTICIPATED USING THE GATE.
- O AIRCRAFT USAGE OF THE GATE SHALL BE LIMITED BASED ON THE HOLDROOM SIZING REQUIREMENTS (CURRENTLY UNDER DEVELOPMENT. DESIGNER SHALL COORDINATE WITH THE MAA PROJECT MANAGER IF THE DST HAS NOT BEEN ISSUED AT THE TIME OF THE PROJECT).

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# 100-3 SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW BRIDGES AND REINSTALLED/RENOVATED BRIDGES AS NOTED IN SECTION 100-2.

# 100-3.1 Rotunda Assembly

The Rotunda assembly is made up of a corridor, rotunda and support column. The assembly shall be designed so that no loads or vibrations are transmitted to the building.

The rotunda assembly shall be designed as the terminal end pivot for PBB's vertical and horizontal motion. As the main pivot for the PBB, the rotunda assembly shall allow the PBB to swing a total of 175°, 87.5° clockwise and 87.5° counterclockwise from the corridor centerline.

Slope, over-travel and operational swing limits shall be located on the rotunda assembly. Slope limits shall be adjustable up to 10% (5.71°) for both up and down slopes as needed to meet local operating conditions and requirements.

The over-travel swing limit switch shall be located on the support column. The trip plate for this switch shall be located on the rotunda and shall be adjustable to meet local conditions. When this switch is actuated it shall cut off all control power so that

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the PBB can be moved only by using the by-pass switch in the control console. The rotunda frame shall be equipped with rubber bumper-type mechanical stops to prevent collapse of the telescoping tunnel sections.

A potentiometer on top of the rotunda shall be provided to sense the position of the PBB swing and sound a warning buzzer at the control console prior to the actuation of the over-travel swing limit. The actuation of this warning buzzer shall be adjustable to meet local conditions. The warning buzzer shall be within the over-travel limit envelope and signals the rotational operational limits.

#### a. Corridor

The corridor is the interface between the rotunda and the terminal building or fixed passageway. The rotation of the PBB may restrict the inside clear width of the corridor to 4'-4 1/2" (1334 mm) for a minimum distance of 15" (381 mm). The clear height shall be a minimum of 7'-7" (2311 mm).

The design of the corridor shall allow the installation of flexible weather seals and a floor threshold to the face of the building or fixed passageway.

#### b. Rotunda

The rotunda floor remains stationary and level at all times and provides a smooth transition between the terminal and telescoping tunnels.

Flap-type seals provide weather protection between the rotunda and the hinged telescoping tunnel section. The rotunda shall provide a dry environment free from storm blown rain water, snow, and ice.

#### c. Support Column

The support column is the structural support for the PBB. The support column rests on a foundation that shall be supplied by the Contractor.

Anchor bolt patterns and details for the new PBB's shall be provided by the PBB's manufacturer.

An electrical disconnect panel shall be mounted on the rotunda support column to provide electrical disconnects, over current protection and transformers needed to adapt the specified terminal power to the PBB's electrical requirements.

#### 100-3.2 Telescoping Tunnels

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NOTE TO DESIGNER: APRON DRIVE PBBS ARE AVAILABLE IN EITHER TWO OR THREE TELESCOPING TUNNEL MODELS IN A WIDE VARIETY

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OF LENGTHS. THE TELESCOPING TUNNELS, "A" (SMALLEST), "B" (MID-SIZE ON THREE TUNNEL PBBS, LARGEST ON TWO TUNNEL PBBS), AND "C" (LARGEST, THREE TUNNEL PBB ONLY), ARE RECTANGULAR IN CROSS SECTION. THE TUNNELS WITH THE LARGEST CROSS SECTION ARE CLOSEST TO THE AIRCRAFT.

THE SELECTED PBBS WILL ACCOMMODATE THE PROPOSED AIRCRAFT PARKING ARRANGEMENTS AND EXISTING TERMINAL FLOOR HEIGHTS. THE OPERATIONAL TUNNEL FLOOR SLOPE SHALL MEET THE MOST CURRENT ADA AND NFPA 415 STANDARDS. REFER TO 100-3.7I (NOTE TO DESIGNER) FOR METHOD OF COMPUTATION.

The roof, wall, and floor panels shall be constructed from 14 gauge (.0747") corrugated steel.

A hinged transition ramp shall accommodate the difference in elevation where telescoping tunnel sections overlap. This area shall consist of a section of floor that is sloped with respect to the tunnel centerline and hinged transition ramp. A very shallow slope shall be provided in the transition area (approximately 3 feet measured with respect to the tunnel centerline). All hinged or elevated surfaces in walkways shall be designed to prevent tripping hazards. Handrails shall be provided on both sides of the tunnel in the ramp area.

Minimum interior clear dimensions for both two-tunnel and three-tunnel PBBs shall be as follows:

Minimum Floor Width 4' - 10" (1473 mm)

Minimum Interior Height 7' - 0" (2134 mm)

Minimum Inter-tunnel Ramp Width 4' - 8" (1422 mm)

Minimum Corridor Width 4'-4 1/2"(1334 mm)

The telescoping tunnels shall be equipped with an exterior electrical cable conveyance system mounted under the PBB. This system shall be accessible to maintenance personnel for inspection or cable addition at all PBB positions and operating conditions. Access to the conveyance system shall not impede passenger traffic or PBB operation. The system shall be capable of supporting a combination of cables and hoses with a maximum weight of 12 pounds per foot (17.9 kg/m) and a maximum cross-sectional area of 12 square inches (7742 mm²) consisting of two 6 in² (3871 mm²) areas. The largest tunnel shall be equipped with an aluminum wire way to continue electrical cable routing beyond the electrical cable conveyance system.

A 3-inch aluminum pantograph shall be provided for future use.

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## 100-3.3 Service Access

A service door, landing and stair leading to the apron area constitute the service access. The service access shall be located on the right hand side of the cab end of the PBB to provide access between the PBB and apron for authorized personnel.

- a. The service door shall be steel, half wire-glass, hollow core, and shall meet or exceed the ³/₄-hour fire rating per ASTM E152. The minimum door is 2'-6" (762 mm) wide and 6'-8" (2032 mm) high. The door shall be equipped with medium-duty commercial-type hardware and automatic door closure. The door opens outward onto the landing. A keyed outside knob with inside knob shall be provided. A 30" (762 mm) stainless steel kick plate shall be provided to cover the lower inside portion of the door.
- b. The service stair landing shall be parallel to the adjacent tunnel floor and shall be made of hot dipped galvanized steel, open mesh grating. The landing shall be protected on the open sides by galvanized steel handrails designed to meet the OSHA standards. A switch operated light shall be provided above the landing.
- c. The service stair shall be equipped with self-adjusting risers and open mesh steel treads, which shall be expanded metal with a serrated edge for a gripping surface. All steps shall have an equal rise. The tread width shall be 28" (711 mm) and the maximum tread rise shall be 9-1/2" (241 mm). The length of the stair stringers varies depending on the type of aircraft serviced. (DESIGNER SHALL CONFIRM BASED ON LIMITS AND FLEET MIX OF AIRCRAFT) The service stair shall be equipped with handrails on each side that are designed to meet OSHA standards for handrails located at stairs. The entire service stair assembly shall be galvanized steel. The service stair shall be accessible to ramp service personnel at all operational heights and positions of the PBB.
- **d.** The baggage slide shall be provided as part of the bridge purchase.

## 100-3.4 Control Station

The control station or operator compartment shall be located at the aircraft end of the PBB to provide the operator with a control console, service utilities, and control interlocks required to accomplish PBB operation. This compartment shall be

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positioned on the left side of the cab and oriented to position the operator facing forward in full view of the aircraft during the maneuvering and docking operations. It shall provide the optimum PBB maneuvering visibility for 95% of the adult population (as defined by Henry Dreyfuss in "Human Factors in Design") without obstructing passenger traffic flow. A 10 lb ABC fire extinguisher shall be supplied and mounted in the Control Station Area in a way as to be readily accessible but not interfere with the operation of the PBB.

#### a. Control Console

The control console shall be located in the operator compartment and is protected from the outside environment.

#### (1) Controls

All PBB motion controls shall be the momentary contact type (deadman) controls. All of the motion controls shall be designed to be relative to the function of the PBB being controlled, i.e., for raise and lower functions, the "raise" push button shall be located above the "lower" push button. The control console shall include the following controls:

- (a) A three-position master key switch used to select "OFF", "OPERATE" or "AUTO" (automatic leveling). The key should be able to be removed only in the "OFF" or "AUTO" positions.
- (b) A lever arm (joystick) to control forward and reverse motions while push button controls steer right and left. As the joystick is moved progressively forward or back, PBB speed shall increase proportionally to the position of the joystick. Steering, left or right, shall be able to be accomplished at the same time as forward and reverse motions. An interlock shall prevent the PBB from being driven forward when the aircraft closure is deployed.
- (c) Push button switches for raising and lowering the cab end of the PBB.
- (d) Push button switches for cab rotation, left or right.
- (e) Push buttons for independent adjustment of the left and right side of the bellows-type aircraft closure.

- (f) A switch for floodlights that illuminate the apron area under the aircraft and drive column undercarriage.
- (g) A switch to change the digital position indicator from its normal vertical height index to a horizontal rotation index.
- (h) A switch to change the cab floor level adjustment from an automatic operation to a manual operation.
- (i) A relative motion push-button switch to control the cab floor level adjustment while in the manual mode.
- (j) An emergency stop button which shuts down all PBB movement when pressed.

## (2) Indicators

The control console shall have indicators that display the current PBB status. The PBB status indicators shall be as follows:

- (a) A digital position indicator to display the relative vertical position of the lift column. This indicator shall also be able to be switched to give the relative horizontal rotation of the PBB. This indicator is used to vertically and horizontally pre-position the PBB prior to the arrival of the aircraft. The horizontal rotation position indicator shall also allow the operator to accurately move the PBB to an assigned parking position in aircraft "power-out" operations.
- (b) A wheel position indicator to display wheel orientation with respect to the operator's position. The wheel position indicator shall maintain correct wheel orientation while the cab is being rotated.
- (c) An amber light to indicate that the auto-leveling system is energized and functioning.
- (d) A red light and audible warning to indicate the autoleveler sustained travel timer has tripped.
- (e) A red light to indicate that the PBB has reached the operational horizontal rotation limits. Illumination of this light shall be preceded by an audible warning.

- (f) A red light to indicate aircraft closure is deployed. The closure must be fully retracted before the PBB can be moved forward.
- (g) A red light to indicate vertical drive column fault.
- (h) Other required indicators that are not located on the control console but shall be provided include a flashing amber beacon mounted under the cab to indicate that power is on and the PBB may move at any moment; and an audible warning bell mounted on the lower wheel bogie which shall ring at 98 decibels measured ten feet (3048 mm) from the PBB when the PBB is moving.
- (i) Safety decals shall be placed on the cross tube of the lower wheel assembly. These decals shall warn against storing anything on the cross tube and the chance of getting run over when the bridge is in operation.
- (j) External mirrors shall be placed on the PBB to aid operators during PBB movements.
- (k) Limits shall be coordinated and verified with installed accessories to ensure that no damage will occur to the accessories or PBB.

# 100-3.5 Utilities

a. A six pair (twelve conductor) wire outlet for the installation of telephone or intercom equipment shall be located on left side wall adjacent to the control console and on the right wall of the rotunda corridor assembly.

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# DESIGNER TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE INFORMATION IN THE PLANS TO ENSURE TELEPHONE SERVICE IS PROVIDED.

b. Duplex outlets (unswitched 120 volt, single phase, 15 amp) shall be located on the access door of the control console, and in the rotunda corridor. An additional GFI duplex outlet shall be provided on the drive column wheel carriage cross beam where it is accessible to maintenance personnel at ground level.

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**c.** Provisions for hardwire emergency lighting shall be provided.

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"Sufficient Battery powered emergency light packs shall be provided in the PBB to meet the requirements of Section 5.9 of NFPA 101, "Life Safety Code" for all possible PBB configurations."

- d. A minimum of eight spare conductors (#12 THHN) shall be provided in conduit from the rotunda to the control panel for possible future additions or changes to the control system.
- e. A fire alarm shall be provided that is connected to the Honeywell METASYS system.

#### 100-3.6 Control Features and Interlocks

- a. Mechanical interlocks shall be provided to prevent damage to control circuits or PBB components by selecting opposite motions simultaneously. For example, depressing the "up" button shall prevent depressing the "down" button.
- b. When the master key switch is in the "OFF" or "AUTO" position, the controls for horizontal and vertical movement, steering, aircraft closure and cab rotation shall be inoperative.

#### 100-3.7 Aircraft Side Shift Cab

- a. The aircraft cab with operator's station shall be designed to rotate a minimum of 125 degrees, a minimum of 92.5 degrees ccw and 32.5 degrees cw on bridges with right-side service stairs and a minimum of 92.5 degrees cw and 32.5 degrees ccw on bridges with left-side service stairs from the tunnel centerline to facilitate alignment with multiple aircraft parking configurations. The rotation speed shall be between 2 and 2.5 degrees per second. The cab shall be enclosed to provide maximum security and protection from the outside environment throughout the docking and passenger boarding operation.
- b. The cab shall have the capability of shifting a minimum of 24 inches (12 inches left and right of center) to increase the flexibility and minimize the time required to perform the aircraft docking process. This movement shall be controlled by individual push-buttons marked "Cab Shift Left" and "Cab Shift Right."
- c. The operator's station shall be located on the left-hand side of the cab and shall be protected from the outside environment as well as passenger interference. The cab shall be equipped with a forward facing control console. The console shall be located behind laminated glass windows. Operation of the PBB shall be able to be accomplished without opening the weather doors. Additional visibility shall be obtained through the vision panels in the cab side-coiling curtains and windows located in front, left and right of the operator. The front window size shall be 2'-8" x 2' (813 mm x 610 mm). The left window size shall be 11" x 30-1/2" (279 mm x 775 mm). The right window shall be 2'-8" x 6" (813 mm x 152 mm).
- d. Weather doors shall be provided adjacent to the console to seal the interior from adverse weather conditions and secure the PBB from unauthorized access when the PBB is not in use. These doors shall be swinging double doors that open inward and can be latched closed. The opening shall have a clear width of 44 inches and a minimum clear height of 7 feet 6 inches. The double swinging doors shall be equipped with 12 inch wide by 32 inch high safety glass windows to enhance visibility.
- e. A full width spacer (10'-2" {3099 mm}) shall be located at the aircraft end of the cab floor. The spacer material, which shall meet the fire protection specifications of NFPA-415, shall be sufficiently flexible and non-abrasive to prevent scratching or other damage to the aircraft fuselage.

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- f. The cab side coiling curtain slats shall be equipped with two (2) view panels in every other curtain slat. The view panels shall be in the low normal positions on the right side and high normal position on the left side. Windows shall be a minimum of 1 ¼ inches wide by 12 inches long. Wind flaps shall be provided around top of curtains.
- g. The side coiling curtain barrel assemblies shall be covered to protect them from the weather. Covers shall be hinged to allow easy access to curtain assemblies.
- h. A closed circuit television (CCTV) system shall be provided complete with a monitor housed in or near the control console. The camera shall be focused on the horizontal drive wheel bogie and service stair so that the operator has an unobstructed view when servicing all aircraft.
- i. The outer most end of the cab shall be equipped with an adjustable floor. The floor shall be individually actuated and independently adjustable to adapt to all aircraft doorsills. This floor must be designed to be automatic with a manual override control switch. The floor shall be capable of providing a level surface adjacent to the aircraft door sill for PBB slopes from −10% to +10%. No portion of the cab floor shall exceed 8.33% slope in the direction of the expected passenger traffic.
  - (1) The double hinged floor shall provide a smooth transition between the level floor and the tunnel section. This transition floor shall provide a smooth platform sloped approximately in the direction of passenger traffic flow. There shall be no raised surfaces that may introduce a tripping hazard to the passengers. Adjacent surfaces shall be the same level regardless of the position of the cab floor or the PBB.
  - The floor shall be provided with a Regional Jet (RJ) aircraft service adapter kit. The kit shall allow docking to the Canadair Regional Jet (CRJ), the Embraer Regional Jet (ERJ) with the plug style door, as well as the standard narrow/wide body aircraft mix. The interface between the (CRJ) aircraft and boarding bridge shall be a smooth transition. The top of the cab floor shall abut to the top of the CRJ aircraft step/sill walking surface. The operation of the floor shall be mechanized. A hand ramp to cover any gaps may not be used. The bridge cab floor to aircraft interface is a critical juncture and shall not have any tripping hazards. The bridge cab floor shall be designed to provide positive protection to the CRJ

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door, the CRJ door retract cable, and the adjacent pivot tube. The floor shall be equipped with an angle of attack sensor that will slow and/or stop the PBB motion if collision with the aircraft is imminent. The cab floor section that interfaces with the CRJ door shall be free to tip/rotate/move upward so as to prevent serious damage to the CRJ aircraft door in case of misdock or auto-leveling failure.

- (3) The passenger boarding bridge shall be designed such that initial docking to the CRJ or ERJ aircraft is made with the full bridge moving to the aircraft to the point that the cab bumper is adjacent to the fuselage. The moving floor shall then be driven out to mate up with the CRJ door top step or to cover the gap under the ERJ TAT sensor. This design shall reduce the possibility of damage to the CRJ aircraft door or ERJ TAT sensor.
- (4) Foldable type handrails shall be provided for use when servicing RJ aircraft with retractable air stairs.
- j. Exterior floodlights shall be provided for nighttime operation to illuminate the apron area ahead of the PBB. A floodlight shall also be provided to illuminate the drive column wheel bogey area. This light shall be located under the tunnel section.
  - (1) A weatherproof fluorescent fixture shall also be provided outside the weather doors to illuminate the cab-aircraft interface.
  - (2) A junction box on the underside of the cab area with a terminal block and 120V circuit shall be provided for connection of external task lights. The junction box shall be labeled "120V-Circuit for External Task Lights." Task lighting shall consist of two floodlight fixtures. The first shall be mounted four feet above the top of the PBB on the right side of the PBB to illuminate the apron area in the swept path of the PBB. The second floodlight fixture shall be mounted ten feet above the left side of the PBB to illuminate the apron area adjacent to the aircraft. Task lighting shall contain two sixty-minute rotary timers.

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MAA-CO-XX-XXX CONTRACT TITLE BWI Marshall Airport AIP No. 3-24-XXXX-XXX DESIGNER TO PREPARE STRUCTURAL AND ELECTRICAL LOAD CALCULATIONS TO ENSURE THE ADDED STRUCTURAL AND ELECTRICAL LOADS CAN BE SUPPORTED BY BOTH THE PBB AND THE ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.

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- k. Three-face, cab-mounted, (internally) illuminated signs shall be provided. The gate sign shall be installed on top of the cab roof of each new passenger boarding bridge. The sign shall be elevated above the top of bridge with the bottom of sign a minimum 18 inches above the canopy hardware forward of sign. The sign will be weatherproof and designate the gate number on all three sides. Each surface of the sign is to be 30 inches high by 42 inches long with 18 inch high white letters on a black background. The sign shall be controlled by a photocell located on the underside of the passenger boarding bridge.
- I. The passenger boarding bridge shall be capable of docking to the Canadair Regional Jet (CRJ), the Embraer Regional Jet (ERJ) with the plug style door, as well as the standard narrow/wide body aircraft mix.

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DESIGNER SHALL VERIFY THE CURRENT LIST OF REGIONAL JETS AND FLEET MIX FOR THE SPECIFIC ALLEYWAY WITH MAA OPERATIONS DURING DESIGN TO DEVELOP RANGE. DESIGNER SHALL USE METHODOLOGY PROVIDED IN THE DESIGN STANDARD TO COMPLETELY ANALYZE THE FULL FLEET MIX.

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The interface between the CRJ aircraft and boarding bridge shall be a smooth transition. The top of the cab floor and the top of the CRJ aircraft step/sill shall be flush. The boarding bridge floor shall not lie atop the CRJ aircraft step/sill, but rather shall abut the aircraft walking surface. The apron drive cab floor shall be a mechanized floor and shall be designed to negotiate the sensors on ERJ and CRJ jet aircraft.

The operation of the floor shall be mechanized. A hand ramp to cover any gaps shall not be used.

The bridge cab floor shall not have any steps, ledges, gaps, or surface protrusions when docked to the specified aircraft. These may present tripping hazards at the bridge to aircraft interface and are not permitted.

The bridge cab floor shall be designed to provide positive protection to the CRJ door. The cab floor section that interfaces with the CRJ door shall be free to tip/rotate/move

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upward so as to prevent damage to the CRJ aircraft door in case of misdock or auto-leveling failure.

The canopy closure of the boarding bridge shall form a weather seal around the door of the aircraft specified and shall be constructed so as to clear all aircraft antennas, pitot tubes, etc. The canopy shall be designed to keep all heated probes out of the contact of passengers.

Handrails shall be provided to direct and support passengers as they enter/exit the regional jet aircraft. The handrails shall be able to support 200 lbs. loading. The handrails shall keep the passengers away from any heated probes on the regional jet aircraft. The handrails shall be affixed to the bridge and shall be easy to deploy. The handrails shall provide a full barrier system to keep passengers from exiting off of the front of the bridge at any time after the boarding bridge has been docked.

The regional aircraft cab floor shall be controlled from the bridge console. The floor shall extend and retract to accommodate the regional jet aircraft steps and sensors. The extend/retract portion of the cab floor shall use a rubberized belt mechanism to ensure smooth surfaces and excellent traction in the passenger path. The extend/retract portion of the cab floor shall be located on the left side (when facing the aircraft) of the apron drive cab floor area.

The cab floor shall be equipped with appropriate sensors to safeguard the aircraft.

#### 100-3.8 Aircraft Closure

The aircraft end of the cab shall be equipped with a folding bellows aircraft closure. The closure, when fitted against the fuselage, shall surround both the open aircraft door and the doorway to protect passengers from the elements. The covering shall not absorb water, shall be highly tear resistant, and shall remain flexible from -31 °F (-35 °C) to 127 °F (52.8 °C). The aircraft closure color shall be gray.

- **a.** Each side of the aircraft closure shall be independently actuated to seal against aircraft contours.
- **b.** Pressure sensitive switches shall be incorporated into the closure mechanisms to prevent excessive pressure on the aircraft.
- c. The contacting seal shall be a soft material to prevent scratching or damage to the aircraft skin. The seals that contact the aircraft shall be segmented and attached to the main closure assembly with Velcro type fastener strips for easy replacement.

# 100-3.9 Automatic Leveling

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The PBB shall be equipped with an automatic leveling system (autoleveler) which shall allow the PBB to follow changes in the aircraft elevation that occur during aircraft loading and unloading. This system shall function with equal reliability for all aircraft contours. The autoleveler shall be located on the right side of the cab and be in full view of the operator at the control console.

- (a) The autoleveler shall operate such that it is engaged when the master key switch is in the "AUTO" position.
- (b) The autoleveler circuit shall include a sustained travel timer. The timer limits autolevel operation to a time which is adjustable from 1.6 to 16 seconds [(Jetway recommends 4 seconds)]. A fault condition shall be assumed if the operation exceeds the set time limit. This fault condition shall cause all motor power to be disconnected and audible and visual alarms to sound.
- (c) The main auto level sensing switch shall be activated upon a 5 degree auto level wheel rotation.

#### 100-3.10 Drive Column

The drive column shall provide the vertical and horizontal motion for the PBB. The drive column and control systems shall be designed for smooth, quiet operation. The vertical and horizontal movements shall be capable of being operated simultaneously.

The drive column shall be divided into two major components: Vertical Drive and Horizontal Drive.

## a. Vertical Drive

The PBB shall be able to be moved vertically by means of two recirculating ball bearing screw assemblies.

- (1) Each assembly shall be independent with individual motors and brakes and shall be capable of supporting the PBB under full design load to provide 100% redundancy.
- (2) The ball nut shall be equipped with wiper brushes to remove grit or dirt from the screw threads and shall be equipped with a special thread profile designed to support the PBB in the absence of the recirculating ball bearings.
- (3) The vertical drive motors shall be AC induction motors with integral reducer and brakes. The brakes shall be spring applied

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and electrically released and shall hold securely at all elevations whenever electrical power is not applied.

- (4) A fault detector capable of sensing differential motion of the ball screw assemblies shall be provided. The detector shall disconnect electrical power from the vertical drive motors if a fault is detected.
- (5) The vertical travel speed shall be 3.6' (1097 mm) per minute (1057 mm/min for 50 Hz applications) minimum.
- (6) Hydraulic lift cylinders with mechanical stops to prevent overtravel shall be provided.

#### b. Horizontal Drive

A variable speed, electro-mechanical drive system shall provide horizontal travel.

- (1) The PBB tires shall be solid rubber.
- (2) The horizontal drive system shall use AC gearmotors with integral brakes. The AC motors shall be driven by solid state variable frequency motor controllers. The AC drive system shall provide high efficiency, smooth performance, and good component availability. The controller shall provide a variable frequency signal to provide adjustable speeds from 0 to 90' (27.4 m) per minute. The controller shall be capable of being adjusted to provide optimum responsiveness to the horizontal controls and shall provide built in diagnostics to assist with trouble shooting.
- (3) A steer angle of 180° shall be possible. Steering speed shall be adjustable from 16°/sec minimum to 42°/sec maximum.
- (4) A regenerative braking system shall allow the PBB to come to smooth controlled stops. Integral spring-applied electrically-released brakes shall be provided with each drive motor to lock the PBB in place when electrical power is disconnected. This shall also occur when the joystick is in the neutral position.
- (5) The horizontal drive motors shall be equipped with manual brake releases allowing the PBB to be towed in the event of

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power failure. Tow lugs shall be a component of the lower wheel frame.

#### 100-3.11 Interior Finishes

The interior finish of the PBB shall be designed to be durable and easy to clean. The materials shall be time proven to withstand the environmental exposure of airport traffic. All interior finishes shall be Class A rated.

- a. The ceiling shall be made of plank type panels. Each plank shall be 7-1/4" (184 mm) wide with a 3/4" (19 mm) space between adjacent planks. The planks shall run perpendicular to the tunnel centerline and continuously from wall to wall. The planks shall be manufactured from 0.020" (0.51 mm) thick aluminum, with a white baked-on enamel finish. Planks located at the ends of light fixtures shall have a black finish to match the fixtures.
- b. Tunnel and rotunda interior lighting shall be provided by F32 SPX T8, Bi-Pin, 32 Watt, 2950 Lumen, High Output, Energy Saving, Cool White, Single Lamp, Flourescent Light Fixtures that are powered by instant start electronic ballast's that provide a 1.0 ballast factor. The light fixtures shall be located eight-foot (2438 mm) on center. The average light intensity at the floor shall be 18 foot candles (194 lux). Please note that lighting intensity levels vary significantly with changes in interior color designs. The measurements noted above are based on an interior design that incorporates white wallboard with light colored carpeting and white ceiling.

Single three-way switches shall be located in the rotunda and on the wall near the service door at the aircraft end of the PBB. These switches shall control interior tunnel, bubble, and rotunda lights and the weatherproof florescent cab floodlight mounted outside the cab weather door.

- c. The aluminum corner molding that finishes the ends of the ceiling plank and the top edge of the wall panels shall be black to match the interior light fixtures.
- d. Insulation in the ceiling shall be 1/2" (12.7 mm) thick, black, fire resistant fiberglass.
- e. The subfloor in the cab and bubble area shall be 3/4" (19 mm) marine grade plywood, which has a high resistance to moisture and moisture damage. The subfloor in the remainder of the PBB shall be 3/4" (19 mm) thick American Plywood Association rated Oriented Strand Board Exposure 1.

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- f. Ribbed rubber 1/4" (6.4 mm) thick shall be applied to the floor from the aircraft end of the PBB to the terminal side of the service door
- **g.** PBB interior floor covering, other than covered in paragraph 6 above, will be carpet meeting the properties identified below:

Weave:

Tufted

Surface Texture:

Multilevel Loop

Gauge:

5/64

Face Yarn:

3-Ply Dupont BCF

Antron Legacy Nylon

Face Yarn Weight:

32 ozs./sq. yd.

Width.

18" Modules

Color:

Light Gray

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# DESIGNER SHALL CONFIRM CARPET TYPE WITH MAA TASK MANAGER.

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Aluminum carpet molding shall be supplied with the PBB.

h. The tunnel wall treatment shall consist of floor to ceiling high pressure laminate phenolic and melamine plastic panels. The panels shall be approximately 4' (1219 mm) on center and shall be supported by clear anodized aluminum trim with a black accent strip. The design allows each panel to be removed individually. This built-up wall structure results in an average thermal resistance R of 2.6 Hr-Ft² °F/BTU (.46 m² °C/W). The color shall be white.

The walls of the rotunda pivoting section shall be developed using a series of 2-1/2 inch (63.5 mm) wide formed galvanized steel slats that shall be connected together to develop a coiling curtain assembly.

Wall treatments in the cab pivoting section shall be galvanized steel slats. Every other slat in the cab side coiling curtain shall be equipped with a 1-1/2 inch (38mm) wide x 12 inch (305 mm) high wire glass vision panel to enhance operator visibility.

- i. Other Interior Surfaces Exposed to Passengers
  - (1) Surface preparation:

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- (a) Contaminants shall be removed from the surface in accordance with SSPC SP-1 and appropriate SSPC commentaries.
- (b) The surface shall be mechanical cleaned in accordance with SSPC SP-3 to remove loose scale and contaminants from the surface where required.
- (c) The cab surface shall be dry abrasive blast cleaned in accordance with SSPC SP-6 to obtain a 1-3 mil profile.

## (2) Primer:

One coat of Sherwin-Williams High Build "Chromate Free" Epoxy Primer E65AC8\E65RC5 (or equivalent) shall be applied. The dry film thickness shall be 2-10 mils.

# (3) Finish Coat:

Sherwin-Williams high solids Polane H Poly- urethane (or equivalent) shall be applied. The dry film thickness shall be 2-3 mils. The color shall match the wallboard color unless otherwise specified.

The total dry film thickness shall be 4-10 mils.

#### j. Interior Surfaces Not Exposed to Passengers

# (1) Surface preparation:

- (a) Contaminants shall be removed from the surface in accordance with SSPC SP-1 and appropriate SSPC commentaries.
- (b) The surface shall be mechanically cleaned in accordance with SSPC SP-3 to remove loose scale and contaminants from the surface where required.

# (2) Primer:

One coat of Sherwin-Williams High Build "Chromate Free" Kem Aqua 70P (Grey E61A570) primer shall be applied. The dry film thickness shall be 1.1 mils (27 microns).

#### k. Small Miscellaneous Assemblies

# (1) Surface preparation:

The surface shall be dry abrasive blast cleaned in accordance with SSPC SP-6 to obtain a 0.5-1.5 mil profile.

#### (2) Finish Coat:

One coat of Morton Int. Corvel Zinc Rich Gray Epoxy Powder #13-7004 shall be applied and heated to 350°F for 20 minutes. The finished coating thickness shall be 2-5 mils.

#### 100-3.12 Exterior Finishes

# a. Surface Preparation:

- (1) Contaminants shall be removed from the surface in accordance with SSPC SP-1 (Solvent Wipe) requirements and commentaries.
- (2) The surface shall then be dry abrasive blast cleaned in accordance with SSPC SP-6 (Commercial Blast Cleaning) requirement to obtain a 1-3 mil profile.

#### b. Primer:

One coat of Sherwin-Williams High Build Epoxy Chromate Free Primer E65 AC8\E65RC5 shall be applied over the prepared surface to a dry film thickness shall be 3-17 mils (75-425 microns).

#### c. Finish Coat:

One finish coat of Sherwin-Williams polane (aliphatic) high solids, catalyzed, pigmented Polyurethane, shall be applied over the primer coat at a dry film thickness shall be 2-3 mils (50-75 microns). The color shall be white.

The total exterior finish shall provide a minimum dry film thickness shall be 6 mils (150 microns).

# DESIGN CRITERIA FOR NEW PBBS AND NEW FOUNDATIONS

The PBB shall be designed in accordance with good engineering practices and the standards developed and adopted by the passenger boarding bridge industry. Particular attention shall be given to keeping components simple, rugged and easily accessible for routine maintenance, including lubrication, component exchange and

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ease of adjustment. All access panels and openings shall be sized to accommodate the component being changed or adjusted, as well as the equipment and personnel necessary to accomplish the work.

- **Environmental Considerations,** The PBB shall operate satisfactorily under ambient temperature conditions of -25 °F (-32 °C) to 125 °F (52 °C), with wind up to 60 mph (97 kph). All components and materials shall be individually and collectively designed or selected for long service life under such conditions.
- 100-4.2 Power Requirements. The PBB shall operate on 480/277 V.A.C., 3 phase, 60 Hz. Wye configuration with neutral and separate ground (5 wire). The 480 V.A.C. shall be transformed to 120/240 VAC for lighting and controls.

#### 100-4.3 Structural Loads

- a. The PBB shall support the following loads. These loads may be applied in total or in part, singularly or simultaneously. The design shall be based on the combination that imposes the most adverse loading. PBB manufacturer shall confirm that PCAir and 400Hz unit dead loads submitted by the Contractor can be supported on the new bridges. In addition to the dead loads and strain caused by movement, the entire PBB shall support:
  - (1) A live load of 40 pounds per square foot (psf)  $(195 \text{ kg/m}^2)$
  - (2) A retracted and stowed wind load of: 25 psf (122 kg/m 2 ) or an approximate wind velocity of 90 mph (145 kph).

An operation wind load of: 12.5 psf (61 kg/m²) or an approximate wind velocity of 60 mph (97 kph).

- (3) A roof load of 25 psf  $(122 \text{ kg/m}^2)$ .
- **b.** The structural design shall provide sufficient torsional rigidity to avoid excessive sway when the PBB is brought to a gradual stop.
- c. All mechanisms for actuating, guiding and restraining the PBB and its components shall be designed to minimize noise and sway so that no sense of insecurity shall be apparent to passengers. No operating loads shall be transmitted to the terminal building.

# 100-4.4 Structural Support Elements (Foundation Design)

- a. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to design the foundations for the Passenger Boarding Bridges based on load data provided by the bridge manufacturer. Foundation designs shall be submitted to the Engineer for information and record. Designs shall be signed and sealed by a professional engineer registered in the state of Maryland.
- b. Anchor Bolt Assemblies: Anchor Bolts shall be ASTM A36 or ASTM A307 material. Bolts, nuts, washers, and related components shall be hot-dipped galvanized in accordance with ASTM A 123 and ASTM A 153.

All anchor bolts shall be properly protected from bending and damage during, and after construction. The Contractor shall furnish layout templates, anchor bolts, anchor and leveling nuts, as required to complete the installation. Nuts shall meet the requirements of ASTM A 449 and shall be galvanized. In addition, after installation, tack welds shall anchor the nuts to the base. All zinc coating removed or damaged by welding or by any other reason shall be cleaned and repaired with galvanizing repair primer meeting the requirements of FS TT-P-641 G (1).

- c. The Contractor shall confirm the PBB configuration and foundation locations prior to fabricating any materials associated with the support column. Exact shaft locations and anchor bolt configuration may vary based on the actual PBB manufacturer and Model being provided. The Contractor shall provide drawings and template location for all anchor bolt locations and detailing all work required to set the anchor bolts. Any expense incurred because of any error in setting anchor bolts shall be borne by the Contractor.
- d. An approved non-shrinking, grout shall be used underneath the column baseplate and leveling-plate. Grout shall be a no-iron mix to preclude unsightly rust marks.

# CODES, REGULATIONS, AND REFERENCES

100-5 PBBs shall be designed to meet U.S. Codes and Regulations that have been adopted by the passenger boarding bridge industry as described below.

#### 100-5.1 Structural

- a. American Institute of Steel Construction (AISC) Specifications for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings.
- b. American Welding Society (AWS) Standards.

MAA-CO-XX-XXX CONTRACT TITLE BWI Marshall Airport AIP No. 3-24-XXXX-XXX c. Structural Design and Corrugated Steel Panels based on Van Karmon Theory and on buckling studies by Peterson and Card.

#### 100-5.2 Material

Structural Plate/Steel/Shapes: ASTM-A36
Structural Tube: ASTM-A500
Steel Pipe: ASTM-A53
Steel Sheet: ASTM-A570
Steel Plate: ASTM-A514

Hinge Pins: ASTM-A311 Grades 1018 & 1144
Bolts: High Strength SAE-J429 Grades 5

& 8 or ASTM-A325 & A440

- 100-5.3 Mechanical. All mechanical components and designs shall conform to the recommendations and standards established by the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) and the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME).
- 100-5.4 Electrical. The PBB shall be listed by ETL Testing Laboratories, an NRTL testing laboratory, for conformance to ANSI/UL-325. All equipment and methods of installation shall conform, where applicable, to the requirements and recommendations of the National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) and the National Electrical Code (NEC) latest issue.
- 100-5.5 Fire Protection. PBBs shall meet the requirements of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 415, "Standard on Airport Terminal Buildings, Fueling Ramp Drainage, and Loading Walkways," and NFPA 101, "Life Safety Code."
- **Paint.** Surface preparation and painting of the PBB shall conform to the guidelines and standards of the Structural Steel Painting Council (SSPC).

#### MANUALS AND TRAINING

- 100-6.1 Operation and Maintenance manuals shall follow the intent of the Air Transport Association (ATA) Specification 101 and shall include preventative maintenance requirements and problem solving procedures.
- 100-6.2 Operation and maintenance manuals shall be provided to the Engineer by the Contractor:

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#### DESIGNER TO INSERT NUMBER BASED ON FOLLOWING SCHEDULE:

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- a. One PBB Three Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
- b. Two PBBs Four Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
- c. Three PBBs Five Operation and Maintenance Manuals.
- PBB operator training shall be provided, by PBB type, at scheduled times during the installation. The training schedule shall be set by the MAA for uninterrupted four-hour blocks per PBB type between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. during the standard workweek.

#### WARRANTY

- The Contractor shall warrant that the PBBs and all components and accessories comply with the requirements of the contract documents, including approved drawings and this specification. The PBB shall perform to the design function for a minimum period of one (1) year from the date of final acceptance of the PBB by the Owner. Failures caused by normal wear and tear, acts of God, and modifications by the Owner, which have not been approved by the manufacturer, will be excluded from the coverage in this section.
- The Contractor shall warrant that the PBBs and all their components are new and manufactured using new materials, are of good quality, are suitable use on aircraft, and are free and clear from liens, encumbrances and title defects.
- 100-7.3 The Contractor (and/or the manufacturer of the PBB, as applicable) further agrees to repair or replace any warranty defect, including both parts and labor, at his expense, within twenty-four (24) hours of notification from the Owner.
- The Contractor (and/or the manufacturer of the PBB, as applicable) further agrees to repair or replace (parts and labor), at his expense, within twenty-four (24) hours, any defect which constitutes a breach of warranty, provided the Contractor is notified of such defect within twelve (12) months following the date of formal written Final Acceptance by the Owner.
- 100-7.5 Upon Owner's submission of a claim as provided above and following its substantiation, Contractor (and/or the manufacturer of the PBB, as applicable) shall at its option either (1) repair or replace its product or work at the final delivery point or (2) refund an equitable portion of the purchase price.

MAA-CO-XX-XXX CONTRACT TITLE BWI Marshall Airport AIP No. 3-24-XXXX-XXX 100-7.6 Failure caused by: (a) Owner's abuse (b) acts of God, which shall include but not be limited to hurricanes, earthquakes, and natural disasters are specifically excluded from the coverage of this section.

#### CONSTRUCTION METHODS

- **100-8.1 General.** The Contractor shall install the Passenger Boarding Bridges at the locations indicated in the Contract Drawings.
- 100-8.2 Transport and Deliveries. Removal and transport to the storage location shall be coordinated with the Engineer and MAA Operations. Delivery of new Passenger Boarding Bridges shall be coordinated with MAA Operations and occur at BWI Gate 55. Contractor will be required to provide security in compliance with the security requirements at Gate 55 when deliveries or transport of the PBBs are scheduled.
- **100-8.3 Foundations.** The Contractor shall be required to install new or reinstall existing Passenger Boarding Bridges on existing foundations. Any modifications to the foundations will need to be designed, signed and sealed by a PE registered in the State of Maryland and submitted to Engineer for information and record prior to the installation.
- 100-8.4 Utilities. The Contractor shall be responsible for all interface connections between the PBB and the building systems. During removal, installation, or re-installation, the contractor shall coordinate with MAA Maintenance regarding disassembly and reconnection of building systems with the PBB.
- **Safety and Weathersealing.** Prior to removal of the PBB, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a plan for temporarily covering the opening left by the PBB removal. The covering shall be weathertight to prevent any penetration of water into the building as a result of the removal of the PBB.
- 100-8.6 Testing. After installation or re-installation of a Passenger Boarding Bridge, the Contractor and a Manufacturer Representative of the Passenger Boarding Bridge shall test the PBB according to the Specifications and the satisfaction of the Engineer. The operation of each PBB shall undergo an aircraft test park for the most demanding aircraft docking procedures to ensure proper mating of the PBB to the aircraft. Temporary tape shall be used for the stop bar and lead-in lines for the aircraft test park. Following a successful test part, the final pavement marking for the aircraft may be placed. If any problems are encountered with regards to the Passenger Boarding Bridge the Contractor shall correct at his expense and to the Engineer's satisfaction and re-tests.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

MAA-CO-XX-XXX CONTRACT TITLE BWI Marshall Airport AIP No. 3-24-XXXX-XXX Technical Specifications SUBMITTAL SET MONTH YEAR DESIGNER SHALL DEFINE THE METHOD OF MEASUREMENT BASED ON THE TYPE OF PROCUREMENT FOR THE PROJECT. THE MAA TASK MANAGER SHOULD APPROVE THE METHOD OF MEASURMENT AND THE ITEMS INCLUDED. A STANDARD LIST IS PROVIDED.

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- PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE REMOVAL AND STORAGE: The work for this item shall be measured per each and includes performing all mechanical and electrical system disconnects, removal of the bridge from the foundation, protection of the terminal gate openings, transport of the bridge to the storage location identified on the Contract Documents, protection of the PBB from damage during transport and storage, and provision of all materials, labor, transport, handling, storage materials and fees, and other associated items necessary to accomplish this work.
- 100-9.2 PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL: The work for this item shall be measured per each and includes performing all mechanical and electrical system disconnects, removal of the bridge from the foundation, protection of the terminal gate openings, transport to an approved disposal site, and provision of all materials, labor, transport, handling, storage materials, disposal fees, and other associated items necessary to accomplish this work.
- PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE REINSTALLATION WITH FIXED SECTION INSTALLATION: The work for this item shall be measured per each and includes transport from the storage area, installation of the bridge onto an existing foundation, performing all mechanical and electrical system connections, protection of PBB and terminal gate openings, fixed section installation, and other incidentals as shown on the plans. This item also includes electrical and communication capacity upgrades required for the bridges.
- PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE REINSTALLATION WITHOUT FIXED SECTION INSTALLATION: The work for this item shall be measured per each and includes transport from the storage area, installation of the bridge onto an existing foundation, performing all mechanical and electrical system connections, protection of PBB and terminal gate openings, and other incidentals as shown on the plans. This item also includes electrical and communication capacity upgrades required for the bridges.
- 100-9.5 FURNISH AND INSTALL A NEW PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE: The work shall be measured per each and includes the purchase, delivery, and transport of the new bridge, storage and protection of the PBB as needed prior to installation, installation of the bridge onto an existing foundation, performing all mechanical and electrical system connections, protection of PBB and terminal gate openings,

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- 100-9.6 PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION: The work shall be measured per each and includes the furnishing of all materials, labor, design, testing, certifying, handling, equipment, tools, and all associated effort required to complete this item.
- 100-9.7 PASSENGER BOARDING BRIDGE FOUNDATION MODIFICATION: This work shall be measured per each and includes the furnishing of all materials, labor, design, testing, certifying, handling, equipment, tools, and all associated effort required to complete this item.

#### **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

# DESIGNER SHALL SELECT THE PAY ITEMS BASED ON THE TYPE OF PROCUREMENT METHOD FOR THE BRIDGES. THE ITEMS SHALL BE DISCUSSED AND APPROVED BY THE TASK.

The accepted quantities for the items listed under Method of Measurement shall be paid for at the Contract unit price per each, complete and accepted in place.

# Payment will be made under:

Item PBB 100-10.1 Item PBB 100-10.2	Passenger Boarding Bridge Removal and Storage – Per Each Passenger Boarding Bridge Removal and Disposal – Per Each
Item PBB 100-10.3	Passenger Boarding Bridge Reinstallation with Fixed Section – Per Each
Item PBB 100-10.4	Passenger Boarding Bridge Reinstallation without Fixed Section – Per Each
Item PBB 100-10.5	Furnish and Install a New Passenger Boarding Bridge – Per Each
Item PBB 100-10.6	Passenger Boarding Bridge Foundation Construction – Per Each
Item PBB 100-10.7	Passenger Boarding Bridge Foundation Modification – Per Each

**END OF ITEM PBB-100** 

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# COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS AND INFRASTRUCTURE SPECIFICATIONS





# 270000-TC - COMMON WORK FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

#### B. Related Sections:

271343-TC	Communications Services Cabling
270526-TC	Grounding and Bonding
270528-TC	Hangers and Support
271116-TC	Cabinets, Racks, Frames and Enclosures
271119-TC	Termination Blocks and Patch Panels
271313-TC	Cable Splicing and Termination
271323-TC	Optical Fiber Splicing and Terminations
271519-TC	Horizontal Cabling
271543-TC	Faceplates and Connectors for Systems
270553-TC	Identification
275116-TC	PA and Emergency Tenant Paging

# 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Communications equipment coordination, submittal, and warranty requirements.
- 2. Common communications equipment installation requirements.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. DCI: Designer, contractor or installer.
- B. OT: Maryland Aviation Administration Office of Technology

#### 1.4 REFERENCES

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only.
- B. Specific reference in specifications to codes, rules, regulations, standards, manufacturer's instructions, or requirements of regulatory agencies shall mean the latest printed edition of each in effect at the date of contract unless the document is shown dated.

#### C. Conflicts:

- 1. Between referenced requirements: Comply with the one establishing the more stringent requirements.
- 2. Between referenced requirements and contract documents: Comply with the one establishing the more stringent requirements.
- 3. OT Engineer will make final determination between conflicts

#### D. References:

- 1. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) Cable Certification and Follow Up Program
- 2. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
- 3. National Electrical Code (NFPA-70)
- 4. National Electrical Safety Code (NESC)
- 5. Building Industry Consulting Service International (BICSI) Telecommunications Distribution Methods Manual (TDMM)
- 6. Local, county, state and federal regulations and codes in effect as of date of purchase
- 7. Equipment of foreign manufacture must meet U.S. codes and standards. It shall be indicated in the proposal the components that may be of foreign manufacture, if any, and the country of origin.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

A. The DCI shall perform no portion of the work requiring submittal and review of record drawings, shop drawings, product data, or samples until the respective submittal has been approved by the OT. Such work shall be in accordance with approved submittals.

- B. Qualifications: The DCI shall submit qualification data sheets for firms and persons as specified in the "Quality Assurance" article of this specification to demonstrate their capabilities and experience.
- C. Proposed product data sheets: The DCI shall submit catalog cut-sheets that include manufacturer, trade name, and complete model number for each product specified. Model number shall be handwritten and/or highlighted to indicate exact selection. Identify applicable specification section reference for each product.
- D. Samples: The DCI shall provide one sample of each type of cable for testing and approval by the OT upon request.
- E. Testing Plan: The DCI shall provide a test plan for testing prior to beginning testing. The following minimal items shall be submitted for review:
  - 1. All testing methods
  - 2. Product data for test equipment
  - 3. Certifications and qualifications of all persons conducting the testing
  - 4. Calibration certificates indicating that equipment calibration meets National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) standards and has been calibrated at least once in the previous calendar year
  - 5. Examples of test reports, including all graphs, tables, and charts necessary for display of testing results
- F. Testing Reports: The DCI shall submit cable test reports as follows:
  - 1. Submit certification test reports of DCI-performed tests
  - 2. The tests shall clearly demonstrate that the media and its components fully comply with the requirements specified herein.
  - 3. Electronic and hardcopy versions of test reports shall be submitted together and clearly identified with cable identification.
  - 4. Submit data electronically on CD-ROM in Microsoft Excel format, listing products furnished, including:
  - 5. Manufacturer's name

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6. Manufacturer's part numbers

G. Record Drawings: Furnish CAD drawings of completed work including cable ID numbers following the OT's labeling standards. Submit in hardcopy (two full size and two half size) and electronic formats.

# H. Standard products:

- 1. Equipment and materials shall be standard products of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the manufacture of structured cabling products and shall be the manufacturer's latest standard design.
- 2. Items of the same classification shall be identical. This requirement includes equipment, modules, assemblies, parts, and components.
- 3. All components of each kind shall be covered by a single warranty program with a single point of contact. Cable and connecting hardware shall be manufactured by the same company or be part of the same system, i.e. warranted by the manufacturer(s) as one system.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

- A. The DCI shall provide a joint written warranty of the manufacturer(s) and the installer(s), on a single document. The document shall warrant complete installation of the equipment, system to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of no less than 20 years for copper and 25 years for fiber, starting with the date of Final System Acceptance.
- B. DCI shall warrant that all approved components meet or exceed the specifications provided in the product data submittal and exceed standards referenced for the warranty period. The warranty shall apply to all components.
- C. The DCI shall warrant that the proposed merchandise will conform to its description and any applicable specifications, and shall be of good quality for the known purpose for which it is intended.
- D. The product warranty shall cover the replacement or repair of defective products and labor for the replacement or repair of such defective products.

#### 1.7 MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT

A. System Assurance: The System Assurance shall cover the failure of the system to support the application which it was designed to support, as well as additional application(s) introduced in the future for the warranty period.

- B. System Certification: Upon successful completion of the installation and subsequent inspection, the DCI shall be provided with a numbered certificate, from the manufacturing company, registering the installation.
- C. Support Availability: The DCI shall commit to make available local support for the product and system during the Warranty period.

#### 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Verify that field measurements are as shown on Project Documents; no media, fiber or copper, shall be installed in lengths surpassing Standards based length requirements.
- B. Cable routing shown on Drawings is approximate unless dimensioned. Route cable as required to meet Project Conditions.
- C. Where cable routing is not shown, and destination only is indicated, determine exact routing and lengths required. Record actual routing on as-builts including, but not limited to all conduit larger that ¾ inch, all exterior conduit/cabling, and all Work Area communications outlet information.

#### 1.9 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Equipment shall be delivered in original packages with labels intact and identification clearly marked.
- B. Equipment shall not be damaged in any way and shall comply with manufacturer's operating specifications.
- C. Equipment and components shall be protected from the weather, humidity, temperature variations, dirt, dust, or other contaminants. Equipment damaged prior to system acceptance shall be replaced at no cost to the OT.

#### 1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Determine required separation between other work.
- B. Coordinate to avoid interference with other work disciplines.
- C. Coordinate installation with other trades and furniture installers.
- D. Coordinate with all DCIs providing equipment outside the scope of this contract.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not used.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Verify liquid-carrying pipes are not installed in or above voice and data system communications rooms. Do not proceed with installation in affected areas until removed.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install work following drawings, manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal data.
- B. All installation shall be done in conformance with standards, BICSI methods, industry standards and manufacturers' installation guidelines. The DCI shall ensure that the maximum pulling tensions of the specified distribution cables are not exceeded and cable bends maintain the proper radius during the placement of the facilities. Failure to follow the appropriate guidelines shall require the DCI to provide in a timely fashion the additional material and labor necessary to properly rectify the situation. This shall also apply to any and all damages sustained to the cables by the DCI during the implementation.

# C. Test Equipment

- 1. Test equipment used under this contract shall be from manufacturers that have a minimum of 5 years experience in producing field test equipment. Manufacturers shall be ISO 9001 certified.
- 2. The test instrument shall be within the calibration period recommended by the manufacturer.
- 3. Test instruments shall have the latest software and firmware installed.
- 4. All test tools of a given type shall be from the same manufacturer, and have compatible electronic results output.
- 5. Test adapter cables shall be approved by the manufacturer of the test equipment. Adapters from other sources are not acceptable.
- 6. All test equipment purchased for use under these tasks shall become the property of the MAA upon systems acceptance. The MAA reserves the right to provide test equipment for the use of the DCI

- D. No system shall be put into service until it is fully tested and accepted by the OT.
- E. Install work following drawings, manufacturer's instructions and approved submittal data.

# F. Equipment Clearances

- 1. Clearance distances are measured from the outermost surface of devices installed in rack or mounted on wall, rather than from the rack or backboard.
- 2. Provide a minimum of three feet of space in front and rear of cabinets and racks.
- 3. Provide a minimum of one-foot side clearance in corners.
- 4. Provide a minimum of one-foot clearance above cable tray/ladder rack.
- 5. Provide a minimum of one-foot clearance above top-most item (cable tray, ladder rack or fiber trough) to any ceiling or overhead condition.

#### 3.3 CLEANING

A. Remove all unnecessary tools and equipment, unused materials, packing materials, and debris from each area where Work has been completed unless designated for storage on a daily basis unless directed by OT.

#### 3.4 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Once all work has been completed, test documentation has been submitted and approved, and the OT is satisfied that all work has been completed in accordance with contract documents, the OT will notify DCI in writing of formal acceptance of the system.
- B. Acceptance shall be subject to completion of all work, successful post-installation testing which yields 100 percent PASS rating, and submittal and approval of full documentation as described above.
- C. OT reserves the right to conduct, using DCI equipment and labor, a random re-test of up to five percent of the cable plant to confirm documented results. Random re-testing, if performed, shall be at the expense of the DCI, using standard labor rates. Any failing cabling shall be re-tested and restored to a passing condition at no cost to the OT. In the event more than two percent of the cable plant fails during re-test, the entire cable plant shall be re-tested and restored to a passing condition at no additional cost to the OT.

C. OT may agree to allow certain cabling runs to exceed standardized performance criteria (e.g. length). In this event, such runs shall be explicitly identified and excluded from requirements to pass standardized tests. END OF SECTION 270000-TC

#### 270526-TC - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section includes:

- General requirements for providing all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents.
- 2. Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Grounding/Earthing and Bonding for Communications Systems.
- 3. Minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. Grounding/Earthing System
  - b. Telecommunications Grounding Busbar (TGB)
  - c. Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGB)
  - d. Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB)
  - e. Rack Grounding/Earthing and Bonding
- 4. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of grounding/earthing products, typical installation details and cable routing will be provided as an attachment to this document.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000-Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. The purpose of the grounding/earthing system is to create a low impedance path to earth ground for electrical surges and transient voltages. Lightning, fault currents, circuit switching (motors turning on and off), and electrostatic discharge are common causes of these surges and transient voltages. An effective grounding/earthing system minimizes the detrimental effects of these electrical surges, which include degraded network performance and reliability and increased safety risks.
- B. <u>Bonding</u> The permanent joining of metallic parts to form an electrically conductive path that will assure electrical continuity and the capacity to conduct safely any current likely to be imposed.
- C. <u>Common Bonding Network (CBN)</u> The principal means for affecting bonding and earthing inside a building.
- D. <u>Ground/Earth</u> A conducting connection, whether intentional or incidental, by which an electric circuit or equipment is connected to earth, or to some conducting body of relatively large extent that serves in place of the earth.
- E. <u>Retrofit Rack Grounding/Earthing</u> The application of grounding/earthing products and technology where equipment is already deployed and functioning.

#### 1.5 REFERENCES

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the grounding/earthing and bonding system described in this document.

TIA/EIA	
TIA-942	Telecommunications Infrastructure Standard
	for Data Centers
J-STD-607-A	Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding
	Requirements
TIA/EIA-606	Administration Standard for the
	Telecommunications
	Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings
<u>IEEE</u>	_
Std 1100	IEEE Recommend Practice for Powering and
	Grounding Electronic Equipment
	(IEEE Emerald Book)
<u>NFPA</u>	
NFPA-70	National Electric Code (NEC)

#### B. Conflicts:

- 1. If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence.
- 2. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The communications grounding system shall be designed and/or approved by a qualified PE, licensed in the state that the work is to be performed. The communications grounding system shall adhere to the recommendations of the ANSI/TIA-942 and J-STD-607-A standards, and shall be installed in accordance with best industry practice.
- B. A licensed electrical contractor shall perform installation and termination of the main bonding conductor to the building service entrance ground.
- C. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. STRUCTUREDGROUND[™] Grounding System (STRUCTUREDEARTH[™] Earthing System) or approved equal kits, components, and hardware shall be used to construct the grounding/earthing system.

# 2.2 EQUIPMENT

A. Use lugs when connecting conductors to the TMGB and TGB.

#### 2.3 GROUNDING/EARTHING SYSTEM

- A. The ground/earth system must be designed for high reliability. Therefore, the grounding/earthing system shall meet following criteria:
  - 1. Local electrical codes shall be adhered to.

- 2. The grounding/earthing system shall comply with ANSI/TIA-942 and J-STD-607-A.
- 3. All grounding/earthing conductors shall be copper.
- 4. Lugs, HTAPs, grounding strips, and busbars shall be UL Listed and made of premium quality tin-plated electrolytic copper that provides low electrical resistance while inhibiting corrosion. Antioxidant shall be used when making bonding connections in the field.
- 5. Wherever possible, two-hole lugs shall be used because they resist loosening when twisted (bumped) or exposed to vibration. All lugs shall be irreversible compression and meet NEBS Level 3 as tested by Telcordia. Lugs with inspection windows shall be used in all non-corrosive environments so that connections may be inspected for full conductor insertion (battery rooms are an exception where windowless lugs may be used).
- 6. Die index numbers shall be embossed on all compression connections to allow crimp inspection.
- 7. Cable assemblies shall be UL Listed and CSA Certified. Cables shall be a distinctive green or green/yellow in color, and all jackets shall be UL, VW-1 flame rated.

#### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. The grounding/earthing system must be intentional, visually verifiable, adequately sized to handle expected currents safely, and directs these potentially damaging currents away from sensitive network equipment. As such, grounding/earthing must be purposeful in its design and installation. Four issues require special consideration:
  - 1. Although AC powered equipment typically has a power cord that contains a ground/earth wire, the integrity of this path cannot be easily verified. Thus, many equipment manufacturers require grounding/earthing above and beyond that which is specified by local electrical codes, such as the National Electrical Code, etcetera. Always follow the grounding/earthing recommendations of the manufacturer when installing equipment.
  - 2. While the building steel and metallic water piping must be bonded to the grounding/earthing system for safety reasons, neither may be substituted for the telecommunications bonding backbone (TBB).

- 3. Electrical continuity throughout each rack or cabinet is required to minimize safety risks. Hardware typically supplied with bolt-together racks is not designed for grounding/earthing purposes. Additionally, most racks are painted. Paint is an insulator. Unless rack members are deliberately bonded, continuity between members is incidental, and in many cases, unlikely.
- 4. Any metallic component that is part of the data center, including equipment, racks, ladder racks, enclosures, cable trays, etc. must be bonded to the grounding/earthing system with a 1 ohm resistance between 2 points.

### B. Grounding/Earthing and Bonding

1. The Telecommunications Grounding Busbar (TGB) in each telecommunications space will be grounded/earthed to the Telecommunications Main Grounding Busbar (TMGB) located at the service entrance. The gauge of the connecting ground/earth cable, known as the Telecommunications Bonding Backbone (TBB) will follow J-STD-607-A guidelines, as is shown in the table below.

Sizing of the TBB	
TBB Length in Linear meters (feet)	TBB Size (AWG)
Less than 4 (13)	6
4-6 (14-20)	4
6-8 (21-26)	3
8-10 (27-33)	2
10-13 (34-41)	1
13-16 (42-52)	1/0
16-20 (53-66)	2/0
Greater than 20 (66)	3/0

- 2. The TMGB will be bonded to building steel and grounded/earthed to the electrical service ground according to BICSI TDM Manual and J-STD-607-A guidelines. Local codes may supersede these requirements. In telecommunications spaces with only one rack, the rack jumper cable can be connected directly to the TGB.
- 3. Cable Sizes for Other Grounding/Earthing Applications

Cable Sizes for Other Grounding/Earthing Applications		
Purpose	Copper Code Cable Size	
Aisle grounds (overhead or under	#2 AWG or larger (1/0 preferred)	
floor) of the common bonding		
network		
Bonding conductor to each PDU or	Size per NEC 250.122 &	
panel board serving the room.	manufacturer recommendations	
Bonding conductor to HVAC	6 AWG	

equipment	
Building columns	4 AWG
Cable ladders and trays	6 AWG
Conduit, water pipe, duct	6 AWG

- 4. Route the TBB to each TGB in as straight a path as possible. The TBB should be installed as a continuous conductor, avoiding splices where possible. Use HTAP kits to provide a tap from the TBB to each TGB. When more than one TBB is used, bond them together using the TGBs on the top floor and every third floor in between with a conductor known as a Grounding Equalizer (GE). Use the J-STD-607-A guidelines for sizing of the TBB when sizing the GE (shown in the table above).
- 5. Avoid routing grounding/earthing conductors in metal conduits. If the grounding/earthing conductor must be routed through a metal conduit, bond each end of the conduit to the grounding/earthing conductor. Use grounding clamps to bond to the conduit, and a #6 AWG copper conductor to connect the GPL grounding clamp to the HTWC HTAP.

# C. Rack Grounding/Earthing

1. Equipment and racks shall be bonded in accordance with the methods prescribed in ANSI/TIA-942, as is shown in the figure below.

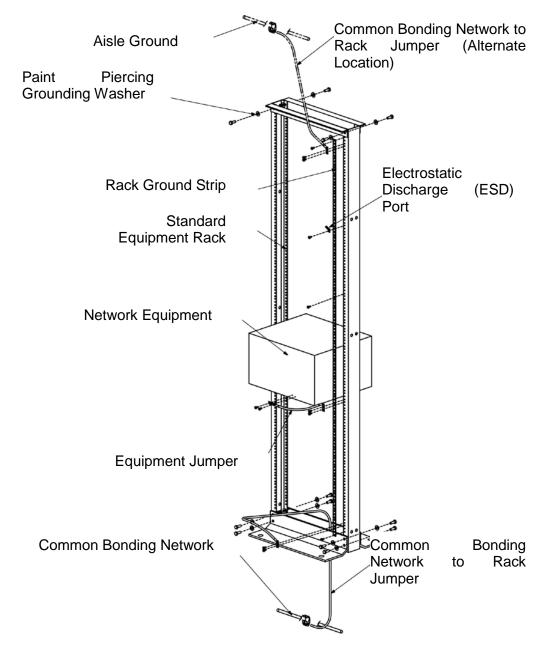


Figure 1 - Properly Grounded/Earthed Rack (Back of Rack Shown)

2. To provide electrical continuity between rack elements, paint piercing grounding washers, shall be used where rack sections bolt together, on both sides, under the head of the bolt and between the nut and rack.

- 3. When the equipment manufacturer provides a location for mounting a grounding connection, that connection shall be utilized. Use the appropriate jumper for the equipment being installed and the thread-forming screws provided in the kit.
- 4. Do not bond racks or cabinets serially. Use the copper compression HTAP that comes with the kit to bond the conductor to the common bonding network.

# D. Retrofit Rack Grounding/Earthing

1. If the racks already have network equipment installed, it may not be feasible to install the rack ground strip without disrupting data cables. Further, it may be undesirable to disassemble rack hardware to install paint piercing grounding washers

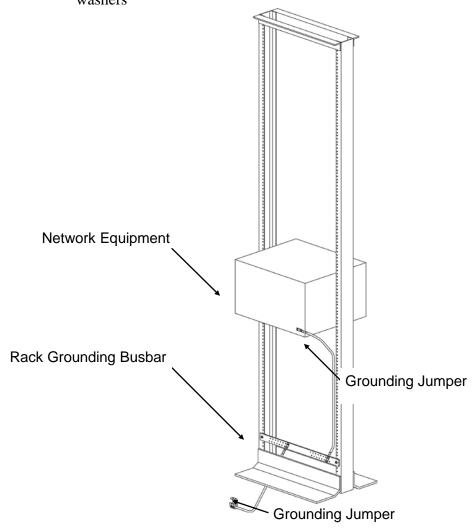


Figure 2 - Retrofit Rack Grounding/Earthing

- 2. RGW paint piercing grounding washers are not used in this scenario. Thus, the grounding busbar provides continuity through the vertical channels of the rack, but not the top and bottom of the rack. Thus, wherever practical, the solution using the RGS rack grounding strip and the RGW paint piercing washers shall be used instead of the retrofit rack grounding kits.
- 3. All other grounding/earthing requirements apply to retrofit installations without exception.

END OF SECTION 270526-TC

#### 270528-TC - HANGERS AND SUPPORT FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

#### PART I – GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Telecommunications Cabling. Communication cabling support is covered under this document.
- 2. This section includes minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. J-Hooks (Not allowed without an approved variance)
  - b. Threaded Rod Cover
  - c. Stackable Cable Rack Spacers
  - d. Cable Management
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000-Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.

#### 1.4 REFERENCES

Last Updated: 11/16/2011

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

TIA/EIA

TIA/EIA-568-B Commercial Building Telecommunications

Cabling Standard

TIA/EIA-569-A Commercial Building Standard for Telecom

Pathways and Spaces

TIA/EIA-606 Administration Standard for the

Telecommunications Infrastructure of

Commercial Buildings

TIA/EIA-607 Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding

Requirements

<u>NFPA</u>

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999 ISO/IEC

ISO/IEC 11801Generic Cabling for

**Customer Premises** 

#### B. Conflicts:

1. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

2. If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

# PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. *J-MOD* TM Cable Support System or approved equal. Open top cable supports shall be utilized as a pathway for communication cabling. The J Hook cable supports shall be manufactured from a non-conductive material suitable for use in air-handling spaces. The cable support must maintain complete horizontal and vertical 1" bend radius control and must manage up to 50 four-pair UTP cables. The system must allow for the ability to add future cable routing capacity. The cable support must provide the ability to retain the cable bundle with *TAK-TY* [®] Hook & Loop Cable Ties or approved equal.

Part Number	Description	Material*	Maximu m Static Load (Lbs.)
	J Hook for wall mount applications	Nylon	30
	J Hook for use with brackets	Nylon	30
	Chaining Bracket	Galvanized Steel	120
	Ceiling Mount Bracket – 1 level	Galvanized Steel	180
	Ceiling Mount Bracket – 3 level	Galvanized Steel	180
	Drop Wire Bracket – 1 level	Galvanized Steel	20
	Drop Wire Bracket – 3 level	Galvanized Steel	40
	Threaded Rod Bracket – 1 level	Galvanized Steel	180
	Threaded Rod Bracket – 3 level	Galvanized Steel	180
	Screw-on Beam Clamp Bracket – 1 level	Galvanized Steel	180
dish NI C	Screw-on Beam Clamp Bracket – 3 level	Galvanized Steel	180

^{**} Not for use with chaining brackets

[‡] Available in natural and black

^{*} Suitable for use in air handling spaces per UL 2043. Listed in accordance with CAN/ULC S102.2 when mounted as single units or in pairs. Minimum spacing of 4 ft. (1220mm) required between mount points. (Flame Spread Rating = 0, Smoke Developed Classification = 30)

B. J-PRO TM Cable Support System or approved equal. Open top cable supports shall be utilized as a pathway for communication cabling. The J Hook cable supports shall be manufactured from a non-conductive material suitable for use in air-handling spaces. The pre-riveted J Hook assemblies must maintain complete horizontal and vertical 1" bend radius control and must manage up to 50 four-pair UTP cables. The cable support must provide the ability to retain the cable bundle with *TAK-TY* [®] Hook & Loop Cable Ties or approved equal.

Part Number	Description	Material*	Max. Static Load (Lbs.)
	J Hook for wall mount applications only. One 1/4" (M6) mounting hole for user supplied screw.	Nylon	30
	J Hook with ceiling mount bracket that has one 3/16" (M5), ¼" (M6), and 3/8" (M10) mounting hole.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
	J Hook with clip for use with #12 wire, threaded rod up to 3/8" in diameter, or 1/8" –3/8" thick flanges.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	10
	J Hook with screw-on beam clamp for use with flanges up to ½" thick.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
	J Hook with screw-on beam clamp for use with flanges up to ½" thick. Rotates 360 degrees.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
	J Hook with hammer-on beam clamp for use with flanges 1/8" – 1/4" thick. Rotates 360 degrees.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
	J Hook with hammer-on beam clamp for use with	Nylon J Hook with	30

flanges 5/16" – 1/2" thick. Rotates 360 degrees.	metal attachment s	
J Hook with hammer-on beam clamp for use with flanges 9/16" – 3/4" thick. Rotates 360 degrees.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
J Hook with z-purlin clip for use with angled flanges up to 1/4" thick.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
J Hook with c-purlin clip for use with vertical flanges up to ¼" thick.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30
J Hook with under floor pedestal support clamp for use with pedestal support up to 1" in diameter.	Nylon J Hook with metal attachment s	30

^{*} Suitable for use in air handling spaces per UL 2043. Listed in accordance with CAN/ULC S102.2 when mounted as single units or in pairs. Minimum spacing of 4 ft. (1220mm) required between mount points. (Flame Spread Rating = 0, Smoke Developed Classification = 30)

# 2.2 EQUIPMENT

Last Updated: 11/16/2011

- A. Provide all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents.
- B. The Threaded Rod Cover shall be utilized to protect communication cable from abrasion caused by contact with threaded rod. The Threaded Rod Cover shall be manufactured from a gray flame-retardant polyethylene material that is UL94V-0 rated. The material shall be pliable to allow for easy installation.

Part Number	For Threaded Rod Size	Length
	½" to 5/8"	18"

#### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

#### A. Horizontal Distribution Cable Installation

- 1. Cable shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. A pull cord (nylon; 1/8" minimum) shall be co-installed with all cable installed in any conduit.
- 3. Cable raceways shall not be filled greater than the TIA/EIA-569-A maximum fill for the particular raceway type or 40%.
- 4. Cables shall be installed in continuous lengths from origin to destination (no splices) except for transition points, or consolidation points.
- 5. Where transition points, or consolidation points are allowed, they shall be located in accessible locations and housed in an enclosure intended and suitable for the purpose.
- 6. The cable's minimum bend radius and maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded.
- 7. If a J-hook or trapeze system is used to support cable bundles all horizontal cables shall be supported at a maximum of 48 to 60 inch (1.2 to 1.5 meter) intervals. At no point shall cable(s) rest on acoustic ceiling grids or panels.
- 8. Horizontal distribution cables shall be bundled in groups of no more than 50 cables. Cable bundle quantities in excess of 50 cables may cause deformation of the bottom cables within the bundle and degrade cable performance.
- 9. Cable shall be installed above fire-sprinkler systems and shall not be attached to the system or any ancillary equipment or hardware. The cable system and support hardware shall be installed so that it does not obscure any valves, fire alarm conduit, boxes, or other control devices.
- 10. Cables shall not be attached to ceiling grid or lighting fixture wires. Where support for horizontal cable is required, the contractor shall install appropriate carriers to support the cabling.
- 11. Any cable damaged or exceeding recommended installation parameters during installation shall be replaced by the contractor prior to final acceptance at no cost to the Owner.

- 12. Cables shall be identified by a self-adhesive label in accordance with the System Documentation Section of this specification and ANSI/TIA/EIA-606.
- 13. The cable label shall be applied to the cable behind the faceplate on a section of cable that can be accessed by removing the cover plate.
- 14. Unshielded twisted pair cable shall be installed so that there are no bends smaller than four times the cable outside diameter at any point in the run and at the termination field.
- 15. Pulling tension on 4-pair UTP cables shall not exceed 25-lbf for a four-pair UTP cable.

END OF SECTION 270528-TC

Last Updated: 11/16/2011

## 270553-TC - IDENTIFICATION FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

# A. Sections includes:

- 1. Furnishing labor, equipment, supplies, materials, and testing unless otherwise specified, and in performing the following operations recognized as necessary for the labeling of the telecommunications infrastructure as described on the Drawings and/or required by these specifications.
- 2. A Class 3 system of administration as per ANSI/TIA/EIA 606-A Standards. As such, all elements must be labeled with unique identifiers as described in the following sections.
- 3. Minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. Labeling Communications Cabling
  - b. Labeling Closet Hardware
  - c. Labeling Conduit/Hand hole/Inner duct
  - d. Labeling Patch Panel Jumpers
- B. The Cable Labeling Hierarchy will be the following unless otherwise noted for all Cables, Inner Duct, Conduits, Hand holes, Patch cables and hardware inside plant and outside plant: KB.109.1.1.1.1 whereas, Building, Room, Rack Row number, Rack number, Panel number, Port

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000 – Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

# PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

# A. LABELS

- 1. The size, color and contrast of all labels should be selected to ensure that the identifiers are easily read.
- 2. All labels are to be mechanically printed, no hand printed labels allowed for any component.
- 3. Labels should be visible during the installation of and normal maintenance of the infrastructure.
- 4. Labels should be resistant to the environmental conditions at the point of installation (such as moisture, heat or ultraviolet light) and should have a design life equal to or greater than that of the labeled component.
- 5. Provide vinyl substrate with a white printing area and black print. If cable jacket is white, provide cable label with printing area that is any other color than white, preferably orange or yellow so that the labels are easily distinguishable.
- 6. Labels shall be flexible vinyl or other substrates to apply easy and flex as cables are bent.
- 7. Labels shall use aggressive adhesives that stay attached even to the most difficult to adhere to jacketing.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

# A. Horizontal Copper Cable Labeling:

- 1. All horizontal cables shall be labeled with self-laminating marking tape, Brady ID-Pro labeler, Panduit LS7 labeler, or equivalent labeling system. Identification shall be as follows:
  - a. At the TR end, the cables shall be labeled with the location of where the other end of the cable is terminated including room number, TO number, and jack

position. Place label on a visible part of cable within 12" of termination point for ease of identification after termination.

Example: cable going to room 114, first TO, first jack position would be labeled as: 114-1A1. A cable in the second TO, third jack position would be 114-2A3.

b. At the TO end, the cables shall be labeled 4" from termination with the following: TR – Rack.Patch Panel.Port. This shall be visible by removing outlet cover plate.

Example: TR Room 114, rack row 1, rack 1, patch panel 1, port 03 would be: 114 - 1.1.1.03

- c. For voice cabling in older building with separate voice closets and no patch panels, include the TR and as much information as practical such as column, row, block number, and port number or pairs.
- d. For CATV coaxial drop cables, at the splitter or tap, the cables shall be labeled with the location where the other end of the cable is terminated including room number, TO number, and jack position. If not collocated with a TO, indicate room number at a minimum. Place label on a visible part of cable within 12" of termination point for ease of identification after termination.
- e. For coaxial cables at the TO, they shall be labeled 4" from termination with the room number where the splitter or tap is. This shall be visible by removing outlet cover plate.
- B. Telecommunications Outlet (TO) Labeling Scheme:
  - 1. TO's are labeled alphanumerically in a clockwise rotation around the room. Typically, the first TO located to the left of the main entrance of the room is labeled 1A, followed by 2A, 3A, etc.
- C. Horizontal 110 and 66 Block Labeling for voice:

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

- 1. For 110 blocks, if the cables are for room terminations, label the appropriate corresponding space for the port with the room number, TO, and jack position.
  - a. Example: A cable going to room 114, first TO, first jack position would be labeled as: 114-1A1. A cable in the second TO, third jack position would be 114-2A3.

- 2. For 66 type blocks, if the cables are for room terminations, tag the cable with the room number, TO, and jack position with a loose paper tag that is easily accessible and readable.
  - a. Example: A cable in room 114, first TO, first jack position would be labeled as: 114-1A1. A cable in the second TO, third jack position would be 114-2A3.
- 3. For tie cables between the rack and wallboard a 110 block or 66 block should always be used.
  - a. Example: Rack Row 1, Rack 1, patch panel 1, port 03 would be: 1.1.1.03

# D. Patch Panel Labeling:

- 1. For station cabling going to a TO, label each port on the patch panel with the room number, TO, and jack position.
  - a. Example: A cable in room 114, first TO, first jack position would be labeled as: 114-1A1. A cable in the second TO, third jack position would be 114-2A3.
  - b. Example: A cable going to a floor box TO labeled FB1A in room 114 in the second jack position would be labeled as: 114-FB1A2

# E. Vertical/Riser/Intrabuilding Copper Cable Labeling:

- 1. All riser cables shall be labeled with self-laminating marking tape, Brady ID-Pro labeler, Panduit LS7 labeler, or equivalent labeling system.
- 2. At the TR, the copper riser cables shall be labeled with from/to, cable number, and count information on both ends. Place label on a visible part of cable close to wiring block for ease of identification after termination.
- 3. Label cabling every 50' along the length of the cable in open trays, and on each side of wall penetrations.

# F. Interbuilding/Campus/Backbone Copper and Fiber Cable Labeling:

- 1. All interbuilding cables shall be labeled permanently with from/to information, cable type and size, installation date, and installing contractor at each end, manhole, and pull box the cable passes through.
  - a. Example: From Building 500 to 300, a 24 stand fiber single mode cable would be: 500.105.1.1.1 300.100.2.1.3 24 ST SM
- G. Conduit, manhole and hand hole Labeling:

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

- 1. All interbuilding and intrabuilding Inner duct and conduit systems shall be labeled permanently with from/to information, Building, manhole/hand hole, bank, and conduit number.
  - a. Example: from/to 100.109.1.1-MH5W.3.1

# H. Cable Function Color Code

1. As an additional level of identification that allows a particular field type to be quickly located, Color Coded strips, icons, and so on will be installed on all terminated wall plates and block areas. Common equipment refers to PBX equipment, host computer, LAN's and multiplexers. Miscellaneous refers to maintenance alarms, security, paging systems, and other systems and circuits not an integral part of common equipment. Refer to the table below:

Function	Color
Auxiliary and miscellaneous circuits	Yellow
Common equipment	Purple
Customer side of network interface	Green
First level backbone	White
Horizontal cabling to workstations	Blue
Interbuilding backbone	Brown
Key telephone systems	Red
Network side of network interface	Orange
Second level backbone	Gray

D '11' D C	T1 ('C' ('
Building Reference	Identification
901	Building 901
991	Building 991
TER	BWI Terminal
ARF	ARFF Building
KB	Kauffman Building
MAC	MAC Building
CR <nnn></nnn>	Cargo Building <number></number>
MCR	Mid-Field Cargo Building
PHG	Parking-Hourly Garage
PDA	Parking-Daily A Garage
PLA	Parking-Long Term A
PLB	Parking-Long Term B
PEX	Parking-Express Lot
PEP	Parking-Employee
PEA	Parking-Old ESP A
PEB	Parking-Old ESP B
	C

# END OF SECTION 270553-TC

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

# 271116-TC - CABINETS, RACKS, FRAMES AND ENCLOSURES FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Telecommunications Cabling. Communication Equipment Room Fittings of cabinets, racks, frames and enclosures are covered under this document.
- 2. This section includes minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. Cabinets
  - b. Racks and Rack Cable Management
  - c. Frames
  - d. Enclosures
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000-Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.

# 1.4 REFERENCES

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

TIA/EIA

TIA/EIA-568-B Commercial Building Telecommunications

Cabling Standard

TIA/EIA-569-A Commercial Building Standard for Telecom

Pathways and Spaces

TIA/EIA-606 Administration Standard for the

**Telecommunications** 

Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings

TIA/EIA-607 Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding

Requirements

**NFPA** 

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999

**ISO/IEC** 

ISO/IEC 11801 Generic Cabling for Customer Premises

# B. Conflicts:

1. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

 If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence. MAA/OT will assist in the design, layout and specification detail needed to clarify any ambiguity between this document and other construction documentation.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

A. Provide all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents

#### B. Racks

- 1. The Cable Management System shall be used to provide a neat and efficient means for routing and protecting fiber and copper cables and patch cords on telecommunication racks and enclosures. The system shall be a complete cable management system comprised of vertical cable managers, horizontal cable manager, and cable management accessories used throughout the cabling system. The system shall protect network investment by maintaining system performance, controlling cable bend radius and providing cable strain relief.
  - a. Provide rack as shown on the Drawings and as specified in this section.
  - b. The Rack system shall meet all EIA requirements as defined in EIA-310-D.
  - c. Provide all mounting components and accessories to securely fix racks to floor and supporting walls. Provide overhead ladder rack fixed to the top of each rack and running from the top of the rack to the telephone backboard where the feeder and distribution cables run, as shown on the drawings. Provide cable bend management fixtures to maintain the proper bend radius as the cables drop into the rack. Do not allow cables to be unsupported as they run from conduit or cable tray to equipment cabinets. Racks to be seismically braced in accordance with local seismic bracing requirements. Racks are to be braced against sway on all three axes. Horizontal cable tray or other cable support that is also rated as a seismic brace may be used to meet some of the seismic bracing requirements.
  - d. Each rack shall be UL listed for a load-carrying capacity of 1000 lbs. (454 kg.).
  - e. Provide patch management ring runs in each rack. Provide (1) 2U high horizontal patch management between each panel of each rack.
  - f. Provide side-mounted vertical cable management with covers on both sides of each rack. The cable management shall be with cover plates and bracket kits as needed to attach to adjacent racks.
  - g. Provide strain relief and cable management at the rear of each rack to ensure uniform routing of all feeder and distribution cables.
  - h. Each rack to have a minimum of eight power sockets mounted on a strip at the rear of the rack. The power outlets on the connector strip shall be NEMA 5-20R compatible. The plug shall be NEMA 5-20P compatible.
  - i. The rack shall be manufactured from extruded aluminum and marked with Rack Unit spacing.
  - j. Provide all racks with grounding kits and wires.
  - k. Provide Raised Floor Rack Supports from rack manufacturer for all
    equipment racks mounted on raised "access" floor in the Server Room.
    Racks installed on raised floors are to be bolted through the raised floor
    directly into the concrete flooring below.
  - The rack system solution shall provide integral cable management including vertical channels, pass through holes and slots for additional cable management accessories.

- m. Pass through holes shall be located on the front, back and side of the rack for maximum flexibility.
- n. Racks are to be threaded for #12-24 threads.

Part Number	Description	Rack Spaces
	19"x 7' 0" Rack	45
	Horizontal patch management at	1
	top of rack	

- 2. Vertical cable managers shall include components that aid in routing, managing and organizing cable to and from patch panels and/or equipment. Managers shall protect network equipment by controlling cable bend radius and providing cable strain relief. Managers shall be a universal design mounting to EIA 19" or 23" racks and constructed of a base with cable management fingers.
- 3. The fingers shall include retaining tabs to keep cables in place during cover removal. The covers shall be hinged to open in either direction allowing for quick moves, adds, and changes (MAC).

Part Number	Туре	Rack Spaces	Туре	Max. Side Extension (in.)
	Front and Rear	45	High	6.55
			Capacity	
	Center mount	-	-	-
	bracket kit			
	Side Mount Kit	-	-	-

4. Horizontal cable managers shall include components that aid in routing, managing and organizing cable to and from patch panels and/or equipment. Panels shall protect network equipment by controlling cable bend radius and providing cable strain relief. Panels shall be a universal design mounting to EIA 19" racks and constructed with cable management fingers. The fingers shall include retaining tabs to keep cables in place during cover removal. The covers shall be easily removed or hinged to allow for quick moves, adds, and changes. The cable managers shall be provided with wire retainers to retain the cables during cover removal and #12-24 English and M6 metric mounting screws.

Part Number	Туре	Rack Spaces	Max. Front Extension (in.)
	Front & Rear	2	3.1
	Duct		

# C. Enclosures

- 1. Wall mounted fiber optic enclosures
- 2. Rack mounted fiber optic

#### PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. The Communication Equipment Room shall support a minimum of (4) 4-pair Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Copper Cables to each work area outlet unless otherwise noted for specific locations. The cables shall be installed from the Work Area Outlet to the Telecommunications Room (TR) located on the same floor, and routed to the appropriate rack serving that area and terminated as specified in this document.

# B. Horizontal Distribution Cable Installation

- 1. Shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. A pull cord (nylon; 1/8" minimum) shall be co-installed with all cable installed in any conduit.
- 3. Cable raceways shall not be filled greater than the TIA/EIA-569-A maximum fill for the particular raceway type or 40% whichever greater.
- 4. Cables shall be installed in continuous lengths from origin to destination (no splices).
- 5. Where transition points, or consolidation points are allowed, they shall be located in accessible locations and housed in an enclosure intended and suitable for the purpose.
- 6. The cable's minimum bend radius and maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded.

- 7. If a J-hook or trapeze system is used to support cable bundles all horizontal cables shall be supported at a maximum of 48 to 60 inch (1.2 to 1.5 meter) intervals. At no point shall cable(s) rest on acoustic ceiling grids or panels.
- 8. Horizontal distribution cables shall be bundled in groups of no more than 50 cables. Cable bundle quantities in excess of 50 cables may cause deformation of the bottom cables within the bundle and degrade cable performance.
- 9. Cable shall be installed above fire-sprinkler systems and shall not be attached to the system or any ancillary equipment or hardware. The cable system and support hardware shall be installed so that it does not obscure any valves, fire alarm conduit, boxes, or other control devices.
- 10. Cables shall not be attached to ceiling grid or lighting fixture wires. Where support for horizontal cable is required, the contractor shall install appropriate carriers to support the cabling.
- 11. Any cable damaged or exceeding recommended installation parameters during installation shall be replaced by the contractor prior to final acceptance at no cost to the Owner.
- 12. Cables shall be identified by a self-adhesive or heat shrink label in accordance with the System Documentation Section of this specification and ANSI/TIA/EIA-606.
- 13. The cable label shall be applied to the cable behind the faceplate on a section of cable that can be accessed by removing the cover plate.
- 14. Unshielded twisted pair cable shall be installed so that there are no bends smaller than four times the cable outside diameter at any point in the run and at the termination field.
- 15. Pulling tension on 4-pair UTP cables shall not exceed 25-lbf for a four-pair UTP cable.

# B. Horizontal Cross Connect Installation

- 1. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 0.5".
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable.

- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled with no more than 48 cables per, and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained as close as possible to the termination point, no more than 1".
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle velcro ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

# C. Racks

- 1. Racks shall be securely attached to the concrete floor using minimum 3/8" hardware or as required by local codes.
- 2. Racks shall be placed with a 36-inch (minimum) clearance from the walls on all sides of the rack. When mounted in a row, maintain a minimum of 36 inches from the wall behind and in front of the row of racks and from the wall at each end of the row.
- All racks shall be grounded to the telecommunications ground bus bar in accordance with Section Ground and Bonding for Communications Systems of this document.
- 4. Rack mount screws not used for installing patch panels and other hardware shall be bagged and left with the rack upon completion of the installation.
- 5. Wall mounted termination block fields shall be mounted on 4' x 8' x .75" void free fire treated plywood. The plywood shall be mounted vertically 24" above the finished floor.

**END OF SECTION 27116-TC** 

# 271119-TC - TERMINATION BLOCKS AND PATCH PANELS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- 1. Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Telecommunications Cabling. Termination blocks and patch panels are covered under this document.
- 2. This section includes minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. Termination blocks
  - b. Patch panels
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000 Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.
- B. All cables and related terminations, support and grounding hardware shall be furnished, installed, wired, tested, labeled, and documented by the telecommunications contractor as detailed in this document.
- C. Upon completion of the installation, the telecommunications contractor shall provide three (3) full documentation sets to the Engineer for approval. Documentation shall include the items detailed in the sub-sections below.

D. Documentation shall be submitted within ten (10) working days of the completion of each testing phase. This is inclusive of all test results and draft as-built drawings. Draft drawings may include annotations done by hand. Machine generated (final) copies of all drawings shall be submitted within 30 working days of the completion of each testing phase. At the request of the Engineer, the telecommunications contractor shall provide copies of the original test results.

# E. Testing:

- 1. Maryland Aviation Administration Office of Technology (MAA/OT) may do a 10% random field re-test be conducted on the cable system to verify documented findings. Tests shall be a repeat of those defined above. If findings contradict the documentation submitted by the telecommunications contractor, additional testing can be requested to the extent determined necessary by the Engineer, including a 100% re-test. This re-test shall be at no additional cost to the Owner.
- 2. Test Results documentation shall be provided on disk within three weeks after the completion of the project. The disk shall be clearly marked on the outside front cover with the words "Project Test Documentation", the project name, and the date of completion (month and year). The results shall include a record of test frequencies, cable type, conductor pair and cable (or outlet) I.D., measurement direction, reference setup, and crew member name(s). The test equipment name, manufacturer, model number, serial number, software version and last calibration date will also be provided at the end of the document. Unless the manufacturer specifies a more frequent calibration cycle, an annual calibration cycle is anticipated on all test equipment used for this installation. The test document shall detail the test method used and the specific settings of the equipment during the test as well as the software version being used in the field test equipment.
- 3. The field test equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B including applicable TSB's and amendments. The appropriate level IV tester shall be used to verify Category 6 cabling systems. The appropriate level III tester shall be used to verify Category 6 cabling systems.
- 4. Printouts generated for each cable by the wire (or fiber) test instrument shall be submitted as part of the documentation package. Alternately, the telecommunications contractor may furnish this information in electronic form (compact disc). These discs shall contain the electronic equivalent of the test results as defined by the bid specification and be of a format readable from Microsoft Word or Microsoft Excel.
- 5. When repairs and re-tests are performed, the problem found and corrective action taken shall be noted, and both the failed and passed test data shall be documented.
- F. The As-Built drawings are to include cable routes and outlet locations. Their sequential number as defined elsewhere in this document shall identify outlet locations.

Numbering, icons, and drawing conventions used shall be consistent throughout all documentation provided. The Owner will provide floor plans in paper and electronic (DWG, AutoCAD) formats on which as-built construction information can be added. These documents will be modified accordingly by the telecommunications contractor to denote as-built information as defined above and returned to the Owner. Numbering, icons, pathways and other drawing conventions are to be assigned their own individual AutoCAD layer.

G. The Contractors shall annotate the base drawings and return a hard copy (same plot size as originals) and electronic (AutoCAD or as agreed to by MAA/OT) form.

# 1.4 REFERENCES

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

# TIA/EIA

TIA/EIA-568-B	Commercial Building Telecommunications
	Cabling Standard
TIA/EIA-569-A	Commercial Building Standard for Telecom
	Pathways and Spaces
TIA/EIA-606	Administration Standard for the
	Telecommunications Infrastructure of
	Commercial Buildings
TIA/EIA-607	Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding
	Requirements

#### <u>NFPA</u>

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999

**ISO/IEC** 

ISO/IEC 11801 Generic Cabling for Customer Premises

## B. Conflicts:

- 1. If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence.
- 2. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

# PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- A. Cable Termination Hardware Category 6
  - 1. Products shall provide labeling options that comply with the TIA/EIA-606-A Standard. All products shall be clearly identified with the use of a thermal transfer printer, hand-printed labels are not acceptable and will be rejected. Products shall include faceplates, surface mount boxes, patch panels, marker ties, printers and accessories. All label heights shall be the same to allow for consistent labeling. Panels shall be available in flat and angled versions.
  - 2. Modular Patch Panels shall be of a metal design with 48 ports. Patch panels shall be available with and without labels.

Part Number	Number of Ports	Ports Per Faceplate	Rack Spaces
	48	2	2

3. Four-pair Category 6 UTP cabling: Patch panels shall be universal for T658A and T568B wiring configurations. Integral cable tie mounts shall be included in the panel for cable management on the back of the panel. Port and panels shall be easy to identify with write-on areas and optional label holder for color-coded labels. Rack mountable patch panels shall mount to standard EIA 19" and 23"racks.

		Wiring	
Part Number	<b>Number of Ports</b>	Configuration	Rack Spaces
	48	Universal	2

#### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

The Communication Equipment Room shall support a minimum of (4) 4-pair A. Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Copper Cables to each work area outlet unless otherwise noted for specific locations. The cables shall be installed from the Work Area Outlet to the Telecommunications Room (TR) located on the same floor, and routed to the appropriate rack serving that area and terminated as specified in this document.

#### В. Cable Termination Hardware – Category 6

- 1. Each horizontal or backbone cabling run will be terminated using appropriate connectors or connecting blocks depending upon the cable type. Matching patch cords will be used to perform cross-connect activities or to connect into the networking/voice hardware.
- 2. Category 6 Unshielded Twisted Pair UTP. Four-pair Category 6 cabling shall be terminated onto modular patch panels, punch down style patch panels or punch down style connecting blocks where specified in the plans.
- 3. Four-pair Category 6 UTP cabling shall be terminated onto a four-pair Category 6 module. All modules shall be terminated using the T568B wiring scheme. The eight-position module shall exceed the connector requirements of the TIA/EIA Category 6 standard.
- Four-pair Category 6 cabling shall be terminated onto modular patch panels ('110 style patch panels punch down style connecting bases and connectors) for specific applications as outlined in this specification.
- 5. Patch Panels - Four-pair Category 6 UTP cabling shall be terminated onto fourpair punch down style connecting hardware mounted to the rear of integral patch panels and routed to Category 6 modules on the front face of the patch panel.

## C. Horizontal Cross Connect Installation

- 1. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 0.5".
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable.
- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled groups of 48 max and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained as close as possible to the termination point.
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

# D. Copper Termination Hardware

- Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practice.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 0.5".
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable.
- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled in groups of 48 max and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained to within 25 mm (one inch) of the termination point.
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

# 3.2 TESTING

- A. All cables shall be labeled prior to testing. All cables and termination hardware shall be 100% tested for defects in installation and to verify cabling system performance under installed conditions according to the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A. All pairs of each installed cable shall be verified prior to system acceptance. Any defect in the cabling system installation including but not limited to cable, connectors, feed through couplers, patch panels, and connector blocks shall be repaired or replaced in order to ensure 100% useable conductors in all cables installed.
- B. All cables shall be tested in accordance with this document, the ANSI/TIA/EIA standards and best industry practice. If any of these are in conflict, the Contractor shall bring any discrepancies to the attention of the project team for clarification and resolution.

# C. Copper Channel Testing:

- 1. All twisted-pair copper cable links shall be tested for continuity, pair reversals, shorts, opens and performance as indicated below. Additional testing is required to verify Category performance. Horizontal cabling shall be tested using a level IIe or level III test unit for category 6 or category 6 performance compliance, respectively.
- 2. Continuity Each pair of each installed cable shall be tested using a test unit that shows opens, shorts, polarity and pair-reversals, crossed pairs and split pairs. Shielded/screened cables shall be tested with a device that verifies shield continuity in addition to the above stated tests. The test shall be recorded as pass/fail as indicated by the test unit in accordance with the manufacturers' recommended procedures, and referenced to the appropriate cable identification number and circuit or pair number. Any faults in the wiring shall be corrected and the cable re-tested prior to final acceptance.
- 3. Length Each installed cable link shall be tested for installed length using a TDR type device. The cables shall be tested from patch panel to patch panel, block to block, patch panel to outlet or block to outlet as appropriate. The cable length shall conform to the maximum distances set forth in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B Standard. Cable lengths shall be recorded, referencing the cable identification number and circuit or pair number. For multi-pair cables, the shortest pair length shall be recorded as the length for the cable.

# D. Category 6 & 6 Performance

- 1. Follow the Standards requirements established in ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B -TSB-155.
- 2. A level IV or better test unit is required to verify category 6 performances and must be updated to include the requirements of TSB-155. A level IV test unit is required to verify category 6 performances. Refer to section on test equipment for additional requirements.
- E. The four basic tests required in TSB-67 are:
  - 1. Wire Map
  - 2. Length
  - 3. Attenuation
  - 4. NEXT (Near end crosstalk)
- F. Four additional tests are required per TSB-155:
  - 1. Return Loss
  - 2. ELFEXT Loss
  - 3. Propagation Delay
  - 4. Delay skew
- G. Two additional tests are required:
  - 1. PSNEXT (Power sum near-end crosstalk loss)
  - 2. PSELFEXT (Power sum equal level far-end crosstalk loss)

END OF SECTION 271119-TC

# 271313-TC - CABLE SPLICING AND TERMINATION FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

## PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- 1. Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Telecommunications Cabling. Copper backbone cabling (copper cabling splicing and terminations) is covered under this document.
- 2. Minimum requirements for the Copper Backbone Cabling System.
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

# A. Backbone Cabling System

1. The Backbone Cable Subsystem in a building is the part of the premises distribution system that provides connection between equipment rooms, telecommunication rooms, and telecommunications service entrance facilities. A backbone subsystem provides either intra-building connections between floors in multi-story buildings or inter-building connections in campus-like environments.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000-Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.

# 1.5 REFERENCES

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

<u> </u>	
TIA/EIA-568-B	Commercial Building Telecommunications
	Cabling Standard
TIA/EIA-569-A	Commercial Building Standard for Telecom
	Pathways and Spaces
TIA/EIA-606	Administration Standard for the
	Telecommunications
	Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings
TIA/EIA-607	Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding
	Requirements

**NFPA** 

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999

**ISO/IEC** 

ISO/IEC 11801 Generic Cabling for Customer Premises

# B. Conflicts:

- 1. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.
- 2. If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents
- B. All cables and related terminations, support and grounding hardware shall be furnished, installed, wired, tested, labeled, and documented by the telecommunications contractor as detailed in this document.

# PART 3 – EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. The Communication Equipment Room shall support a minimum of (4) 4-pair Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Copper Cables to each work area outlet unless otherwise noted for specific locations. The cables shall be installed from the Work Area Outlet to the Telecommunications Room (TR) located on the same floor, and routed to the appropriate rack serving that area and terminated as specified in this document.
- B. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.
- C. There shall be no splices to fiber optic cable plants or copper cable plants providing service to the building or within the building.

END OF SECTION 271313-TC

# 271323-TC- OPTICAL FIBER SPLICING AND TERMINATIONS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

# A. Section Includes:

- 1. This document describes the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Telecommunications Cabling. Optical fiber backbone cabling (optical fiber splicing and terminations) is covered under this document.
- 2. Minimum requirements for the optical Fiber Backbone Cabling System.
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

# A. Backbone Cabling System

1. The Backbone Cable Subsystem in a building is the part of the premises distribution system that provides connection between equipment rooms, telecommunication rooms, and telecommunications service entrance facilities. A backbone subsystem provides either intra-building connections between floors in multi-story buildings or inter-building connections in campus-like environments.

## 1.4 REFERENCES

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

TIA/EIA

TIA/EIA-568-B Commercial Building Telecommunications

Cabling Standard

TIA/EIA-569-A Commercial Building Standard for Telecom

Pathways and Spaces

TIA/EIA-606 Administration Standard for the

**Telecommunications** 

Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings

TIA/EIA-607 Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding

Requirements

**NFPA** 

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999

**ISO/IEC** 

ISO/IEC 11801 Generic Cabling for Customer Premises

# B. Conflicts:

1. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

2. If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence.

# 1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000 Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.
- B. Upon completion of the installation, the telecommunications contractor shall provide three (3) full documentation sets to the Engineer for approval. Documentation shall include the items detailed in the sub-sections below.
- C. Documentation shall be submitted within ten (10) working days of the completion of each testing phase. This is inclusive of all test results and draft as-built drawings. Draft drawings may include annotations done by hand. Machine generated (final) copies of all drawings shall be submitted within 30 working days of the completion of each testing phase. At the request of the Engineer, the telecommunications contractor shall provide copies of the original test results.
- D. Maryland Aviation Administration Office of Technology may test 10% random field re-test be conducted on the cable system, at no additional cost, to verify documented findings. Tests shall be a repeat of those defined above. If findings contradict the

- documentation submitted by the telecommunications contractor, additional testing can be requested to the extent determined necessary by the Engineer, including a 100% retest. This re-test shall be at no additional cost to the Owner.
- E. Test Results documentation shall be provided on disk within three weeks after the completion of the project. The disk shall be clearly marked on the outside front cover with the words "Project Test Documentation", the project name, and the date of completion (month and year). The results shall include a record of test frequencies, cable type, conductor pair and cable (or outlet) I.D., measurement direction, reference setup, and crew member name(s). The test equipment name, manufacturer, model number, serial number, software version and last calibration date will also be provided at the end of the document. Unless the manufacturer specifies a more frequent calibration cycle, an annual calibration cycle is anticipated on all test equipment used for this installation. The test document shall detail the test method used and the specific settings of the equipment during the test as well as the software version being used in the field test equipment.
- F. The field test equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B including applicable TSB's and amendments. The appropriate level IV tester shall be used to verify Category 6 cabling systems. The appropriate level III tester shall be used to verify Category 6 cabling systems.
- G. Printouts generated for each cable by the wire (or fiber) test instrument shall be submitted as part of the documentation package. Alternately, the telecommunications contractor may furnish this information in electronic form (compact disc). These discs shall contain the electronic equivalent of the test results as defined by the bid specification and be of a format readable from Microsoft Word or Microsoft Excel.
- H. When repairs and re-tests are performed, the problem found and corrective action taken shall be noted, and both the failed and passed test data shall be documented.
- I. The As-Built drawings are to include cable routes and outlet locations. Their sequential number as defined elsewhere in this document shall identify outlet locations. Numbering, icons, and drawing conventions used shall be consistent throughout all documentation provided. The Owner will provide floor plans in paper and electronic (DWG, AutoCAD rel. 14) formats on which as-built construction information can be added. These documents will be modified accordingly by the telecommunications contractor to denote as-built information as defined above and returned to the Owner. Numbering, icons, pathways and other drawing conventions are to be assigned their own individual AutoCAD layer.
- J. The Contractors shall annotate the base drawings and return a hard copy (same plot size as originals) and electronic (AutoCAD rel. 14 or as agreed to by MAA/OT) form.

# 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents.
- B. All cables and related terminations, support and grounding hardware shall be furnished, installed, wired, tested, labeled, and documented by the telecommunications contractor as detailed in this document.
- C. The type of backbone copper cable shall be  $100\Omega$  unshielded twisted pair (UTP), multipair cable. The type of backbone fiber cable shall be  $50/125~\mu m$  multimode fiber cable or  $8.3/125~\mu m$  singlemode fiber cable. The bending radius and maximum pulling tension of the cable shall be adhered to during handling and installation.
- D. Data Cable: All backbone fiber optic cable shall be 50/125μm tight buffered or 8.3/125 μm jacketed fiber optic cable. Fiber cable shall be riser (OFNR) or plenum (OFNP) listed where applicable.

# E. Optical Fiber Cables

- 1. Multimode Cable Elements.
  - a. Multimode cable to be 62.5 micron core.
  - b. Fiber shall have a maximum Attenuation of 3.5dB/km @ 850nm and 1.5 dB/km @ 1300nm.
  - c. Fiber shall have a minimum LED Bandwidth 1500 MHz•km @ 850nm and 500 MHz•km @ 1300nm.
  - d. Fiber shall have a minimum Effective Modal Bandwidth 2000 (MHz•km) @ 850nm.
  - e. Fiber shall have a serial Gigabit Ethernet Distance Guarantee 1000m @ 850nm and 600m @ 1300nm.
  - f. Fiber shall have a serial 10 Gigabit Ethernet Distance 300m @ 850nm.
  - g. Fiber shall have a minimum tensile load strength of 2700 Newtons.
  - h. Fiber shall conform to RUS 7 CFR 1755.900 and ANSO/ICEA S-87-640
  - i. Fiber shall have 3.0mm buffer tube size.

- j. Fiber shall have SZ-stranded, loose tube design to isolate fibers from installation and environmental elements.
- k. Fiber shall have a jacket made of medium density polyethylene.
- 1. Fiber cable construction shall be of all-dielectric construction.
- m. Fiber shall be plenum rated.

# F. Optical fiber Cables

- 1. Singlemode Cable Elements.
  - a. Singlemode cable to be 8.3 micron core.
  - b. Fiber shall have a maximum Attenuation of 0.4 dB/km @ 1310 nm and 0.3 dB/km @ 1510 nm
  - c. Fiber shall have a serial Gigabit Ethernet Distance Guarantee of 5000 m @ 1310 nm.
  - d. Fiber shall have a serial 10 Gigabit Ethernet Distance of 10000 m @ 1310 nm and 40000 m @ 1510 nm.
  - e. Fiber shall have a minimum tensile load strength of 2700 Newtons.
  - f. Fiber shall conform to RUS 7 CFR 1755.900 and ANSO/ICEA S-87-640
  - g. Fiber shall have 3.0mm buffer tube size.
  - h. Fiber shall have SZ-stranded, loose tube design to isolate fibers from installation and environmental elements.
  - i. Fiber shall have a jacket made of medium density polyethylene.
  - j. Fiber cable construction shall be of all-dielectric construction.
  - k. Fiber shall be plenum rated.
  - 1. Cable shall be capable of supporting 1470, 1490, 1510, 1530, 1550, 1570, 1590 and 1610 nm wavelengths.
- G. Backbone Cable (the following fiber counts are subject to job specific needs)
  - 1. Provide internal use riser rated optical fiber cable with 144 strands of single mode optical fiber cable and 72 strands of multimode optical fiber cable. The cable shall be riser rated (CMR) for use as an internal cable in a non-plenum / plenum environment.
  - 2. Provide printed length markings on the cable jacket every two feet.
  - 3. All fiber will be installed in a 1.5 inch inner duct within the conduit.
- H. External Cable (the following fiber counts are subject to job specific needs)
  - 1. Provide external optical fiber cable with 144 strands of single mode optical fiber and 72 strands of multimode optical fiber cable.
  - 2. The cable shall be recommended by the manufacturer for use as an external cable suitable for installation in an underground duct or conduit system.
  - 3. Provide printed length markings on the cable jacket every two feet.

- 4. Optical fibers will be contained within loose buffer tubes utilizing water blocking tapes or compounds surrounding these tubes. The cable will be an all-dielectric construction, with a central strength member.
- I. Rack Mounted Optical Fiber Patch Panel.
  - 1. Conforming to the following specification:
    - a. Each panel shall be suitable for installation in EIA 19" mounting frame.
    - b. Patch panels shall be capable of holding 6 coupler (bulk head) adapters.
    - c. Each panel shall provide either compression glands or internal clips and entrapment of yarn based impact resistance to provide strain relief.
    - d. Each panel shall provide fiber handling for fiber strands, including 20" fiber reserve (service loop) inside the patch panel with no bends sharper than 2" bend radius.
    - e. Each patch panel shall be fitted with bulkhead simplex adapters (with ceramic alignment sleeves for 6 ST or SC Connectors. Provide sufficient quantity of adapters to support all terminated fibers. Bulkhead adapters to be sourced from the same manufacturer as the connectors provided as a part of this project, or they are to be recommended by the manufacturer for use with the connector.
    - f. Provide adapter plates to house bulkhead adapters and provide blanking adapter plates to cover all unused spaces as necessary.
    - g. Each patch panel shall allow any individual element to be terminated or otherwise handled without disturbing or damaging other strands.

# J. Optical Fiber connectors

- 1. Multimode Optical Fiber Connectors. Provide multimode Corning optical fiber connectors ST conforming to the following specification.
  - a. Optical fiber connectors must be part of cable manufacturer's approved extended warranted end to end cabling solution.
  - b. Maximum insertion loss, of mated pair, less than 0.75 dB at acceptance
  - c. Optimally keyed, allowing reproducible mating conditions each time a connection is made between connector and coupler.
  - d. Fitted with color coded strain relief boots to ensure durable and robust connections
  - e. Durability better than 500 matings, with a maximum increase in insertion loss of not more than 0.2 dB.
  - f. Fitted with a tight polymer cap, until the connector is fitted to a bulkhead adapter, over the connector to prevent ingress of dirt and dust, until the connector is fitted to a coupler.
  - g. Having (6) ST connectors per mounting panel (bulk head adapter).

- K. Singlemode Optical Fiber Connectors. Provide Corning singlemode optical fiber connectors SC, conforming to the following specification.
  - 1. Optical fiber connectors must be part of cable manufacturer's approved extended warranted end to end cabling solution.
  - 2. Insertion loss of mated pair at 1310 nm to be less than 0.5 dB at acceptance for every duplex connector.
  - 3. Minimum return loss of 36dB at 1310 nm
  - 4. Optimally keyed, allowing reproducible mating conditions each time a connection is made between connector and coupler.
  - 5. Fitted with strain relief boots to ensure durable and robust connections
  - 6. Durability better than 500 matings, with a maximum increase in insertion loss of not more than 0.2 dB.
  - 7. Fitted with a tight polymer cap over the connector to prevent ingress of dirt and dust, until the connector is fitted to a coupler.
  - 8. Having (6) SC connectors per mounting panel (bulk head adapter).

# L. Fiber Optic Equipment Trays/Drawers/Enclosures

- 1. The Fiber Optic Trays shall be used to provide rack mounted fiber optic trays that manage and protect optical fiber terminations and splices. The trays shall be used with 24 or 48 port *Mini-Com* ® modular patch panels or approved equal or fiber adapter patch panels. The trays shall include a removable cover. They shall mount to EIA standard 19" and 23" (with extender bracket) racks or cabinets, include multiple cable entry points and include a fiber optic cable routing accessory kit.
- 2. Wall mounted fiber optic enclosures shall be constructed of steel material. Enclosures shall provide patch cable protection without the installation of an additional attachment. Enclosures shall maintain discrete locking capability between installer and end user segments.
- 3. Rack mounted fiber optic enclosures shall be designed to manage and organize fiber optic cable to and from the equipment or cabling plant. Enclosures shall protect fiber optic connections for patching or splicing requirements. Enclosures shall accommodate up to 36 fibers (with Fiber Jack, SC, or SC) per rack space and shall be constructed of steel material. Enclosures shall have removable front and rear covers and top and bottom pass through holes.

Part	Rack	
Number	Spaces	Number of Fibers
	1	36 with Fiber Jack
	2	72 with Fiber Jack
	3	96 with Fiber Jack
	4	144 with Fiber Jack

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. The Communication Equipment Room shall support a minimum of (4) 4-pair Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Copper Cables to each work area outlet unless otherwise noted for specific locations. The cables shall be installed from the Work Area Outlet to the Telecommunications Room (TR) located on the same floor, and routed to the appropriate rack serving that area and terminated as specified in this document.
- B. All cables shall be run using a star topology (home run) from the Main Cross-Connect (MC) to each Horizontal Cross-Connect (HC) within the telecommunications room. One additional Intermediate Cross-Connect (IC) may be implemented between the MC and HC if so required. The length of each individual run of backbone fiber cable shall not exceed 2000 meters for multimode and 3000 meters for singlemode and the length of each UTP cable run for voice applications is not to exceed 800 meters (90 meters for data) as specified under TIA/EIA-568-B. The length of the media between the IC and HC shall not exceed 300 meters.

# C. Optical Fiber Termination Hardware

- 1. Fiber slack shall be neatly coiled within the fiber splice tray or enclosure. No slack loops shall be allowed external to the fiber panel.
- 2. Each cable shall be individually attached to the respective fiber enclosure by mechanical means. The cables strength member shall be securely attached the cable strain relief bracket in the enclosure.
- 3. Each fiber bundle shall be stripped upon entering the splice tray and the individual fibers routed in the splice tray.
- 4. Each cable shall be clearly labeled at the entrance to the splice enclosure. Cables labeled within the bundle shall not be acceptable.
- 5. A maximum of 12 strands of fiber shall be spliced in each tray
- 6. All spare strands shall be installed into spare splice trays.

# 3.2 TESTING

# A. General

- All cables and termination hardware shall be 100% tested for defects in
  installation and to verify cabling system performance under installed conditions
  according to the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B, TSB-67 and TSB-155.
  All strands of each installed cable shall be verified prior to system acceptance.
  Any defect in the cabling system installation including but not limited to cable,
  connectors, feed through couplers, patch panels, and connector blocks shall be
  repaired or replaced in order to ensure 100% useable conductors in all cables
  installed.
- 2. All cables shall be tested in accordance with this document, the ANSI/TIA/EIA standards If any of these are in conflict, the Contractor shall bring any discrepancies to the attention of the project team for clarification and resolution.

# B. Optical Fiber Cable & Connectors

- 1. Test each optical fiber cable element and its associated connectors. Carry out the following test on every element of every optical fiber cable.
- 2. Visually check optical connectors using microscope (minimal magnification x200) to ensure that no physical damage has occurred during the installation process. There are to be no scratches on the core of the fiber or pits on the core or cladding. If any defect cannot be rectified with polishing, the connector is to be replaced.
- 3. Carry out OTDR tests on all strands at 1300nm wavelength for multimode cable runs and at 1310 nm for singlemode. These tests shall be carried out from both ends using a near end launch lead and a far end drop lead.
- 4. The number of samples (averages) for each OTDR test shall be such that the noise amplitude is significantly less than the smallest loss of any component under test. This may vary for different cable runs, for shorter runs and fusion splices etc.; it may be necessary to run many samples.
- 5. Verify the labeling of the cable and connectors is correct.
- 6. If any strand has an excessive attenuation coefficient, a sudden step in attenuation coefficient (greater than 0.2 dB) or back scatter, losses due to micro bending or macro bending or has any other fault then the fault on that element shall be rectified.
- 7. The following table lists the pass/fail criteria for all connectors and fusion splices under test. Any component that does not pass these figures shall be re-worked or replaced.

Fiber Type	Maximum attenuation across mated connector pair (dB) – outward test	Maximum Attenuation across fusion splice – averaged over both directions(dB)
MM	0.75	0.1
SM	0.5	0.1

- 8. The attenuation of each mode connector shall be measured in both directions.
- 9. Each fusion splice shall be tested in both directions for both multimode and single mode strands. The measurements for each direction shall be averaged for the final attenuation figure for each fusion splice.
- 10. The return loss must be measured in both directions for single mode connectors. The return loss shall be greater or equal to the value shown in the table above.
- 11. Any failures shall be recorded and the results obtained after rectification of the fault shall be recorded.
- 12. Graphical printouts shall be taken of OTDR tests for each element. These printouts shall be printed 11" x 8.5" size sheets. They shall be printed at an appropriate scale, such as 0.5 dB per division for the attenuation axis. Provide diskette copies of the OTDR traces to the Owner on completion of the testing. Provide a copy of the emulation software and the appropriate license to the client.
- 13. All fiber testing shall be performed on all fibers in the completed end-to-end system. There shall be no splices unless clearly defined in an RFP. Testing shall consist of an end-to-end power meter test performed per TIA/EIA-455-53A. The system loss measurements shall be provided at 850 and/or 1300 nanometers for multimode fibers and 1310 and/or 1550 nanometers for single mode fibers. These tests also include continuity checking of each fiber.
- 14. For horizontal cabling system using multimode optical fiber, attenuation shall be measured in one direction 850 nanometer (nm) or 1300 nm using an LED light source and power meter.
- 15. Backbone multimode fiber cabling shall be tested at both 850 nm and 1300 nm (or 1310 and 1550 nm for single mode) in one direction.

- 16. Test set-up and performance shall be conducted in accordance with ANSI/TIA/EIA-526-14 Standard, Method B.
- 17. Where links are combined to complete a circuit between devices, the Contractor shall test each link from end to end to ensure the performance of the system. ONLY BASIC LINK TEST IS REQUIRED. The contractor can optionally install patch cords to complete the circuit and then test the entire channel. The test method shall be the same used for the test described above. The values for calculating loss shall be those defined in the ANSI/TIA/EIA Standard.
- 18. Attenuation testing shall be performed with a stable launch condition using twometer jumpers to attach the test equipment to the cable plant. The light source shall be left in place after calibration and the power meter moved to the far end to take measurements.

END OF SECTION 271323-TC

# 271343-TC - COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES CABLING FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes communications services cabling equipment coordination and installation requirements.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000-Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Last Updated: 11/16/2011

# 2.1 Telephone System Backbone Cabling

- A. Provide General Cable or listed cables. Each cable shall have unshielded twisted pair 24 AWG solid copper conductors and meet or exceed the electrical specifications for Category 3 cables detailed in the ANSI-EIA/TIA 568B.
- B. Commercial Building Telecommunications Wiring Standard for premises wiring. The cable shall be riser rated.

# 2.2 Telephone System External Cabling

A. External Air Core Cable. Provide General Cable or listed cable air core telephone cable suitable for direct-burial or conduit applications. The cable shall have 22 AWG solid annealed copper conductors. The sheath shall consist of a 0.008" corrugated aluminum shield, with a 0.006" corrugated steel shield and a black polyethylene jacket. The jacket shall be sequentially printed with a footage marker at regular intervals. A flooding compound shall be applied over the core and to all surfaces of the aluminum and steel shields to resist moisture entry and to inhibit corrosion. Terminate both ends of this cable on Krone Ultim8, 8 pair disconnection modules with hinged label cover blocks bracket fixed to the Telephone Termination Backboard or rack. Match cable CAT rating with cable.

2.3 Telephone System Termination Frames (Contact MAA OT for Option to be used)

# A. Option A

Rack-mounted Termination Patch Panel. Provide a RJ-45 Patch Panel with individual RJ-45 connectors to terminate the telephone backbone cable pairs. All pairs will be terminated on each RJ-45 connector using 568B termination scheme. Each patch panel shall be suitable for rack mounting in a 19" rack. Provide Data-Patch Category 6 Patch Panels which utilize 110 style terminations on the back.

# B. Option B

Rack-mounted or wall mounted Termination Provide on a Krone Highband Ultim8, 8 pair disconnection modules with hinged label cover blocks bracket fixed to the Telephone Termination Backboard or rack. Match cable CAT rating with cable.

Connectors to terminate the telephone backbone cable pairs. All pairs will be terminated on each using 568B termination scheme. Each patch module shall be suitable for rack mounting in a 19" rack or on wall using approved methods.

# 2.4 Feeder Telephone Cabling

A. Provide telephone feeder cables running from the Main Distribution Frame to wall-mounted Intermediate Distribution Frames (IDFs) in each of the Communications Rooms. Refer to drawing for cable quantities and routing information.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

# 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Label each block with all building, room and pair counts.
- B. Terminate the Main Distribution Frame end of each feeder cable on Krone blocks fitted to Termination Backboard in the MDF. Terminate all pairs of each feeder cable.
- C. Terminate the Intermediate Distribution Frame end of each feeder cable on Krone blocks fitted to the wall of each Communications Room. Terminate all pairs of each feeder cable.
- E. Telephone System External and Backbone Cabling Testing
  - 1. Test each Telephone System Backbone and External Cable and its associated patch frame connectors. Carry out the following tests on every pair of every telephone system feeder and external cable:
    - a. Conductor Continuity
    - b. Conductor Separation

c. Conductor Polarity

END OF SECTION 271343-TC

Last Updated: 11/16/2011

#### 271519-TC - HORIZONTAL CABLING FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

#### PART I – GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section includes:

- 1. Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing Horizontal Cabling. Data Communications Horizontal Cabling is covered under this document.
- 2. Minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. Copper UTP Cable
  - b. Fiber Cable
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

## 1.3 REFERENCES

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

|--|

TIA/EIA-568-B Commercial Building Telecommunications Cabling

Standard

TIA/EIA-569-A Commercial Building Standard for Telecom

**Pathways** 

and Spaces

TIA/EIA-606 Administration Standard for the

**Telecommunications** 

Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings

TIA/EIA-607 Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding

Requirements

S7 271519 -TC Horizontal Cabling-1

**NFPA** 

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999

ISO/IEC

ISO/IEC 11801 Generic Cabling for Customer Premises

#### B. Conflicts:

1. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

2. If the bid documents are in conflict, this specification shall take precedence.

#### 1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

- Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with Section 270000-Common Work for Α. Telecommunications Systems.
- B. Upon completion of the installation, the telecommunications contractor shall provide three (3) full documentation sets to the Engineer for approval. Documentation shall include the items detailed in the sub-sections below.
- C. Documentation shall be submitted within ten (10) working days of the completion of each testing phase. This is inclusive of all test results and draft as-built drawings. Draft drawings may include annotations done by hand. Machine generated (final) copies of all drawings shall be submitted within 30 working days of the completion of each testing phase. At the request of the Engineer, the telecommunications contractor shall provide copies of the original test results.
- D. Maryland Aviation Administration Office of Technology may do a 10% random field re-test be conducted on the cable system, at no additional cost, to verify documented findings. Tests shall be a repeat of those defined above. If findings contradict the documentation submitted by the telecommunications contractor, additional testing can be requested to the extent determined necessary by the Engineer, including a 100% retest. This re-test shall be at no additional cost to the Owner.
- E. Test Results documentation shall be provided on disk within three weeks after the completion of the project. The disk shall be clearly marked on the outside front cover with the words "Project Test Documentation", the project name, and the date of completion (month and year). The results shall include a record of test frequencies, cable type, conductor pair and cable (or outlet) I.D., measurement direction, reference setup, and crew member name(s). The test equipment name, manufacturer, model number, serial number, software version and last calibration date will also be provided

at the end of the document. Unless the manufacturer specifies a more frequent calibration cycle, an annual calibration cycle is anticipated on all test equipment used for this installation. The test document shall detail the test method used and the specific settings of the equipment during the test as well as the software version being used in the field test equipment.

- F. The field test equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B including applicable TSB's and amendments. The appropriate level IV tester shall be used to verify Category 6 cabling systems.
- G. Printouts generated for each cable by the wire (or fiber) test instrument shall be submitted as part of the documentation package. Alternately, the telecommunications contractor may furnish this information in electronic form (compact disc). These discs shall contain the electronic equivalent of the test results as defined by the bid specification and be of a format readable from Microsoft Word or Microsoft Excel.
- H. When repairs and re-tests are performed, the problem found and corrective action taken shall be noted, and both the failed and passed test data shall be documented.
- I. The As-Built drawings are to include cable routes and outlet locations. Their sequential number as defined elsewhere in this document shall identify outlet locations. Numbering, icons, and drawing conventions used shall be consistent throughout all documentation provided. The Owner will provide floor plans in paper and electronic (DWG, AutoCAD) formats on which as-built construction information can be added. These documents will be modified accordingly by the telecommunications contractor to denote as-built information as defined above and returned to the Owner. Numbering, icons, pathways and other drawing conventions are to be assigned their own individual AutoCAD layer.
- J. The Contractors shall annotate the base drawings and return a hard copy (same plot size as originals) and electronic (AutoCAD) form. In addition, for all cable runs that pass in or thru a manhole or hand hole, the contractor will provide digital photos of the attached label and entrance in and out of the duct system.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Last Updated: 10/11/2010

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

#### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents.
- B. All cables and related terminations, support and grounding hardware shall be furnished, installed, wired, tested, labeled, and documented by the telecommunications contractor as detailed in this document.

# C. Copper UTP Cable

- 1. Recommended design shall include:
  - a. Minimum 2 Four-pair 100 ohm 24 AWG, UTP cable—Category 6 for voice
    - b.Minimum 2 Four-pair 100 ohm, 24/23 AWG, UTP cable—Category 6 for data
    - c.Maximum cable length is 90 meters
    - d.All cable shall meet or exceed the following specifications
- 2. The Copper Cable shall be used for the horizontal cabling subsystem. These requirements are for cables of unshielded 24 AWG bare copper conductors, insulated with thermoplastic, twisted into pairs and enclosed in a thermoplastic jacket. The finished cable shall meet or exceed the following requirements of ANSI/EIA/TIA-568-B.
- 3. All cable shall conform to the requirements for communications circuits defined by the National Electrical Code (Article 800) and the Canadian Building Code. Cable listed to NEC Article 800-51(a) will be used for "Plenum" installations and carry labeling of CMP. Cable listed to NEC Article 800-51(b) shall be installed in vertical runs penetrating more than one floor and carry the labeling of CMR.
- 4. These specifications are for cable that will meet or exceed the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA Category 6 Cabling.
- 5. All cable shall conform to the requirements for communications circuits defined by the National Electrical Code (Article 800) and the Canadian Building Code. Cable listed to NEC Article 800-51(a) will be used for "Plenum" installations and carry labeling of CMP. Cable listed to NEC Article 800-51(b) shall be installed in vertical runs penetrating more than one floor and carry the labeling of CMR.

#### D. Fiber Cable

- 1. When using optical fiber cables, any length of horizontal cables, work area cables, patch cords, and equipment cables is acceptable so long as the total of the combined lengths does not exceed 100m (328 ft). When installing per TSB72, the maximum centralized cable length may not exceed 300m (984 ft.).
- 2. ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B.3 Horizontal fiber cable distribution systems:
  - a. The optical fiber cable shall consist of a minimum of two 62.5/125µm optical fibers enclosed by a protective sheath
  - b.The cable will be capable of supporting applications using a bandwidth in excess of 1 GHz over the 85 m specified for horizontal cabling
  - c. The optical fiber shall be multimode, graded-index with a nominal 62.5/125µm core/cladding diameter
  - d.The mechanical and environmental specification for the optical fiber cable will be in accordance with ANSI/ICEA-S-83-596

# 62.5/125µm optical fiber

Wavelength	Maximum Attenuation	Minimum Information	
(nm)	(dB/km)	Transmission Capacity	
		$(MHz \cdot km)$	
850	3.5	500	
1300	1.5	500	

#### PART 3 – EXECUTION

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. The Communication Equipment Room shall support a minimum of (4) 4-pair Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Copper Cables to each work area outlet unless otherwise noted for specific locations. The cables shall be installed from the Work Area Outlet to the Telecommunications Room (TR) located on the same floor, and routed to the appropriate rack serving that area and terminated as specified in this document.

## B. Horizontal Distribution Cable Installation

- 1. Cable shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. A pull cord (nylon; 1/8" minimum) shall be co-installed with all cable installed in any conduit.

- 3. Cable raceways shall not be filled greater than the TIA/EIA-569-A maximum fill for the particular raceway type or 40%.
- 4. Cables shall be installed in continuous lengths from origin to destination (no splices) except for transition points, or consolidation points.
- 5. Where transition points or consolidation points are allowed, they shall be located in accessible locations and housed in an enclosure intended and suitable for the purpose.
- 6. The cable's minimum bend radius and maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded.
- 7. If a J-hook or trapeze system is used to support cable bundles all horizontal cables shall be supported at a maximum of 48 to 60 inch (1.2 to 1.5 meter) intervals. At no point shall cable(s) rest on acoustic ceiling grids or panels.
- 8. Horizontal distribution cables shall be bundled in groups of no more than 50 cables. Cable bundle quantities in excess of 50 cables may cause deformation of the bottom cables within the bundle and degrade cable performance.
- 9. Cable shall be installed above fire-sprinkler systems and shall not be attached to the system or any ancillary equipment or hardware. The cable system and support hardware shall be installed so that it does not obscure any valves, fire alarm conduit, boxes, or other control devices.
- 10. Cables shall not be attached to ceiling grid or lighting fixture wires. Where support for horizontal cable is required, the contractor shall install appropriate carriers to support the cabling.
- 11. Any cable damaged or exceeding recommended installation parameters during installation shall be replaced by the contractor prior to final acceptance at no cost to the Owner.
- 12. Cables shall be identified by a self-adhesive label in accordance with the System Documentation Section of this specification and ANSI/TIA/EIA-606. The cable label shall be applied to the cable behind the faceplate on a section of cable that can be accessed by removing the cover plate.
- 13. Unshielded twisted pair cable shall be installed so that there are no bends smaller than four times the cable outside diameter at any point in the run and at the termination field.
- 14. Pulling tension on 4-pair UTP cables shall not exceed 25-lbf for a four-pair UTP cable.

#### C. Horizontal Cross Connect Installation

- 1. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 0.5 inch).
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable
- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled not more than 48 cables per and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained as close as possible to the termination point.
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

# D. Optical Fiber Termination Hardware

- 1. Fiber slack shall be neatly coiled within the fiber splice tray or enclosure. No slack loops shall be allowed external to the fiber panel.
- 2. Each cable shall be individually attached to the respective fiber enclosure by mechanical means. The cables strength member shall be securely attached the cable strain relief bracket in the enclosure.
- 3. Each fiber bundle not more than 48 cables per shall be stripped upon entering the splice tray and the individual fibers routed in the splice tray.
- 4. Each cable shall be clearly labeled at the entrance to the splice enclosure. Cables labeled within the bundle shall not be acceptable.
- 5. A maximum of 12 strands of fiber shall be spliced in each tray
- 6. All spare strands shall be installed into spare splice trays.

# E. Copper Termination Hardware

- Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practice.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 3.18mm 0.5 inch).
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable
- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained to within 25 mm (one inch) of the termination point.
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support Velcro ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

## 3.2 TESTING

# A. General

- 1. All cables and termination hardware shall be 100% tested for defects in installation and to verify cabling system performance under installed conditions according to the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B, TSB-67 and TSB-155. All pairs of each installed cable shall be verified prior to system acceptance. Any defect in the cabling system installation including but not limited to cable, connectors, feed through couplers, patch panels, and connector blocks shall be repaired or replaced in order to ensure 100% useable conductors in all cables installed.
- 2. All cables shall be tested in accordance with this document, the ANSI/TIA/EIA standards.

# B. Copper Link Testing

- 1. All twisted-pair copper cable links shall be tested for continuity, pair reversals, shorts, opens and performance as indicated below. Additional testing is required to verify Category performance. Horizontal cabling shall be tested using a level IV test unit for category 6 or category 6 performance compliance, respectively.
- 2. Continuity Each pair of each installed cable shall be tested using a test unit that shows opens, shorts, polarity and pair-reversals, crossed pairs and split pairs. Shielded/screened cables shall be tested with a device that verifies shield continuity in addition to the above stated tests. The test shall be recorded as pass/fail as indicated by the test unit in accordance with the manufacturers' recommended procedures, and referenced to the appropriate cable identification number and circuit or pair number. Any faults in the wiring shall be corrected and the cable re-tested prior to final acceptance.
- 3. Length Each installed cable link shall be tested for installed length using a TDR type device. The cables shall be tested from patch panel to patch panel, block to block, patch panel to outlet or block to outlet as appropriate. The cable length shall conform to the maximum distances set forth in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B Standard. Cable lengths shall be recorded, referencing the cable identification number and circuit or pair number. For multi-pair cables, the shortest pair length shall be recorded as the length for the cable.
- 4. A level IV or a better test unit is required to verify category 6 performance and must be updated to include the requirements of TSB-155.
- 5. The four basic tests required in TSB-67 are:
  - a. Wire Map
  - b. Length
  - c. Attenuation
  - d. NEXT (Near end crosstalk)
- 6. Four additional tests are required per TSB-95:
  - a. Return Loss
  - b. ELFEXT Loss
  - c. Propagation Delay
  - d. Delay skew

- 7. Two additional tests are required:
  - a. PSNEXT (Power sum near-end crosstalk loss)
  - b. PSELFEXT (Power sum equal level far-end crosstalk loss)

# C. Fiber Testing

- 1. All fiber testing shall be performed on all fibers in the completed end-to-end system. There shall be no splices unless clearly defined in an RFP. Testing shall consist of an end-to-end power meter test performed per TIA/EIA-455-53A. The system loss measurements shall be provided at 850 and/or 1300 nanometers for multimode fibers and 1310 and/or 1550 nanometers for single mode fibers. These tests also include continuity checking of each fiber.
- 2. For horizontal cabling system using multimode optical fiber, attenuation shall be measured in one direction at either 850 nanometer (nm) or 1300 nm using an LED light source and power meter.
- 3. Backbone multimode fiber cabling shall be tested at both 850 nm and 1300 nm (or 1310 and 1550 nm for singlemode) in both directions.
- 4. Test set-up and performance shall be conducted in accordance with ANSI/TIA/EIA-526-14 Standard, Method B.
- 5. Where links are combined to complete a circuit between devices, the Contractor shall test each link from end to end to ensure the performance of the system. ONLY BASIC LINK TEST IS REQUIRED. The contractor can optionally install patch cords to complete the circuit and then test the entire channel. The test method shall be the same used for the test described above. The values for calculating loss shall be those defined in the ANSI/TIA/EIA Standard.
- 6. Attenuation testing shall be performed with a stable launch condition using twometer jumpers to attach the test equipment to the cable plant. The light source shall be left in place after calibration and the power meter moved to the far end to take measurements.

**END OF SECTION 271519-TC** 

#### 271543 - FACEPLATES AND CONNECTORS FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, Maryland State Highway Administration, Anne Arundel County and Interim Standard Addenda; and other Division 01 Specification sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Descriptions of the products and execution requirements relating to furnishing and installing faceplates and connectors. Communications faceplates and connectors are covered under this document
- 2. This section includes minimum requirements for the following:
  - a. Faceplates
  - b. Copper patch cords and modular connectors
  - c. Fiber optic patch cords and modular connectors
- 3. Product specifications, general design considerations, and installation guidelines are provided in this document. Quantities of telecommunications outlets, typical installation details, cable routing and outlet types will be provided as an attachment to this document.

# 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal requirements shall be in accordance with section 270000-Common Work for Telecommunications Systems.
- B. Upon completion of the installation, the telecommunications contractor shall provide documentation sets to the Maryland Aviation Administration Office of Technology (MAA/OT) for approval. Documentation shall include the items detailed in the subsections below.
- C. Documentation shall be submitted within ten (10) working days of the completion of each testing phase. This is inclusive of all test results and draft as-built drawings. Draft drawings may include annotations done by hand. Machine generated (final) copies of all drawings shall be submitted within 30 working days of the completion of each

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- testing phase. At the request of the Engineer, the telecommunications contractor shall provide copies of the original test results.
- D. MAA/OT may do a 10% random field re-test be conducted on the cable system, at no additional cost, to verify documented findings. Tests shall be a repeat of those defined above. If findings contradict the documentation submitted by the telecommunications contractor, additional testing can be requested to the extent determined necessary by the Engineer, including a 100% re-test. This re-test shall be at no additional cost to the Owner.

# E. Testing:

- 1. Test Results documentation shall be provided on disk within three weeks after the completion of the project. The disk shall be clearly marked on the outside front cover with the words "Project Test Documentation", the project name, and the date of completion (month and year). The results shall include a record of test frequencies, cable type, conductor pair and cable (or outlet) I.D., measurement direction, reference setup, and crew member name(s). The test equipment name, manufacturer, model number, serial number, software version and last calibration date will also be provided at the end of the document. Unless the manufacturer specifies a more frequent calibration cycle, an annual calibration cycle is anticipated on all test equipment used for this installation. The test document shall detail the test method used and the specific settings of the equipment during the test as well as the software version being used in the field test equipment.
- 2. The field test equipment shall meet the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B including applicable TSB's and amendments. The appropriate level IV tester shall be used to verify Category 6 cabling systems.
- 3. Printouts generated for each cable by the wire (or fiber) test instrument shall be submitted as part of the documentation package. Alternately, the telecommunications contractor may furnish this information in electronic form (compact disc). These discs shall contain the electronic equivalent of the test results as defined by the bid specification and be of a format readable from Microsoft Word or Microsoft Excel.
- 4. When repairs and re-tests are performed, the problem found and corrective action taken shall be noted, and both the failed and passed test data shall be documented.
- E. The As-Built drawings are to include cable routes and outlet locations. Their sequential number as defined elsewhere in this document shall identify outlet locations. Numbering, icons, and drawing conventions used shall be consistent throughout all documentation provided. The Owner will provide floor plans in paper and electronic (DWG, AutoCAD) formats on which as-built construction information can be added. These documents will be modified accordingly by the telecommunications contractor to denote as-built information as defined above and

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returned to the Owner. Numbering, icons, pathways and other drawing conventions are to be assigned their own individual AutoCAD layer.

#### 1.4 REFERENCES

A. The following industry standards are the basis for the structured cabling system described in this document.

T	ΊΑ	$\mathbf{E}$	ΙA

TIA/EIA-568-B Commercial Building Telecommunications Cabling

Standard

TIA/EIA-569-A Commercial Building Standard for Telcom

**Pathways** 

TIA/EIA-606 Administration Standard for the

Telecommunications

Infrastructure of Commercial Buildings

TIA/EIA-607 Commercial Building Grounding/Bonding

Requirements

**NFPA** 

NFPA-70 National Electric Code (NEC)-1999

**ISO/IEC** 

ISO/IEC 11801 Generic Cabling for Customer Premises

# B. Conflicts:

1. The most recent versions of all documents apply to this project. If there is a conflict between applicable documents, the order above shall dictate the order of precedence in resolving the issue unless an enforceable local or national code is in effect.

# 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. The successful vendor shall meet or exceed all requirements for the cable system described in this document.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide all labor, materials, tools and equipment required for the complete installation of work called for in the Construction Documents
- B. All cables and related terminations, support and grounding hardware shall be furnished, installed, wired, tested, labeled, and documented by the telecommunications contractor as detailed in this document.

# C. Equivalent Products

1. All outlets shall utilize fully the interchangeable and individual connector modules that mount side by side to facilitate quick and easy moves, adds and changes. All outlets and surface mount boxes shall be available in four colors including Off White (IW),

# D Faceplates

- 1. Faceplates shall be one, two, and four single gang faceplates with combination head screws, screw covers, labels, label covers. The faceplates shall mount to standard U.S. NEMA boxes and adapters with screw-to-screw dimensions of 3.28" (83.3mm).
- 2. Patch Cords and Modular Connectors Copper
  - a. Patch cables are to be provided by contractor, color specified by OT.
- 3. Patch Cords and Modular Connectors Fiber Optic
  - a. Patch cables are to be provided by contractor, color specified by OT.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

A. The Communication Equipment Room shall support a minimum of (4) 4-pair Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Copper Cables to each work area outlet unless otherwise noted for specific locations. The cables shall be installed from the Work Area Outlet to the Telecommunications Room (TR) located on the same floor, and routed to the appropriate rack serving that area and terminated as specified in this document.

# B. Faceplate Configurations

- 1. Faceplates are to be a four position unless a requirement for more than four positions is needed. Color of faceplate is to match color specified by MAA/OT for specific location.
- 2. Wall phone Faceplate. Provide a wall-mounted flush modular faceplate to house a single work area jack. The faceplate shall fit over a standard NEMA dual gang electrical outlet box fitted with a single gang plaster ring cover and shall be stainless steel. The faceplate shall be capable of having a wall-mounted telephone fitted directly over it.
- 3. Furniture Faceplate. Provide a flush-mounted modular faceplate to house work area jacks, capable of housing a minimum of two jacks. The faceplate shall fit into a modular furniture raceway.
  - a. Provide (4) Category 6. Two (2) blue jacket for Data, and two (2) white for Voice distribution cables running from each outlet back to the specified patch panel in the Communications Room (Distribution Frame) using the cable tray and conduit infrastructure.
  - b. Terminate each Category 6 (Cat-6) distribution cable at each end on specified jack using the 568B wiring scheme.
  - c. Face plates, jacks, labels and icons should be Ortronics Clarity series Cat 6 or approved equal. Primary voice jack should be Gray (-78) secondary jack should be Black (-00), faceplate should be Fog White. Primary data jack should be Red (-42) secondary jack should be Yellow (-44) faceplate should be Fog White.

#### C. Horizontal Distribution Cable Installation

- 1. Cable shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. A pull cord (nylon; 1/8" minimum) shall be co-installed with all cable installed in any conduit.
- 3. Cable raceways shall not be filled greater than the TIA/EIA-569-A maximum fill for the particular raceway type or 40% whichever is greater.
- 4. Cables shall be installed in continuous lengths from origin to destination (no splices) except for transition points, or consolidation points.
- 5. Where transition points or consolidation points are allowed, they shall be located in accessible locations and housed in an enclosure intended and suitable for the purpose.

- 6. The cable's minimum bend radius and maximum pulling tension shall not be exceeded.
- 7. If a J-hook or trapeze system is used to support cable bundles all horizontal cables shall be supported at a maximum of 48 to 60 inch (1.2 to 1.5 meter) intervals. At no point shall cable(s) rest on acoustic ceiling grids or panels.
- 8. Horizontal distribution cables shall be bundled in groups of no more than 50 cables. Cable bundle quantities in excess of 50 cables may cause deformation of the bottom cables within the bundle and degrade cable performance.
- 9. Cable shall be installed above fire-sprinkler systems and shall not be attached to the system or any ancillary equipment or hardware. The cable system and support hardware shall be installed so that it does not obscure any valves, fire alarm conduit, boxes, or other control devices.
- 10. Cables shall not be attached to ceiling grid or lighting fixture wires. Where support for horizontal cable is required, the contractor shall install appropriate carriers to support the cabling.
- 11. Any cable damaged or exceeding recommended installation parameters during installation shall be replaced by the contractor prior to final acceptance at no cost to the Owner.
- 12. Cables shall be identified by a self-adhesive label in accordance with the System Documentation Section of this specification and ANSI/TIA/EIA-606. The cable label shall be applied to the cable behind the faceplate on a section of cable that can be accessed by removing the cover plate.
- 13. Unshielded twisted pair cable shall be installed so that there are no bends smaller than four times the cable outside diameter at any point in the run and at the termination field.
- 14. Pulling tension on 4-pair UTP cables shall not exceed 25-lbf for a four-pair UTP cable.

### D. Horizontal Cross Connect Installation

- 1. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practices.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 3.18 mm (0.5 inch).
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable.

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- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.
- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained as close as possible to the termination point.
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

# E. Optical Fiber Termination Hardware

- 1. Fiber slack shall be neatly coiled within the fiber splice tray or enclosure. No slack loops shall be allowed external to the fiber panel.
- 2. Each cable shall be individually attached to the respective fiber enclosure by mechanical means. The cables strength member shall be securely attached the cable strain relief bracket in the enclosure.
- 3. Each fiber bundle shall be stripped upon entering the splice tray and the individual fibers routed in the splice tray.
- 4. Each cable shall be clearly labeled at the entrance to the splice enclosure. Cables labeled within the bundle shall not be acceptable.
- 5. A maximum of 12 strands of fiber shall be spliced in each tray
- 6. All spare strands shall be installed into spare splice trays.

# F. Copper Termination Hardware

- 1. Cables shall be dressed and terminated in accordance with the recommendations made in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B standard, manufacturer's recommendations and best industry practice.
- 2. Pair untwist at the termination shall not exceed 3.18mm (0.5 inch).
- 3. Bend radius of the cable in the termination area shall not exceed 4 times the outside diameter of the cable.
- 4. Cables shall be neatly bundled and dressed to their respective panels or blocks. Each panel or block shall be fed by an individual bundle separated and dressed back to the point of cable entrance into the rack or frame.

- 5. The cable jacket shall be maintained to within 25 mm (one inch) of the termination point.
- 6. Each cable shall be clearly labeled on the cable jacket behind the patch panel at a location that can be viewed without removing the bundle support ties. Cables labeled within the bundle, where the label is obscured from view shall not be acceptable.

# G. Identification and Labeling

- 1. The contractor shall develop and submit for approval a labeling system for the cable installation. The Owner will negotiate an appropriate labeling scheme with the successful contractor. At a minimum, the labeling system shall clearly identify all components of the system: racks, cables, panels and outlets. The labeling system shall designate the cables origin and destination and a unique identifier for the cable within the system. Racks and patch panels shall be labeled to identify the location within the cable system infrastructure. All labeling information shall be recorded on the as-built drawings and all test documents shall reflect the appropriate labeling scheme.
- 2. All label printing will be machine generated. Self-laminating labels will be used on cable jackets, appropriately sized to the OD of the cable, and placed within view at the termination point on each end. Outlet, patch panel and wiring block labels shall be installed on, or in, the space provided on the device.

# 3.2 TESTING

### A. General

- 1. All cables and termination hardware shall be 100% tested for defects in installation and to verify cabling system performance under installed conditions according to the requirements of ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-B, TSB-67 and TSB-155. All pairs of each installed cable shall be verified prior to system acceptance. Any defect in the cabling system installation including but not limited to cable, connectors, feed through couplers, patch panels, and connector blocks shall be repaired or replaced in order to ensure 100% useable conductors in all cables installed.
- 2. All cables shall be tested in accordance with this document, the ANSI/TIA/EIA standards. If any of these are in conflict, the Contractor shall bring any discrepancies to the attention of the project team for clarification and resolution.

# B. Copper Channel Testing

1. All twisted-pair copper cable links shall be tested for continuity, pair reversals, shorts, opens and performance as indicated below. Additional testing is required

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- to verify Category performance. Horizontal cabling shall be tested using a level IV test unit for category 6 or category 6 performance compliance, respectively.
- 2. Continuity Each pair of each installed cable shall be tested using a test unit that shows opens, shorts, polarity and pair-reversals, crossed pairs and split pairs. Shielded/screened cables shall be tested with a device that verifies shield continuity in addition to the above stated tests. The test shall be recorded as pass/fail as indicated by the test unit in accordance with the manufacturers' recommended procedures, and referenced to the appropriate cable identification number and circuit or pair number. Any faults in the wiring shall be corrected and the cable re-tested prior to final acceptance.
- 3. Length Each installed cable link shall be tested for installed length using a TDR type device. The cables shall be tested from patch panel to patch panel, block to block, patch panel to outlet or block to outlet as appropriate. The cable length shall conform to the maximum distances set forth in the ANSI/TIA/EIA-568-A Standard. Cable lengths shall be recorded, referencing the cable identification number and circuit or pair number. For multi-pair cables, the shortest pair length shall be recorded as the length for the cable.
- 4. The four basic tests required in TSB-67 are:
  - a. Wire Map
  - b. Length
  - c. Attenuation
  - d. NEXT (Near end crosstalk)
- 5. Four additional tests are required per TSB-155:
  - a. Return Loss
  - b. ELFEXT Loss
  - c. Propagation Delay
  - d. Delay skew
- 6. In Amendment 5, two additional tests are required:
  - a. PSNEXT (Power sum near-end crosstalk loss)
  - b. PSELFEXT (Power sum equal level far-end crosstalk loss)
- C. Fiber Testing
  - 1. All fiber testing shall be performed on all fibers in the completed end-to-end system. There shall be no splices unless clearly defined in an RFP. Testing shall consist of an end-to-end power meter test performed per TIA/EIA-455-53A. The system loss measurements shall be provided at 850 and/or 1300 nanometers for

- multimode fibers and 1310 and/or 1550 nanometers for single mode fibers. These tests also include continuity checking of each fiber.
- 2. For horizontal cabling system using multimode optical fiber, attenuation shall be measured in one direction at either 850 nanometer (nm) or 1300 nm using an LED light source and power meter.
- 3. Backbone multimode fiber cabling shall be tested at both 850 nm and 1300 nm (or 1310 and 1550 nm for single mode) in one direction.
- 4. Test set-up and performance shall be conducted in accordance with ANSI/TIA/EIA-526-14 Standard, Method B.
- 5. Where links are combined to complete a circuit between devices, the Contractor shall test each link from end to end to ensure the performance of the system. ONLY BASIC LINK TEST IS REQUIRED. The contractor can optionally install patch cords to complete the circuit and then test the entire channel. The test method shall be the same used for the test described above. The values for calculating loss shall be those defined in the ANSI/TIA/EIA Standard.
- 6. Attenuation testing shall be performed with a stable launch condition using twometer jumpers to attach the test equipment to the cable plant. The light source shall be left in place after calibration and the power meter moved to the far end to take measurements.

**END OF SECTION 271543-TC** 

#### 275116-TC PA AND EMERGENCY TENANT PAGING

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contracts Volume 1, December 1993; Interim Standard Provisions Addendum (ISPA) dated February 2004; Errata for ISPA; and other Division 1 Specifications Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. This section includes general requirements for modifications to the existing Public Address (PA) system and to the Emergency Tenant Paging System.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Reflected ceiling plans showing proposed and existing speaker locations.

# C. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Dimensioned plans and sections or elevation layouts.
- 2. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring specific to this Project. Identify terminals and wiring designations and color codes to facilitate installation, operation, and maintenance. Indicate recommended types, wire sizes, and circuiting arrangements for field-installed wiring, and show circuit protection features.
- 3. Speaker locations, placement of ambient microphones and zone boundaries must be approved by OT Engineer.
- 4. General design guidance for speaker placement is every 12 feet.
- 5. The OT Engineer shall assign Paging Access Point (PAP) for terminus of all facilities.

# 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All equipment and installation methods shall be in accordance with recommendations from Washington Professional Systems (WPS), who is the current sole source PA system provider. The local WPS contact is Dave Leister at 301-370-4746.

  davel@wpsworld.com
  The Contractor is responsible for contacting this organization and including all associated cost in the bid price.
- B. A copy of all correspondence, task orders, work orders with WPS shall be also provided to the OT Engineer.
- C. OT Engineer shall approve all work prior to work being performed.
- D. Additional system design shall be performed by WPS.

## 1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Service: Do not interrupt PA system service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions:
  - 1. Notify the OT Engineer and Fire Marshal no fewer than 72 hours in advance of proposed interruption of PA system service.
  - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of PA system service without written permission.
- B. Emergency Evacuation Paging must remain operational at all times.

If service disruption is required notify the Fire Marshal and the OT Engineer. Approval must be in writing.

## 1.6 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate all PA system work with the OT Engineer and WPS.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. The existing Public Address System is manufactured by Innovated Electronics Designs, Inc.; therefore, all PA system equipment shall be exclusively by Innovated Electronics Design, Inc., only, unless noted otherwise. There will be "No Exceptions Allowed". All other substituted products shall be submitted and approved by the OT Engineer with input from WPS.

# 2.2 EQUIPMENT

A. All equipment shall be in accordance with recommendations from WPS. Refer to the Drawings for equipment supplier and installation requirements.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 INSTALLATION

#### A. Conductors

- 1. Wire and cabling shall be as recommended by WPS and all wire and cabling shall be installed in an enclosed conduit or raceway system.
- 2. Microphone cabling shall be WP 452 or Beldon 8451 cable shall be used for all microphone cabling.
- 3. Microphone and speaker wire shall not be run in the same conduit.
- 4. Microphone cabling shall not be spliced.
- 5. After installation and before termination, all wiring and cabling shall be checked and tested to insure there are no grounds, opens or shorts on any conductors or shields.
- 6. Visually inspect wire for faulty insulation prior to installation. Protect cable ends at all times with acceptable end caps except during termination.
- 7. Connection of new work to existing work or equipment must be performed by WPS.
- 8. During construction if existing work must be removed/disconnected this work shall be performed by WPS.
- 9. Installation of conductors shall comply with any of the methods listed in NFPA 72 Chapters 6.9.10.4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 for survivability. Coordination with WPS is essential to insure conductor compatibility with system components.

# B. Field Quality Control

1. Coordinate all final terminations to PA system equipment with WPS.

- 2. Perform all tests on new conductors prior to contacting WPS.
- 3. Coordinate all final equipment and system testing and demonstration with WPS, OT Engineer and the Fire Marshal.
- 4. All connection points to the PA system shall be at existing Paging Access Points (PAP). If insufficient facilities exist, the current facilities shall be expanded to accommodate new work plus 100% capacity or the creation of a new PAP shall be created at the sole discretion of the OT Engineer.

# 3.2 START UP SERVICE

A. Engage WPS to perform all equipment startup and system programming. Contractor shall coordinate and be on-site for all startup functions.

## 3.3 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage WPS to demonstrate proper operation of all PA system equipment.

END OF SECTION 275116-TC

# SENSITIVE SECURITY INFORMATION (SSI) SPECIFICATION





# ITEM X-2 – SENSITIVE SECURITY INFORMATION (SSI) SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS DURING CONSTRUCTION

#### DESCRIPTION

- **2-1.1 DESCRIPTION.** This item shall consist of all labor, materials and effort necessary to prepare and execute a Contractor's Sensitive Security Information (SSI) Management Plan for the project. The management plan shall be completed in accordance with these specifications.
- **2-1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Maryland Department of Transportation/Maryland Aviation Administration Standard Provisions for Construction Contract, Volume I, December 1993, and Interim Standards Provision Addendum (ISPA) dated February 2004 for Construction Contracts; and other Technical Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- **2-1.3 SSI REQUIREMENTS DOCUMENTATION.** It is the Contractor's responsibility to become thoroughly familiar with the various aspects of 49 CFR 1542, *Transportation Security Administration, Department of Transportation, Airport Security* and the Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) Design Standard for the Management of SSI. Any violation by the Contractor or his Subcontractors and any subsequent fines or civil penalties imposed due to a violation of these requirements will be the responsibility of the Contractor.
- **2.1.4 AFFECTED SECURITY SYSTEMS.** Design and information concerning the following security systems and their components in use at Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall) and Martin State Airport (MTN) constitute SSI:
  - a. **CAD**. The Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) System is an automated point of entry which provides an integrated information gathering function from multiple call, alarm, and signaling sources and distributes that information to appropriate emergency response units for public safety purposes. Basic functions provided by CAD include resource management, call taking, location verification, dispatching, unit status management, and call disposition. Interface with mobile data computers and other external safety and security systems, along with local, state and federal information systems benefit timely and effective response to emergency situations.
  - b. CASS. The Controlled Access Security System (CASS) provides a means of opening and closing doors to secure areas through the use of a card reader and data contained on an access card (MAA Security Badge). The system produces an automated log of all activity and interfaces with other security systems.

Additionally, there are subsystems which use the same components for limited, related applications.

- c. **CCTV.** The Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) System provides a means of viewing activity at various locations throughout the BWI Marshall campus through the use of a series of cameras and monitors. The system includes the capability to record video images viewed through the remote camera. The system is integrated and can be controlled remotely. Additionally, there are subsystems which use the same components for limited, related applications (such as the Exit Lane Breach Detection System).
- d. **Flex Response.** The Flex Response System is a standalone audible and visual alarm system that provides a means of alerting law enforcement and airline gate personnel of a security concern arising from personnel activity or carry-on baggage screening at pier security checkpoints. There are two alert levels: amber and red. Additionally, the system can be activated by opening a door to an Automated External Defibrillator (AED) cabinet.

Each of these security systems is maintained and/or operated by a sole source system contractor with whom the Contractor shall coordinate during bidding and construction.

## 2.1.5 **DEFINITIONS.**

- a. *Airport Security Coordinator*. The Director of Airport Security (DOAS) who is an MAA employee serving as the primary contact for all security-related activities and communications with the Transportation Security Administration (TSA).
- b. Construction Manager. The consultant who is formally retained by MAA for the purpose of construction administration of a construction project containing SSI. The Construction Manager is responsible for the safeguarding and management of SSI by all construction management team members in his charge throughout the entire duration of the project.
- c. *Contractor*. The entity that has been awarded a contract by MAA and will construct the SSI project using his employees and/or those of a subcontractor he subsequently employs. The Contractor is responsible for the safeguarding and management of SSI by all employees and subcontractors in his charge throughout the entire duration of the project.
- d. *Covered Person*. An individual or entity with transportation security or transportation security-related responsibilities. Covered persons include appropriate MAA employees, consultants, contractors (and their sub-contractors),

- as well as stakeholders and industry partners. A list of covered persons is contained in 49 CFR 1520.7.
- e. Freedom of Information Act (FOIA). The Federal Law ensuring public access to U.S. government records. FOIA carries a presumption of disclosure; the burden is on the government to substantiate why information may not be released. Upon written request, agencies of the United States government are required to disclose those records, unless they can be lawfully withheld from disclosure under one of nine specific exemptions in the FOIA. This right of access is ultimately enforceable in federal court. SSI is exempt from the provisions of FOIA.
- f. MAA Project Manager (Construction). The MAA Facilities Development and Engineering or Information Technology (IT) staff member designated to direct and to manage the construction of projects involving SSI. The MAA Project Manager (Construction) bears responsibility for the safeguarding and management of SSI by all construction management team members in his charge throughout the entire duration of the project.
- g. *Maryland's Public Information Act (PIA)*. Maryland State Government Article Section 10-611 et seq., grants the public a broad right of access to records that are in the possession of State and local government agencies. It has been a part of the Annotated Code of Maryland since its enactment as Chapter 698 of the Laws of Maryland 1970 and is similar in purpose to the federal Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 USC. §552, and the public information and open records acts of other states. <u>SSI is exempt from the provisions of PIA.</u>
- h. *Need to Know.* A designation made by a responsible MAA Project Manager which is limited to persons who carry out, supervise, or are in training for transportation security activities, if necessary, for the performance of their job.
- i. *Project SSI Coordinator*. The individual designated by the Contractor who is responsible for ensuring compliance by all Contractor and Subcontractor personnel for SSI safeguarding and management. An alternate shall be designated as a secondary contact, but SSI responsibility remains with the Project SSI Coordinator. The Project SSI Coordinator and the designated alternate shall undergo MAA SSI training and obtain an MAA Security (Red) Badge.
- j. *Project SSI Management Plan*. A plan, developed by the Contractor and approved by the MAA Construction Manager, that addresses the management, reproduction, accounting, security, storage and return of SSI in accordance with provisions contained herein. Minimum content requirements are listed in the REQUIREMENTS section of this Specification.

- k. Sensitive Security Information (SSI). A category of information that requires protection because public disclosure would be detrimental to the security of transportation. SSI is considered Sensitive But Unclassified (SBU). Civil penalties are assigned for unauthorized disclosure of SSI. Classified national security information is subject to more stringent handling requirements. Criminal penalties can be incurred for unauthorized release of classified national security information.
- 1. Sole Source System Contractor. An employee of the sole source contractor that provides operation and maintenance for one of the four identified physical security systems (CASS, CCTV, Flex Response and CAD) whose components constitute SSI.
- m. Transportation Security Administration (TSA). An agency of the United States Federal Government (Executive Branch) responsible for Civil Aviation Security through the enforcement of regulations (under Title 49) designed to safeguard Civil Aviation Operations against acts of violence or acts of unlawful interference. TSA is responsible for the safety and security of passengers, flight crews, ground operations personnel, and the general public.

# REQUIREMENTS

2-2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. All project documents and other media containing SSI shall be safeguarded and managed by the Contractor's Project SSI Coordinator in accordance with this specification. The Contractor shall prepare and submit for approval by the MAA Construction Manager a Project SSI Management Plan. The Contractor shall be required to submit the SSI Management Plan after receipt of a Notice of Recommended Award (NORA) and the Contractor's SSI Management Plan must be accepted by MAA before MAA will issue a Notice to Proceed (NTP) for the project.

The SSI Management Plan is subject to an MAA review and acceptance process wherein MAA has Seven (7) Calendar days to review and comment on the SSI Management Plan each time that it is submitted for review. The Contractor shall be allowed up to thirty-five (35) Calendar days from NORA (including MAA review periods) to prepare and gain approval of the SSI Management Plan. If acceptance of the SSI Management Plan occurs after thirty-five (35) Calendar days from NORA, the Contract Performance Time specified elsewhere in the contract shall be reduced by the number of days of delay in MAA acceptance of the SSI Management Plan.

Documents covered as SSI include, but are not limited to, contract plans and specifications, submittals, shop drawings, requests for information (RFIs), contract revisions, system drawings, system manuals, software documentation, training

documents and materials operation and maintenance manuals and system codes.

The Contractor shall coordinate with the Sole Source System Contractor(s) for the execution of work on physical security systems associated with this project that contains SSI.

# **2-2.2 MARKING AND HANDLING OF SSI.** The following shall apply:

# a. Protective Marking of media containing SSI:

<u>General</u> - Any person who creates a record containing SSI shall include a protective marking and distribution limitation statement.

<u>Paper ("Hard Copy")</u> - All SSI documents shall contain this <u>protective marking</u> in the document header:

# Sensitive Security Information

This protective marking should be stamped or typed in plain style bold text.

The <u>distribution limitation statement</u> shall be contained in the document footer and informs the viewer that the record must be protected from unauthorized disclosure.

WARNING: This document contains Sensitive Security Information that is controlled under 49 CFR 1520. No part of this document may be released to persons without a need to know, as defined in 49 CFR 1520, except with the written permission of the TSA Administrator, Washington, DC. Unauthorized release may result in civil penalty or other action. For U.S. Government agencies, public release is governed by 5 USC 522.

The Header and Footer described above shall appear on the cover page of any document, report or specification that contains **any** SSI.

The Footer described above shall be included on all project plan sheets, diagrams, shop drawings, record drawings or any other drawings that contain SSI about the affected systems or their component parts.

Charts, maps, and drawings designated as SSI must have the appropriate protective marking and the distribution limitation statement affixed in a manner that is plainly visible.

<u>Facsimile Cover Sheets</u> - Documents used to transmit SSI (like facsimile cover sheets) but do not themselves contain SSI, must be marked with the protective marking and distribution limitation statement. The following statements must be affixed to the front page of the cover sheet:

This facsimile is intended for the recipient only. If this is received by someone other than the intended recipient, the person receiving the message should immediately contact the sender for further instructions.

The protective marking SENSITIVE SECURITY INFORMATION and/or the distribution limitation statement on this page are cancelled when the attachments containing SSI are removed.

<u>Transmittal Letters</u> – Like facsimile cover letters, transmittal letters do not themselves contain SSI, but may cover other documents that do and must be marked with the protective marking and distribution limitation statement. The following statements must be affixed to the front page of the transmittal letter:

This transmittal letter is intended for the recipient only. If this is received by someone other than the intended recipient, the person receiving the message should immediately contact the sender for further instructions.

The protective marking SENSITIVE SECURITY INFORMATION and/or the distribution limitation statement on this page are cancelled when the attachments containing SSI are removed.

<u>Electronic</u> - SSI contained on electronic media and magnetic media must have the protective marking and the distribution limitation statement applied at the beginning and end of the electronic and magnetic text; on each side of the disk and the disk sleeve/jacket; on the non-optical side of the CD-ROM, DVD or other format disk; and on both sides of the CD-ROM, DVD or other format disk case. Memory sticks that contain SSI shall be indelibly marked "SSI" on both sides of the devise.

<u>Electronic Mail (e-mail)</u> - SSI contained within an electronic mail message must include the protective marking within the subject line of the message and the distribution limitation statement applied at the end of the message text.

# b. Protection and Safeguarding of SSI:

<u>General</u> - All personnel possessing SSI are responsible for ensuring that such information is safeguarded at all times from disclosure to unauthorized personnel. When the information is not under the individual's direct physical control, the individual is responsible for ensuring that it is safeguarded and protected so that it is not physically or visually accessible to persons who do not have a "need to know." When unattended, SSI must be secured in a locked container, office, or other restricted access area with access to the keys or combination limited to those with a need to know.

A person who receives an unmarked record containing SSI should apply the protective marking and distribution limitation statement, and inform the sender of the omission.

Anyone possessing SSI is responsible for ensuring that the information and records containing SSI are protected at all times from disclosure to anyone who does not have a "need to know."

When SSI is not under direct physical control, the covered person must ensure that it is protected in such a way that it is not physically or visually accessible to persons who do not have a "need to know."

The authority to share SSI with any person or entity without a "need to know" is limited to the TSA Administrator.

Every covered person has the responsibility to safeguard SSI according to the CFR and TSA policies. If a covered person encounters a situation in which SSI has been inadvertently shared with a person without the "need to know," immediately notify the MAA Construction Manager.

#### c. Transmission of SSI:

Non-electronic methods:

<u>Mail</u> – SSI may be transmitted by First Class mail, regular Parcel Post, or by delivery services (Federal Express or UPS).

<u>Interoffice mail</u> – SSI must be transmitted in a sealed envelope to prevent inadvertent visual disclosure.

<u>Hand-carrying between buildings</u> – SSI material carried by hand within or between buildings must be protected to prevent inadvertent visual disclosure. <u>Electronic methods:</u>

<u>Electronic Mail (e-mail)</u> - When transmitted by e-mail, SSI must be in a password-protected attachment. The passwords and procedures must comply with standards set by the MAA DOAS. Passwords shall contain no fewer that five characters that are a combination of letters and numbers. Passwords cannot accompany the protected file.

<u>Web Posting</u> - MAA does not authorize the posting of SSI on Internet or intranet sites, unless the site has met prescribed MAA security standards.

<u>Facsimile</u> - The sender of SSI transmitted by facsimile must confirm that the fax number of the recipient is current and valid and the intended recipient can promptly retrieve the information.

Facsimiles sent to a controlled, secure area where unauthorized people cannot intercept the SSI material may be sent without requiring the recipient to be there.

<u>Telephone</u> - For SSI communicated via telephone, the caller must ensure that the person receiving the SSI is a "covered person" with "a need to know."

People transmitting SSI via telephone should avoid cellular or cordless phones.

#### d. Destruction of SSI:

When copies of records containing SSI are no longer needed, they must be promptly and completely destroyed. The objective of destruction is to preclude recognition or reconstruction of the information. Any means approved for the destruction of national security classified material may also be used for SSI. The preferred method of destruction is shredding. The Construction Manager shall supervise and coordinate the destruction of SSI and will ensure destruction at the earliest appropriate time.

When a Contractor proposes to destroy records containing SSI, the Contractor must first provide notification in writing, to the Construction Manager for approval. This notification must include the following minimum information; identification of information to be destroyed, quantities of copies, date and place of destruction, method of destruction, and residual SSI remaining in the custody of the Contractor. After destruction of the documents, the Contractor shall submit to the Construction Manager a certification and register of all documents destroyed.

**2-2.3 CONTRACTOR'S SSI MANAGEMENT PLAN.** The following information shall, at a minimum, be included in the Contractor's SSI Management Plan:

- 1. Name and contact information for the Project SSI Coordinator and designated alternate;
- 2. Name and contact information for the MAA Project Manager (Construction);
- 3. Name and contact information for the Construction Manager;
- 4. Name(s) and contact information of the sole source system contractor(s);
- 5. Roster (Full name, Date of Birth, Social Security Number (SSN) and/or MAA Security Badge Number) of Contractor and Subcontractor "covered persons" with the "need to know" by security system;
- 6. Names of Contractors and Subcontractors personnel who will possess or hold SSI documents and information. These personnel will be required to pass a TSA Criminal History Record Check (CHRC) and a TSA Security Threat Assessment (STS) and undergo MAA SSI training.
- 7. A description of the means employed by the Contractor by which reproduction of SSI shall be minimized during the project;
- 8. Physical description of the means of storage of all media containing SSI in Contractor and Subcontractor offices;
- 9. Physical description of the means of storage of all media containing SSI by Contractor and Subcontractor personnel on the project site;
- 10. Internal procedures for the reproduction and accounting of all documents (plans, specifications, shop drawings, cut sheets, *etc*) used by the Contractor and Subcontractor employees.
- 11. Method of accounting and means of destruction of any SSI documents in possession of the Contractor or their subcontractors.
- 12. Any other control measures deemed necessary by the Contractor.

The Contractor's SSI Management Plan is not considered SSI.

#### METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

2-3.1 No direct measurement will be made for SSI System Requirements During Construction.

## **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

2-4.1 Payment will be made at the lump sum bid price for "SSI System Requirements During Construction." This payment shall be full compensation for all costs associated with the SSI requirements identified in this Specification and shall include all labor, materials, training, and equipment required to prepare and comply with the requirements specified.

Payment for these items will be made in installments throughout the project. The first payment of 25% of the lump sum price will be included in the first progress estimate. The remaining 75% of the lump sum price will be included as installments in subsequent progress estimates. Each such installment will be determined based on the ratio of the total work completed to date to the total contract amount.

Payment will be made under:

Item X-2 SSI System Requirements During Construction - per lump sum

**END OF ITEM X-2** 

## BUILDING AUTOMATION SYSTEMS SPECIFICATIONS





The following language shall be used when specifying Air Flow Measuring Systems (AFM/AFMS). Provide air flow measuring system on supply and/or return ducts with the following features and specifications. Coordinate with Meters and Gages, section 230519.

## 1.1 AFM/AFMS

- A. Air flow measuring system shall be thermal dispersion type, Ebtron, Gold Series (GP1) or equal.
  - 1. Air flow measuring system operates based on the rate of heat transfer across the heated elements.
  - 2. Sensor probes shall use two "bead-in-glass" thermistors to determine the airflow rate at each sensing point location. Probes shall be connected to a transmitter to calculate individual airflow prior to averaging and output to local DDC panels.

## 1.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- A. Sensor Accuracy:
  - 1. Airflow Rate:  $\pm 2\%$  of reading,  $\pm 0.25\%$  repeatability.
  - 2. Temperature:  $\pm 0.15^{\circ}$  F.
- B. Sensor Ranges:
  - 1. Airflow Velocity: 0 to 5,000 FPM.
- C. Sensor Distribution:
  - 1. Equal area.
- D. Sensor Assembly (Each Sensing Point):
  - 1. Heated Element: One bead-in-glass, hermetically sealed, thermistor probe.
  - 2. Sensor Housing: Glass-filled polypropylene.
  - 3. Sensor Potting Material: Marine grade, waterproof epoxy.
  - 4. Internal Wiring: Kynar® coated copper.

## E. Duct Sizes:

1. Standard: 8 inch to 120 inch.

## F. Tube Construction:

- 1. Aluminum: Gold anodized, 6063 aluminum alloy.
- 2. Stainless Steel: 315 polished stainless steel.
- 3. Nominal Tube Diameter: 1.1 inch (aluminum), 1.125 inch (316 ss).
- 4. Mounting Brackets: 304 stainless steel.
- 5. Mounting Styles: Insertion, internal or standoff.

## G. Cable Assembly:

- 1. Type: UL® plenum rated, PVC jacket.
- 2. Length: 10 feet (std.), 50 feet max.
- 3. Termination: 0.875 inch plug (transmitter end), gold plated pins.

## H. Compatible Transmitters:

1. GTA 116, GTN116, GTE116, and GRL116.

## I. Listings:

1. UL® 873 airflow & temperature indicating devices.

## J. Warranty:

1. 36 months from shipment.

The following language shall be used when specifying Flow Meters. Designs shall specify turbine type flow meters on hydronic piping system. Coordinate with Meters and Gages, Section 230519.

## 1.1 TURBINE FLOWMETERS

- A. Description: Insertion type; measures flow directly in gallons per minute (liters per second).
  - 1. Construction: Bronze or stainless-steel body and plastic turbine or impeller. Wetted metal Parts: 316 stainless steel.
  - 2. Pressure Rating: 400 psig minimum [600 psig for High Temperature Hot Water (HTHW)].
  - 3. Temperature Rating: 200 degrees F minimum (400 degrees for HTHW).
  - 4. Display: Visual instantaneous rate of flow, with register to indicate total volume in gallons (liters).
  - 5. Accuracy: Plus or minus 2-1/2 percent.
  - 6. Sensing Method: Impedance sensing.
  - 7. Supply Voltage:  $24 \pm 4$  VDC at 5 OMA.
  - 8. Output: Isolated analog.
  - 9. Manufacturer and Model: Onicon, F1211.

## 23 09 00 - BUILDING AUTOMATION SYSTEM (BAS)

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 BAS SYSTEM SUPPLIER REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor, through the use of an Automatic Temperature Control (ATC) System Supplier, shall furnish, install, and place into service the complete heating, ventilating, and air conditioning (HVAC) monitoring and control system, all in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. The HVAC monitoring and control system shall communicate with the existing Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall) Facility Management System (FMS)/Building Automation Systems (BAS).
- B. The System Supplier shall assume and execute full responsibility to select, furnish, install and connect, test and calibrate, place into operation all specified components, assemblies, and accessories needed for a complete and functional system of HVAC monitoring and control in full compliance with the requirements of the specification.
- C. The system supplier shall be a single firm, or corporation subcontracted by the Contractor to assume full responsibility to perform all engineering, to select, furnish, and place into operation, a complete and functional system of HVAC monitoring and control. Acceptable System Supplier shall be "Factory Branch Office" of the following:
  - 1. Johnson Controls, Inc., 60 Loveton Circle, Sparks, Maryland (Eric Badders at: telephone 410-527-2607).

Other bids by wholesalers, contractors, and franchised dealers are not acceptable.

## 1.2 BAS SYSTEM DESCRIPTION:

- A. The existing Baltimore/Washington International Thurgood Marshall Airport (BWI Marshall) Building Automation System is a Johnson Controls Metasys System.
- B. The BAS System shall be Metasys system consisting of BACnet MS/TP direct digital controls as manufactured by Johnson Controls, utilizing electric actuation. A minimum of one (1) Network Automation Engine (NAE) shall be installed as a webbased extension to the existing Metasys ADX server network. A "Facility Explorer", FX controller, or NCM-based system is unacceptable.
- C. Communications: The Building Automation Contractor shall be responsible for full communications to the existing BWI Marshall Metasys network. Full communications means, the BWI Marshall facility operators will be able, from the existing Metasys operator workstations, to fully utilize the Metasys network manager software. The

FMS operator will be able to receive alarms, logs, and reports; monitor operating conditions; change control setpoints and operating schedules; and, operate equipment as desired at all existing Metasys operator workstation locations.

## 1.3 LIGHTING CONTROL SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

- A. Provide lighting control software/programming at Metasys and at each lighting control panel. Prior to start of programming work, request a lighting control schedule from the MAA. This schedule will dictate default on and off control of lights on a per day basis. Do not proceed until the approved schedule is obtained from the MAA. Provide a menu driven selection screen that will allow the following:
  - 1. Monitoring of the corridor and holdroom lighting zone on/off status.
  - 2. Individual control of each lighting zone.

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Submit each item in this Article according to the Conditions of the Contract and General Specification Sections.
- B. Product Data for each type of product specified. Include manufacturer's technical Product Data for each control device furnished, indicating dimensions, capacities, performance characteristics, electrical characteristics, finishes of materials, installation instructions, and startup instructions.
- C. Shop Drawings from manufacturer detailing equipment assemblies and indicating dimensions, weights, loadings, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection. Submit damper leakage and flow characteristics, plus size schedule for controlled dampers.
- D. Provide the following information for each control system:
  - 1. Schematic flow diagram showing pumps, fans, coils, dampers, valves, air flow measurement devices, and control devices.
  - 2. Each control device labeled with setting or adjustable range of control.
  - 3. Diagrams for all required electrical wiring. Clearly differentiate between factory-installed and field-installed wiring.
  - 4. Details of control panel faces, including controls, instruments, and labeling.
  - 5. Written description of sequence of operation.

- 6. Trunk cable schematic showing programmable control unit locations and trunk data conductors.
- 7. Listing of connected data points, including connected control unit and input device.
- 8. System graphics indicating monitored systems, data (connected and calculated) point addresses, and operator notations.
- 9. Software description and sequence of operation.
- 10. System configuration showing peripheral devices, diagrams, and interconnections.
- E. Wiring diagrams detailing wiring for power, signal, and control systems and differentiating clearly between manufacturer-installed and field-installed wiring.
- F. Maintenance data for control systems equipment to include in the operation and maintenance manual. Include the following:
  - 1. Maintenance instructions and spare parts lists for each type of control device.
  - 2. Interconnection wiring diagrams with identified and numbered system components and devices.
  - 3. Inspection period, cleaning methods, cleaning materials recommended, and calibration tolerances.
  - 4. Calibration records and list of set points.
- G. Field Test Reports: Procedure and certification of pneumatic control piping system.
- H. Project Record Documents: Record actual locations of control components, including control units, thermostats, and sensors. Revise Shop Drawings to reflect actual installation and operating sequences.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Startup Personnel Qualifications: Engage specially trained personnel in direct employ of manufacturer of primary temperature control system.
- B. Comply with NFPA 90A.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.
- D. Comply with ASHRAE 135 for DDC Components.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STIORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store equipment and materials inside and protected from weather.
- B. Factory-Mounted Components: Where control devices specified in this Section are indicated to be factory mounted on equipment, arrange for shipping control devices to unit manufacturer.

## 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Standard Material and Labor Warranty:
  - 1. Provide a one-year labor and material Warranty on Controls Contract work provided under this Contract.
  - 2. If within twelve (12) months from the date of acceptance of the Controls Contract work and following receipt of written notice from the Owner, the product is found to be defective in operation, workmanship or materials, then the product shall be promptly replaced, repaired or adjusted at the option of the Controls Contractor at the cost of the Controls Contractor.
  - 3. Maintain an adequate supply of materials available directly to the Project site such that replacement of key parts, including programming, may be promptly carried out. Warranty work shall be done during the Controls Contractor's normal business hours.
  - 4. Maintain an on-site record of all work done, all items removed from site, all items returned to site, all new replacement items installed and all remedial programming and database entry work undertaken including software revisions installed. Maintain a record of all calibrations required as a result of Warranty service.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Johnson Controls, Inc., Loveton Circle, Sparks, Maryland (telephone: 410-527-2607). Contact Person: Erik Badders.

## 2.2 GENERAL PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

- A. The Building Automation System shall be capable of integrating multiple building functions including equipment supervision and control, alarm management, energy management, information management, and historical data collection and archiving.
- B. The Building Automation System shall consist of the following:

- 1. Standalone DDC panels.
- 2. Local Display Devices.
- 3. The system shall be modular in nature, and shall permit expansion of both capacity and functionality through the addition of sensors, actuators, standalone DDC panels, and operator devices.
- C. System architectural design shall eliminate dependence upon any single device for alarm reporting and Control execution. Each DDC panel shall operate independently by performing its own specified control, alarm management, operator I/O, and historical data collection. The failure of any single component or network connection shall not interrupt the execution of control strategies at other operational devices.
- D. Standalone DDC panels shall be able to access any data from, or send control commands and alarm reports directly to any other DDC panel or combination of panels on the network without dependence upon a central processing device, including a Central File Server. Standalone DDC panels shall also be able to send alarm reports to multiple operator workstations, terminals, and printers without dependence upon a central processing device or File Server.

## 2.3 CONTROLS SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

## A. General:

- 1. The Controls Systems shall consist of multiple Nodes and associated equipment connected by industry standard digital and communication network arrangements.
- 2. The Operator Workstations, Servers and principal network computer equipment shall be standard products of recognized major manufacturers available through normal PC and computer vendor channels not "Clones" assembled by a third-party subcontractor.
- 3. Provide licenses for all software residing on and used by the Controls Systems and transfer these licenses to the MAA prior to completion.
- 4. The networks shall, at minimum, comprise, as necessary the following:
  - a. Operator Workstations: Fixed and portable as required by the Specifications.
  - b. Network computer processing, data storage and communication equipment including Servers and digital data processors.
  - c. Routers, bridges, switches, hubs, modems, interfaces, and the like communication equipment.

- d. Active processing network Application Nodes including programmable field panels and controllers together with their power supplies, and associated equipment.
- e. Addressable elements, sensors, transducers and end devices.
- f. Third-party equipment interfaces as required by the Contract Documents.
- g. Other components required for a complete and working Control Systems as specified.
- 5. The Specifications for the individual elements and component subsystems shall be minimum requirements and shall be augmented as necessary by the Contractor to achieve both compliance with all applicable codes, standards, the requirements of the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) at the site, and to meet all requirements of the Contract Documents.

## B. Network:

- 1. The Controls Systems shall incorporate primary Tier 1 network(s) and also incorporate multiple and integrated secondary Tier 2 and tertiary Tier 3 networks.
- 2. The networks shall utilize only copper and optical fiber communication media as appropriate and to comply with the applicable codes, ordinances and regulations and the AHJ.
- 3. Dial-up Communications: Auto-dial/auto-answer communications shall be provided to allow standalone DDC panels to communicate with remote operator devices on an intermittent basis via telephone lines.

## 2.4 OPERATOR INTERFACES

## A. General:

- 1. The Controls Systems Operator Interfaces shall be user friendly, readily understood and shall make maximum use of colors, graphics, icons, embedded images, animation, text-based information and data visualization techniques to enhance and simplify the use and understanding of all displays by authorized users at the OWS.
- 2. User access shall be protected by a flexible and Owner redefinable software-based password access protection. Password protection shall be multi-level and partitionable to accommodate the varied access requirements of the different user groups to which individual users may be assigned. Provide the means to define unique access privileges for each individual authorized user. Provide the means to on-line manage password access control under the control of a project specific

Master Password. Provide an audit trail of all user activity on the Controls Systems including all actions and changes.

- 3. The Operator Interface shall incorporate comprehensive support for functions including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
  - a. User access for selective information retrieval and control command execution.
  - b. Monitoring and reporting.
  - c. Alarm and non-normal condition annunciation.
  - d. Selective operator override and other control actions.
  - e. Information archiving, manipulation, formatting, display and reporting.
  - f. Controls Systems internal performance supervision and diagnostics.
  - g. On-line access to user HELP menus.
  - h. On-line access to current as-built records and documentation. At minimum, one (1) copy of all record documentation shall be stored on a designated OWS or Server and be accessible to the MAA personnel.
  - i. Means for the controlled re-programming, re-configuration of systems operation and for the manipulation of database information in compliance with the prevailing codes, approvals and regulations for the component applications and elements.
  - j. Means to archive all Controls Systems Contract Project specific configuration databases, software programs and other pertinent operational data such that any component of the software and project specific operational databases may be reloaded on-site from archived data.
- 4. Provide on-line reports and displays making maximized use of simple English language descriptions and readily understood acronyms, abbreviations, icons and the like to assist user understanding and interpretation. All text naming conventions shall be consistent in their use and application throughout the Controls Systems. Submit proposed naming arrangements for approval prior to data entry.
- B. All devices, including Servers and Application Nodes, required to support and drive the Operator Interfaces shall support multiple independent user terminals through a theoretical unlimited number of Browsers. Support shall be configured for a minimum of 25 users for all Applications and features provided.

## 2.5 CONTROLS SYSTEMS APPLICATIONS – GENERAL

## A. General:

- 1. The Controls Systems Application Nodes (AN) shall include all monitoring, control and data handling Nodes including programmable field panels and controllers.
- 2. AN shall be programmable and governed by the requirements of their applicable codes, approvals and regulations for their Application.
- 3. The AN shall be designed, packaged, installed, programmed and commissioned in consideration of their specific service and prevailing operating conditions.
- 4. A failure at an AN shall not cause failures or non-normal operation at any other system AN other than the possible loss of active real-time information from the failed AN.
- 5. Ancillary AN equipment, including interfaces and power supplies, shall not be operated at more than 80% of their rated service capacity.
- 6. AN shall comply with FCC Part 15 subpart J Class A emission requirements.
- 7. AN shall maintain all programming in non-volatile or battery backed memory and shall automatically resume normal monitoring and control following the restoration of stable electrical power after a power outage.

## 2.6 NETWORK AUTOMATION ENGINE (NAE)

## A. Description:

- 1. The NAE is an automation engine that manages facilities using information and Internet technology.
- 2. The NAE uses the communication technologies of the building automation industry, including BACnet® protocol; LONWORKS® network and the N2 Bus to monitor; and supervise Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning (HVAC) equipment; and lighting, security, fire, and access control. The NAE55 supports a comprehensive set of supervisory features and functions for large facilities and technically advanced buildings and complexes. The NAE35 and NAE45 extend the power of the NAE to smaller buildings and enable the wider distribution of supervisory functions in larger facilities. The NAE85 is a high-capacity NAE. This device allows the integration of large BACnet Internet Protocol (IP) systems and can take the place of multiple NAEs.

- 3. A single NAE or a network of multiple NAE devices within a building provide monitoring and control, alarm and event management, data exchange, trending, energy management, scheduling, and data storage.
- 4. The NAE has an embedded user interface and supports concurrently connected Web browsers with password access control and the security protection technology of the Information Technology (IT) industry.

## 5. Features::

- a. Communication using commonly accepted IT standards at the automation and enterprise level.
- b. Web-based user interface.
- c. Site Director function.
- d. Support for Web services at the automation network level.
- e. User interface and online system configuration software embedded in NAE.
- f. Supervision of field controller networks including N2 Bus, LONWORKS network, BACnet MS/TP, and BACnet IP devices.
- g. Multiple connection options for data access.

## 2.7 APPLICATION AND DATA SERVER (ADS)

## A. Description:

- 1. The Application and Data Server (ADS) is a component of the Metasys system that manages the collection and presentation of large amounts trend data, event messages, operator transactions, and system configuration data. As Site Director, the ADS provides secure communication to a network of Network Automation Engines (NAEs), Network Control Engines (NCEs), and Network Integration Engines (NIEs).
- 2. The User Interface (UI) of the ADS provides flexible system navigation, user graphics, comprehensive alarm management, trend analysis, and summary reporting capabilities. Via a Web browser, occupant comfort and energy usage can be efficiently managed and quickly responded to during critical events., Multiple users can gain access to information from the Building Automation System¹ (HAS) that uses Internet protocols and Information Technology (IT) standards, and is compatible with enterprise level communication networks.

## 3. Features:

- a. Support of IT Standards and Internet Technologies.
- b. Standard Web Browser User Interface.
- c. Secure User Access.
- d. Flexible System Navigation and Dynamic User Graphics.
- e. Alarm and Event Management.
- f. Site Director Function.
- g. Long-Term Trend Data Storage.
- h. Optional Storage of Historical Data on a Separate Computer.
- i. Optional Metasys Advanced Reporting System.

## 2.8 NETWORK INTEGRATION ENGINE (NIE)

## A. Description:

- 1. The Metasys® Network Integration Engine (NIE) integrates existing Metasys N1-based Building Automation Systems (BASs) into the new generation of technology that includes the Internet, Information Technology (IT), and enterprise level global communication. Metasys system extended architecture NI Integration is based on the NIE, a Web-enabled network controller that speaks IT and Internet language to the expanding world of Web browsers and remote operations centers. At the same time, it uses Internet Protocol (IP) Ethernet network technology to communicate with Metasys N1 networks that are installed in many facilities including BWl Marshall Airport.
- 2. The NIE transfers point data from one or more Network Control Module (NCM) devices in a Metasys NI network, providing alarm and event management, trending, energy management, scheduling, and data sharing capabilities in a manner consistent with the new technology of Metasys system extended.

## 3. Features:

- a. Communication with NI Networks using commonly accepted IT standards at the automation and enterprise levels.
- b. Web-based user interface.
- c. User interface and online system configuration software embedded in NIE.

- d. Site Director function in one NIE or one NAE or in an Application and Data Server (ADS) for large installations.
- e. Scalable system integration solution for integrating and migrating Metasys N1 networks.
- f. Mapping capability of N1 data 'types including analog, binary, multistate and control system objects, and access to scheduling feature.
- g. Trending, totalization, and alarming functions automatically regenerated in the METASYS system extended architecture.

## 2.9 SYSTEM SOFTWARE FEATURES

## A. General

- 1. All necessary software to form a complete operating system as described in this specification shall be provided.
- 2. The software programs specified in this section shall be provided as an integral part of the DDC panel and shall not be dependent upon any higher level computer for execution.
- B. Graphics Display: Color graphic floor plan displays and system schematic for each piece of mechanical equipment shown on plans shall be provided. Provide a color graphic floor plan for all floors to show the on/off status of lighting zones.
- C. Alarm Management: Alarm management shall be provided to monitor, buffer, and direct alarm reports to operator devices and memory files. Each DDC panel shall perform distributed, independent alarm analysis and filtering to minimize operator interruptions due to non-critical alarms, minimize network traffic, and prevent alarms from being lost. At no time shall the DDC panel's ability to report alarms be affected by either operator activity at a PC Workstation or local I/O device, or communications with other panels on the network.
  - 1. Point Change Report Description: All alarm or point change reports shall include the point's description in English language, and the time and date of occurrence.
  - 2. Prioritization: The user shall be able to define the specific system reaction for each point. Alarms shall be prioritized to minimize nuisance reporting and to speed operator response to critical alarms. A minimum of three priority levels shall be provided. Each DDC panel shall automatically inhibit the reporting of selected alarms during system shutdown and start-up. Users shall have the ability to manually inhibit alarm reporting for each point. The user shall also be able to define under which conditions point changes need to be acknowledged by an operator, and/or sent to follow-up files for retrieval and analysis at a later date.

- 3. Report Routing: Alarm reports, messages, and files will be directed to a user-defined list of operator devices or PC disk files used for archiving alarm information. Alarms shall also be automatically directed to a default device in the event a primary device is found to be off-line.
- 4. Alarm Messages: In addition to the point's descriptor and the time and date, the user shall be able to print, display or store a 65-character alarm message to more fully describe the alarm condition or direct operator response. Each standalone DDC panel shall be capable of storing a library of at least 250 Alarm Messages. Each message may be assignable to any number of points in the panel.
- 5. Auto-Dial Alarm Management: In Dial-up' applications, only critical alarms shall initiate a call to a remote operator device. In all other cases, call activity shall be minimized by time-stamping and saving reports until an operator scheduled time, a manual request, or until the buffer space is full. The alarm buffer must store a minimum of 50 alarms.
- 6. Transaction Logging: Operator commands and system events shall be automatically logged to disk in Personal Computer industry standard database format. Operator commands initiated from Direct-connected workstations, dial-up workstations, and local DDC panel Network Terminal devices shall all be logged to this transaction file. This data shall be available at the Operator Workstation. Facility shall be provided to allow the user to search the transaction file using standard database query techniques, including searching by dates, operator name, data point name, etc. In addition, this transaction file shall be accessible with standard third party database and spreadsheet packages.
- D. Historical Data and Trend Analysis: A variety of Historical data collection utilities shall be provided to automatically sample, store, and display system data in all of the following ways:
  - 1. Continuous Point Histories: Standalone DDC panels shall store Point History Files for all analog and binary inputs and outputs. The Point History routine shall continuously and automatically sample the value of all analog inputs at half hour intervals. Samples for all points shall be stored for the past 24 hours to allow the user to immediately analyze equipment performance and all problem-related events for the past day. Point History Files for binary input or output points and analog output points shall include a continuous record of the last ten status changes or commands for each point.
  - 2. Control Loop Performance Trends: Standalone DDC panels shall also provide high resolution sampling capability in one-second increments for verification of control loop performance.
  - 3. Extended Sample Period Trends: Measured and calculated analog and binary data shall also be assignable to user-definable trends for the purpose of collecting operator-specified performance data over extended periods of time. Sample

- intervals of 1 minute to 2 hours shall be provided. Each standalone DDC panel shall have a dedicated buffer for trend data, and shall be capable of storing a minimum of 5000 data samples.
- 4. Data Storage and Archiving: Trend data shall be stored at the Standalone DDC panels, and uploaded to hard disk storage when archival is desired. Uploads shall occur based upon either user-defined interval, manual command, or when the trend buffers become full. All trend data shall be available in disk file format compatible with Third Party personal computer applications.
- E. Runtime Totalization: Standalone DDC panels shall automatically accumulate and store runtime hours for binary input and output points.
  - 1. The Totalization routine shall have a sampling resolution of one minute or less.
  - 2. The user shall have the ability to define a warning limit for Runtime Totalization. Unique, user-specified messages shall be generated when the limit is reached.
- F. Analog/Pulse Totalization: Standalone DDC panels shall automatically sample, calculate and store consumption totals on a daily, weekly, on monthly basis for user-selected analog and binary pulse input-type points.
  - 1. Totalization shall provide calculation and storage of accumulations of up to 99,999.9 units (e.g., KWH, gallons, KBTU, tons. etc.).
  - 2. The Totalization routine shall have a sampling resolution of one minute or less.
  - 3. The user shall have the ability to define a warning limit. Unique, user-specified messages shall be generated when the limit is reached.
- G. Event Totalization: Standalone DDC panels shall have the ability to count events such as the number of times a pump or fan system is cycled on and off. Event totalization shall be performed on a daily, weekly, or monthly basis.
  - 1. The Event Totalization feature shall be able to store the records associated with a minimum of 9,999,999 events before reset.
  - 2. The user shall have the ability to define a warning limit. Unique, user-specified messages shall be generated when the limit is reached.

## 2.10 CONTROL SYSTEMS FIELD DEVICES

- A. Input Devices: Provide controls systems devices as required for each specific project. The following is a list of major devices. Provide additional devices and instrumentation as required.
  - 1. Air Low Differential Pressure Switch.

- 2. Air Low Differential Pressure Sensor.
- 3. Air High Differential Pressure Switch.
- 4. Water Differential Pressure Switch.
- 5. Temperature Sensors.
- 6. Humidity Sensors.
- 7. Air Flow Switch.
- 8. Water Flow Switch.
- 9. Current Switch.
- 10. Current Transducer.
- 11. Static Pressure Transmitter/Transducer.
- 12. Differential Pressure Transmitters/Transducer.
- 13. Water Pressure Transducers.
- 14. Water Differential-Pressure Transducers.
- 15. Differential-Pressure Switch (Air or Water).
- 16. Room Sensor Covers.
- 17. Room Sensor Accessories.

## B. Output Devices:

- 1. Electric/Pneumatic Transducers.
- 2. Controls Relays.

## C. Controlled Devices:

- 1. Ball Valve.
- 2. Butterfly Valve.
- 3. Globe Valve.
- 4. Control Damper.
- 5. Electric Damper Actuators.

- 6. Electric Valve Actuators.
- 7. Pneumatic Valve Actuators.
- 8. Pneumatic Damper Actuators.
- 9. Combination Fire/Smoke Dampers w/Actuator.
- 10. Smoke Dampers.
- 11. Status Sensors:
  - a. Status Inputs for Fans.
  - b. Status Inputs for Pumps.
  - c. Status Inputs for Electric Motors.
  - d. Voltage Transmitter (100- to 600-V ac).
  - e. Power Monitor.
  - f. Electronic Valve/Damper Position Indicator: Visual scale indicating percent of travel and 2- to 10-V dc, feedback signal.
- 12. Gas Detection Equipment:
  - a. Carbon Monoxide Detectors.
  - b. Carbon Dioxide Sensor and Transmitter.
  - c. Occupancy Sensor.
- 13. Other Control Devices:
  - a. Electric Thermostats.
  - b. Humidistats.
  - c. Pressure Controller.

END OF SECTION 23 09 00

## MANAGEMENT OF WASTES





The following language shall be used when specifying Variable (Adjustable) Frequency Drives (VFD's). Coordinate with Variable-Frequency Motor Controllers, section 262923.

## 1.1 VFD'S

- A. Variable frequency motor drive shall be of a pulse width modulated (PWM) inverter for use on a standard NEMA Design B induction motor. The drive shall be designed specifically for variable torque applications.
- B. Integral bypass motor starter package shall be included where required.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 VARIABLE FREQUENCY DRIVES

- A. The Variable Frequency Drives (VFD's) shall be solid state, with 6/12 Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) Drive utilizing insulated gate bipolar transistors (IGBT's). Provide minimum 12 pulse VFD's for 50 HP motors and larger. Six pulse VFD's for motors smaller than 50 HP shall conform to IEEE519 and BWI standards. The VFD package shall be completely assembled and tested by the manufacturer. The enclosure shall be NEMA 1, 12 or 4; as appropriate for the installation environment. The drive efficiency shall be 97 percent or better at full speed and full load and the fundamental power factor shall be 0.98 at all speeds and loads. Total current harmonic distortion shall be 15% or less at 50% load or higher, measured at the power input terminals of the VFD, also, THD of voltage wave form shall be 3% or less at the power input.
  - B. All VFD's shall have the following standard features:
    - 1. All VFD's shall have the same customer interface, including digital display, and keypad, regardless of horsepower rating. The keypad shall be used for local control, for setting all parameters, and for stepping through the displays and menus. The keypad shall be removable, capable of remote mounting, and shall have its own non-volatile memory. The keypad shall allow for uploading and downloading of parameter settings as an aid for start-up of multiple VFD's.
    - 2. The VFD's shall utilize plain English digital display (code numbers and letters are not acceptable). All set-up parameters, indications, faults, warnings and other information must be displayed in words to allow the user to understand what is being displayed without the use of an installation manual or cross-reference table. VFD's utilizing codes are not acceptable.

- 3. The keypad shall include Hand-Off-Auto membrane selections. The drive shall incorporate "bumpless transfer" of speed reference when switching between "Auto" and "Hand" modes and vice-versa.
- 4. VFD's shall be provided with displays or meters showing:
  - a. Output frequency
  - b. Motor Speed (RPM)
  - c. Motor Current
  - d. Motor Power (kW)
  - e. DC Bus Voltage
  - f. Output Voltage
  - g. Heat Sink Temperature
  - h. Analog Input Values
  - i. Elapsed Time Meter (resettable)
  - j. kWh meter (resettable)
  - k. Last three faults
- 5. The VFD shall be capable of starting into a rotating load (forward or reverse) and accelerate or decelerate to setpoint without safety tripping or component damage (flying start). The VFD shall also be capable of DC injection braking at start to stop a reverse spinning motor prior to ramp.
- 6. Three (3) programmable critical frequency lockout ranges to prevent the VFD from continuously operating at an unstable speed.
- C. The VFD's shall have the following field programmable features:
  - 1. If the input reference (4-20mA or 2-10V) is lost, the VFD shall give the user the option of either; (1) stopping and displaying a fault, (2) running at a programmable preset speed, (3) hold the VFD speed based on the last good reference received, or (4) cause a warning to be issued, as selected by the user. The drive shall be programmable to signal this condition via a keypad warning, relay output and/or over the serial communications bus.
  - 2. Control Inputs and Outputs:
    - a. Isolated.

- b. Five digital inputs.
- c. Two digital outputs.
- d. Two analog inputs.
- e. One analog output.
- f. Fully field programmable.
- 3. Digital outputs shall include field adjustable motor current levels for motor status. Drives not having this feature shall provide and install field adjustable three phase current relays for digital status of motor (proof of flow). Digital outputs must be true, form C type contacts; open collector outputs are not acceptable. Relays shall be capable of programmable on and off delay times.
- 4. Analog output capabilities shall include, but not be limited to, frequency, speed, current, voltage, active reference, and kW indications. Manufacturers not having kW output shall provide current transformers and kW transducers for kW output.

## ITEM X-105 MANAGEMENT OF UNIVERSAL WASTES

## **DESCRIPTION**

105-1.1 This item provides specifications for the characterization, handling, storage, transport, and disposal of universal wastes (UW) generated as a result of this construction contract. UWs are a class of hazardous waste which are subject to less stringent regulation than hazardous wastes. UW generated from construction projects at the Maryland Aviation Administration (MAA) properties may include mercury-containing equipment, batteries, mercury-containing lamps or bulbs, and fluorescent light ballasts that contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs).

Examples of wastes which may fall under this category of UW include:

- Mercury-containing Lamps or Bulbs
  - o Fluorescent light tubes (FLTs)
  - Compact fluorescent bulbs
  - Neon lights
  - o High intensity lamps
  - o Sodium vapor lamps
- Mercury-containing Equipment
  - o Thermostats and thermometers
  - o Gas flow regulators
  - o Pressure or vacuum gauges (e.g. u-tube manumeters, barometers)
  - o Switches (e.g. tip switches in portable heaters, silent wall switches)
- Batteries
  - Lead-acid batteries
  - Nickel-cadmium batteries

The contractor must manage the UW generated under this contract per applicable federal and state regulations for small quantity-handlers of UW as described below. A small quantity-handler (SQH) of UW is defined as a universal waste handler that does not accumulate 5,000 kilograms or more of universal waste at any time during a calendar year.

State regulations pertinent to UW management within Maryland are found in the Code of Maryland Regulations 26.13.10. Management of UW includes, but is not limited to, the characterization, handling, storage, transport, and disposal of UW. The Contractor shall designate an employee to oversee the proper management of UW generated under this contract. All activities shall conform to the standards described in this specification and or as directed by the Engineer.

wastes prior to disposal in a manner that meets Federal and State regulations. Waste lamps, mercury-containing equipment, batteries, and PCB-containing ballasts characterized as hazardous waste must be managed as UW. Methods of characterization include the use of owner/generator knowledge and material analysis performed by a laboratory designed for such analyses. Either method may be used, but waste evaluations must be able to be substantiated. For construction waste, the use of owner/generator knowledge should be based on Material Safety Data Sheets which MAA may supply upon request or data from reliable sources regarding waste produced from similar activities. Material analyses require correct sampling procedures to be performed; therefore the Contractor shall communicate with a laboratory prior to sampling suspect hazardous waste materials for proper sampling techniques.

For suspect UW, the Contractor shall assume that suspect UW *is* UW and manage the waste in accordance with this specifications. In some cases, nonhazardous wastes may be labeled by the manufacturer as such. For example, most PCB-free ballasts are labeled "No PCBs" (all ballasts manufactured after 1978 do not contain PCBs). In most cases, however, suspect UW wastes do not contain manufacture content labels, such as FLTs. Since most FLTs do contain mercury in concentrations which require managing the FLTs as UW, contractors should assume that FLTs are UW and manage them as such. Other wastes, such as switches and gauges, should be analyzed before disposal.

## **MATERIALS**

## 105-2.1 Not Applicable.

## **CONSTRUCTION METHODS**

- 105-3.1 HANDLING AND ACCUMULATION. All UW must be handled and accumulated in such a manner as to prevent a release to the environment. Contractors shall use containers to store the waste which minimize the chances of a waste release and accumulate the waste in areas which reduce the chances of a release to the environment. Some UWs, such as bulbs, are fragile and require special care in handling and accumulation. For waste FLTs, a common storage technique is to immediately store the waste in sleeves within cardboard boxes or cylinders following the generation of the waste (i.e. removal from a light fixture). These containers must be large enough to fully protect all the FLTs in the container and have lids or other features that allow the containers to be closed when not in use. Generally, the following guidelines should be met when considering container types for UW:
  - The container must be closed;
  - The container must be structurally sound;

- The container must be compatible with the contents of the waste; and
- The container must lack evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause a release under reasonably foreseeable conditions.

Contractors must label or mark containers which contain UW or label or mark the waste per state regulations. To identify UW, a colored label is affixed typically to the container. State regulations require that the container be marked with one of three phrases:

- "Universal waste--name of waste",
- "Waste name of waste", or
- "Used name of waste".

Additionally, the waste must be marked with the accumulation start date, or the date that the first waste was placed in the container.

The Contractor shall designate and clearly identify a specific location within the construction site to accumulate containers of UW. The location should be away from areas where construction activities occur which could damage UW, but easily accessible to the Contractors' staff. When the Contractor expects to generate large quantities of UW from a construction project, the Contractor must coordinate with MAA's Division of Environmental Compliance (DEC) thru the Engineer to identify proper accumulation areas and a timeline for disposal.

The Contractor may not accumulate wastes on MAA property longer than the Federal or State guidelines permit, or as directed by the Engineer, or beyond the date of the end of the Contract, whichever is shorter. Regulations require accumulation of UW no longer than one year after the accumulation start date (date that the first UW was placed in that container).

- 105-3.2 RESPONSE TO RELEASE. If a release to the environment occurs, the Contractor shall determine whether any of the material resulting from a release is a hazardous waste. If the material is a hazardous waste, the waste must be managed per hazardous waste (not universal waste) regulations. Should a release to the environment occur; the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the Airport Operations Center (AOC) of the incident via telephone immediately and provide the following Information:
  - Location and time of incident
  - Name and/or type of material spilled or released
  - Amount and size of container(s) from which spill or release occurred
  - Dangerous properties of the material
  - Identification of personnel involved
  - Type of personal injuries, if any
  - Any actions taken to remediate the release

MAA will be responsible for notifying the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) of the release. Contractor shall notify MAA's DEC.

**TRANSPORT AND DISPOSAL.** The contractor must transport or ensure the transport of UW waste to a disposal or recycling facility in a manner which meets all Federal and State transportation guidelines for UW. Most hazardous waste haulers will accept UW. The Contractor is prohibited from processing, diluting or treating the waste on MAA's property.

Unlike hazardous waste, UW shipments do not need to have manifests completed prior to shipping—shipping papers, bills of lading, or similar documents identifying the transfer of waste from the Contractor to a waste hauler are approved forms of documentation. Shipping documents should have the following information on them:

- The name and address of the originating UW handler or foreign shipper from whom the UW was sent;
- The quantity of each type of UW received; and
- The date of receipt of the shipment of UW.

Once completed, the contractor must provide legible copies of shipping documents to the Engineer for submittal to the MAA's Division of Environmental Compliance.

Waste haulers may use manifests to document waste transfer. In these cases, the Contractor shall provide the hauler with MAA's Environmental Protection Agency Identification Number (EPA ID Number) for inclusion on all manifests.

- For wastes generated from BWI Marshall the Contractor must use the following identification number: <u>MDD041354002</u>.
- For wastes generated from MTN the Contractor must use the following identification number: MDD980918973.

When manifests are used, the Contractor must provide copies of the manifest to the Engineer upon receipt and copies of the signed returned manifest from the transport, storage, and disposal facility (TSDF) or other facility immediately upon receipt.

- **TRAINING.** Contractors must communicate the management requirements and release response procedures described in this Item "Management of Universal Waste" to their employees who handle or have responsibility for managing universal waste. This communication should be documented.
- **105-3.5 INSPECTION OF JOB SITES -** Federal, State and/or MAA representatives reserve the right to inspect contractors' job site(s) to observe work practices associated with the requirements identified herein.

## METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

105-4.1 No separate measurement will be made for work performed under this Specification Section.

## **BASIS OF PAYMENT**

No separate payment will be made for work performed under this Specification Section. The cost of the work, complete in place, described in this Specification Section shall be included in the respective bid price under Item **XX-XXX** "Demolition". Costs include all labor, material, services, and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

## **END OF ITEM X-105**

## ITEM X-110 MANAGEMENT OF RADIOACTIVE WASTES

## DESCRIPTION

110-1.1 This item provides specifications for the identification, handling, storage, transferring, and disposal of common radioactive wastes generated at MAA properties as a result of this construction contract. Common radioactive wastes generated during the construction of this project includes self-luminous exit signs that may contain radioactive gas, such as tritium or radium.

The contractor must manage the radioactive wastes generated under this contract per applicable federal and state regulations. Federal regulations that govern tritium or radium-containing signs are found in the Nuclear Regulatory Commission regulations, 10 CFR 31. Management of waste radioactive exit signs includes, but is not limited to, the identification, handling, transferring, and reporting of these signs. The Contractor shall designate an employee to oversee the proper management of radioactive wastes generated under this contract. All activities shall conform to the standards described in this specification and or as directed by the Engineer.

110-1.2 IDENTIFICATION. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to correctly identify the presence of radioactive material in all waste exit signs generated from the contractor's project at MAA. Exit signs which contain tritium usually have a permanent warning label which mentions the presence of tritium (H-3); displays the three bladed radiation warning symbol; and states "Caution-Radioactive Materials". The tritium or radium is housed within the sign in a small glass tube. In some cases, labels may not be present on exit signs, but the signs may contain tritium, radium, or other radioactive material. For these unmarked signs, the Contractor should have the waste exit signs analyzed for radiation levels.

## **MATERIALS**

110-2.1 Not Applicable.

## CONSTRUCTION METHODS

**HANDLING.** The Contractor shall handle radioactive waste exit signs in a manner that ensures that the radioactive waste is not released. The Contractor shall use containers to store the waste and/or store the waste in areas which reduce the chances of release.

General container guidelines are as follows:

- The container must be closed;
- The container must be structurally sound; and

• The container must lack evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage that could cause a release under reasonably foreseeable conditions.

The Contractor shall designate and clearly identify a specific location for containers that contain radioactive exit signs. The location should be away from areas where construction activities occur which could damage the container or sign, but easily accessible to staff.

- **RESPONSE TO RELEASE.** Should damage to a sign occur, the Contractor should not handle the sign, and evacuate personnel from the immediate area. The contractor should prevent entry to the area and if possible ventilate the area to the outside. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the Airport Operations Center (AOC) of the incident via telephone immediately and provide the following information:
  - Location and time of incident
  - Name and/or type of material spilled or released
  - Amount and size of container(s) from which spill or release occurred
  - Dangerous properties of the material
  - Identification of personnel involved
  - Type of personal injuries, if any

MAA will be responsible for notifying the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) of the release. Contractor shall notify MAA's Department of Environmental Compliance (DEC).

- 110-3.3 TRANSFERRING. Federal regulations allow exit signs to be reused in the same location if specified for re-use in the contract documents; however exit signs may not be resold or used in other locations. When a radioactive waste exit sign is deemed "waste", the contractor shall arrange to transfer the sign to a "specific licensee" for disposal, such as a manufacturer, distributor, licensed radioactive waste broker, or licensed low-level disposal facility. In the majority of instances, the tritium exit sign can be returned to the manufacturer. The address of the manufacturer usually can be found on the back of the tritium exit sign. The manufacturer can provide instructions on how to ship the tritium exit sign safely. The Contractor must transport or ensure the transport of radioactive waste to a disposal or recycling facility in a manner which meets all federal and state transportation guidelines for such material. The Contractor may not accumulate wastes on MAA property longer than the federal or state guidelines permit, or as directed by the Engineer, or beyond the date of the end of the contract, whichever is shorter.
- **REPORTING.** Five working days prior to the transfer of a radioactive waste exit sign, the Contractor shall inform the Engineer and the MAA's Division of Environmental Compliance (DEC) of the impending transfer and provide requested information to the Engineer and DEC about the transfer. This information shall include the device manufacturer's (or distributor's) name, model number and serial

number; the name, address, and license number of the person receiving the device; and the expected date of transfer. The Engineer and /or MAA reserve the right to halt the transfer should the Contractor not abide by regulations or MAA requirements as described herein. MAA will be responsible for notifying MDE of the transfer within 30 days of transfer.

Waste haulers may use manifests to document waste transfer. In these cases, the Contractor shall provide the hauler with MAA's Environmental Protection Agency Identification Number (EPA ID Number) for inclusion on all manifests.

- For wastes generated from BWI Marshall the Contractor must use the following identification number: MDD041354002.
- For wastes generated from MTN the Contractor must use the following identification number: MDD980918973.

When manifests are used, the Contractor must provide copies of the manifest to the Engineer upon receipt and copies of the signed returned manifest from the transport, storage, and disposal facility (TSDF) or other facility immediately upon receipt.

**110-3.5 INSPECTION OF JOB SITES.** Federal, State and/or MAA representatives reserve the right to inspect contractors' job site(s) to observe work practices associated with the requirements identified herein.

## METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

110-4.1 No separate measurement will be made for work performed under this Specification Section.

## BASIS OF PAYMENT

No separate payment will be made for work performed under this Specification Section. The cost of the work, complete in place, described in this Specification Section shall be included in the respective bid price under Item **XX-XXX** "Demolition". Costs include all labor, material, services, and equipment necessary to complete the work in every respect.

## **END OF ITEM X-110**

## MAINTENANCE, REPAIR, AND OPERATING ITEMS (MROI)





## ITEM X-3 – MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND OPERATING ITEMS

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings, General Provisions, Special Provisions of the Contract, including Interim Standard Provisions Addendum and Technical Specification sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing Maintenance, Repair and Operating Items (MROI).

## 1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. MROI is an amount, incorporated in the Contract as excess construction materials or equipment, held to allow for maintenance, repairs and operations. MROI may also be referred to as "attic supplies" or "attic stock."

## 1.4 PROCEDURES

- A. Measurement and Payment: See individual Specification sections or plan notes for work that requires establishment of MROI. Methods of measurement and payment for MROI are specified in those Sections or notes.
- B. List of MROI: A schedule of MROI entitled "MROI List" is included at end of Section. Specification sections or plan notes referenced in the schedule contain requirements for materials described that must be purchased or salvaged for MROI. If during construction the Contractor generates additional surplus materials to be turned over to the MAA, the Contractor shall add those materials to the "MROI List." Contractor must complete the 'Unit Price Value,' 'Total Value' and 'Date Delivered' on "MROI List."
- C. Record of Delivery: Contractor shall complete "Record of Delivery" form for each MROI to be delivered to MAA. "Record of Delivery" form can be found at the end of the Section. The Contractor shall coordinate through the Engineer the delivery and acceptance of purchased or salvaged MROI at the MAA Warehouse (or at another location if so designated in the Specifications sections or plan notes), completion of the "Record of Delivery" form, and any other required documentation.

*************************

The designer is required to fill out the Table entitled "MROI List" and include it at the end of Section. The designer shall include blank lines at the bottom of the list for additional MROI generated during construction. The designer shall complete the columns for the serial number, specification section, material/product/description, quantity and units. A specific quantity and

measurable unit is required which corresponds to the justification provided in the Engineer's Report. A percentage of materials is not acceptable.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine products purchased under an MROI promptly on delivery for damage or defects. Replace damaged or defective products.

## 3.2 DELIVERY

A. Contractor must complete the 'Unit Price Value,' 'Total Value' and 'Date Delivered' columns in the "MROI List" and complete a "Record of Delivery" form at time of delivery, for each item in order to document item and quantity received by MAA. Contractor shall add to the list any additional MROI generated during construction.

## PART 4 - MEASUREMENT

## 4.1 METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

A. No separate measurement will be made for work under this Section.

## PART 5 - PAYMENT

## 5.1 BASIS OF PAYMENT

A. No separate payment will be made for work under this Section. The cost of the work described in this section shall be included in the individual referenced Specification sections.

## 5.2 RELEASE OF FINAL PAYMENT

A. Release of Final Payment and Contract Close-Out will not occur until Contractor completes administrative and procedural requirements outlined in this Section.

## **END OF ITEM X-3**

# APPENDIX E SURVEY CONTROL MANUALS





## MARTIN STATE AIRPORT SURVEY CONTROL MANUAL





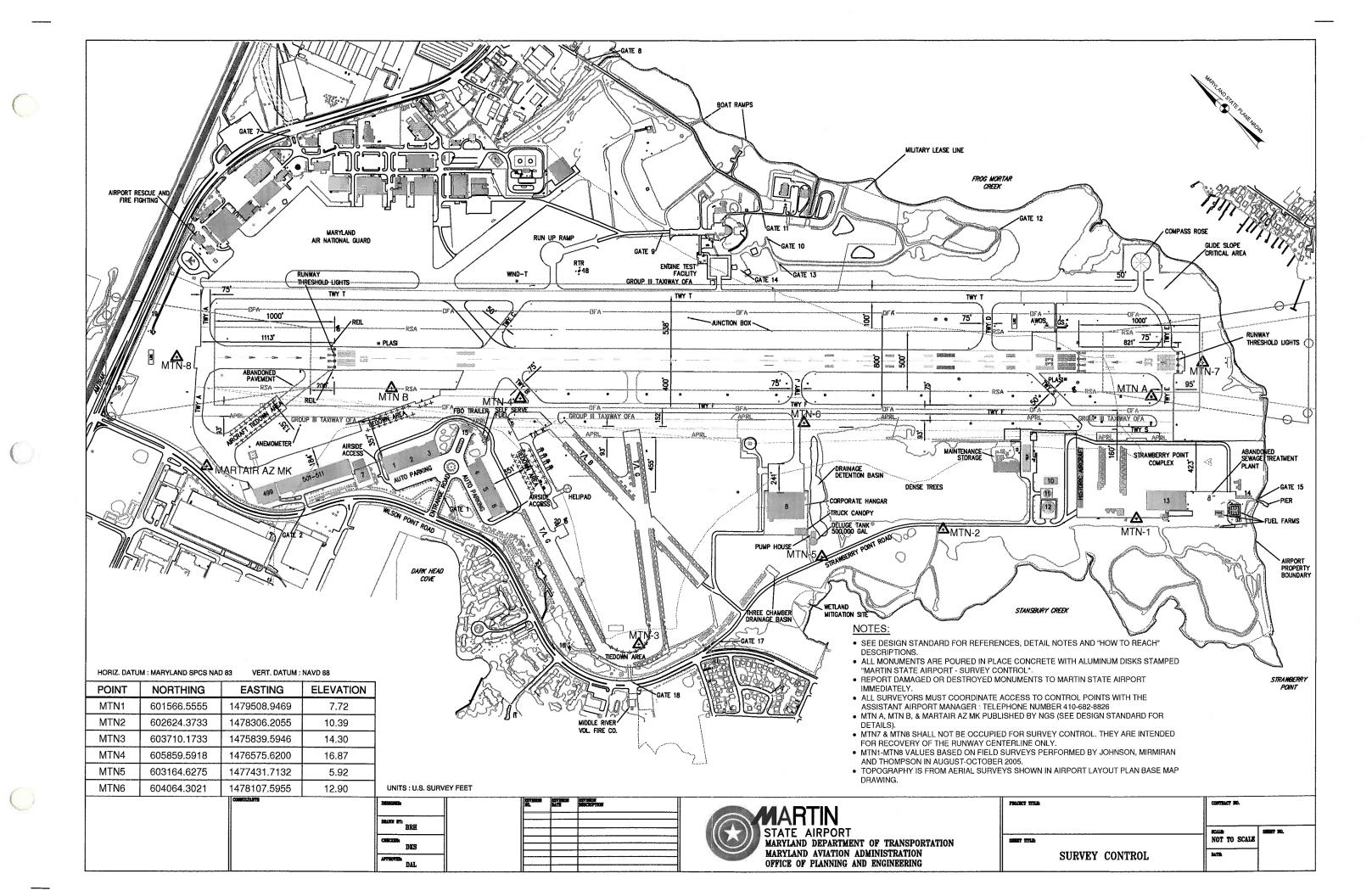


### **Survey Control Manual**

November 11, 2005

#### **Important Note:**

All Surveys Performed at Martin State Airport after November 11, 2005 are to Utilize this Manual and must be tied to the Martin State Airport Survey Control Network.



NAME OF STATION: MTN-1 DATE ESTABLISHED: August 2005

#### **MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):**

NORTHING (Y):

601566.5555 US ft.

183357.853 m

EASTING (X):

1479508.9469 US ft.

450955.229 m

ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):

7.72 US ft.

2.353 m

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

0°22'15.1" 0.99997943

SCALE FACTOR:

0.99991945

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

0.99998425

#### **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):**

LATITUDE:

39°19'01.04312" (N)

LONGITUDE:

76°24'32.83307" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

-100.628 US ft.

-30.671 m

#### **AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):**

POINT

**AZIMUTH** 51° 15' 50"

DISTANCE (US FT.) 1027.33 DISTANCE (m) 313.131

MTN A MTN-2

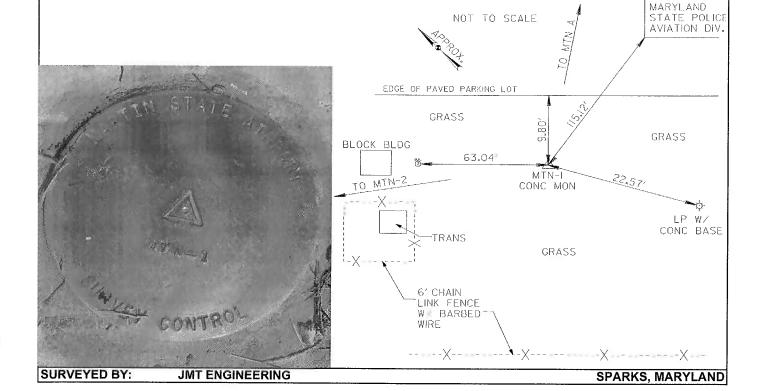
311° 19' 55"

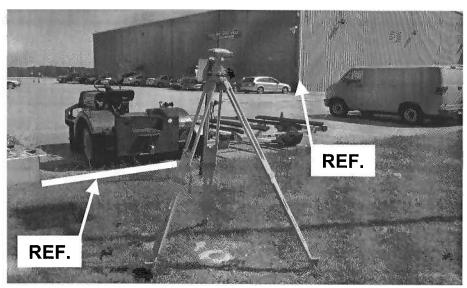
1601.77

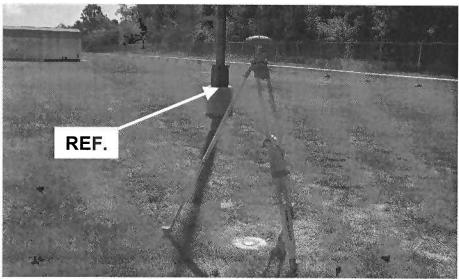
488.220

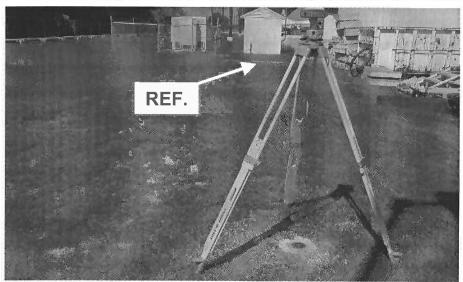
#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

To reach the monument from the traffic circle at MTN airport in front of the air traffic control tower, proceed S to Airside Access point by Hangars 4-6. After passing through the fence, proceed NE to the second Stop sign. Turn right and proceed SE past private plane hangars. Road will curve to the left, bearing North. At the intersection of T/L B and T/L G, turn right and proceed SE to Yield sign. Continue to Stop sign at Strawberry Point Road. Turn left on Strawberry Point Road. Continue past the entrance road to the maintenance shop and the salt dome. Road will turn to the left (North), passing along the back side of the historic aircraft display. Turn right (east) at the end of the road, continue to turn right, heading South along the front of the historic aircraft display. Monument is SW of the SW corner of the Strawberry Point Complex Maryland State Police hangar. Monument is 9.80' SW of the SW edge of paved parking lot, 63.04' SE of manhole in concrete, 22.57' NE of light pole with concrete base.









NAME OF STATION: MTN-2 DATE ESTABLISHED: August 2005

#### MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 602624.3733 US ft.

**EASTING (X):** 1478306.2055 US ft. 450588.633 m 3.167 m

183680.276 m

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 10.39 US ft.

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 0°22'05.5" **SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99997983 0.99998451

COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:

#### **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):**

LATITUDE: 39°19'11.57473" (N) LONGITUDE: 76°24'48.05001" (W)

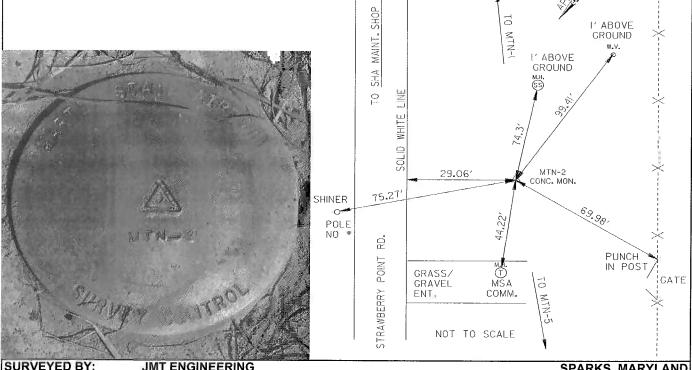
**ELLIPSOID HT:** -97.95 US ft. -29.854 m

#### AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):

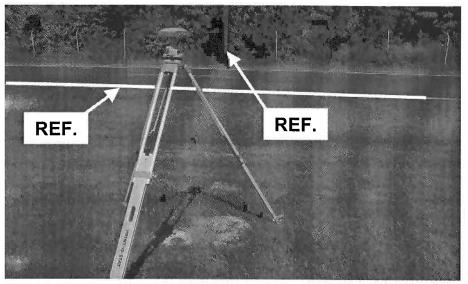
POINT	AZIMUTH	DISTANCE (US FT.)	DISTANCE (m)
MTN-1	131° 19' 55"	1601.78	488.224
MTN-5	301° 42' 27"	1027.94	313.317

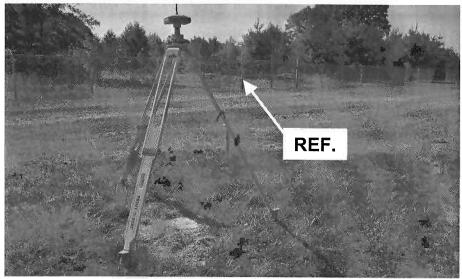
#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

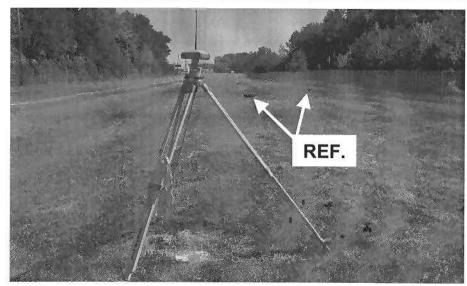
To reach the monument from the traffic circle at MTN airport in front of the air traffic control tower, proceed S to Airside Access point by Hangars 4-6. After passing through the fence, proceed NE to the second Stop sign. Turn right and proceed SE past private plane hangars. Road will curve to the left, bearing North. At the intersection of T/L B and T/L G, turn right and proceed SE to Yield sign. Continue to Stop sign at Strawberry Point Road. Turn left on Strawberry Point Road. Proceed 1874 feet (0.35 mi.). Continue past the pump house and water tank to a gravel/grass lane and the station on the right. Monument is located 29.06' SW of SW edge of Strawberry Point Road, 74.3' N of Sanitary Sewer manhole 1' above ground, 99.41' N of water valve 1' above ground, 69.98' E of punch mark in southern gate post, 44.22' S of communications manhole in grass/gravel drive, 75.27' SW of nail and shiner in pole with no number.



SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND







NAME OF STATION: MTN-3

DATE ESTABLISHED: August 2005

#### MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

603710.1733 US ft.

184011.229 m

**EASTING (X):** 

1475839,5946 US ft.

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

14.30 US ft.

449836.808 m

4.359 m

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

0°21'45.9"

**SCALE FACTOR:** 

0.99998024

0.99998473

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

39°19'22.46174" (N)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

76°25'19.34850" (W)

-93.995 US ft.

-28.650 m

#### AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):

**POINT** 

**AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 

MTN-4

18° 54' 10"

2272.00

MD 587

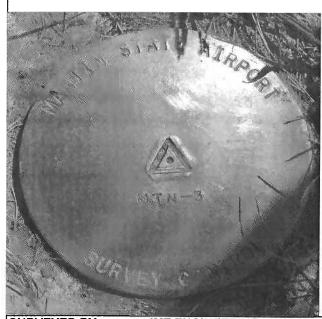
692.507

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

To reach the monument from the traffic circle at MTN airport in front of the air traffic control tower, proceed S to Airside Access point by Hangars 4-6. After passing through the fence, proceed NE to the second Stop sign. Turn right and proceed SE past private plane hangars. Where the road curves to the left, the station is on the left between aircraft tiedowns. Monument is 292.71' NE of punch mark in western gate post to MD 587, 105.35' NE of MAG Nail on same line, set in solid yellow line at center of taxiway, 77.21' N of MAG Nail set in solid yellow line at center of taxiway in line with Hanger #88, 35.74' N of N edge of taxiway on same line, 100.55' NW of MAG Nail set in solid yellow line at center of taxiway.

MIDDLE RIVER VOL. FIRE CO.

PUNCH

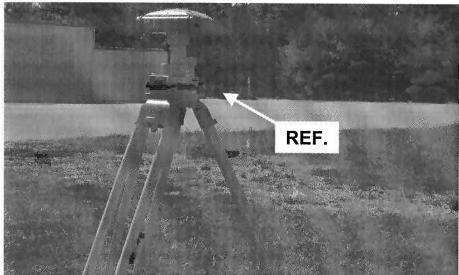


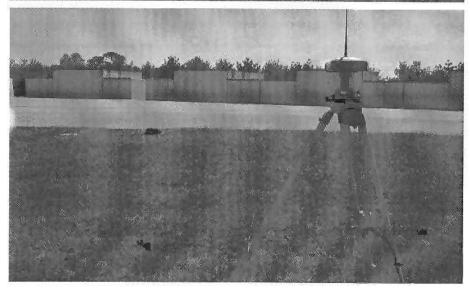
PINE TREES PINE TREES HANGARS EDGE OF PAVE #88 NOT TO SCALE 6" SOLID YELLOW LINE 84.49 EDGE OF PAVE GRASS TIE-DOWN AREA MTN-3 CONC. MON. MTN-4

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING







NAME OF STATION: MTN-4 DATE ESTABLISHED: August 2005

#### MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

 NORTHING (Y):
 605859.5918 US ft.
 184666.373 m

 EASTING (X):
 1476575.6200 US ft.
 450061.149 m

 ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):
 16.87 US ft.
 5.142 m

 CONVERGENCE ANGLE:
 0°21'51.9"

 SCALE FACTOR:
 0.99998104

 COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:
 0.99998542

#### **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):**

**LATITUDE**: 39°19'43.65932" (N) **LONGITUDE**: 76°25'09.80871" (W)

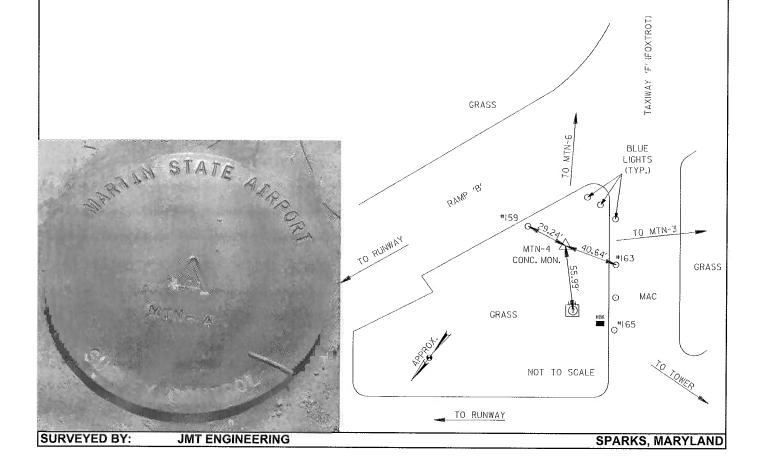
**ELLIPSOID HT:** -91.422 US ft. -27.865 m

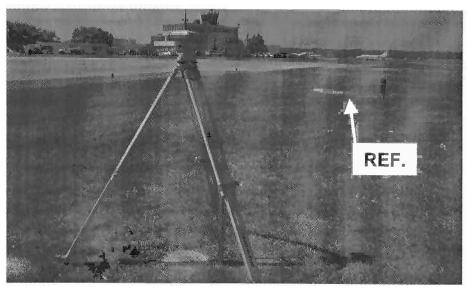
#### **AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):**

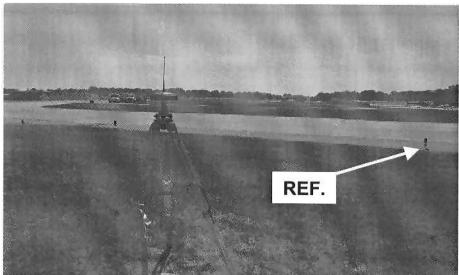
POINT	AZIMUTH	DISTANCE (US FT.)	DISTANCE (m)
MTN B	318° 58' 21"	1076.78	328.203
MTN-3	198° 54' 10"	2271.98	692.499
MTN-6	139° 31 29"	2360.13	719.369
MTN A	134° 20' 41"	5222.32	1591.765
MARTAIR AZ MK	302° 12' 00"	2675.15	815.387

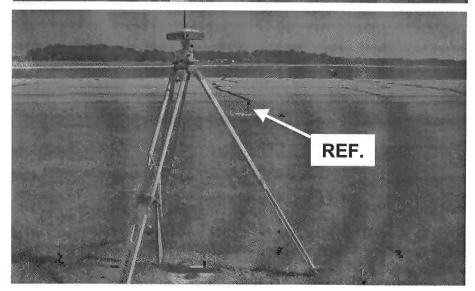
#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

To reach the monument from the traffic circle at MTN airport in front of the air traffic control tower, proceed S to Airside Access point by Hangars 4-6. After passing through the fence, proceed NE to the second Stop sign. Turn left and pass in front of the helicopter hangar. Proceed to small triangular grass island next to Taxiway B in front of the air-traffic control tower and station on the right. Permission must be granted from Tower Control to cross Taxiway 'F' on foot (must park and walk out to MTN-4). Monument is 29.24' SW of ground light #159, 40.64' NE of ground light #163, and 55.99' from center of manhole in concrete.









NAME OF STATION:

MTN-5

DATE ESTABLISHED: August 2005

#### MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

603164.6275 US ft.

183844.946 m

**EASTING (X):** 

1477431.7132 US ft.

450322.087 m

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88)** 

5.92 US ft.

1.804 m

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

0°21'58.6"

SCALE FACTOR:

0.99998003

COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:

0.99998493

#### **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):**

LATITUDE:

39°19'16.96973" (N)

LONGITUDE:

76°24'59.13338" (W)

-31.212 m

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

-102.401 US ft.

**AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):** 

**POINT** 

**AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 342.991

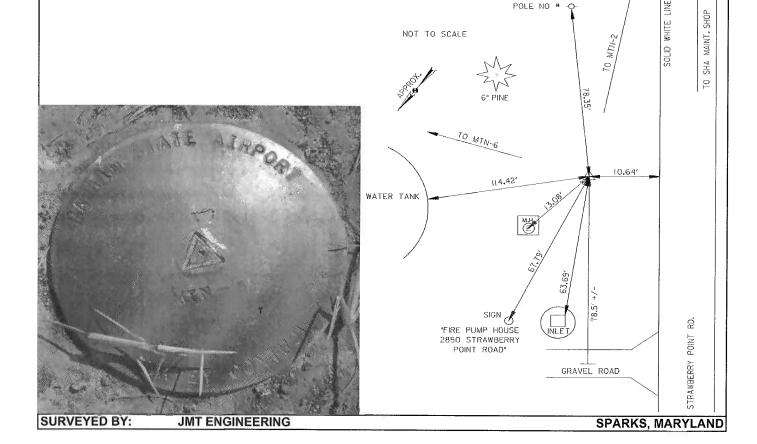
MTN-6 MTN-2

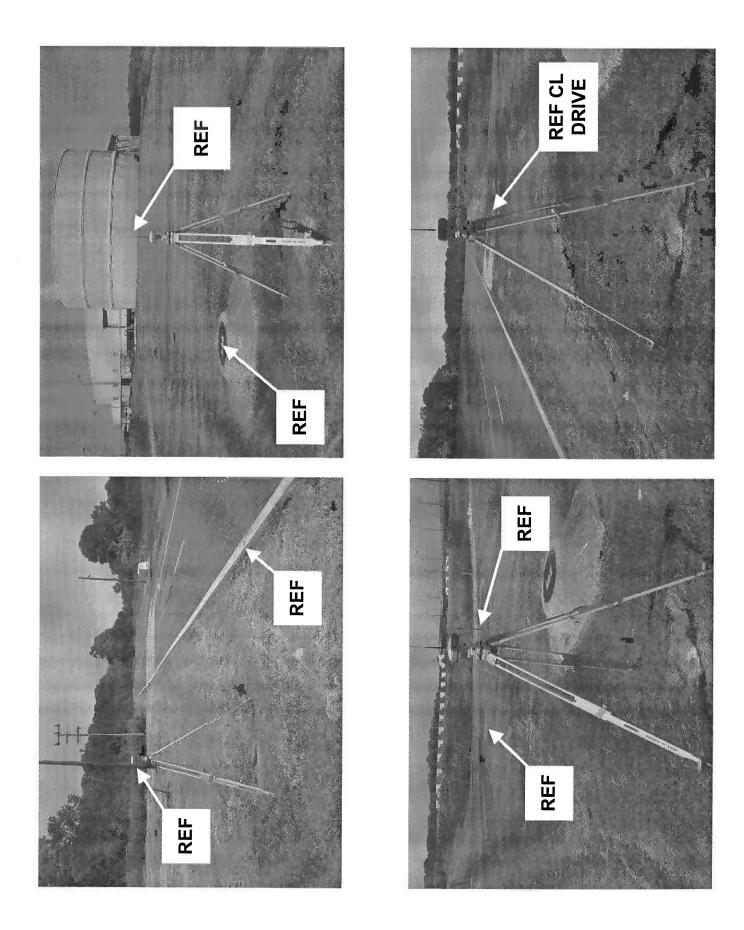
36° 54' 57" 121° 42' 27" 1125.30 1027.93

313.314

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

To reach the monument from the traffic circle at MTN airport in front of the air traffic control tower, proceed S to Airside Access point by Hangars 4-6. After passing through the fence, proceed NE to the second Stop sign. Turn right and proceed SE past private plane hangars. Road will curve to the left, bearing North. At the intersection of T/L B and T/L G, turn right and proceed SE to Yield sign. Continue to Stop sign at Strawberry Point Road. Turn left on Strawberry Point Road. Proceed 819 feet (0.16 mi.) to station the left. Station is located approximately 78.5 feet past the centerline of gravel/grass road (entrance to fire pump house/water tank). Monument is 63.69' SE of drop inlet in concrete near edge of gravel road, 67.79' SE of sign (Fire Pump House 2850 Strawberry Point Road), 114.42' S of face of water tower, 78.35' NW of guy pole with no number, and 10.64' NE of NE edge of Strawberry Point Road.





NAME OF STATION: MTN-6 DATE ESTABLISHED: August 2005

#### MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

NORTHING (Y): 604

EASTING (X): 1478107.5
ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88) 12

CONVERGENCE ANGLE:
SCALE FACTOR:
COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:

604064.3021 US ft. 1478107.5955 US ft. 12.90 US ft. 184119.168 m

450528.096 m

3.932 m

0°22'04.0" 0.99998036 0.99998493

#### **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):**

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

39°19'25.81887" (N) 76°24'50.45958" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

-95.427 US ft.

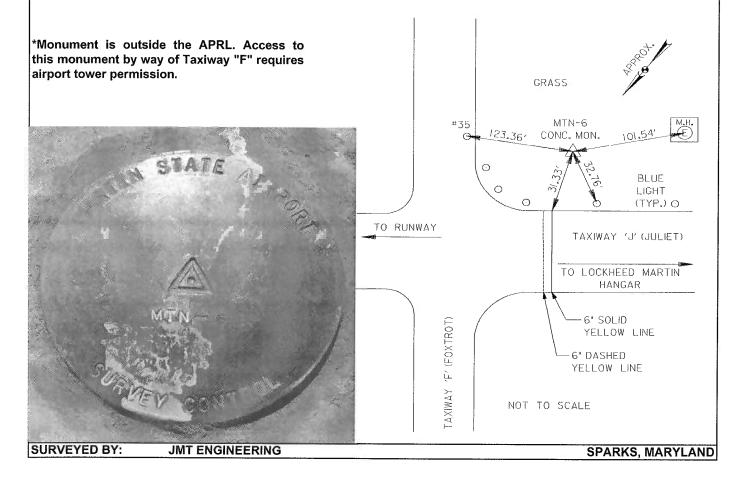
-29.086 m

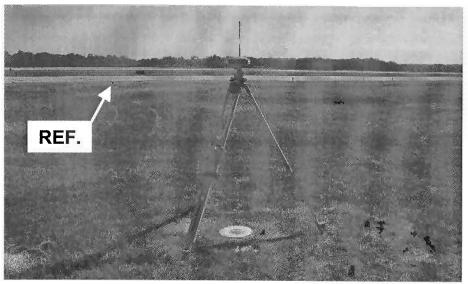
#### AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):

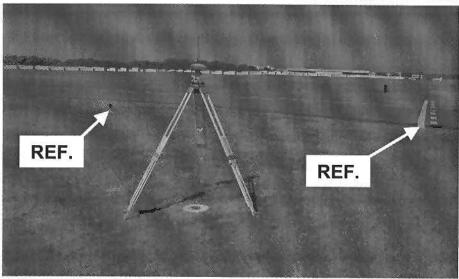
POINT	<u>AZIMUTH</u>	<b>DISTANCE (US FT.)</b>	DISTANCE (m)
MTN A	130° 06' 04"	2879.72	877.740
MTN-5	216° 54' 57"	1125.29	342.989
MTN-4	319° 31' 29"	2360.15	719.375
MTN-B	319° 21' 07"	3436.89	1047.566

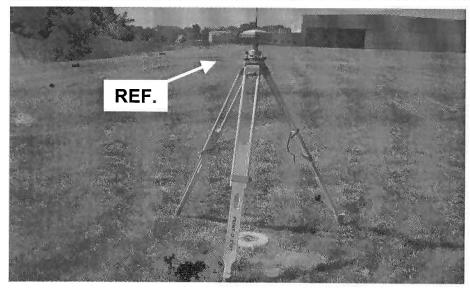
#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

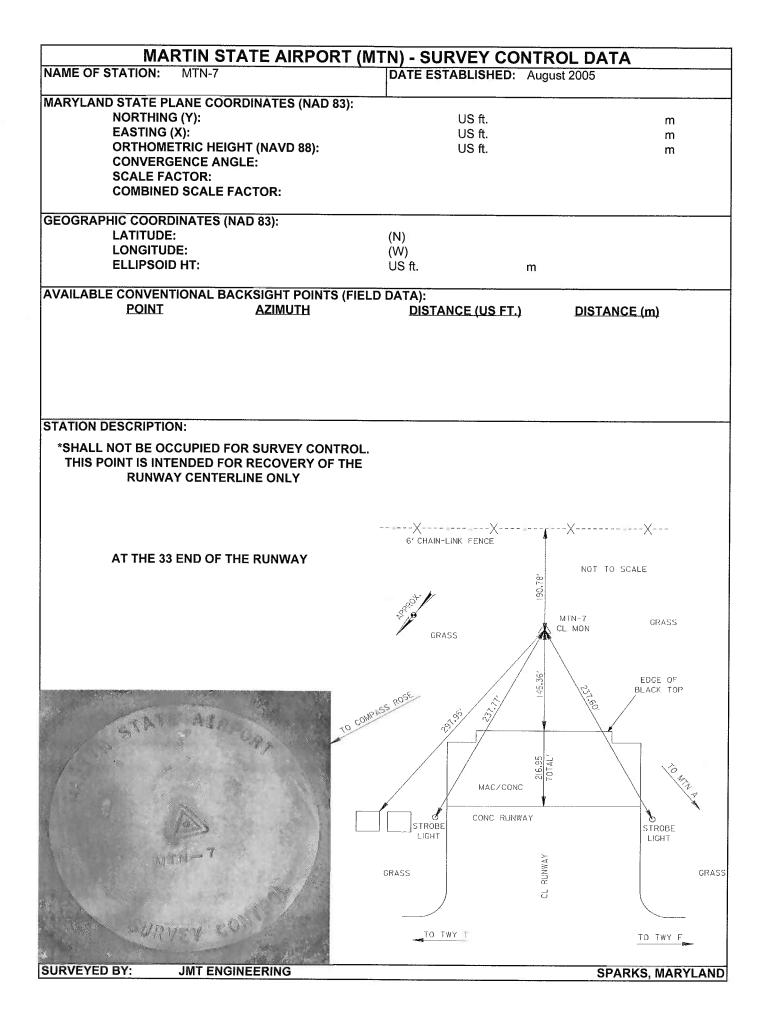
To reach the monument from the traffic circle at MTN airport in front of the air traffic control tower, proceed S to Airside Access point by Hangars 4-6. After passing through the fence, proceed NE to the second Stop sign. Turn right and proceed SE past private plane hangars. Road will curve to the left, bearing North. At the intersection of T/L B and T/L G, turn right and proceed SE to Yield sign. Continue to Stop sign at Strawberry Point Road. Turn left on Strawberry Point Road. Continue to the pump house and water tank on the left. Turn left into gravel lane. Park at pump house. Walk along fence and wetlands area to Taxiway F and the station on the right. Station is near the intersection of Taxiway F, Taxiway J, and the entrance road to Lockheed Martin's hangar/facility. Monument is 123.36' W of taxiway light #35, 101.54' NE of center of electric manhole 0.5' above ground, 32.76' SE of ground way light with no number, 31.33' S of S end 6" solid yellow line on Taxiway 'J'.

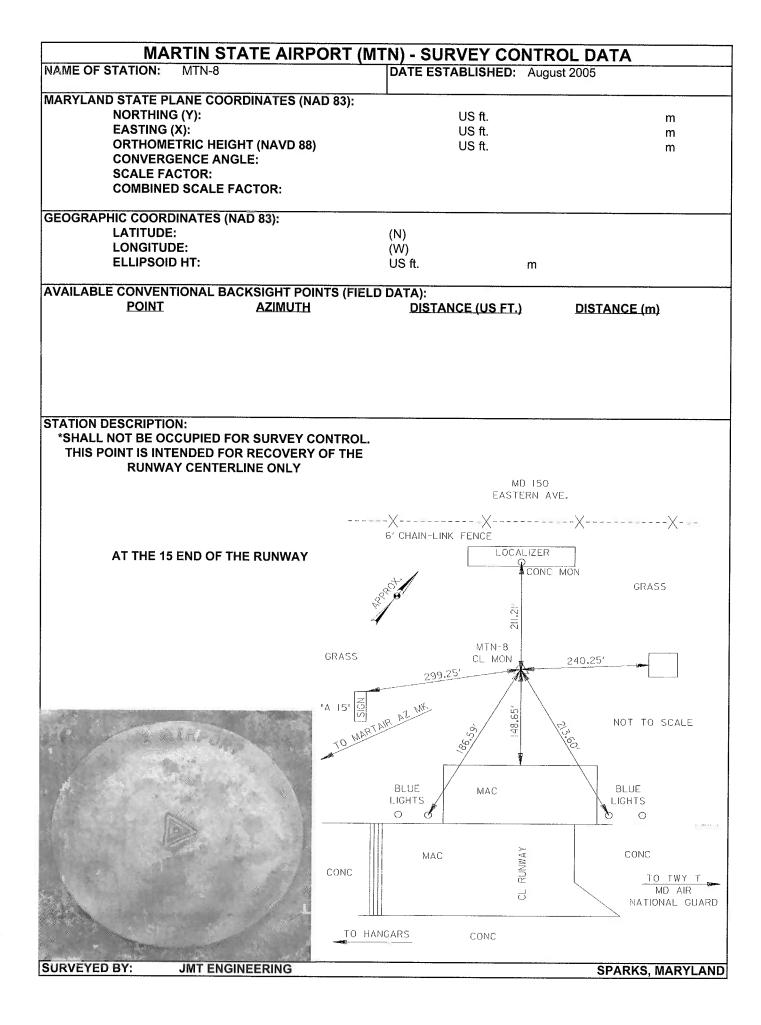












NAME OF STATION: MARTAIR AZ MK

DATE ESTABLISHED:

NGS PID:

JV6476

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

607285.0956 US ft.

185100.8676 m

**EASTING (X):** 

1474311.9473 US ft.

449371.18 m

6.311 m

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

20.71 US ft.

0°21'33.9"

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

SCALE FACTOR:

0.99998159

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

0.99998578

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39 19 57.88957 (N)

LONGITUDE:

076 25 38.50226 (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

-87.54 US ft.

-26.681 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):

**POINT** 

**AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

DISTANCE (m)

MTN B MTN-4

111° 29' 52" 122° 12' 00" 1673.275 2675.150 510.015 815.387

STATION DESCRIPTION:

SEE NGS DATASHEETS ATTACHED

HORZ ORDER - B VERT ORDER - THIRD

ELLP ORDER - FOURTH CLASS II



SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **DATASHEETS**

```
National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = NOVEMBER 8, 2005
JV6476 **
JV6476 PACS
                 - This is a Primary Airport Control Station.
JV6476 DESIGNATION - MARTAIR AZ MK
JV6476 PID
                - JV6476
JV6476 STATE/COUNTY- MD/BALTIMORE
JV6476 USGS QUAD - MIDDLE RIVER (1985)
JV6476
JV6476
                     *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
JV6476
JV6476* NAD 83(1991)- 39 19 57.88957(N) 076 25 38.50226(W)
                                                               ADJUSTED
JV6476* NAVD 88
                         6.311 (meters)
                                          20.71 (feet) ADJUSTED
JV6476
JV6476 X
               - 1,159,303.234 (meters)
                                                   COMP
JV6476 Y
               - -4,802,017.867 (meters)
                                                   COMP
JV6476 Z
               - 4,020,941_106 (meters)
                                                  COMP
JV6476 LAPLACE CORR-
                             -2.64 (seconds)
                                                       DEFLEC99
JV6476 ELLIP HEIGHT-
                           -26.67 (meters)
                                               (08/09/02) GPS OBS
JV6476 GEOID HEIGHT-
                            -32.99 (meters)
                                                       GEOID03
JV6476 DYNAMIC HT -
                            6.308 (meters)
                                             20.70 (feet) COMP
JV6476 MODELED GRAV-
                           980,107.4 (mgal)
                                                         NAVD 88
JV6476
JV6476 HORZ ORDER - B
JV6476 VERT ORDER - THIRD
JV6476 ELLP ORDER - FOURTH CLASS II
JV6476
JV6476. This mark is at Martin State Airport (MTN)
JV6476
JV6476. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations
JV6476.and adjusted by the National Geodetic Survey in March 1998.
JV6476
JV6476. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
JV6476.and adjusted by the National Geodetic Survey in February 1998.
JV6476
JV6476. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht.
JV6476
JV6476. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections.
JV6476
JV6476. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations
JV6476.and is referenced to NAD 83.
JV6476
JV6476. The geoid height was determined by GEOID03.
JV6476
JV6476. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
JV6476.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
JV6476. Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
JV6476.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
JV6476
JV6476. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
JV6476
JV6476;
                  North
                                  Units Scale Factor Converg.
                            East
```

```
- 185,100.867 449,371.180 MT 0.99998159 +0 21 33.9
JV6476:SPC MD
JV6476;SPC MD
                 - 607,285.09 1,474,311.95 sFT 0.99998159 +0 21 33.9
JV6476:UTM 18
                 - 4,354,674.286 376,980.708 MT 0.99978633 -0 54 17.3
JV6476
JV6476!

    Elev Factor x Scale Factor = Combined Factor

JV6476!SPC MD
                -1.00000418 \times 0.99998159 = 0.99998577
                 -1.00000418 \times 0.99978633 = 0.99979051
JV6476!UTM 18
JV6476
JV6476:
               Primary Azimuth Mark
                                            Grid Az
JV6476:SPC MD
                 - MARTAIR
                                             111 32 54.8
JV6476:UTM 18
                 - MARTAIR
                                             112 48 46.0
JV6476
JV6476|-----
JV6476| PID Reference Object
                                      Distance
                                                Geod. Az |
JV64761
                                     dddmmss.s I
JV6476I JV6144 MARTAIR
                                      496.478 METERS 1115428.7 |
JV6476|----
JV6476
JV6476
                    SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
JV6476
JV6476 ELLIP H (03/24/98) -26.61 (m)
                                              GP(
                                                     ) 4 1
JV6476 NAD 83(1991)- 39 19 57.88953(N) 076 25 38.50223(W) AD(
                                                               ) B
JV6476 ELLIP H (11/22/95) -26.61 (m)
                                              GP(
                                                   )11
JV6476 NAD 83(1991)- 39 19 57.88854(N)
                                      076 25 38.50294(W) AD(
                                                               ) 1
JV6476 ELLIP H (01/27/92) -26.53 (m)
                                              GP(
                                                     ) 4 1
JV6476 NAD 83(1986)- 39 19 57.88372(N) 076 25 38.51118(W) AD(
               - 39 19 57.49393(N) 076 25 39.65548(W) AD(
JV6476 NAD 27
                                                            ) 1
JV6476 NAVD 88 (03/24/98) 6.31 (m)
                                        20.7 (f) LEVELING 3
JV6476 NGVD 29 (11/20/87) 6.3 (m)
                                       21. (f) GPS OBS
JV6476
JV6476. Superseded values are not recommended for survey control.
JV6476.NGS no longer adjusts projects to the NAD 27 or NGVD 29 datums.
JV6476. See file dsdata.txt to determine how the superseded data were derived.
JV6476
JV6476 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ7698154674(NAD 83)
JV6476 MARKER: DZ = AZIMUTH MARK DISK
JV6476 SETTING: 7 = SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT
JV6476 SP SET: SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT
JV6476 STAMPING: MARTAIR 1985
JV6476 MARK LOGO: NGS
JV6476 MAGNETIC: N = NO MAGNETIC MATERIAL
JV6476_STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO
JV6476+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION
JV6476 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
JV6476+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - October 01, 2002
JV6476
JV6476 HISTORY
                 - Date
                          Condition
                                      Report By
JV6476 HISTORY
                 - 1985
                          MONUMENTED
                                           NGS
JV6476 HISTORY
                 - 19860123 GOOD
JV6476 HISTORY
                 - 19911107 GOOD
                                        NGS
JV6476 HISTORY
                 - 19940902 GOOD
                                        NGS
JV6476 HISTORY
                 - 19950201 GOOD
                                        MCCRON
JV6476 HISTORY - 19961010 GOOD
                                        NGS
```

 JV6476 HISTORY
 - 19970620 GOOD
 DMW

 JV6476 HISTORY
 - 19980928 GOOD
 DMW

 JV6476 HISTORY
 - 19990902 GOOD
 MDSHA

 JV6476 HISTORY
 - 20020929 GOOD
 JCLS

 JV6476 HISTORY
 - 20021001 GOOD
 JCLS

JV6476

JV6476 STATION DESCRIPTION

JV6476

JV6476'DESCRIBED BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1985 (RGP)

JV6476'THE STATION IS LOCATED ABOUT 16 KM (10 MI) EAST FROM THE APPROXIMATE JV6476'CENTER OF BALTIMORE, 5-1/2 KM (3-1/2 MI) SOUTH FROM WHITE MARSH JV6476'AND 1 KM (1/2 MI) EAST FROM THE APPROXIMATE CENTER OF MIDDLE JV6476'RIVER.

JV6476'

JV6476'OWNERSHIP--STATE OWNED PROPERTY.

JV6476'

JV6476'NO TO REACH NECESSARY.

JV6476'

JV6476'THE STATION SURFACE MARK IS A STANDARD NGS AZIMUTH MARK DISK JV6476'STAMPED--MARTAIR--1985 SET IN THE TOP OF A 25 CM (10 INCH) JV6476'ROUND CONCRETE POST WHICH IS FLUSH WITH THE SURFACE. THE SUB JV6476'SURFACE DISK IS IDENTICAL TO THE SURFACE MARK AND IT IS SET IN JV6476'A MASS OF CONCRETE 114 CM (45 INCHES) BELOW THE SURFACE. JV6476'

JV6476'THE MARK IS LOCATED 67.9 METERS (222.9 FT) EAST FROM THE EAST JV6476'CORNER OF THE MIDDLE RIVER POST OFFICE, 16.7 METERS (54.7 FT) EAST JV6476'NORTHEAST FROM THE NORTHEAST CURB OF THE STATE HIGHWAY 587, JV6476'23.0 METERS (75.6 FT) SOUTHWEST FROM THE EDGE OF A TAXI STRIP AND JV6476'0.5 METER (1.8 FT) SOUTHEAST FROM A CARSONITE WITNESS POST.

JV6476

JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1986)

JV6476

JV6476'RECOVERED 1986

JV6476'RECOVERED IN GOOD CONDITION.

JV6476

JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1991)

JV6476

JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1991

JV6476'THE STATION IS LOCATED AT THE NW END OF THE INNER TAXIWAY NEAR THE JV6476'INTERSECTION WITH TAXIWAY A WEST. THE STATION IS 45 FT (13.7 M) SW OF JV6476'THE CENTERLINE EXTENSION OF THE RAMP AREA TO THE EAST, 74.9 FT (22.8 JV6476'M) WEST OF THE WEST EDGE OF THE TAXIWAY, 135 FT (41.1 M) SW OF THE NW JV6476'CORNER OF ASPHALT, 180.4 FT (55.0 M) NW OF THE W CORNER OF A SIGN A, JV6476'AND 18.5 FT (5.6 M) EAST OF A FENCE. THE STATION IS A STANDARD NGS JV6476'DISK SET IN THE TOP OF A CONCRETE POST FLUSH WITH THE GROUND STAMPED JV6476'MARTAIR 1985.

JV6476

JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1994)

JV6476

JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1994 (RAH)

JV6476'RECOVERED IN GOOD CONDITION.

JV6476'

JV6476'CONTACT MR. JAKE WEST, AIRPORT MANAGER, MARTIN STATE AIRPORT, BOX 20,

JV6476'701 WILSON POINT ROAD, BALTIMORE, MD 21220, PHONE (410) 682-8810. JV6476' JV6476'TO REACH THE STATION FROM THE CONTROL TOWER, GO NORTHWESTERLY FOR JV6476'0.42 KM (0.25 MI) ALONG AN APRON AND TAXIWAY TO THE STATION ON THE RIGHT. JV6476' JV6476'THE STATION IS LOCATED 55.0 M (180.4 FT) NORTHEAST OF THE WEST CORNER JV6476'OF A SIGN A, 41.1 M (134.8 FT) SOUTHWEST OF THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF JV6476'ASPHALT PAVEMENT, 22.8 M (74.8 FT) WEST IF THE WEST EDGE OF THE JV6476'TAXIWAY, 5.6 M (18.4 FT) EAST OF A CHAIN LINK FENCE, AND THE MONUMENT JV6476'IS FLUSH WITH THE GROUND. JV6476' JV6476'DESCRIBED BY KLF. JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1995) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY J R MCCRONE JR INCORPORATED 1995 (HAS) JV6476'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED. JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1996) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1996 (AJL) JV6476'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED. JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1997) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY DAFT MCCUNE WALKER INCORPORATED 1997 (DMM) JV6476'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED. JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1998) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY DAFT MCCUNE WALKER INCORPORATED 1998 (JMS) JV6476'RECOVERED IN GOOD CONDITION. JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (1999) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY MARYLAND DOT HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION 1999 (DMM) JV6476'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (2002) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY JOHN CHANCE LAND SURVEYS INC 2002 (MRY) JV6476'RECOVERED IN GOOD CONDITION. JV6476 JV6476 STATION RECOVERY (2002) JV6476 JV6476'RECOVERY NOTE BY JOHN CHANCE LAND SURVEYS INC 2002

Elapsed Time = 00:00:00

JV6476'RECOVERED IN GOOD CONDITION.

^{***} retrieval complete.

NAME OF STATION: MTN A DATE ESTABLISHED:

NGS PID: AA9279

1989

**MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

602209.3862 US ft. 1480310.2956 US ft. 183553.788 m

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

5.4 US ft.

451199.481 m 1.64 m

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

0°22'21.5"

0.99997967

SCALE FACTOR:

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

0.99998459

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39 19 07.34515 (N)

LONGITUDE:

076 24 22.58368 (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

-102.92 US ft.

-31.370 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):

POINT	AZIMUTH	<b>DISTANCE (US FT.)</b>	DISTANCE (m)
MTN B	315° 08' 07"	6296.22	1919.092
MTN-6	310° 06' 04"	2879.73	877.743
MTN-4	314° 20' 41"	5222.33	1591,769
MTN-1	231° 15' 50"	1027.35	313.137

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

SEE NGS DATASHEETS ATTACHED

HORZ ORDER - FIRST

ELLP ORDER - FOURTH CLASS II



SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **DATASHEETS**

```
National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = NOVEMBER 8, 2005
AA9279 **
AA9279 SACS
                  - This is a Secondary Airport Control Station.
AA9279 DESIGNATION - MTN A
AA9279 PID
                - AA9279
AA9279 STATE/COUNTY- MD/BALTIMORE
AA9279 USGS QUAD - MIDDLE RIVER (1985)
AA9279
AA9279
                     *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
AA9279
AA9279* NAD 83(1991)- 39 19 07.34515(N)
                                         076 24 22.58368(W)
                                                               ADJUSTED
AA9279* NAVD 88
                         1.64 (meters)
                                          5.4 (feet) GPS OBS
AA9279
AA9279 X
               - 1,161,301.923 (meters)
                                                  COMP
AA9279 Y
               - -4.802.547.463 (meters)
                                                  COMP
AA9279 Z
               - 4,019,732.347 (meters)
                                                  COMP
AA9279 LAPLACE CORR-
                              -2.19 (seconds)
                                                       DEFLEC99
AA9279 ELLIP HEIGHT-
                           -31.37 (meters)
                                               (08/19/02) GPS OBS
AA9279 GEOID HEIGHT-
                            -33.03 (meters)
                                                      GEOID03
AA9279
AA9279 HORZ ORDER - FIRST
AA9279 ELLP ORDER - FOURTH CLASS II
AA9279
AA9279. This mark is at Martin State Airport (MTN)
AA9279. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations
AA9279.and adjusted by the National Geodetic Survey in April 1998.
AA9279
AA9279. The orthometric height was determined by GPS observations and a
AA9279.high-resolution geoid model.
AA9279
AA9279.GPS derived orthometric heights for airport stations designated as
AA9279.PACS or SACS are published to 2 decimal places. This maintains
AA9279.centimeter relative accuracy between the PACS and SACS. It does
AA9279.not indicate centimeter accuracy relative to other marks which are
AA9279.part of the NAVD 88 network.
AA9279
AA9279. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht.
AA9279
AA9279. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections.
AA9279
AA9279. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations
AA9279.and is referenced to NAD 83.
AA9279
AA9279. The geoid height was determined by GEOID03.
AA9279
AA9279;
                  North
                            East
                                   Units Scale Factor Converg.
AA9279;SPC MD
                   - 183,553.788 451,199.481 MT 0.99997967 +0 22 21.5
AA9279;SPC MD
                   - 602,209.39 1,480,310.30 sFT 0.99997967 +0 22 21.5
                  - 4,353,087.565 378,774.082 MT 0.99978094 -0 53 28.2
AA9279;UTM 18
AA9279
```

```
    Elev Factor x Scale Factor = Combined Factor

AA9279!SPC MD
                 -1.00000492 \times 0.99997967 = 0.99998459
                 -1.00000492 \times 0.99978094 = 0.99978586
AA9279!UTM 18
AA9279
AA9279
                   SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
AA9279
AA9279 ELLIP H (04/02/98) -31.31 (m)
                                             GP(
                                                    )42
AA9279 NAD 83(1991)- 39 19 07.34511(N) 076 24 22.58365(W) AD(
                                                             ) 1
AA9279 ELLIP H (11/30/95) -31.31 (m)
                                             GP(
                                                    ) 4 2
AA9279
AA9279.Superseded values are not recommended for survey control.
AA9279.NGS no longer adjusts projects to the NAD 27 or NGVD 29 datums.
AA9279. See file dsdata.txt to determine how the superseded data were derived.
AA9279
AA9279 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ7877453088(NAD 83)
AA9279 MARKER: DD = SURVEY DISK
AA9279 SETTING: 30 = SET IN A LIGHT STRUCTURE
AA9279 SP SET: SET IN A LIGHT STRUCTURE
AA9279 STAMPING: MTN A 1989
AA9279 MARK LOGO: NOS
AA9279_MAGNETIC: O = OTHER; SEE DESCRIPTION
AA9279 STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO
AA9279+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION
AA9279 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
AA9279+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - September 02, 1999
AA9279
AA9279 HISTORY
                 - Date
                         Condition
                                     Report By
AA9279 HISTORY - 1989
                         MONUMENTED
                                          NOS
AA9279 HISTORY - 19911107 GOOD
                                        NOS
AA9279 HISTORY - 19940902 GOOD
                                        NGS
AA9279 HISTORY
                 - 19961010 GOOD
                                        NGS
AA9279 HISTORY - 19990902 GOOD
                                        MDSHA
AA9279
AA9279
                   STATION DESCRIPTION
AA9279
AA9279'DESCRIBED BY NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE 1991
AA9279'THE STATION IS LOCATED AT THE MARTIN STATE AIRPORT SOUTHWEST OF RUNWAY
AA9279'END 32, AND NORTH OF THE PARALLEL TAXIWAY. THE STATION IS A STANDARD
AA9279'NOS DISK SET IN THE NE CORNER OF THE INNER CONCRETE SECTION OF A STORM
AA9279'DRAIN. THE STATION IS 126.6 FT (38.6 M) NW OF THE CENTERLINE OF A
AA9279'TAXIWAY, 70.7 FT (21.5 M) NNE OF TAXIWAY LIGHT 81, 118.0 FT (36.0 M)
AA9279'NE OF THE CENTERLINE OF THE PARALLEL TAXIWAY, AND 55.5 FT (16.9 M) SE
AA9279'OF THE SE CORNER OF A SIGN E. THE DISK IS STAMPED MTN A 1989.
AA9279
AA9279
                   STATION RECOVERY (1994)
AA9279
AA9279'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1994 (RAH)
AA9279'THE STATION IS LOCATED ABOUT 6.4 KM (3.95 MI) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF WHITE
AA9279'MARSH, 5.3 KM (3.30 MI) NORTHEAST OF ESSEX, AND 4.8 KM (3.00 MI)
AA9279'SOUTHWEST OF CHASE, NEAR THE NORTHEAST CORNEROF THE INNER CONCRETE
AA9279'SECTION OF A STORM DRAIN NEAR THE SOUTHEAST END OF THE ACTIVE RUNWAY
AA9279'14-32. OWNERSHIP- STATE OF MARYLAND. CONTACT MR. JAKE WEST, AIRPORT
AA9279'MANAGER, MARTIN STATE AIRPORT, BOX 20, 701 WILSON POINT ROAD,
```

AA9279'BALTIMORE, MD 21220, PHONE (410) 682-8810.

AA9279'

AA9279'TO REACH THE STATION FROM THE CONTROL TOWER, GO SOUTHEAST FOR 1.12 KM AA9279'(0.70 MI) ALONG AN APRON AND THE SOUTHERN PARALLEL TAXIWAY TO RUNWAY AA9279'14-32 AND THE STATION ON THE LEFT.

AA9279'

AA9279'THE STATION IS LOCATED 38.6 M (126.6 FT) NORTHWEST OF THE CENTERLINE AA9279'OF A CONNECTING TAXIWAY, 36.0 M (118.1 FT) NORTHEAST OF THE PARALLEL AA9279'TAXIWAY, 21.5 M (70.5 FT) NORTH-NORTHEAST OF A TAXIWAY LIGHT NUMBER AA9279'81, AND 16.9 M (55.4 FT) SOUTHEAST OF THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF A SIGN AA9279'E.

AA9279'

AA9279'DESCRIBED BY KLF.

AA9279

AA9279

STATION RECOVERY (1996)

AA9279

AA9279'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1996 (AJL)

AA9279'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED.

AA9279

AA9279

STATION RECOVERY (1999)

AA9279

AA9279'RECOVERY NOTE BY MARYLAND DOT HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION 1999 (DMM) AA9279'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED

Elapsed Time = 00:00:00

^{***} retrieval complete.

NAME OF STATION: MTN B NGS PID: AI4374

DATE ESTABLISHED:

1998

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

606671.9075 US ft. 1475868.8004 US ft.

184913.9672 m

EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):

16.8 US ft.

449845.7101 m

5.12 m

CONVERGENCE ANGLE:

0°21'46.3"

SCALE FACTOR:

0.99998135

COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:

0.99998573

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39 19 51.73216 (N)

LONGITUDE:

076 25 18.73818 (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

-91.417 US ft.

-27.864 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (FIELD DATA):

POINT	AZIMUTH	<b>DISTANCE (US FT.)</b>	DISTANCE (m)
MARTAIR AZ MK	291° 29' 52"	1673.30	510.023
MTN-4	138° 58' 21"	1076.79	328.206
MTN-6	139° 21' 07"	3436.91	1047.572
MTN A	135° 08' 07"	6296.23	1919.095

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

SEE NGS DATASHEETS ATTACHED

HORZ ORDER - FIRST ELLP ORDER - FOURTH CLASS I



SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **DATASHEETS**

```
National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = NOVEMBER 8, 2005
AI4374 SACS
                 - This is a Secondary Airport Control Station.
Al4374 DESIGNATION - MTN B
Al4374 PID
               - Al4374
AI4374 STATE/COUNTY- MD/BALTIMORE
Al4374 USGS QUAD - MIDDLE RIVER (1985)
AI4374
AI4374
                    *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
AI4374
Al4374* NAD 83(1991)- 39 19 51.73216(N)
                                         076 25 18.73818(W)
                                                              ADJUSTED
AI4374* NAVD 88
                        5.12 (meters)
                                         16.8 (feet) GPS OBS
Al4374
Al4374 X
              - 1,159,791.391 (meters)
                                                  COMP
Al4374 Y
               - -4,802,022.850 (meters)
                                                  COMP
Al4374 Z
              - 4,020,793.468 (meters)
                                                  COMP
AI4374 LAPLACE CORR-
                             -2.55 (seconds)
                                                       DEFLEC99
AI4374 ELLIP HEIGHT-
                           -27.87 (meters)
                                               (10/28/02) GPS OBS
Al4374 GEOID HEIGHT-
                            -33.00 (meters)
                                                      GEOID03
AI4374
AI4374 HORZ ORDER - FIRST
Al4374 ELLP ORDER - FOURTH CLASS I
AI4374
Al4374. This mark is at Martin State Airport (MTN)
AI4374
Al4374. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations
Al4374.and adjusted by the National Geodetic Survey in March 2000.
AI4374
Al4374. The orthometric height was determined by GPS observations and a
Al4374.high-resolution geoid model.
Al4374
Al4374.GPS derived orthometric heights for airport stations designated as
Al4374.PACS or SACS are published to 2 decimal places. This maintains
Al4374.centimeter relative accuracy between the PACS and SACS. It does
Al4374.not indicate centimeter accuracy relative to other marks which are
Al4374.part of the NAVD 88 network.
AI4374
Al4374. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht.
AI4374
Al4374. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections.
Al4374. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations
Al4374.and is referenced to NAD 83.
AI4374
Al4374. The geoid height was determined by GEOID03.
AI4374
AI4374:
                  North
                                  Units Scale Factor Converg.
                            East
AI4374:SPC MD
                  - 184,913.967 449,845.710 MT 0.99998135 +0 21 46.3
Al4374;SPC MD
                  - 606,671.91 1,475,868.80 sFT 0.99998135 +0 21 46.3
AI4374;UTM 18
                  - 4,354,477.001 377,450.907 MT 0.99978491 -0 54 04.7
AI4374
```

- Elev Factor x Scale Factor = Combined Factor AI4374!SPC MD  $-1.00000437 \times 0.99998135 = 0.99998572$ Al4374!UTM 18  $-1.00000437 \times 0.99978491 = 0.99978928$ Al4374 Al4374 SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL AI4374 Al4374 ELLIP H (03/31/00) -27.86 (m) GP( )41 Al4374. Superseded values are not recommended for survey control. Al4374.NGS no longer adjusts projects to the NAD 27 or NGVD 29 datums. Al4374. See file dsdata txt to determine how the superseded data were derived. Al4374 AI4374_U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ7745154477(NAD 83) Al4374 MARKER: DD = SURVEY DISK Al4374 SETTING: 7 = SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT Al4374 SP SET: SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT Al4374 STAMPING: MTN B 1998 Al4374 MARK LOGO: MDSHA Al4374_MAGNETIC: N = NO MAGNETIC MATERIAL

AI4374 STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO

AI4374+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION

AI4374_SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR

Al4374+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - 1998

Al4374

AI4374 HISTORY - Date Condition Report By Al4374 HISTORY - 1998 MONUMENTED **MDSHA** 

Al4374

Al4374 STATION DESCRIPTION

Al4374

AI4374'DESCRIBED BY MARYLAND DOT HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION 1998 (DMM) AI4374'STATION IS LOCATED ON THE MARTIN STATE AIRPORT BETWEEN RUNWAY 15-33 AI4374'AND AN AIRCRAFT TIE-DOWN AREA NEAR HANGAR 2. IT IS 199.8 FT (60.9 M) Al4374'SSW OF RUNWAY LIGHT 2, 169.2 FT (51.6 M) NE OF THE NE EDGE OF THE AI4374'TIE-DOWN AREA, 156.0 FT (47.5 M) SW OF THE SW EDGE OF THE RUNWAY. Al4374'152.7 FT (46.5 M) W OF RUNWAY LIGHT 3, 35.5 FT (10.8 M) N OF A AI4374'DRAINAGE INLET AND 2.7 FT (0.8 M) SW OF A CARSONITE WITNESS POST. AI4374'MONUMENT IS A MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION DISK SET IN THE AI4374'TOP OF A 12 IN ROUND CONCRETE POST WHICH IS FLUSH WITH THE GROUND.

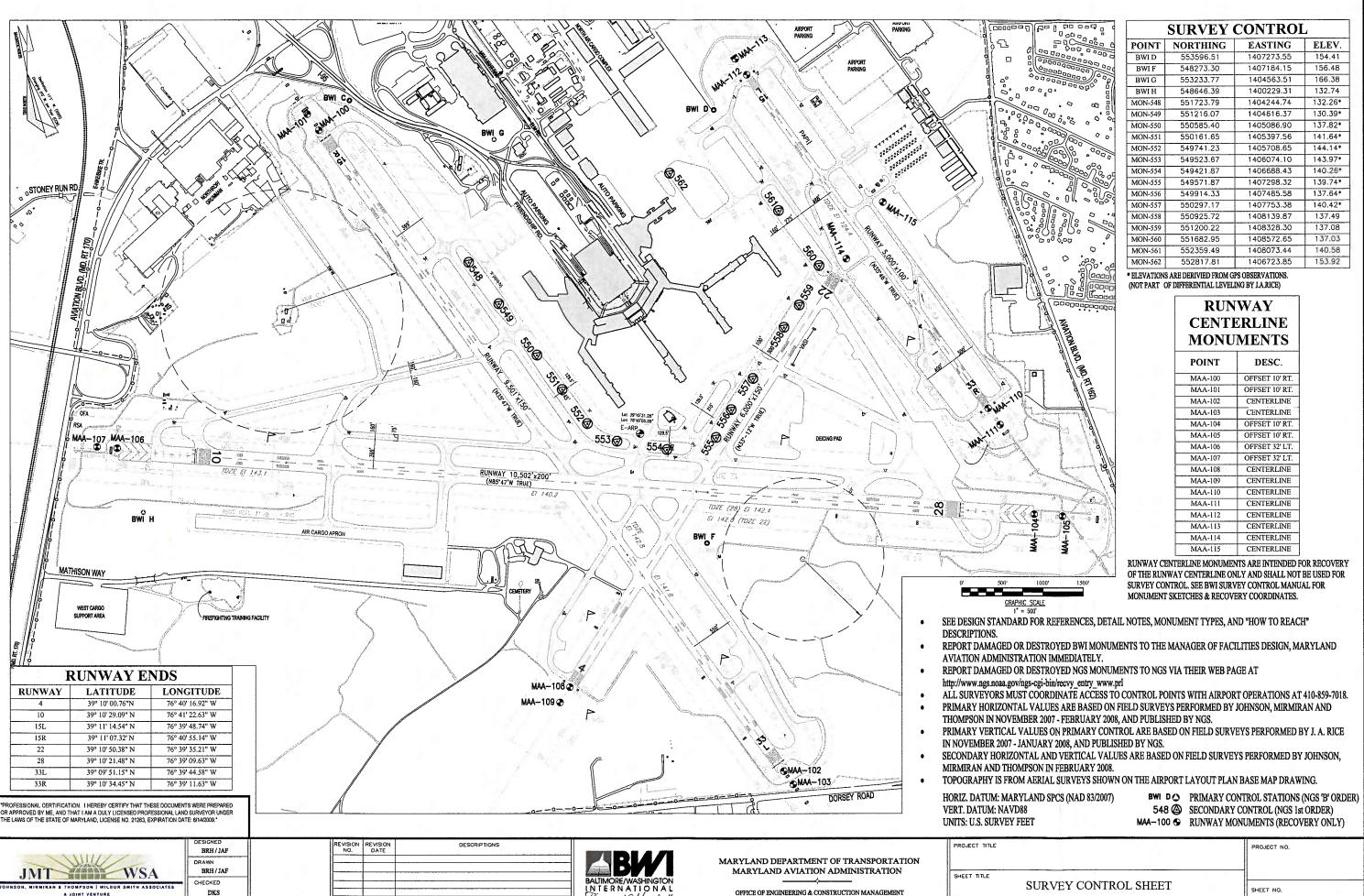
Elapsed Time = 00:00:00

^{***} retrieval complete.

# BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT SURVEY CONTROL MANUAL







APPROVED

DAL

DIVISION OF FACILITES DESIGN

SCALE

1" = 500'

DATE SEPTEMBER 25, 2008

# Immediately report any damaged or destroyed monumentation.

Please notify
NGS
and the
Manager of Facilities Design,
Maryland Aviation
Administration

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: BWID DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991 NGS PID: AB6219 **READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 553596,506 US ft. 168736.553 m **EASTING (X):** 1407273.545 US ft. 428937.834 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 154.406 US ft. 47.063 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 0° 12' 36.8" **SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996449 **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996224 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 11' 10.53800" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 54.19499" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 47.12 US ft. 14.363 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MON-561 147°19'19.2' 1473.10 449.003 MON-562 215°25'44.0' 953.17 290.527 STATION DESCRIPTION: SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS LOCATION PLAN **DETAIL MAP** GRASS NOT TO SCALE CONCRETE FREIGHT RAMP GRASS Ś DRAINE 82.6 21 NOS SURVEY CONTROL BRASS DISK IN CONCRETE STAMPED TAXIWAY B BWI D 1991 CRASS GRASS

SPARKS, MARYLAND

JMT ENGINEERING

SURVEYED BY:

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA**

NAME OF STATION:

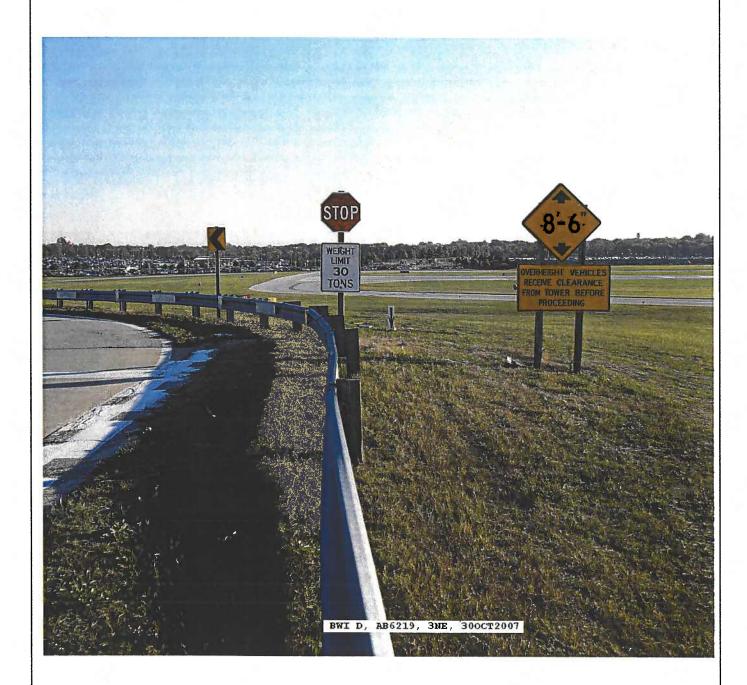
BWI D

DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991

NGS PID:

AB6219

READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007



SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: BWID DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991 NGS PID: AB6219 **READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007** National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 25, 2008 AB6219 SACS - This is a Secondary Airport Control Station. AB6219 DESIGNATION - BWI D AB6219 PID - AB6219 AB6219 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL AB6219 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974) AB6219 AB 62 19 *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL AB 62 19 AB6219* NAD 83(2007) - 39 11 10.53800(N) 076 39 54.19499(W) AB6219* NAVD 88 - 47.063 (meters) 154.41 (feet) ADJUSTED AB6219 AB6219 EPOCH DATE - 2002.00 AB6219 X - 1,141,753.123 (meters) COMP AB6219 Y AB6219 Z - -4,816,831.114 (meters) COMP - 4,008,374.848 (meters) COMP AB6219 LAPLACE CORR--5.39 (seconds) DEFLEC99 AB6219 ELLIP HEIGHT-(02/10/07) ADJUSTED 14.363 (meters) AB6219 GEOID HEIGHT--32.67 (meters) GEOIDO3 AB6219 DYNAMIC HT -47.038 (meters) 154.32 (feet) COMP AB6219 AB6219 ----- Accuracy Estimates (at 95% Confidence Level in cm) -----AB6219 Type PID Designation North East Ellip AB6219 -----AB6219 NETWORK AB6219 BWI D 1.08 0.78 2.10 AB6219 -----AB6219 MODELED GRAV- 980,094.8 (mgal) NAVD 88 AB6219 VERT ORDER - FIRST CLASS II AB6219 AB6219. This mark is at Baltimore-Washington Int'l Airport (BWI) AB6219 AB6219. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations AB6219.and adjusted by the National Geodetic Survey in February 2007. AB6219. The datum tag of NAD 83(2007) is equivalent to NAD 83(NSRS2007). AB6219. See National Readjustment for more information. AB6219. The horizontal coordinates are valid at the epoch date displayed above. AB6219. The epoch date for horizontal control is a decimal equivalence AB6219.of Year/Month/Day. AB6219. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling AB6219 and adjusted in June 2008. AB6219 No vertical observational check was made to the station. AB6219 AB6219. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht. AB6219. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections. AB6219 AB6219. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations

AB6219. The geoid height was determined by GEOIDO3.

SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING

AB6219.and is referenced to NAD 83.

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA**

NAME OF STATION: BWI D
NGS PID: DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991
READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007

```
AB 62 19
AB6219. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
AB6219.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
AB6219 Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
AB6219.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
AB6219
AB6219 The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
AB6219;
                          North
                                       East Units Scale Factor Converg.
                  - 168,736.553 428,937.834 MT 0.99996449 +0 12 36.8
AB6219; SPC MD
AB6219; SPC MD
                  - 553,596.51 1,407,273.54 sFT 0.99996449 +0 12 36.8
AB6219;UTM 18
                 - 4,338,766.916 356,194.692 MT 0.99985463 -1 03 08.0
AB6219
AB6219!
                   - Elev Factor x Scale Factor = Combined Factor
                 - 0.99999775 x 0.99996449 = 0.99996224
AB6219!SPC MD
AB6219!UTM 18 - 0.99999775 x 0.99985463 = 0.99985238
AB6219
AB6219
                               SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
AB6219
AB6219 ELLIP H (10/28/02) 14.378 (m)
                                                             GP (
                                                                       ) 4 2
AB6219 NAD 83(1991) - 39 11 10.53909(N)
                                           076 39 54.19473(W) AD(
                                                                       ) 1
AB6219 ELLIP H (05/31/01) 14.449 (m)
                                                             GP (
                                                                       ) 4 2
AB6219
AB6219. Superseded values are not recommended for survey control.
AB6219.NGS no longer adjusts projects to the MAD 27 or NGVD 29 datums.
AB6219 See file dsdata.txt to determine how the superseded data were derived.
AB6219
AB6219 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ5619538767(NAD 83)
AB6219 MARKER: DD = SURVEY DISK
AB6219 SETTING: 7 = SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT
AB6219 STAMPING: BWI D 1991
AB6219 MARK LOGO: NOS
AB6219 PROJECTION: RECESSED 5 CENTIMETERS
AB6219 MAGNETIC: N = NO MAGNETIC MATERIAL
AB6219 STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO
AB6219+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION
AB6219 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
AB6219+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 07, 2007
AB6219
AB6219 HISTORY
                   - Date
                              Condition
                                              Report By
AB6219 HISTORY
                  - 1991
                              MONUMENTED
                                              NOS
AB6219 HISTORY - 20001130 GOOD
AB6219 HISTORY - 20071107 GOOD
                                              NGS
                                               JARICE
AB6219
```

SURVEYED BY:

NAME OF STATION: BWID

DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991

NGS PID:

AB6219

**READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007** 

AB6219

STATION DESCRIPTION

AB6219

AB6219'DESCRIBED BY NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE 1991 (DAH)

AB6219'THE STATION IS LOCATED IN THE NORTH PART OF THE AIRPORT AT THE EAST AB6219'CORNER OF A LARGE CONCRETE FREIGHT RAMP. IT IS 590 FT (179.8 M) SW OF AB6219'THE CL END OF RWY 15L, NW OF THE INTERSECTION OF A TAXIWAY CL AND AN AB6219'ILS HOLD LINE AND ON RANGE WITH THE HOLD LINE. IT IS 82.6 FT (25.2 M) AB6219'NORTH OF THE CENTER OF A 3 FT (0.9 M) X 4 FT (1.2 M) STEEL DRAIN AND AB6219'21.9 FT (6.7 M) EAST OF THE EAST CORNER OF THE RAMP (V-4-91 CHSQ). IT AB6219'IS AT THE TOP OF A SLOPE AND JUST OUTSIDE A STEEL QUARDRAIL FOR A AB6219'SERVICE ROAD. IT AN NOS DISK STAMPED BWI D 1991 AND SET IN THE TOP OF

AB6219'A CONCRETE POST FLUSH WITH THE GROUND.

AB6219

AB6219

STATION RECOVERY (2000)

AB6219

AB6219' RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 2000 (APF)

AB6219'THE STATION IS LOCATED ON THE BALTIMORE-WASHINGTON

AB6219' INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT AT THE EAST CORNER OF A LARGE CONCRETE

AB6219'FREIGHT RAMP.

AB6219'TO REACH THE STATION FROM GATE L, KEEP PROCEEDING STRAIGHT IN A

AB6219'SOUTHWEST DIRECTION FOR O.1 MI TO A PERIMETER ROAD, TURN RIGHT,

AB6219'HEADING NORTH, AND FOLLOW PERIMETER ROAD FOR 0.65 MI TO THE

AB6219'STATION ON THE LEFT AT THE TOP OF A SLOPE AND JUST OUTSIDE A STEEL

AB6219'GUARDRAIL FOR THE PERIMETER ROAD.

AB6219'THE STATION IS 590.0 FT SOUTHWEST FROM THE CENTERLINE END OF

AB6219'RUNWAY END 15L, 21.9 FT EAST OF THE EAST CORNER OF A CONCRETE

AB6219' MAINTENANCE AND FREIGHT RAMP, 82.6 FT NORTH OF THE CENTER OF A 3

AB6219'BY 4-FOOT STEEL DRAIN, AND THE MONUMENT IS FLUSH WITH THE GROUND

AB6219'SURFACE. NOTE -- THIS STATION HAS BEEN DESIGNATED A SACS.

AB62191

AB6219

AB6219 AB6219 STATION RECOVERY (2007)

AB6219'RECOVERY NOTE BY J A RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

AB6219'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED.

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: BWIF DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991 NGS PID: AA9297 READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007 MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 548273.296 US ft. 167114.035 m **EASTING (X):** 1407184.150 US ft. 428910.587 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 156.483 US ft. 47.696 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 0° 12' 35.9" **SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996314 **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996079 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 17.92645" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 55.57814" (W) 49.13 US ft. **ELLIPSOID HT:** 14.975 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **DISTANCE (US FT.)** POINT **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (m)** MON-554 336°51'54.6' 1250.99 381.301 MON-555 5°14'03.7" 1303.58 397.332 MON-556 10°37'05.6" 1668.49 508.558 STATION DESCRIPTION: SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS **LOCATION PLAN DETAIL MAP** GRASS GRASS RUNWAY 10-28 -RUNWAY LIGHTS (TYP.) PUMP NOS SURVEY CONTROL BRASS DISK IN CONCRETE STAMPED BWI F 1991 SERVICE ROAD 1200 VORTAC GRASS NOT TO SCALE GRASS SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

NAME OF STATION:

BWIF

DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991

NGS PID:

AA9297

1991

READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007



SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

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BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA
NAME OF STATION: BWIF
                                   DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991
NGS PID:
              AA9297
                                                  READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007
       National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 25, 2008
  AA9297 PACS - This is a Primary Airport Control Station.
  AA9297 DESIGNATION - BWI F
  AA9297 PID - AA9297
  AA9297 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
  AA9297 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
  AA9297
  AA9297
                            *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
  AA9297
  AA9297* NAD 83(2007) - 39 10 17.92645(N) 076 39 55.57814(W)
                                                           ADJUSTED
  AA9297* NAVD 88 - 47.696 (meters) 156.48 (feet) ADJUSTED
  AA9297
  AA9297 EPOCH DATE - 2002.00
  AA9297 X
                  - 1,141,957.332 (meters)
                                                           COMP
                  - -4,817,836.584 (meters)
  AA9297 Y
                                                           COMP
  AA9297 Z
                  - 4,007,117.534 (meters)
                                                           COMP
                      -5.43 (seconds)
  AA9297 LAPLACE CORR-
                                                           DEFLEC99
                           14.975 (meters) (02/10/07) ADJUSTED
  AA9297 ELLIP HEIGHT-
  AA9297 GEOID HEIGHT- -32.68 (meters)
                                                           GEOIDO3
  AA9297 DYNAMIC HT -
                            47.671 (meters) 156.40 (feet) COMP
  AA9297
  AA9297 ----- Accuracy Estimates (at 95% Confidence Level in cm) -----
  AA9297 Type PID Designation
                                            North East Ellip
  AA9297 -----
  AA9297 NETWORK AA9297 BWI F
                                                   1.02 0.73 2.08
        _____
  AA9297
  AA9297 MODELED GRAV- 980,092.5 (mgal)
                                                          NAVD 88
  AA9297
  AA9297 VERT ORDER - FIRST CLASS II
  AA9297. This mark is at Baltimore-Washington Int'l Airport (BWI)
  AA9297. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations
  AA9297 and adjusted by the National Geodetic Survey in February 2007.
  AA9297. The datum tag of NAD 83 (2007) is equivalent to NAD 83 (NSRS2007).
  AA9297. See National Readjustment for more information.
  AA9297. The horizontal coordinates are valid at the epoch date displayed above.
  AA9297. The epoch date for horizontal control is a decimal equivalence
  AA9297.of Year/Month/Day.
  AA9297
  AA9297. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
  AA9297.and adjusted in June 2008.
  AA9297 No vertical observational check was made to the station.
  AA9297
  AA9297. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht.
  AA9297
  AA9297. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections.
  AA9297. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations
  AA9297.and is referenced to NAD 83.
  AA9297
  AA9297. The geoid height was determined by GEOIDO3.
SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING
                                                          SPARKS, MARYLAND
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BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA
NAME OF STATION: BWIF
                                      DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991
NGS PID:
               AA9297
                                                      READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007
AA9297
AA9297. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
AA9297.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
AA9297.Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
AA9297.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
AA9297
AA9297. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
AA9297
                                       East Units Scale Factor Converg.
AA9297;
                         North
AA9297; SPC MD
                   - 167,114.035 428,910.587 MT 0.99996314 +0 12 35.9
                   - 548,273.30 1,407,184.15 sFT 0.99996314 +0 12 35.9
AA9297;SPC MD
AA9297:UTM 18
                   - 4,337,145.570 356,131.715 MT 0.99985486 -1 03 07.7
AA9297
AA9297!
                   - Elev Factor x Scale Factor =
                                                      Combined Factor
AA9297!SPC MD
                   - 0.99999765 x 0.99996314 =
                                                      0.99996079
AA9297!UTM 18
                  - 0.99999765 x 0.99985486 = 0.99985251
AA9297
AA9297
                              SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
AA9297
AA9297 ELLIP H (08/09/02) 14.986 (m)
                                                             GP (
                                                                      ) 4 2
AA9297 NAD 83(1991) - 39 10 17.92754(N) 076 39 55.57787(W) AD(
                                                                       ) B
AA9297 ELLIP H (03/24/98) 15.057 (m)
                                                             GP (
                                                                       ) 4 1
AA9297 NAD 83(1991) - 39 10 17.92754(N) 076 39 55.57783(W) AD(
                                                                       ) B
AA9297 ELLIP H (11/22/95) 15.057 (m)
                                                             GP (
                                                                       ) 1 1
AA9297
AA9297. Superseded values are not recommended for survey control.
AA9297.NGS no longer adjusts projects to the NAD 27 or NGVD 29 datums.
AA9297. See file dsdata. txt to determine how the superseded data were derived.
AA9297
AA9297 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ5613237146(NAD 83)
AA9297 MARKER: DD = SURVEY DISK
AA9297 SETTING: 7 = SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT
AA9297 STAMPING: BWI F 1991
AA9297 MARK LOGO: NOS
AA9297 PROJECTION: PROJECTING 5 CENTIMETERS
AA9297 MAGNETIC: N = NO MAGNETIC MATERIAL
AA9297 STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO
AA9297+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION
AA9297 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
AA9297+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 01, 2007
AA9297 HISTORY
                  - Date
                            Condition
                                              Report By
                 - 1991
AA9297 HISTORY
                              MONUMENTED
                                              NOS
                 - 19911107 GOOD
- 19941030 GOOD
AA9297 HISTORY
                                              NOS
AA9297 HISTORY
                                              NGS
AA9297 HISTORY
                  - 19961009 GOOD
                                             NGS
AA9297 HISTORY
                  - 20001130 GOOD
                                              NGS
AA9297 HISTORY - 20071101 GOOD
                                              JARICE
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SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: BWIF

DATE ESTABLISHED: 1991

NGS PID:

AA9297

**READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2007** 

AA9297

#### STATION DESCRIPTION

AA9297'DESCRIBED BY NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE 1991

AA9297'THE STATION IS LOCATED NEAR THE CENTER OF THE AIRPORT JUST SOUTH OF AA9297'THE INTERSECTION OF RUNWAYS 4-22 AND 10-28. IT IS ON THE NORTHWEST AA9297'POINT OF A LOW HILL AND ABOUT 1200 FT (365.8 M) WEST OF THE VORTAC. IT AA9297'IS 524.9 FT (160.0 M) SSW OF THE SECOND RUNWAY LIGHT EAST OF THE AA9297'INTERSECTION ALONG THE SOUTH EDGE OF RWY 10-28, 384.5 FT (117.2 M) AA9297'EAST OF THE THIRD RUNWAY LIGHT SOUTHWEST OF THE INTERSECTION ALONG THE AA9297'SOUTHEAST EDGE OF RWY 4-22, AND 341.5 FT (104.1 M) NORTHEAST OF THE AA9297'INTERSECTION OF THE CL OF A NW/SE TAXIWAY AND ITS HOLD BAR. IT IS 2.3 AA9297'FT (0.7 M) SOUTH OF A 3 FT (0.9 M) HIGH SECTION OF 2 INCH ORANGE AA9297'PLASTIC PIPE DRIVEN INTO THE GROUND AS A WITNESS POST. THE STATION IS AA9297'AN NOS DISK STAMPED BWI F 1991 AND SET IN THE TOP OF A CONCRETE POST AA9297'WHICH PROJECTS 2 INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND.

AA9297'859-7018.

STATION RECOVERY (1994)

AA9297'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1994 (JDR)

AA9297'THE STATION IS LOCATED ABOUT 8 MI (12.9 KM) SOUTH-SOUTHWEST OF AA9297'DOWNTOWN BALTIMORE, MD. AT THE BALTIMORE-WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AA9297'AIRPORT JUST SOUTH OF THE INTERSECTION OF RUNWAYS 4-22 AND 10-28. IT AA9297'IS ON THE NORTHWEST POINT OF A LOW HILL ABOUT 1200 FT (365.8 M) WEST AA9297'OF THE VORTAC. CONTACT BILL ABEL, AIRPORT OPERATIONS, AT (410)

AA9297'IT IS 524.9 FT (160.0 M) SOUTH-SOUTHWEST OF THE OF THE SECOND RUNWAY AA9297'LIGHT EAST OF THE INTERSECTION ALONG THE SOUTH EDGE OF RUNWAY 10-28. AA9297'384.5 FT (117.2 M) EAST OF THE THIRD RUNWAY LIGHT SOUTHWEST OF THE AA9297' INTERSECTION ALONG THE SOUTHEAST EDGE OF RUNWAY 4-22, AND 341.5 FT AA9297' (104.1 M) NORTHEAST OF THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF A AA9297'NORTHWEST-SOUTHEAST TAXIWAY AND ITS HOLD BAR. THE STATION IS A AA9297'STANDARD NOS DISK STAMPED ---BWI F 1991--- AND SET IN THE TOP OF A AA9297'CONCRETE MONUMENT WHICH PROJECTS 2 INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND.

STATION RECOVERY (1996)

AA9297'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 1996 (AJL)

AA9297'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED.

AA9297 STATION RECOVERY (2000)

AA9297'RECOVERY NOTE BY NATIONAL GEODETIC SURVEY 2000 (APF)

AA9297'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED.

AA9297 STATION RECOVERY (2007)

AA9297'RECOVERY NOTE BY J A RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

AA9297'RECOVERED AS DESCRIBED.

SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: BWI G **DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007** NGS PID: DJ9002 **READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 553233.769 US ft. 168625.990 m **EASTING (X):** 1404563.506 US ft. 428111.813 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 166.384 US ft. 50.714 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 0° 12' 15.2" SCALE FACTOR: 0.99996440 **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996157 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 11' 07.04959" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 40' 28.63045" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 59.26 US ft. 18.061 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (US FT.)** DISTANCE (m) STATION DESCRIPTION: SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS LOCATION PLAN **DETAIL MAP** PARKING CHRACE MAA SURVEY CONTROL BRASS DISK IN CONCRETE STAMPED BWI G 2007 110.64 NOT TO SCALE MACADAM ACCESS ROAD CONC MACADAM CURB

SPARKS, MARYLAND

BWI-

JMT ENGINEERING

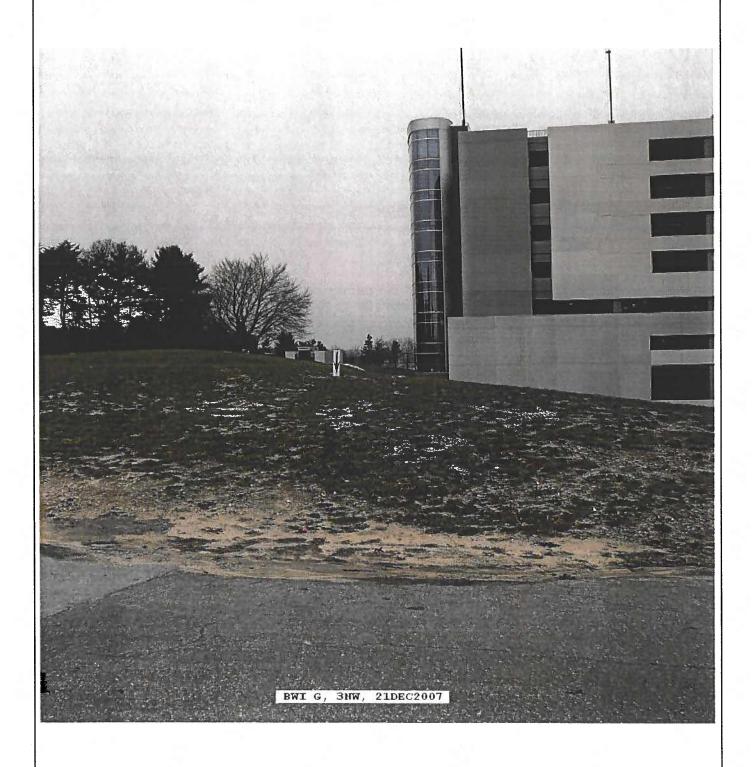
SURVEYED BY:

NAME OF STATION:

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

BWI G DJ9002



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BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA
NAME OF STATION:
              BWI G
                                       DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007
NGS PID:
               DJ9002
                                                       READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2008
           National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 25, 2008
   DJ9002 DESIGNATION - BWI G
   DJ9002 PID
                   - DJ9002
   DJ9002 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
   DJ9002 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
   DJ9002
   DJ9002
                                 *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
   DJ9002
   DJ9002* NAD 83(2007) - 39 11 07.04959(N)
                                            076 40 28.63045(W)
                                                                   ADJUSTED
   DJ9002* NAVD 88
                               50.714 (meters)
                                                  166.38 (feet) ADJUSTED
   DJ9002
   DJ9002 EPOCH DATE -
                               2002.00
   DJ9002 X
                         1,140,965.275 (meters)
                                                                   COMP
   DJ9002 Y
                       - -4,817,090.591 (meters)
                                                                   COMP
   DJ9002 Z
                      - 4,008,293.800 (meters)
                                                                   COMP
    DJ9002 LAPLACE CORR-
                                 -5.39 (seconds)
                                                                   DEFLEC99
    DJ9002 ELLIP HEIGHT-
                                18.061 (meters)
                                                         (02/29/08) ADJUSTED
    DJ9002 GEOID HEIGHT-
                                -32.65 (meters)
                                                                   GEOIDO3
   DJ9002 DYNAMIC HT -
                                 50.687 (meters)
                                                    166.30 (feet)
                                                                   COMP
    DJ9002 MODELED GRAV- 980,095.4
                                        (mgal)
                                                                   NAVD 88
   DJGOO2
    DJ9002 HORZ ORDER - FIRST
    DJ9002 VERT ORDER - FIRST
                                   CLASS II
    DJ9002 ELLP ORDER - SECOND
                                   CLASS II
    DJ9002
   DJ9002. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations
    DJ9002.and adjusted by the JMT ENGINEERING in February 2008.
    DJ9002
    DJ9002. The datum tag of NAD 83 (2007) is equivalent to NAD 83 (NSRS2007).
    DJ9002 See National Readjustment for more information.
    DJ9002. The horizontal coordinates are valid at the epoch date displayed above.
    DJ9002. The epoch date for horizontal control is a decimal equivalence
    DJ9002.of Year/Month/Day.
    DJ9002
    DJ9002. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
   DJ9002.and adjusted in June 2008.
    DJ9002.No vertical observational check was made to the station.
    DJ9002. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht.
    DJ9002. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections.
    DJ9002. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations
    DJ9002.and is referenced to NAD 83.
    DJ9002
    DJ9002. The geoid height was determined by GEOID03.
    DJ9002
    DJ9002. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
    DJ9002.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
    DJ9002.Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
    DJ9002.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
    DJ9002. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
```

SPARKS, MARYLAND

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA NAME OF STATION: BWI G DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: DJ9002 **READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2008** DJ9002 East Units Scale Factor Converg. DJ9002: North - 168,625.990 428,111,813 MT 0.99996440 +0 12 15.2 DJ9002:SPC MD - 553,233.77 1,404,563 51 sFT 0.99996440 +0 12 15.2 DJ9002;SPC MD DJ9002;UTM 18 - 4,338,674.590 355,366.525 MT 0.99985758 -1 03 29.7 DJ9002- Elev Factor x Scale Factor = DJ9002! Combined Factor DJ9002!SPC MD 0.99999717 x 0.99996440 = 0.99996157DJ9002!UTM 18 0.99999717 x 0.99985758 = 0.99985475 DJ9002 DJ9002 SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL DJ9002 DJ9002.No superseded survey control is available for this station. DJ9002 DJ9002 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ5536738675 (NAD 83) DJ9002 MARKER: DD = SURVEY DISK DJ9002 SETTING: 7 = SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT DJ9002 STAMPING: BWI G 2007 DJ9002 MARK LOGO: MDAVIA DJ9002 PROJECTION: RECESSED 5 CENTIMETERS DJ9002 MAGNETIC: M = MARKER EQUIPPED WITH BAR MAGNET DJ9002 STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO DJ9002+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION DJ9002 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR DJ9002+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 27, 2007 DJ9002 DJ9002 HISTORY - Date Condition DJ9002 HISTORY - 20071127 MONUMENTED Report By JMTMD DJ9002 DJ9002 STATION DESCRIPTION DJ9002 DJ9002'DESCRIBED BY JMT ENGINEERING 2007 DJ9002'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 3.3 MI (5.3 KM) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF RELAY, DJ9002'2.8 MI (4.5 KM) SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 2.7 MI (4.3 KM) EAST OF DJ9002'HANOVER. OWNERSHIP--BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. DJ90021 DJ9002'TO REACH FROM THE JUNCTION OF I-97 AND MD 176, GO WEST-SOUTHWEST ON MD DJ9002'176 FOR 0.24 MI (0.39 KM) TO AN INTERSECTION. TURN RIGHT AND GO NORTH DJ9002'ON MD 162 FOR 2.32 MI (3.74 KM) TO A INTERSECTION. CONTINUE STRAIGHT DJ9002'AHEAD FOR 0.74 MI (1.20 KM) TO A INTERSECTION. TURN LEFT AND GO SOUTH DJ9002'ON SCOTT DRIVE FOR 0.10 MI (0.17 KM) TO A SIDE ROAD LEFT. TURN LEFT DJ9002'AND GO SOUTHEAST ON ELM ROAD FOR 0.25 MI (0.40 KM) TO A RAMP ON THE DJ9002'RIGHT. TURN RIGHT AND GO SOUTHWEST ON THE RAMP FOR 0.09 MI (0.15 KM) DJ9002'TO THE MARK ON THE RIGHT. DJ9002' DJ9002'IT IS 192.8 FT (58.8 M) EAST OF A METAL SIGN SHAPED LIKE A HOT-AIR DJ9002'BALLOON, 89.0 FT (27.1 M) NORTHEAST OF A 30-IN (76 CM) SPRUCE TREE, DJ9002'88.5 FT (27.0 M) NORTH-NORTHWEST OF A STREET LIGHT POLE, 62.2 FT (19.0 DJ9002'M) NORTHEAST OF A WATER VALVE NUMBERED 118, 57.0 FT (17.4 M) NORTHWEST DJ9002'OF THE CENTERLINE OF A PAVED PARKING LOT AND SET IN THE TOP OF A

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

DJ9002'12-INCH (30 CM) ROUND CONCRETE POST.

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: **BWIH** DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: DJ9003 **READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 548646.392 US ft. 167227.755 m **EASTING (X):** 1400229.308 US ft. 426790.747 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 132.739 US ft. 40.459 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 0° 11' 40.5" SCALE FACTOR: 0.99996324 COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: 0.99996202 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 21.85685" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 41' 23.87437" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 25.52 US ft. 7.778 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **POINT GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** STATION DESCRIPTION: SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS **LOCATION PLAN DETAIL MAP** FIRE STATION_ TO ILS G 10-28 VEHICLE ACCESS ROAD 0.45 M GRASS TOP OF DITCH TOP OF DITCH TOP OF DITCH TOP OF DITCH CUT IN BERM FOR SOLAR AIR VEHICLES CANNON MOVEABLE #11 TOP OF BANK 1.00

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

MAA SURVEY CONTROL S BRASS DISK IN CONCRETE STAMPED

SPARKS, MARYLAND

NOT TO SCALE

NAME OF STATION: NGS PID:

BWI H DJ9003 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007



```
BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA
NAME OF STATION:
               BWI H
                                       DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007
NGS PID:
               DJ9003
                                                        READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2008
          National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 25, 2008
   DJ9003 DESIGNATION - BWI H
   DJ9003 PID
                   - DJ9003
   DJ9003 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
   DJ9003 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
   DJ9003
   DJ9003
                                 *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
   DJ9003
   DJ9003* NAD 83(2007) - 39 10 21.85685(N) 076 41 23.87437(W)
                                                                   ADJUSTED
   DJ9003* NAVD 88 -
                              40.459 (meters)
                                                  132.74 (feet) ADJUSTED
   DJ9003
   DJ9003 EPOCH DATE -
                               2002.00
   DJ9003 X
                         1,139,875.935 (meters)
                                                                   COMP
   DJ9003 Y
                      - -4,818,245.049 (meters)
                                                                   COMP
   DJ9003 Z
                      - 4,007,206.955 (meters)
                                                                   COMP
   DJ9003 LAPLACE CORR-
                                -5.46 (seconds)
                                                                   DEFLEC99
   DJ9003 ELLIP HEIGHT-
                                 7.778 (meters)
                                                       (02/29/08) ADJUSTED
   DJ9003 GEOID HEIGHT-
                               -32.61 (meters)
                                                                   GEOIDO3
   DJ9003 DYNAMIC HT -
                                40.437 (meters)
                                                 132.67 (feet) COMP
   DJ9003 MODELED GRAV-
                          980,093.9 (mgal)
                                                                   NAVD 88
   DJ9003
   DJ9003 HORZ ORDER - FIRST
   DJ9003 VERT ORDER - FIRST
                                   CLASS II
   DJ9003 ELLP ORDER - SECOND
                                  CLASS II
   DJ9003
   DJ9003. The horizontal coordinates were established by GPS observations
   DJ9003.and adjusted by the JMT ENGINEERING in February 2008.
   DJ9003. The datum tag of NAD 83 (2007) is equivalent to NAD 83 (NSRS2007).
   DJ9003. See National Readjustment for more information.
   DJ9003. The horizontal coordinates are valid at the epoch date displayed above.
   DJ9003. The epoch date for horizontal control is a decimal equivalence
   DJ9003.of Year/Month/Day.
   DJ9003
   DJ9003. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
   DJ9003.and adjusted in June 2008.
   DJ9003.No vertical observational check was made to the station.
   DJ9003
   DJ9003. The X, Y, and Z were computed from the position and the ellipsoidal ht.
   DJ9003. The Laplace correction was computed from DEFLEC99 derived deflections.
   DJ9003. The ellipsoidal height was determined by GPS observations
    DJ9003.and is referenced to NAD 83.
    EDUBLIA
    DJ9003. The geoid height was determined by GEOID03.
    DJ9003
   DJ9003. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
    DJ9003.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
    DJ9003. Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
    DJ9003.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
    DJ9003
    DJ9003. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
```

SPARKS, MARYLAND

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

```
BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA
NAME OF STATION:
                BWIH
                                          DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007
NGS PID:
                DJ9003
                                                           READJUSTED FEBRUARY 2008
    DJ9003
    DJ9003. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
    DJ9003.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
    DJ9003.Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
    DJ9003.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
    DJ9003. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
    DJ9003
    DJ9003;
                              North
                                          East Units Scale Factor Converg.
                       - 167,227.755 426,790.747 MT 0.99996324 +0 11 40.5
    DJ9003;SPC MD
                       - 548,646.39 1,400,229.31 sFT 0.99996324 +0 11 40.5
    DJ9003;SPC MD
    DJ9003;UTM 18
                       - 4,337,305.940 354,015 116 MT 0.99986241 -1 04 03.6
    DJ9003
    DJ9003!
                       - Elev Factor x Scale Factor =
                                                           Combined Factor
                          0.99999878 x
    DJ9003!SPC MD
                                          0.99996324 =
                                                           0.99996202
    DJ9003!UTM 18
                       - 0.99999878 x
                                          0.99986241 =
                                                           0.99986119
    D_{1}19003
    DJ9003
                                   SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
    DJ9003.No superseded survey control is available for this station.
    DJ9003 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ5401537306(NAD 83)
    DJ9003 MARKER: DD = SURVEY DISK
    DJ9003 SETTING: 7 = SET IN TOP OF CONCRETE MONUMENT
    DJ9003 STAMPING: BWI H 2007
    DJ9003 MARK LOGO: MDAVIA
    DJ9003 PROJECTION: RECESSED 10 CENTIMETERS
    DJ9003 MAGNETIC: M = MARKER EQUIPPED WITH BAR MAGNET
    DJ9003 STABILITY: C = MAY HOLD, BUT OF TYPE COMMONLY SUBJECT TO
    DJ9003+STABILITY: SURFACE MOTION
    DJ9003 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
    DJ9003+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 27, 2007
    D'18003
    DJ9003 HISTORY
                      - Date
                                  Condition
                                                   Report By
    DJ9003 HISTORY
                      - 20071127 MONUMENTED
                                                   JMTMD
    DJ9003
    DJ9003
                                   STATION DESCRIPTION
    D.T9003
    DJ9003'DESCRIBED BY JMT ENGINEERING 2007
    DJ9003'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 3.9 MI (6.2 KM) SOUTH OF RELAY, 3.0 MI (4.9
    DJ9003'KM) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 2.3 MI (3.7 KM) SOUTHEAST OF
    DJ9003'HANOVER AT BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. CONTACT
    DJ9003'AIRPORT OPERATIONS AT 410-859-7018 FOR ACCESS TO THE MARK.
    DJ9003 '
    DJ9003'IT IS 601.7 FT (183.4 M) WEST OF THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF A CHAIN LINK
    DJ9003'FENCE, 409.8 FT (124.9 M) WEST-NORTHWEST OF THE NORTHWEST END OF A
    DJ9003'36-INCH (91 CM) CONCRETE PIPE AND HEADWALL, 217.6 FT (66.3 M)
    DJ9003'EAST-SOUTHEAST OF THE EAST END OF A CONCRETE PIPE AND HEADWALL, 121.4
    DJ9003'FT (37.0 M) SOUTHWEST OF A PROPANE CANNON 115.5 FT (35.2 M) SOUTH OF
    DJ9003'THE CENTERLINE OF AN EAST-WEST DITCH AND SET IN THE TOP OF A 12-INCH
    DJ9003' (30 CM) ROUND CONCRETE POST.
```

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-548

ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):

DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NGS PID:

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

**EASTING (X):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

551723.788 US ft. 1404244.744 US ft.

132.257 US ft.

00°12'12.61"

0.99996914

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39°10'52.13611" (N) 76°40'32.74698" (W)

LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:** 

25.15 US ft.

7.666 m

629.19

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

<u>POINT</u> MON-549 **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 144°00'03.2'

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

DISTANCE (m)

191.778

168165.747 m

428014.654 m

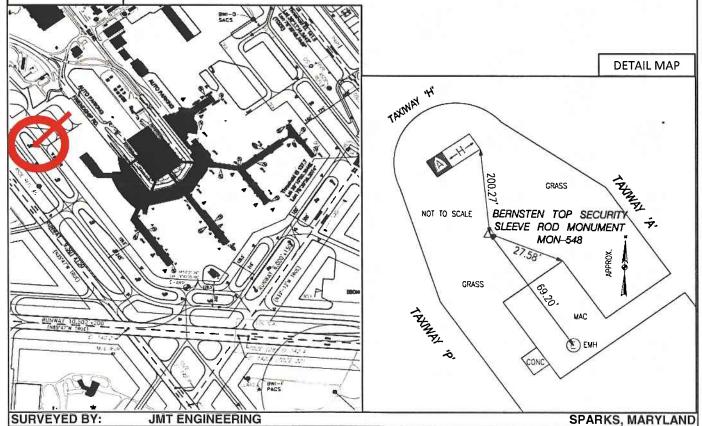
40.312 m

STATION DESCRIPTION:

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



LOCATION PLAN



## BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA OF STATION: MON-548 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NAME OF STATION: MON-548

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: MON-549 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005 NGS PID: **READJUSTED JUNE 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 551216.073 US ft. 168010.995 m 1404616.371 US ft. **EASTING (X):** 428127.926 m ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): 130.387 US ft. 39.742 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'15.56" **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996901 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 39°10'47.10475" (N) LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 76°40'28.05043" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 23.27 US ft. 7.091 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (US FT.)** DISTANCE (m) 191.778 MON-548 324°00'06.2' 629.19 MON-550 143°28'44.4' 786.86 239.835 STATION DESCRIPTION: DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID LOCATION PLAN **DETAIL MAP** GRASS BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT NOT TO SCALE TANNA MON-549 GRASS

SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING

SPARKS, MARYLAND

**FAWKAT** 

### BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA OF STATION: MON-549 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NAME OF STATION: MON-549

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-550

DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NGS PID:

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

**EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

550585.396 US ft.

1405086.897 US ft.

137.815 US ft.

00°12'19.29"

0.99996885

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 39°10'40.85449" (N)

76°40'22.10373" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

30.68 US ft.

9.350 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** 

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 

MON-549 MON-551

323°28'48.2' 143°57'32.8' 786.86 525.42 239.835 160.149

167818.764 m

428271.343 m

42.006 m

STATION DESCRIPTION:

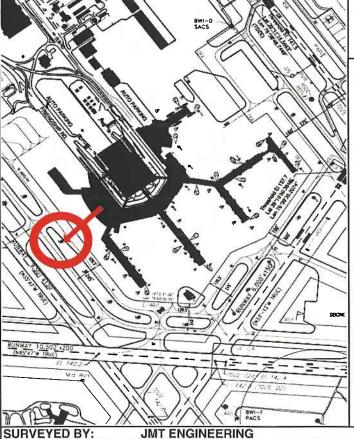
DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



**DETAIL MAP** 

SPARKS, MARYLAND

LOCATION PLAN



KANUKAT GRASS NOT TO SCALE GLYCOL FORCE MAIN BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT MON-550 GRASS DROP INLET

NAME OF STATION: MON-550

DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: MON-551 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005 NGS PID: **READJUSTED JUNE 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 550161.652 US ft. 167689.607 m EASTING (X): 1405397.556 US ft. 428366.032 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 141.643 US ft. 43.173 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'21.75" **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996874 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 39°10'36.65516" (N) LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 76°40'18.17799" (W) 34.49 US ft. **ELLIPSOID HT:** 10.513 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.)** POINT **DISTANCE (m)** MON-550 323°57'35.2' 525.42 160.149 MON-552 143°42'22.6' 523.01 159.413 STATION DESCRIPTION: DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID LOCATION PLAN **DETAIL MAP** GRASS NOT TO SCALE BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT MON-551 BWI AIRPORT

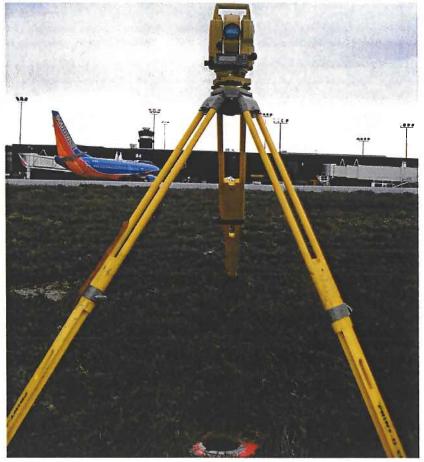
JMT ENGINEERING

SURVEYED BY:

CRASS

# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA NAME OF STATION: MON-551 NGS PID: DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-552

DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NGS PID:

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

549741.229 US ft.

167561.462 m

**EASTING (X):** 

1405708.650 US ft.

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

144.140 US ft.

428460.854 m

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

43.934 m

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

00°12'24.22"

0.99996864

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39°10'32.48860" (N)

LONGITUDE:

76°40'14.24671" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

36.97 US ft.

11.270 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** 

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 

MON-551 MON-553 323°42'25.1' 120°58'24.6'

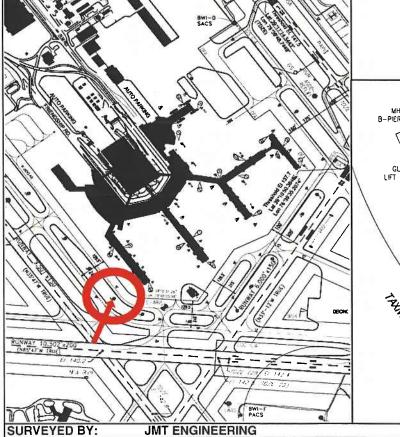
523.01 425.31 159.413 129.634

STATION DESCRIPTION:

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



LOCATION PLAN



**DETAIL MAP** 

SPARKS, MARYLAND

MH B-PIER-LS GRASS GLYCOL LIFT STATION 0 **W**Hs 0 BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT NOT TO SCALE MON-552

# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA OF STATION: MON-552 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NAME OF STATION: MON-552

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: MON-553 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005 NGS PID: **READJUSTED JUNE 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 549523.665 US ft. 167495.148 m **EASTING (X):** 1406074.097 US ft. 428572.242 m ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): 143.973 US ft. 43.883 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'27.13" **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996858 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39°10'30.32514" (N) LONGITUDE: 76°40'09.61602" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 36.80 US ft. 11.215 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): POINT **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MON-552 300°58'27.6' 425.31 129.634 MON-554 99°36'56.9" 622.71 189.802 STATION DESCRIPTION: DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID LOCATION PLAN **DETAIL MAP** TAKWAY A. GRASS NOT TO SCALE 68.78 BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT MON-553

SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

GRASS

TAXWAY P.

### BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-PRIMARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA NAME OF STATION: MON-553 DATE ESTABLISHED: APRIL 2005

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-554

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

**EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

549421.872 US ft.

1406688.429 US ft.

140.259 US ft.

00°12'32.02" 0.99996184

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 39°10'29.29695" (N) 76°40'01.81960" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

33.06 US ft.

10.077 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

POINT	GEODETIC AZIMUTH	DISTANCE (US FT.)	DISTANCE (m)
MON-553	279°37'01.8'	622.71	189.802
MON-555	76°23'30.4"	628.06	191.434
MON-556	58°30'07.3"	937.00	285.598
BWI F	156°51'50.7'	1250.99	381.301

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

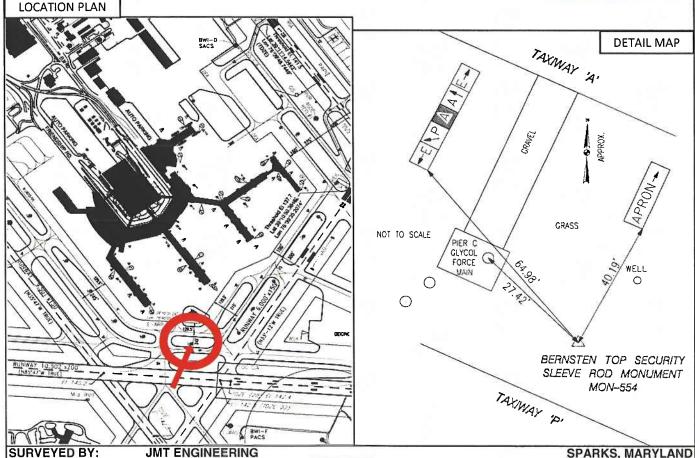
DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



167464.122 m

428759.491 m

42.751 m

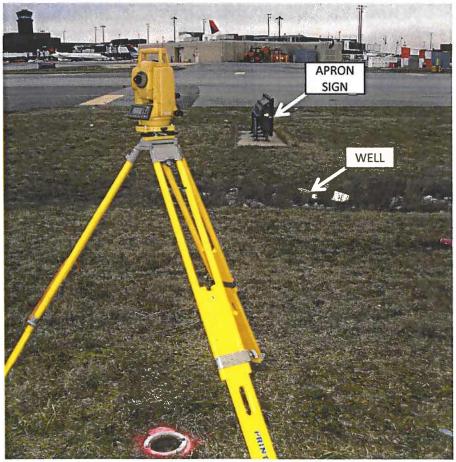


# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-554 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION: MON-554

NGS PID:





NAME OF STATION: MON-555

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

**EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

549571.868 US ft.

1407298.316 US ft.

139.741 US ft.

0.99996190

00°12'36.88"

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

39°10'30.75746" (N) 76°39'54.06795" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

32.52 US ft.

9.913 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

POINT MON-554 MON-556 **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 256°23'35.3'

28°52'49.8" 185°14'04.6'

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 628.06 390.32

118.970 1303.58 397.332

STATION DESCRIPTION:

**BWIF** 

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



**DISTANCE (m)** 

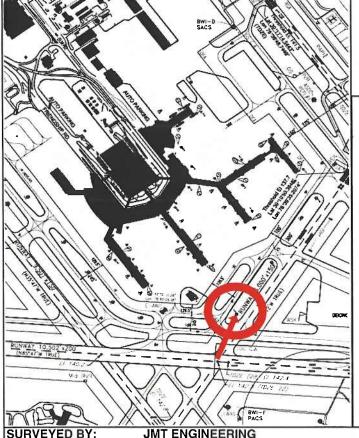
191.434

167509.840 m

428945.385 m

42.593 m

LOCATION PLAN



**DETAIL MAP** GRASS NOT TO SCALE BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT 40.78 MON-555 CRASS RUMAT b=22 le Stage .

# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-555 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION: MON-555

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-556

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

0.99996209

NGS PID:

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

549914.335 US ft.

167614.225 m

**EASTING (X):** 

1407485.581 US ft.

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

137.635 US ft.

429002.463 m 41.951 m

COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:

00°12'38.39"

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 39°10'34.13562" (N)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

76°39'51.67397" (W) 30.42 US ft.

9.271 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

POINT MON-555 **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 

208°52'51.3' 35°11'00.6"

390.32 467.20

118.970 142.404

MON-557 **BWIF** 

190°37'08.1'

1668.49

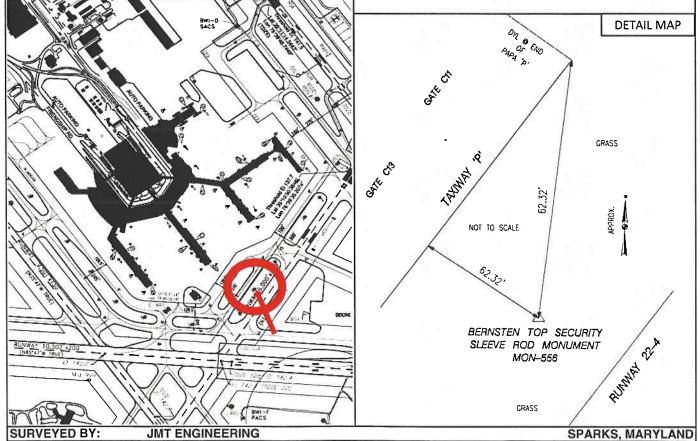
508.558

STATION DESCRIPTION:

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



**LOCATION PLAN** 



NAME OF STATION: MON-556 NGS PID:

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-557

NGS PID:

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

550297.172 US ft.

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

**EASTING (X):** 

1407753.375 US ft.

167730.914 m

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

140.420 US ft.

429084.087 m

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

00°12'40.53"

42.800 m

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

0.99996205

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39°10'37.90985" (N)

LONGITUDE: 76°39'48.25537" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

33.19 US ft.

10.118 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

POINT

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

DISTANCE (m)

MON-556 MON-558 215°11'02.8' 31°47'53.9"

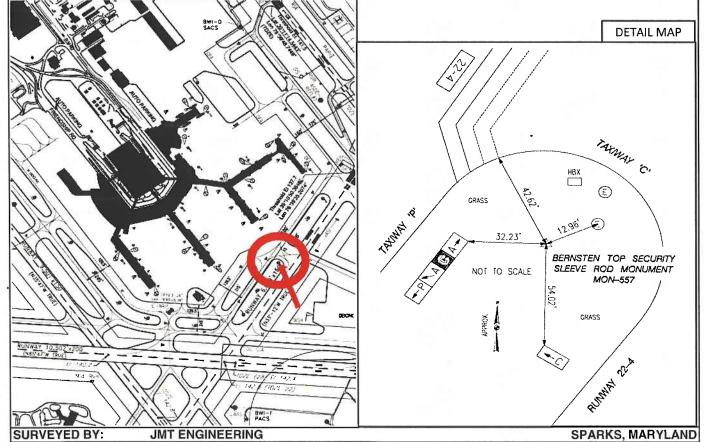
467.20 737.87 142,404 224.903

STATION DESCRIPTION:

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID



LOCATION PLAN



### BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-557 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION: MON-557

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA NAME OF STATION: MON-558 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003 NGS PID: DJ9001 **READJUSTED JUNE 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 550925.724 US ft. 167922.497 m **EASTING (X):** 1408139.867 US ft. 429201.890 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 137,487 US ft. 41.906 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'43.63" COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: 0.99996235 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39°10'44.10837" (N) LONGITUDE: 76°39'43.31779" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 30.26 US ft. 9.222 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): POINT **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MON-557 211°47'57.0' 737.87 224.903 MON-559 34°40'53.5" 332.95 101.483 STATION DESCRIPTION: DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS **LOCATION PLAN** DETAIL MAP GRASS NOT TO SCALE BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT MON-558 GRASS 2 DROP INLET

SPARKS, MARYLAND

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

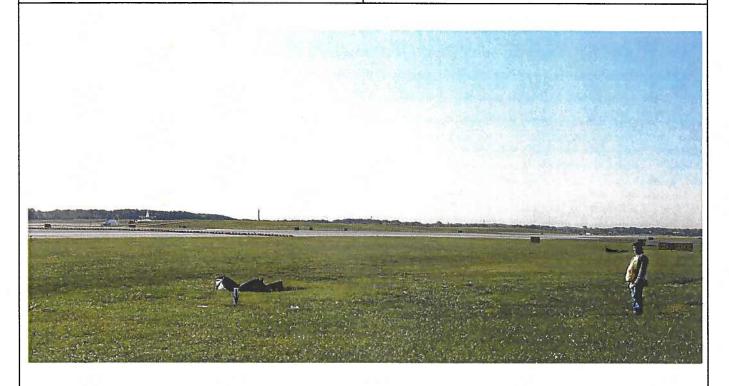
NAME OF STATION:

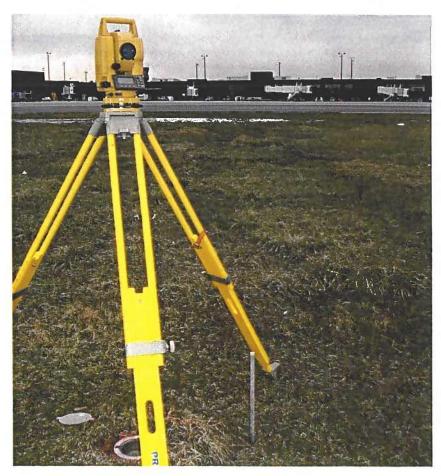
MON-558

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ9001





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: MON-558 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003 NGS PID: DJ9001 **READJUSTED JUNE 2008** National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 24, 2008 DJ9001 ********************* DJ9001 DESIGNATION - 558 DJ9001 PID - DJ9001 DJ9001 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL DJ9001 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974) DJ9001 DJ9001 *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL DJ9001 DJ9001* NAD 83(1986)- 39 10 44. (N) 076 39 43. (W) SCALED 41.906 (meters) 137.49 DJ9001* NAVD 88 -(feet) ADJUSTED DJ9001 DJ9001 GEOID HEIGHT--32.69 (meters) GEOIDO3 41 884 (meters) 137 41 (feet) COMP DJ9001 DYNAMIC HT -DJ9001 MODELED GRAV- 980,093.5 (mgal) NAVD 88 DJ9001 DJ9001 VERT ORDER - FIRST CLASS II D.TODO1 DJ9001. The horizontal coordinates were scaled from a topographic map and have DJ9001.an estimated accuracy of +/- 6 seconds. DJ9001 DJ9001. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling DJ9001.and adjusted in June 2008. DJ9001.No vertical observational check was made to the station. DJ9001. The geoid height was determined by GEOIDO3. DJ9001 DJ9001. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88 DJ9001.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the DJ9001. Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45 DJ9001.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.). DJ9001. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values. DJ9001 DJ9001; North East Units Estimated Accuracy DJ9001;SPC MD - 167,920. 429,210. MT (+/-180 meters Scaled)1,000 T DJ9001 SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL $D_{1}$ 9001 DJ9001.No superseded survey control is available for this station. DJ9001 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ564379(NAD 83) DJ9001 MARKER: F = FLANGE-ENCASED ROD DJ9001 SETTING: 49 = STAINLESS STEEL ROD W/O SLEEVE (10 FT.+) DJ9001 STAMPING: 558 2003 DJ9001 PROJECTION: FLUSH DJ9001 MAGNETIC: I = MARKER IS A STEEL ROD DJ9001 STABILITY: B = PROBABLY HOLD POSITION/ELEVATION WELL

DJ9001_SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR DJ9001+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 01, 2007

NAME OF STATION:

MON-558

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ9001

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

DJ9001

DJ9001 HISTORY

- Date

Condition

Report By

DJ9001 HISTORY

DJ9001 HISTORY

- 200305 MONUMENTED - 20071101 GOOD

WHBCXM JARICE

DJ9001

DJ9001

STATION DESCRIPTION

DJ9001

DJ9001'DESCRIBED BY J A RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

DJ9001'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 4 0 MI (6.5 KM) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF RELAY,

DJ9001'3.6 MI (5.8 KM) SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 3.5 MI (5.6 KM)

DJ9001'EAST-SOUTHEAST OF HANOVER AT BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL

DJ9001'AIRPORT. CONTACT AIRPORT OPERATIONS AT 410-859-7018 FOR ACCESS TO THE

DJ9001'MARK.

DJ9001'

DJ9001'IT IS IN THE CENTER OF A GRASS ISLAND BETWEEN TAXIWAY 'A' AND RUNWAY

DJ9001'4/22, 69.3 FT (21.1 M) EAST-SOUTHEAST OF THE EAST-SOUTHEAST EDGE OF

DJ9001'TAXIWAY 'A', 186.0 FT (56.7 M) NORTHWEST OF THE CENTERLINE OF RUNWAY

DJ9001'4/22, 72.4 FT (22.1 M) NORTHWEST OF AN ELECTRICAL MANHOLE, 60.5 FT

DJ9001' (18.4 M) NORTH OF AN ELECTRICAL MANHOLE AND 24.5 FT (7.5 M) NORTH OF A

DJ9001'DRAINAGE INLET.

DJ9001'

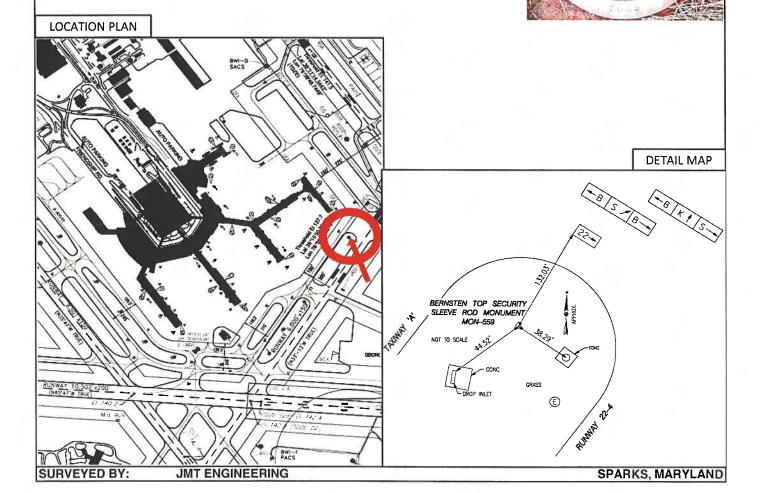
DJ9001'NOTE--ACCESS TO THE DATUM POINT IS THROUGH A 5-INCH (13 CM) LOGO CAP.

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA NAME OF STATION: MON-559 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003 NGS PID: DJ9000 READJUSTED JUNE 2008 MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 551200.216 US ft. 168006.162 m **EASTING (X):** 1408328.305 US ft. 429259.326 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 137.080 US ft. 41.782 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'45.14" **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996244 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39°10'46.81455" (N) LONGITUDE: 76°39'40.91185" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 29.85 US ft. 9.098 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH POINT DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** 101.483 MON-558 214°40'55.0' 332.95 27°03'36.7" MON-560 541.05 164.913 STATION DESCRIPTION: DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID

SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS

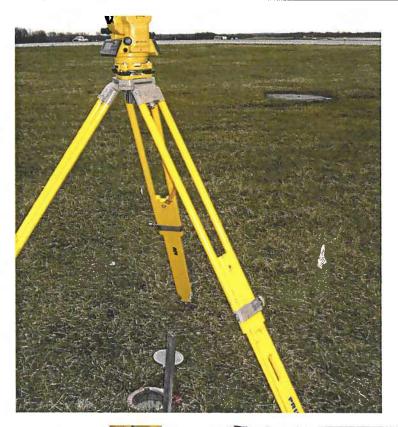


# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-559 | DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION:

MON-559 **DJ9000** 

NGS PID:





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-559 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID: DJ9000 READJUSTED JUNE 2008

```
National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 24, 2008
DJ9000 DESIGNATION - 559
DJ9000 PID - DJ9000
DJ9000 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
DJ9000 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
D000ELG
DUDGER
                            *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
DUDGER
DJ9000* NAD 83(1986) - 39 10 46. (N) 076 39 40. (W)
                                                              SCALED
                          41.782 (meters)
                                            137 08 (feet) ADJUSTED
DJ9000* NAVD 88 -
DJ9000
DJ9000 GEOID HEIGHT-
                           -32 69 (meters)
                                                              GEOIDO3
DJ9000 DYNAMIC HT -
                            41.760 (meters)
                                               137.01 (feet) COMP
DJ9000 MODELED GRAV-
                      980,093.5 (mgal)
                                                              NAVD 88
DJ9000
DJ9000 VERT ORDER - FIRST
                             CLASS II
DJ9000
DJ9000. The horizontal coordinates were scaled from a topographic map and have
DJ9000.an estimated accuracy of +/- 6 seconds.
DJ9000
DJ9000. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
DJ9000.and adjusted in June 2008.
DJ9000.No vertical observational check was made to the station.
D/19000
DJ9000. The geoid height was determined by GEOID03.
DJ9000
DJ9000. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
DJ9000 geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
DJ9000.Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
DJ9000 degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 \text{ gals}).
DJ9000
DJ9000. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
DJ9000
DJ9000:
                        North
                                    East Units Estimated Accuracy
DJ9000;SPC MD - 167,980.
                                   429,280.
                                              MT (+/- 180 meters Scaled)
00000
                             SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
DJ9000
DJ9000
DJ9000 No superseded survey control is available for this station.
DJ9000
DJ9000 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ565380 (NAD 83)
DJ9000 MARKER: F = FLANGE-ENCASED ROD
DJ9000 SETTING: 49 = STAINLESS STEEL ROD W/O SLEEVE (10 FT.+)
DJ9000 STAMPING: 559 2003
DJ9000 PROJECTION: FLUSH
DJ9000 MAGNETIC: I = MARKER IS A STEEL ROD
DJ9000 STABILITY: B = PROBABLY HOLD POSITION/ELEVATION WELL
DJ9000 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
DJ9000+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 01, 2007
DJ9000
DJ9000 HISTORY
                 - Date
                            Condition
                                            Report By
DJ9000 HISTORY - 200305 MONUMENTED
                                            WHBCXM
DJ9000 HISTORY - 20071101 GOOD
                                            JARICE
```

SURVEYED BY: JMT ENG

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION:

MON-559

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ9000

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

DJ9000

DJ9000

STATION DESCRIPTION

DJ9000

DJ9000'DESCRIBED BY J & RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

DJ9000'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 4.0 MI (6.5 KM) SOUTHEAST OF RELAY, 3.6 MI DJ9000' (5.8 KM) SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 3.5 MI (5.6 KM) EAST-SOUTHEAST OF DJ9000'HANOVER AT THE BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. CONTACT DJ9000'AIRPORT OPERATIONS AT 410-859-7018 FOR ACCESS TO THE MARK.

DJ9000'

DJ9000'IT IS IN THE NORTHEAST END OF A GRASS ISLAND BETWEEN RUNWAY 4/22 AND DJ9000'TAXIWAY 'A', 178.6 FT (54.4 M) NORTHWEST OF THE CENTERLINE OF RUNWAY DJ9000'4/22, 67.5 FT (20.6 M) NORTH OF AN ELECTRICAL MANHOLE, 61.4 FT (18.7 DJ9000'M) SOUTHWEST OF A RECTANGULAR ELECTRICAL HAND BOX, 47.5 FT (14.5 M) DJ9000'NORTHEAST OF A DRAINAGE INLET AND 38.2 FT (11.6 M) NORTH-NORTHWEST OF DJ9000'AN UNMARKED MANHOLE.

יחחחפנים

DJ9000'NOTE--ACCESS TO THE DATUM POINT IS THROUGH A 5-INCH (13 CM) LOGO CAP.

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-560

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ8999

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

551682.947 US ft.

168153,299 m

**EASTING (X):** 

1408572.654 US ft.

429333.804 m

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

137.031 US ft.

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

00°12'47.10"

41.767 m

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

0.99996256

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 39°10'51.57691" (N)

76°39'37.78596" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

29.78 US ft.

9.078 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** 

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 

MON-559 MON-561 207°03'38.7' 323°47'24.7'

541.05 840.79

164.913 256.273

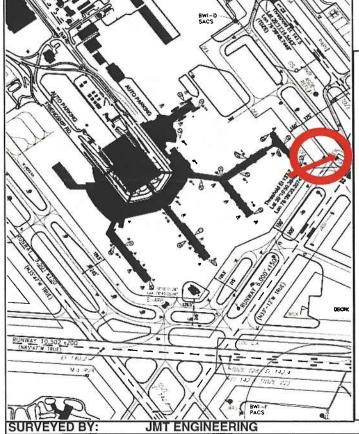
STATION DESCRIPTION:

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID

SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS



**LOCATION PLAN** 



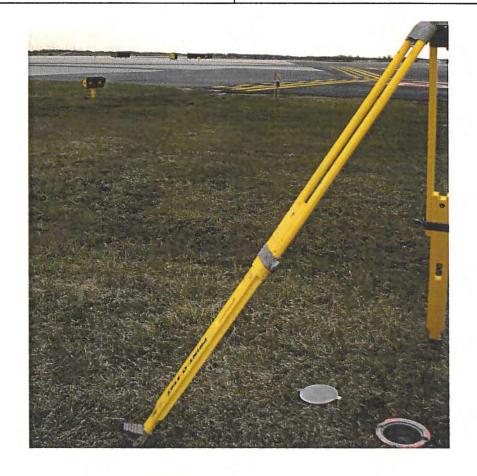
**DETAIL MAP** 66.89 GRASS BERNSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE ROD MONUMENT MON-560 NOT TO SCALE GR4SS

# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-560 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION:

NGS PID:

DJ8999





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-560 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID: DJ8999 READJUSTED JUNE 2008

```
National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 24, 2008
DJ8999 ************************
DJ8999 DESIGNATION - 560
DJ8999 PID - DJ8999
DJ8999 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
DJ8999 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
DJ8999
DJ8999
                             *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
DJ8999
DJ8999* NAD 83(1986) - 39 10 51. (N) 076 39 37.
                                                       (W)
                                                              SCALED
DJ8999* NAVD 88 -
                          41.767 (meters) 137.03 (feet) ADJUSTED
D.T8999
                           -32 69 (meters)
DJ8999 GEOID HEIGHT-
                                                              GEOIDO3
DJ8999 DYNAMIC HT -
                            41.745 (meters) 136.96 (feet) COMP
DJ8999 MODELED GRAV- 980,093.7 (mgal)
                                                              NAVD 88
DJ8999
DJ8999 VERT ORDER - FIRST
                              CLASS II
DJ8999
DJ8999. The horizontal coordinates were scaled from a topographic map and have
DJ8999.an estimated accuracy of +/- 6 seconds.
DJ8999
DJ8999. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
DJ8999.and adjusted in June 2008.
DJ8999.No vertical observational check was made to the station.
DJ8999. The geoid height was determined by GEOIDO3.
DJ8999
DJ8999. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
DJ8999.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
DJ8999.Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
DJ8999.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
DJ8999
DJ8999. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
DJ8999
DJ8999:
                                     East
                        Morth
                                             Units Estimated Accuracy
DJ8999;SPC MD
                  - 168,140.
                                   429,350.
                                              MT (+/- 180 meters Scaled)
DJ8999
DJ8999
                             SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
DJ8999
DJ8999.No superseded survey control is available for this station.
DJ8999
DJ8999 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ565381(NAD 83)
DJ8999 MARKER: F = FLANGE-ENCASED ROD
DJ8999_SETTING: 49 = STAINLESS STEEL ROD W/O SLEEVE (10 FT +)
DJ8999 STAMPING: 560 2003
DJ8999 PROJECTION: FLUSH
DJ8999 MAGNETIC: I = MARKER IS A STEEL ROD
DJ8999 STABILITY: B = PROBABLY HOLD POSITION/ELEVATION WELL
DJ8999 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
DJ8999+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 27, 2007
DJ8999
DJ8999 HISTORY - Date
                           Condition
                                             Report By
DJ8999 HISTORY - 200305 MONUMENTED
                                           WHBCXM
DJ8999 HISTORY - 20071127 GOOD
                                             JARICE
```

NAME OF STATION:

MON-560

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ8999

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

DJ8999

DJ8999

STATION DESCRIPTION

DJ8999

DJ8999'DESCRIBED BY J A RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

DJ8999'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 4.0 MI (6.4 KM) SOUTHEAST OF RELAY, 3.6 MI DJ8999' (5.8 KM) SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 3.5 MI (5.6 KM) EAST-SOUTHEAST OF DJ8999'HANOVER AT BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. CONTACT

DJ8999'AIRPORT OPERATIONS AT 410-859-7018 FOR ACCESS TO THE MARK.

DJ8999'

DJ8999'IT IS IN THE SOUTHEAST END OF A GRASS ISLAND BETWEEN TWO TAXIWAYS. DJ8999'103.1 FT (31.4 M) NORTH-NORTHWEST OF A UTILITY MANHOLE, 92.5 FT (28.2 DJ8999'M) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF A SIGN, 67.3 FT (20.5 M) SOUTH OF A DRAINAGE DJ8999'INLET, 59.0 FT (18.0 M) NORTHEAST OF THE NORTHEAST EDGE OF TAXIWAY 'A' DJ8999'AND 37.2 FT (11.3 M) NORTH OF A SIGN.

DJ8999'NOTE--ACCESS TO THE DATUM POINT IS THROUGH A 5-INCH (13 CM) LOGO CAP.

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: MON-561 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003 NGS PID: **DJ8998 READJUSTED JUNE 2008** MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 552359.494 US ft. 168359.511 m **EASTING (X):** 1408073.444 US ft. 429181.644 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 140.584 US ft. 42.850 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'43.14" **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996257 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39°10'58.28222" (N) 76°39'44.09397" (W) LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:** 33.36 US ft. 10.168 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MON-560 143°47'20.7' 840.79 256.273 MON-562 288°58'08.9' 1425.29 434.429 BWI D 327°19'25.6' 1473.10 449.003

STATION DESCRIPTION:

**LOCATION PLAN** 

DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID

SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS



DETAIL MAP

DETAIL MAP

ROT TO SCAE

ROT TO

# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-561 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION:

NGS PID:

DJ8998





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-561 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID: DJ8998 READJUSTED JUNE 2008

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National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 24, 2008
DJ8998 DESIGNATION - 561
DJ8998 PID
            - DJ8998
DJ8998 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
DJ8998 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
89981<sub>0</sub>
DJ8998
                             *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
82281.0
DJ8998* NAD 83(1986)- 39 10 58.
                                 (N) 076 39 44 ...
                                                     (W)
                                                              SCALED
DJ8998* NAVD 88 -
                         42.850 (meters) 140.58 (feet) ADJUSTED
BPP81.d
DJ8998 GEOID HEIGHT- -32.68 (meters)
                                                              GEOIDO3
DJ8998 DYNAMIC HT -
                            42.827 (meters) 140.51 (feet) COMP
                     980,094.1 (mgal)
DJ8998 MODELED GRAV-
                                                              NAVD 88
DJ8998
DJ8998 VERT ORDER - FIRST
                             CLASS II
DJ8998
DJ8998. The horizontal coordinates were scaled from a topographic map and have
DJ8998.an estimated accuracy of +/- 6 seconds.
DJ8998. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
DJ8998.and adjusted in June 2008.
DJ8998.No vertical observational check was made to the station.
DJ8998. The geoid height was determined by GEOIDO3.
BPP81,0
DJ8998. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
DJ8998.geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
DJ8998.Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
DJ8998.degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 gals.).
DJ8998
DJ8998. The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
DJ8998
DJ8998:
                        North
                                     East
                                             Units Estimated Accuracy
DJ8998;SPC MD
                 - 168,350.
                                   429,180.
                                               MT (+/- 180 meters Scaled)
D:18998
                            SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
DJ8998
DJ8998.No-superseded survey control is available for this station.
DJ8998 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ564383 (NAD 83)
DJ8998 MARKER: F = FLANGE-ENCASED ROD
DJ8998 SETTING: 49 = STAINLESS STEEL ROD W/O SLEEVE (10 FT ++)
DJ8998 STAMPING: 561 2003
DJ8998 PROJECTION: FLUSH
DJ8998 MAGNETIC: I = MARKER IS A STEEL ROD
DJ8998 STABILITY: B = PROBABLY HOLD POSITION/ELEVATION WELL
DJ8998 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
DJ8998+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 07, 2007
DJ8998
DJ8998 HISTORY
                  - Date
                             Condition
                                             Report By
DJ8998 HISTORY - 200305 MONUMENTED
                                            WHBCXM
DJ8998 HISTORY - 20071107 GOOD
                                             JARICE
```

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION:

MON-561

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ8998

READJUSTED JUNE 2008

DJ8998

DJ8998

STATION DESCRIPTION

DJ8998

DJ8998'DESCRIBED BY J A RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

DJ8998'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 3.8 MI (6.1 KM) SOUTHEAST OF RELAY, 3.4 MI DJ8998'(5.5 KM) SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 3.4 MI (5.4 KM) EAST-SOUTHEAST OF DJ8998'HANOVER AT BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. CONTACT DJ8998'AIRPORT OPERATIONS AT 410-859-7018 FOR ACCESS TO THE MARK.

D18998, WIKLOKI ONEWIIONS WI 410-829-10

DJ8998'IT IS IN A GRASS ISLAND BETWEEN TWO TAXIWAYS AT THE WEST EDGE OF A DJ8998'DITCH, 217.0 FT (66.1 M) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF A SIGN, 139.5 FT (42.5 M) DJ8998'WEST-SOUTHWEST OF THE WEST-SOUTHWEST EDGE OF TAXIWAY 'S', 64.0 FT DJ8998'(19.5 M) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF THE CENTERLINE OF RIPRAP, 59.6 FT (18.2 M) DJ8998'EAST-NORTHEAST OF THE EAST-NORTHEAST EDGE OF TAXIWAY 'A' AND 53.4 FT DJ8998'(16.3 M) WEST-SOUTHWEST OF THE WEST-SOUTHWEST CENTER OF A DRAINAGE DJ8998'DITCH.

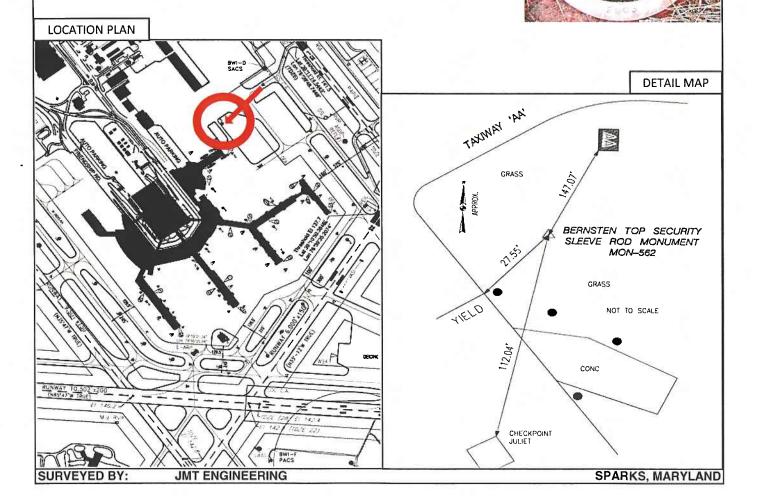
DJ8998'

DJ8998'NOTE--ACCESS TO THE DATUM POINT IS THROUGH A 5-INCH (13 CM) LOGO CAP.

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

#### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA** NAME OF STATION: MON-562 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003 NGS PID: DJ8997 READJUSTED JUNE 2008 MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** 552817.806 US ft. 168499.204 m **EASTING (X):** 1406723.852 US ft. 428770.288 m **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 153.920 US ft. 46.915 m **CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 00°12'32.40" **COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 0.99996204 **GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39°11'02.86119" (N) LONGITUDE: 76°40'01.21248" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 46.74 US ft. 14.246 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.) POINT DISTANCE (m)** MON-561 108°57'58.0' 1425.29 434.429 BWI D 35°25'39.6" 290.527 953.17 STATION DESCRIPTION: DRIVEN TO REFUSAL ROD MONUMENT WITH BERSTEN TOP SECURITY SLEEVE & LID SEE ATTACHED NGS DATASHEETS



# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-SECONDARY SURVEY CONTROL DATA ME OF STATION: MON-562 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NAME OF STATION:

NGS PID:

DJ8997





SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MON-562 DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID: DJ8997 READJUSTED JUNE 2008

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National Geodetic Survey, Retrieval Date = JUNE 24, 2008
DJ8997 **************************
DJ8997 DESIGNATION - 562
DJ8997 PID - DJ8997
DJ8997 STATE/COUNTY- MD/ANNE ARUNDEL
DJ8997 USGS QUAD - RELAY (1974)
DJ8997
DJ8997
                             *CURRENT SURVEY CONTROL
DJ8997
DJ8997* NAD 83(1986)- 39 11 02.
                                 (N) 076 40 01.
                                                      (W)
                                                               SCALED
DJ8997* NAVD 88 -
                           46.915 (meters)
                                              153.92 (feet) ADJUSTED
DJ8997
                           -32.67 (meters)
DJ8997 GEOID HEIGHT-
                                                               GEOIDO3
                            46.890 (meters)
DJ8997 DYNAMIC HT -
                                                153.84 (feet) COMP
DJ8997 MODELED GRAV- 980,094.6 (mgal)
                                                               NAVD 88
DJ8997
DJ8997 VERT ORDER - FIRST CLASS II
DJ8997. The horizontal coordinates were scaled from a topographic map and have
DJ8997.an estimated accuracy of +/- 6 seconds.
DJ8997. The orthometric height was determined by differential leveling
DJ8997 and adjusted in June 2008.
DJ8997.No vertical observational check was made to the station.
DJ8997. The geoid height was determined by GEOIDO3.
DJ8997. The dynamic height is computed by dividing the NAVD 88
DJ8997 geopotential number by the normal gravity value computed on the
DJ8997. Geodetic Reference System of 1980 (GRS 80) ellipsoid at 45
DJ8997 degrees latitude (g = 980.6199 \text{ gals}).
DJ8997 The modeled gravity was interpolated from observed gravity values.
DJ8997:
                         North
                                      East
                                              Units Estimated Accuracy
DJ8997;SPC MD
                 - 168,470.
                                    428,780.
                                                MT (+/- 180 meters Scaled)
DJ8997
DJ8997
                              SUPERSEDED SURVEY CONTROL
DJ8997.No superseded survey control is available for this station.
DJ8997 U.S. NATIONAL GRID SPATIAL ADDRESS: 18SUJ560385(NAD 83)
DJ8997 MARKER: F = FLANGE-ENCASED ROD
DJ8997 SETTING: 49 = STAINLESS STEEL ROD W/O SLEEVE (10 FT.+)
DJ8997 STAMPING: 562 2003
DJ8997 PROJECTION: FLUSH
DJ8997 MAGNETIC: I = MARKER IS A STEEL ROD
DJ8997 STABILITY: B = PROBABLY HOLD POSITION/ELEVATION WELL
DJ8997 SATELLITE: THE SITE LOCATION WAS REPORTED AS SUITABLE FOR
DJ8997+SATELLITE: SATELLITE OBSERVATIONS - November 07, 2007
DJ8997
DJ8997 HISTORY
                  - Date
                             Condition
                                             Report By
DJ8997 HISTORY
                 - 200305 MONUMENTED
                                            WHBCXM
DJ8997 HISTORY - 20071107 GOOD
                                             JARICE
```

SURVEYED BY:

NAME OF STATION:

MON-562

DATE ESTABLISHED: MAY 2003

NGS PID:

DJ8997

**READJUSTED JUNE 2008** 

DJ8997

DJ8997 DJ8997 STATION DESCRIPTION

DJ8997'DESCRIBED BY J A RICE INC 2007 (MRA)

DJ8997'THE MARK IS LOCATED ABOUT 3.6 MI (5.8 KM) SOUTH-SOUTHEAST OF RELAY,

DJ8997'3.2 MI (5.1 KM) SOUTHEAST OF ELKRIDGE AND 3.1 MI (5.0 KM) EAST OF

DJ8997'HANOVER AT BALTIMORE WASHINGTON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT. CONTACT

DJ8997'AIRPORT OPERATIONS AT 410-859-7018 FOR ACCESS TO THE MARK.

DJ8997

DJ8997'IT IS 112.5 FT (34.3 M) NORTH OF THE NORTH CORNER OF THE GUARD SHACK

DJ8997' (CHECK POINT JULIET), 107.0 FT (32.6 M) NORTHWEST OF A CHAIN LINK

DJ8997 FENCE, 93.8 FT (28.6 M) NORTH-NORTHUEST OF AN ELECTRICAL TRANSFORMER

DJ8997'NUMBERED 86-035 30 021 A, 37.5 FT (11.4 M) NORTHEAST OF THE CENTERLINE

DJ8997'OF A SERVICE ROAD, 36.4 FT (11.1 M) WEST OF THE NORTHEAST END OF A DJ8997'CONCRETE DRAINAGE PIPE AND ABOUT LEVEL WITH THE SERVICE ROAD.

DJ8997'NOTE--ACCESS TO THE DATUM POINT IS THROUGH A 5-INCH (13 CM) LOGO CAP.

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MAA-100

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE:

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

39° 11' 08.26" (N)

76° 40' 56.17" (W)

29 US ft.

8.9 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-101

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

DISTANCE (m)

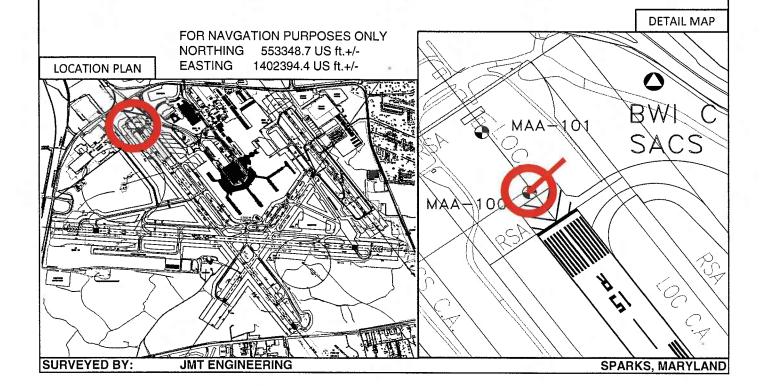
# **RUNWAY 15R-33L**

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



**OFFSET 10' RIGHT RUNWAY 15R** ±25' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 



NAME OF STATION: MAA-101

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:**  39° 11' 10.23" (N)

76° 40' 57.99" (W)

23 US ft.

6.9 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-100

GEODETIC AZIMUTH

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

DISTANCE (m)

74.7

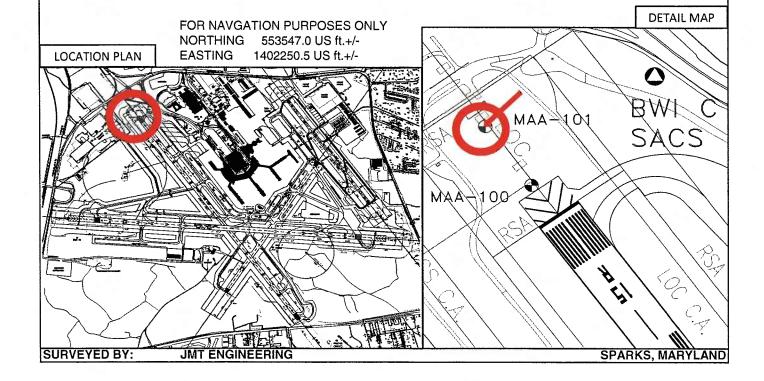
# **RUNWAY 15R-33L**

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 

**OFFSET 10' RIGHT RUNWAY 15R** ±270' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 





NAME OF STATION: MAA-102

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39° 09' 50.17" (N)

LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 43.67" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 21 US ft.

6.4 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

POINT MAA-103 **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 61.0

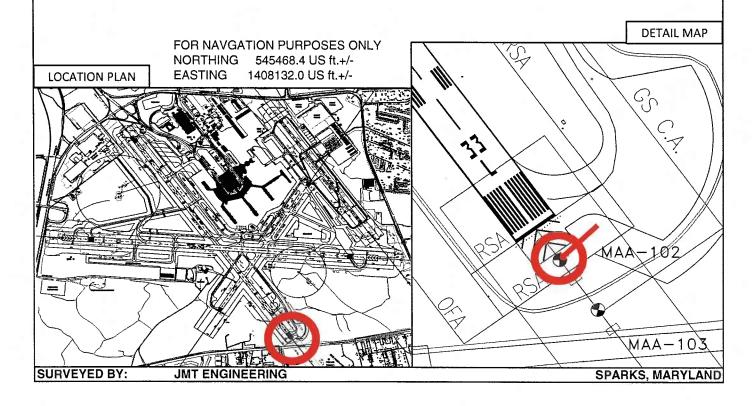
200

**RUNWAY 15R-33L** 

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 

CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 33L** ±50' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 



NAME OF STATION: MAA-103

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39° 09' 48.56" (N)

LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:**  76° 39' 42.19" (W) 13 US ft.

3.9 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-102 **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 61.0

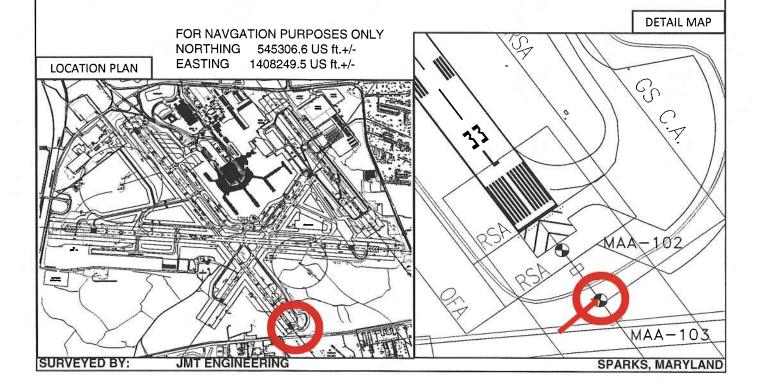
# **RUNWAY 15R-33L**

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 33L** ±250' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 



# BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS NAME OF STATION: MAA-104 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y):** EASTING (X): **ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 21.26" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 04.24" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 14 US ft. 4.2 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): POINT **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MAA-105 350 106.7 **RUNWAY 10-28** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** FOR NAVG, FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 548626.2 US ft.+/-EASTING 1411225.7 US ft.+/-**DETAIL MAP OFFSET 10' RIGHT** MAA-104 1AA-1.05 **RUNWAY 28** ±16' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** RSA LOCATION PLAN FARTS **SURVEYED BY:** JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

# **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-105 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 21.01" (N) 76° 38' 59.81" (W) LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:** 10 US ft. 3.1 m **AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):** POINT **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MAA-104 350 106.7 **RUNWAY 10-28** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 548601.8 US ft.+/-**DETAIL MAP** EASTING 1411575.1 US ft.+/-**OFFSET 10' RIGHT** MAA-104 -1,05 **RUNWAY 28** ±366' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** RSA LOCATION PLAN JMT ENGINEERING **SURVEYED BY:** SPARKS, MARYLAND

# **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-106 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 29.71" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 41' 27.98" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 29 US ft. 8.9 m **AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): POINT GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.)** DISTANCE (m) MAA-107 250 76.2 **RUNWAY 10-28** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 549440.1 US ft.+/-EASTING 1399902.9 US ft.+/-**DETAIL MAP** 'R' **OFFSET 32' LEFT RUNWAY 10** MAA-106 ±23' FROM END OF MAA-107 **RUNWAY PAVING LOCATION PLAN** SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

# **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-107 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 29.89" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 41' 31.15" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 25 US ft. 7.7 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (US FT.) DISTANCE (m)** MAA-106 76.2 **RUNWAY 10-28** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 549457.5 US ft.+/-EASTING 1399653.6 US ft.+/-**DETAIL MAP** 'R' **OFFSET 32'LEFT RUNWAY 10** MAA-106 ±273' FROM END OF MAA-107 **RUNWAY PAVING LOCATION PLAN** SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

NAME OF STATION: MAA-108

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 39° 10' 00.46" (N) 76° 40' 17.17" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

38 US ft.

11.6 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-109

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

225

**DISTANCE (m)** 

68.5

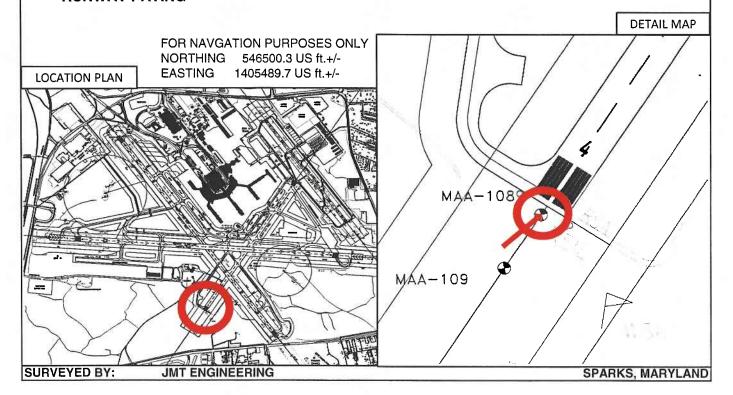
**RUNWAY 4-22** 

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



**CENTERLINE RUNWAY 4** ±36' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 



NAME OF STATION: MAA-109

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):

LATITUDE:

39° 09' 58.60" (N)

LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:**  76° 40' 18.74" (W)

37 US ft.

11.2 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-108

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

DISTANCE (m)

68.5

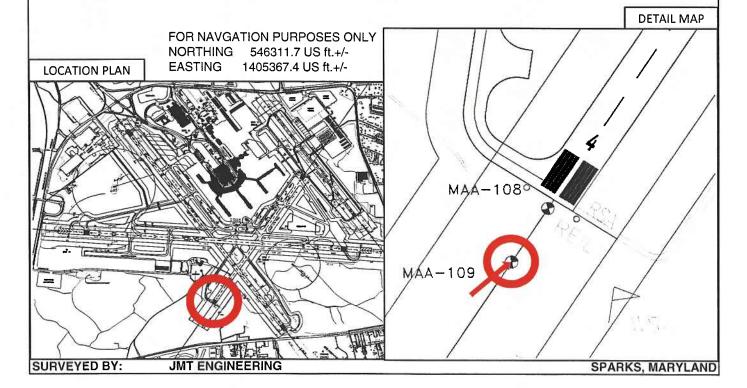
**RUNWAY 4-22** 

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 4** ±261' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 



### **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-110 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 39° 10' 34.19" (N) 76° 39' 11.39" (W)

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 5 US ft.

1.7 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

POINT MAA-111

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

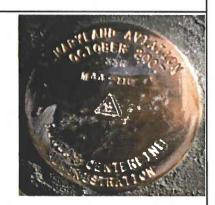
**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 76.2

**RUNWAY 15L-33R** 

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 33R** ±30' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 

**DETAIL MAP** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 549931.3 US ft.+/-1410658.0 US ft.+/-**LOCATION PLAN** 10 AAM SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

# **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-111 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 32.18" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 09.53" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 0 US ft. 0.1 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (US FT.)** DISTANCE (m) MAA-110 76.2 **RUNWAY 15L-33R** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 33R** ±280' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING DETAIL MAP** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 549729.0 US ft.+/-**EASTING** 1410804.9 US ft.+/-LOCATION PLAN 10

SPARKS, MARYLAND

SURVEYED BY:

JMT ENGINEERING

NAME OF STATION: MAA-112

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y):** 

**EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE:** 

**COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39° 11' 14.80" (N)

LONGITUDE: **ELLIPSOID HT:**  76° 39' 48.98" (W) 33 US ft.

10.0 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-113 **GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

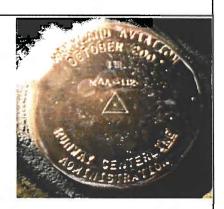
**DISTANCE (m)** 

73.1

# **RUNWAY 15L-33R**

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 15L** ±32' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 

**DETAIL MAP** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 554029.3 US ft.+/-1407682.4 US ft.+/-LOCATION PLAN 1113 MAA BWI D SACS 7 - 4 SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

NAME OF STATION: MAA-113

DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007

NGS PID:

MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83):

**NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X):** 

**ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88):** 

**CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR:** 

**GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 

LATITUDE:

39° 11' 16.72" (N)

76° 39' 50.76" (W) LONGITUDE:

**ELLIPSOID HT:** 

28 US ft.

8.6 m

AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA):

**POINT** MAA-112

**GEODETIC AZIMUTH** 

**DISTANCE (US FT.)** 

**DISTANCE (m)** 

# **RUNWAY 15L-33R**

#### STATION DESCRIPTION:

*** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** 



CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 15L** ±272' FROM END OF **RUNWAY PAVING** 

**DETAIL MAP** FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 554223.4 US ft.+/-**EASTING** 1407541.4 US ft.+/-**LOCATION PLAN** 113 BWI D SACS 到户 SURVEYED BY: JMT ENGINEERING SPARKS, MARYLAND

# **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-114 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** LATITUDE: 39° 10' 52.40" (N) LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 33.51" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 25 US ft. 7.7 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **DISTANCE (US FT.) GEODETIC AZIMUTH** POINT **DISTANCE (m)** MAA-115 830 252.9 **RUNWAY 4-22** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 22** ±244' FROM END OF **DETAIL MAP THRESHOLD** MAA-115 FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 551767.9 US ft.+/-**EASTING** 1408909.1 US ft.+/-LOCATION PLAN:

SPARKS, MARYLAND

JMT ENGINEERING

SURVEYED BY:

# **BWI THURGOOD MARSHALL AIRPORT-RUNWAY CENTERLINE MONUMENTS** NAME OF STATION: MAA-115 DATE ESTABLISHED: OCTOBER 2007 NGS PID: MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATES (NAD 83): **NORTHING (Y): EASTING (X): ORTHOMETRIC HEIGHT (NAVD 88): CONVERGENCE ANGLE: COMBINED SCALE FACTOR: GEOGRAPHIC COORDINATES (NAD 83):** 39° 10' 59.27" (N) LATITUDE: LONGITUDE: 76° 39' 37.74" (W) **ELLIPSOID HT:** 13 US ft. 4.1 m AVAILABLE CONVENTIONAL BACKSIGHT POINTS (COMPUTED DATA): **GEODETIC AZIMUTH DISTANCE (US FT.)** DISTANCE (m) POINT MAA-114 252.9 **RUNWAY 4-22** STATION DESCRIPTION: *** SHALL NOT BE OCCUPIED FOR SURVEY CONTROL. THIS POINT IS INTENDED FOR RECOVERY OF THE **RUNWAY CENTERLINE ONLY ***** CENTERLINE **RUNWAY 22** ±1074' FROM END OF **DETAIL MAP THRESHOLD** MAA-115 FOR NAVGATION PURPOSES ONLY NORTHING 552463.8 US ft.+/-EASTING · 1409360.9 US ft.+/-LOCATION PLAN

JMT ENGINEERING

SURVEYED BY: